

# DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY SOUTHWEST REMEDIAL ACTION CONTRACT (RAC) V CONTRACT NO. N62473-07-D-3211 CONTRACT TASK ORDER WE04

Final Operation & Maintenance Plan for Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Yard at Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant Bethpage, New York

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**SVECS** Record Drawings

MSDS

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Appendix C Spare Parts and Materials

Spare Parts and Materials List

Appendix D Manufacturer's O&M Manuals

Master Equipment List

Appendix E Preventative Maintenance Matrix

#### LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

APP Accident Prevention Plan

CAA Clean Air Act

CDL Commercial Driver's License

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

COC Chain of Custody

DAR Division of Air Resources
DQOs Data Quality Objectives

ECL Environmental Conservation Law EHS Environmental Health and Safety EPP Employee Participation Program

GOCO Government Owned Contractor-Operated

GPM Gallons per minute HP Horsepower

IRP Installation Restoration Program

kW Kilowatts

LCP Local Control Panel LO/TO Lock-out and Tag-out MCC Motor Control Center

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NAVFAC Naval Facilities Engineering Command
NCPD Nassau County Police Department
NGC Northrop Grumman Corporation

NWIRP Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant NYCRR New York Codes, Rules and Regulations

NYSDEC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

O&M Operation & Maintenance

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PCE Perchloroethene

PESM Project Environmental and Safety Manager

PLC Programmable Logic Controller PPE Personal Protective Equipment

QA Quality Assurance

QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan

QC Quality Control
RODs Records of Decision
RPM Revolutions per minute

SCFM Standard cubic feet per minute
SHSO Site Health and Safety Officer
SHSP Site-specific Health and Safety Plan
SOP Standard Operating Procedure

SVECS Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System

SVEW Soil Vapor Extraction Well
SVPM Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor
SVOCs Semivolatile organic compounds

TtEC Tetra Tech EC, Inc.
TCE Trichloroethene

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

VOCs Volatile organic compounds ZIP Zero Incident Performance

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Tetra Tech EC, Inc. (TtEC) has prepared this Operation & Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan; Plan) for the Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System (SVECS) for Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area (Site; Figure 1-1) at the Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant (NWIRP) in Bethpage, New York, for the United States Department of the Navy (Navy), Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC), Mid-Atlantic, under Remedial Action Contract No. N62473-07-D-3211, Contract Task Order No. WE04. This SVECS has been designed by TtEC as based on the Design Analysis Report (TtNUS, April 2009), with support from various subcontractors for the remediation of contaminated soils and shallow groundwater within the Upper Glacial Formation at Site 1 containing chlorinated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) that are present in a clay unit near the water table. The equipment needed for the SVECS has been provided by various subcontractors (Tetrasolv Filtration, Bisco Environmental, and others). Construction of the SVECS has been performed under TtEC's supervision by various subcontractors including Bensin Contracting and Delta Well and Pump Company, Inc. The SVECS treatment operations will be conducted in the Treatment Building (existing unoccupied building number 03-35) located within the fenced area of NWIRP Bethpage (see Figure 1-2). The soil vapor that is extracted from twelve intermediate and deep soil vapor extraction wells (SVEWs) will be treated in Building Number 03-35 to meet the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements contained in the NY State Division of Air Permit Equivalent dated December 3, 2009, submitted to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC).

The cleanup remedy for the Site 1 contaminated soils and shallow groundwater was originally set forth in the 1995 Record of Decision (ROD). The selected remedy was chosen in accordance with the New York State Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) and the Navy's Installation Restoration Program (IRP). It is also consistent with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601-9675.

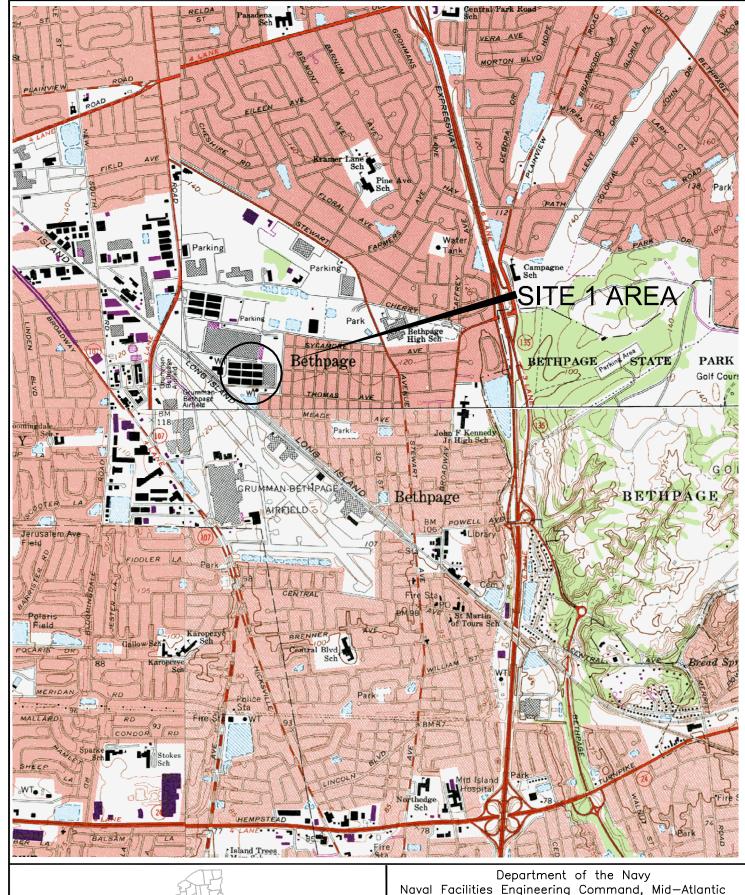
## 1.1 Purpose

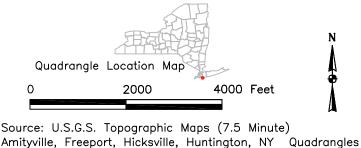
This O&M Plan was written to provide a generalized set of instructions of the methods and procedures required to maintain and operate the SVECS at the site. This Plan includes information pertaining to the operation and maintenance of the facility, site security, regulatory requirements for plant operation, management of plant records, qualifications of plant personnel, sampling and analysis requirements, health and safety procedures, and waste handling procedures.

This Plan is supplemented by equipment manufacturer O&M manuals for each equipment component. As the project progresses, additional equipment manufacturer O&M information may be added, as it is obtained. This Plan is to be treated as a living document that will require periodic updating as information and operational experience is obtained.

#### 1.2 Organization of the O&M Plan

The purpose of this O&M Plan is to facilitate the understanding of key operations and maintenance features of this facility. The following gives a brief overview of the remaining sections of this O&M Plan.





Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Mid-Atlantic Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area

Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve Plant Bethpage, NY

Figure 1-1 Site Location Map



**TETRA TECH** 

- Section 2.0, Regulatory Compliance, outlines local, state and federal codes and regulations pertaining to the operation and maintenance of the SVECS. The air permit emissions criteria and monitoring requirements for the discharge of treated off-gas and other operational requirements are contained in this section.
- **Section 3.0, Records Management,** describes record keeping forms and procedures for recording data from the operation and maintenance of the SVECS. Samples of the required record keeping forms are contained in Appendix A, **Report Forms**.
- Section 4.0, Sampling and Analysis Program Description, outlines the schedule and procedures for sampling and analyzing the various influent, intermediate, and effluent process streams associated with the operation of the SVECS. Adherence to the quality standards and schedules for sampling and analysis described in this section are critical to the compliant, safe and efficient operation of the SVECS.
- Section 5.0, Health and Safety, contains safety standards and procedures for all aspects of SVECS operation and maintenance. This section along with the Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan (SHSP) and the Accident Prevention Plan (APP) must be consulted prior to the execution of any tasks performed by Operators and subcontractors to ensure they are performed in compliance with applicable safety procedures.
- Section 6.0, Process Description and Operation, describes the functions and relationships of the major pieces of equipment in the three process loops of the SVECS. Manual electronic controls and equipment interlocks are detailed in this section. Set points and ranges of operational parameters for normal function of the soil vapor treatment process are found in this section.
- **Section 7.0, Operations,** contains procedures for the daily operation of process equipment. Start-up and shut-down procedures and equipment specifications for the major process equipment are included in this section.
- Section 8.0, System Troubleshooting, highlights procedures for diagnosing and solving problems with the major pieces of equipment in the SVECS. Additional troubleshooting information is also found in Appendix D, Manufacturer's Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
- Section 9.0, Equipment Maintenance, includes a matrix (under preparation) outlining the schedule and procedures for performing preventive maintenance on system equipment. This section also describes maintenance record keeping procedures and instructions for housekeeping and the general upkeep of the SVECS.
- Section 10.0, Waste Transportation and Disposal, describes the requirements for on-site storage, marking, transportation, and disposal of all liquid and solid waste generated at the SVECS. This section includes the requirements for selecting and approving subcontractors to handle and dispose of the waste generated at the facility, as well as record keeping requirements for waste generation and disposal.

# 1.3 Using the O&M Plan

The purpose of this O&M Plan is to facilitate the understanding of key operations and maintenance features of the SVECS. A cursory review of this Plan by a new Operator will not qualify him/her to operate and maintain the facility. Side-by-side training with an experienced Operator and a comprehensive review of this O&M Plan are recommended to qualify a new Operator.

This O&M Plan should be updated periodically to remain current. The Plan should be revised when new and improved techniques are devised for operating and maintaining the SVECS.

#### 1.4 Site Location

NWIRP Bethpage is located in east central Nassau County, Long Island, New York, approximately 30 miles east of New York City. The Navy's property totaled approximately 109.5 acres and was formerly a Government Owned Contractor-Operated (GOCO) facility that was operated by the NGC until September 1998. NWIRP Bethpage is bordered on the north, west, and south by property owned, or formerly owned, by NGC that covered approximately 605 acres, and, on the east, by a residential neighborhood.

Site 1 (see Figures 1-1 and 1-2) lies within the fenced area of NWIRP Bethpage and is located east of Plant No. 3, west of 11<sup>th</sup> Street and north of Plant 17 South.

## 1.5 Site Background

NWIRP Bethpage is currently listed by NYSDEC as an "inactive hazardous waste site" (#1-30-003B), as is NGC (#1-30-003A) and the Hooker/RUCO site (#1-30-004) located less than 1/2 mile west of NWIRP Bethpage.

NWIRP Bethpage was established in 1941. Since inception, the primary mission of the facility has been the research, prototyping, testing, design engineering, fabrication, and primary assembly of military aircraft. The facilities at NWIRP Bethpage include four plants (Nos. 3, 5, and 20, used for assembly and prototype testing; and No. 10, which contains a group of quality control laboratories), two warehouse complexes, a salvage storage area, water recharge basins, an industrial wastewater treatment plant, and several smaller support buildings.

Historical operations that resulted in hazardous material generation at the facility included metal finishing processes, maintenance operations, painting of aircraft and components, and other activities that involve aircraft manufacturing. Wastes generated by plant operations were disposed directly into either drainage sumps, dry wells, and/or on the ground surface, resulting in the disposal of a number of hazardous wastes, including VOCs, semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and the inorganic analytes, chromium and cadmium at the site. Some of these contaminants have migrated from the points of disposal to surrounding areas, including the soils of these sites and the groundwater beneath and downgradient of the NWIRP Bethpage property.

Remedial Investigations conducted in the early 1990s identified VOC-contaminated soils and shallow groundwater at Site 1 that were contributing to a regional groundwater plume [Halliburton NUS (HNUS) 1993]. To address this contamination, a 1995 ROD was prepared that included in-situ treatment of VOCs, excavation and offsite disposal of soils contaminated with PCBs, and placement of a permeable cover to address other residual contaminants including cadmium, chromium, and VOCs.

Soils at Site 1 consist mainly of unconsolidated sediments that overlie crystalline bedrock. The unconsolidated sediments consist of four distinct geologic units that in descending order are the Upper Glacial Formation, the Magothy Formation, the Raritan Clay, and the Lloyd Formation. For the SVECS at Site 1, the subsurface conditions consist of the Upper Glacial Formation, which is about 30 to 45 feet thick, consists chiefly of coarse sands and gravels. A clay unit is present near the groundwater table [50 feet below ground surface (bgs)] at the southeast corner of the site. This clay unit is suspected to be a source of chlorinated solvents that are migrating into the overlying soil gas and the source of offsite VOCs in soil vapor.

Chlorinated solvents including trichloroethene (TCE), tetrachloroethene (PCE), and 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA) have been identified as the VOCs of interest in soil gas at the site. Concentrations greater than  $1,000 \mu \text{g/m}3$  (micrograms per cubic meter of soil vapor) have been directly associated with Site 1

activities and historical environmental data, and based on preliminary screening, exceed guidelines established by the New York State Department of Health (NYDOH) for subslab soil vapor concentrations. Of these chemicals, TCE is the primary VOC of concern. Addressing TCE contamination in accordance with DOH guidance should address the other VOCs associated with the site (NYSDOH, 2006).

PCBs, cadmium, and chromium have also been identified in site soils at concentrations requiring remediation. The majority of these chemicals have been detected in the central portion of Site 1. Based on limited data, these chemicals are not expected to be present along the fence line at environmentally significant concentrations (i.e., trigger handling as hazardous waste).

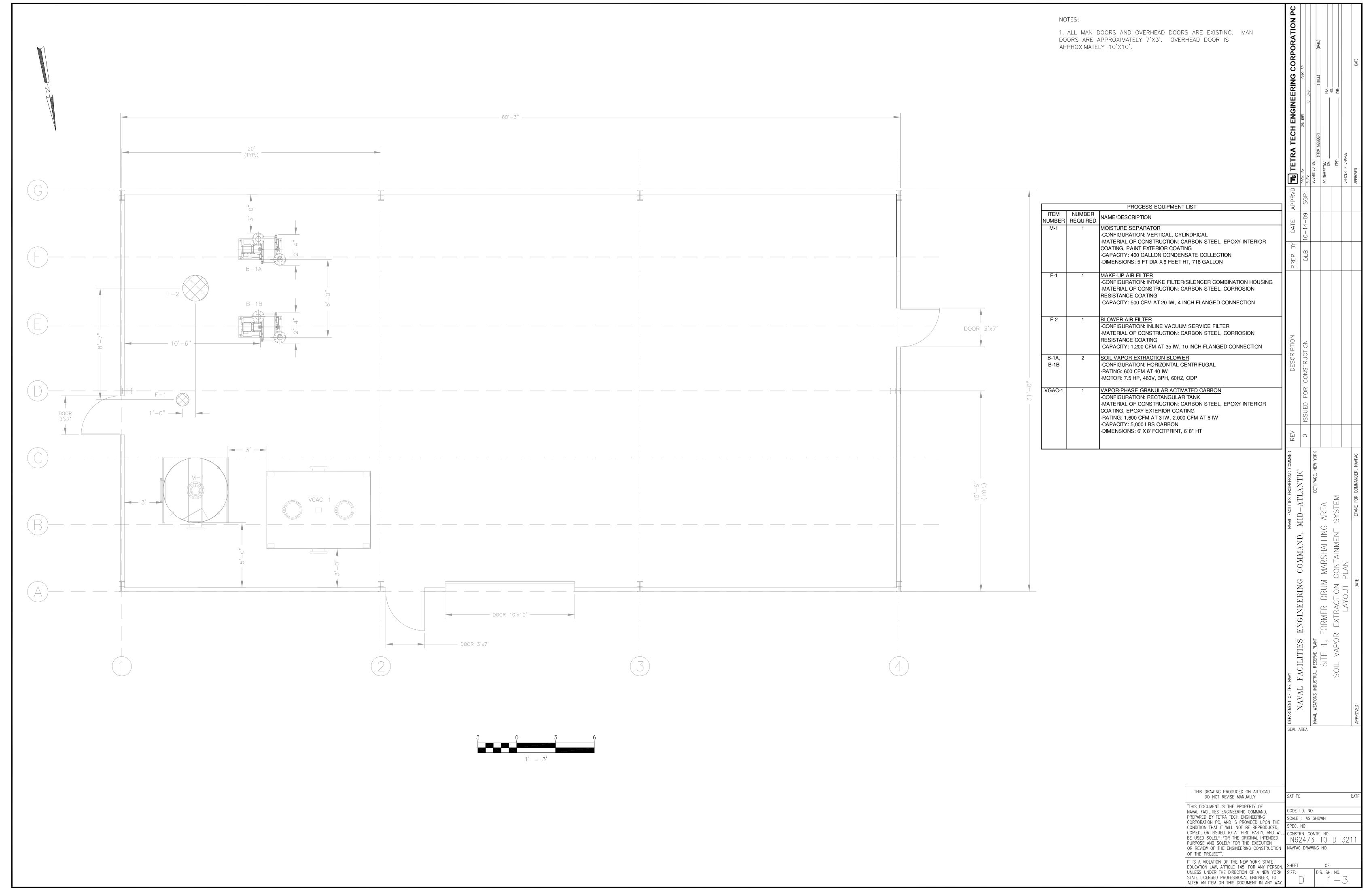
## 1.6 Project Overview and Objectives

The remedial objective for this project is to use an on-site soil vapor extraction system to prevent further off-site migration of VOC contaminated soil vapor and to the extent practical, capture contaminated soil vapor with a TCE concentration greater than 250 ug/m³. A secondary objective of this project is to address soil vapor with a TCE concentration greater than 5 ug/m³ (*Design Analysis Report for Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System*, TtNUS, April 2009). The SVECS has been designed for a 4 year operational life.

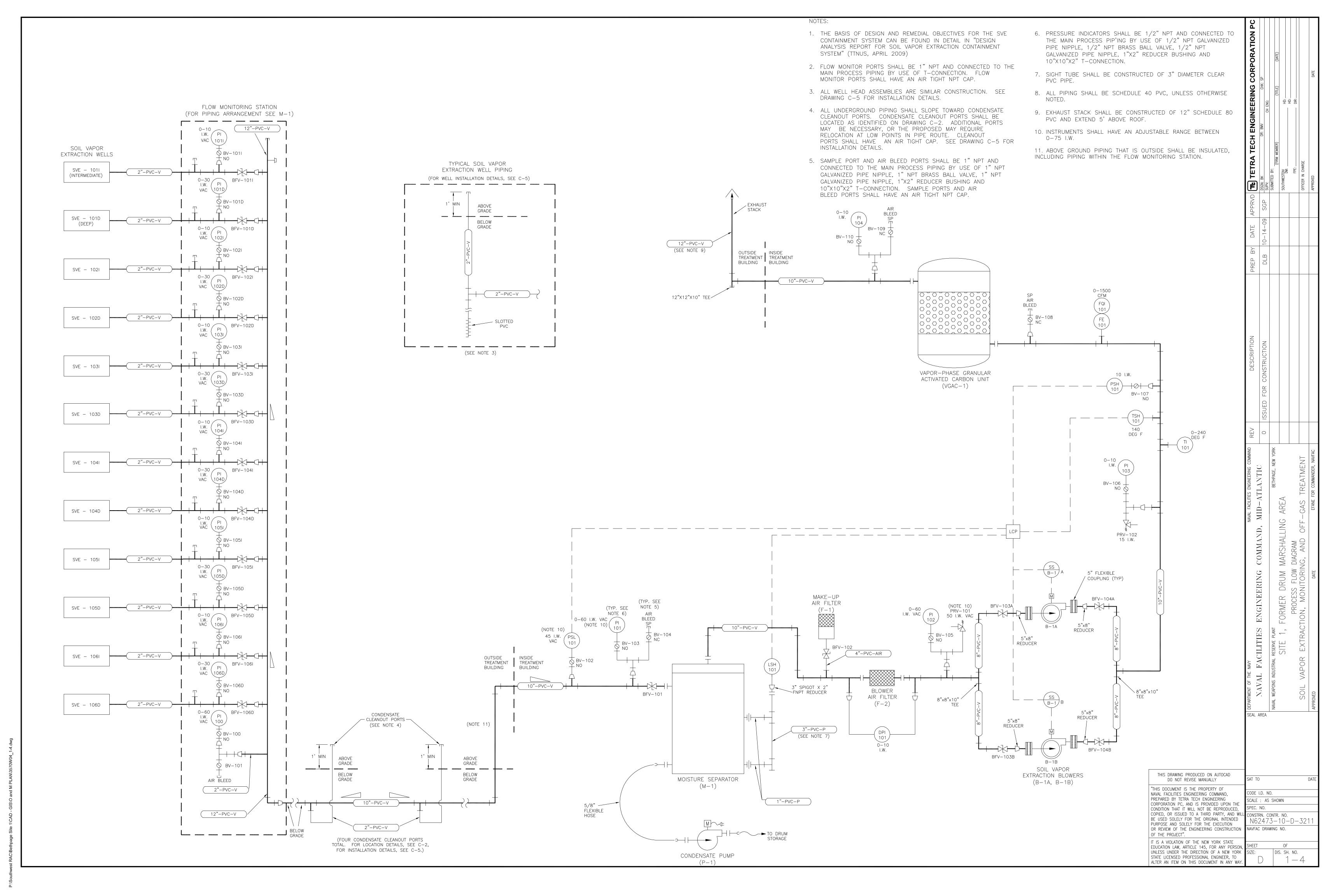
Six soil vapor extraction well (SVEW) clusters, each consisting of an intermediate and deep well, will be utilized for the extraction of soil vapors during the system operation. The six deep SVE wells are also capable of being used as monitoring wells for collecting groundwater samples. However, at this time, the Navy has determined that collection of groundwater samples will not be required. TtEC will not collect groundwater samples as part of the installation and operation of the SVECS. The six intermediate SVE wells will not encounter groundwater and will only be used for soil vapor extraction. Twelve soil vapor pressure monitors (SVPMs) will be used to monitor the effectiveness of the system in capturing and containing the contaminated soil vapors in the area east of Site 1. The soil vapor monitoring and sampling and the exit strategy are discussed further in Section 4.

#### 1.7 General Description of Site 1 SVECS

The SVECS consists of soil vapor extraction, soil vapor monitoring, and soil vapor treatment. The twelve SVEWs are located along the eastern boundary of the Site in six clusters. Twelve SVPMs are located east and southeast of the SVEWs along 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> Streets and along Maple Avenue and Sycamore Avenue. Each SVEW has been piped below the ground to the Flow Monitoring Station, where flow, vacuum and vapor quality can be monitored. The Flow Monitoring Station consists of an 8 ft wide x 8 ft tall x 20 ft long Conex box located in the southeast corner of the Site. All the SVE lines collect into a single manifold within the Flow Monitoring Station and from this location a single underground pipeline has been routed to the Treatment Building (Building 03-35). The Treatment Building is an existing unoccupied building 31 ft wide x 60 ft long. The north side of the building is equipped with a 10 ft wide x 10 ft high overhead door. The Treatment Building also has three 3 ft x 7 ft doors on the north, east and west sides. The soil vapor treatment consists of moisture separation and off-gas treatment using vapor-phase granular activated carbon to remove the chlorinated VOCs. All of the treatment operations within Building 03-35 will be conducted in a 20 ft x 31 ft area on the eastern side. The layout plan for the SVECS is shown on Figure 1-3.



vest RAC\Bethpage Site 1\CAD - GIS\O and M PLAN\3570W04\_1-3



# 1.7.1 Design Flow and Influent Concentration

A Process Flow Diagram is presented on Figure 1-4, and illustrates the design flow rates through the soil vapor extraction and treatment process. The SVECS has been designed to process a nominal flow of 600 cubic feet per minute (cfm) and a maximum flow of 1,000 cfm of soil vapor extracted from six intermediate and six deep SVEWs. The mean concentration of VOCs in the influent soil vapor consists of 41,128  $\mu g/m^3$  of trichloroethene, 381  $\mu g/m^3$  of tetrachloroethene, and 20,634  $\mu g/m^3$  of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The maximum concentration of VOCs in the influent soil vapor consists of 180,000  $\mu g/m^3$  of trichloroethene, 1,200  $\mu g/m^3$  of tetrachloroethene, and 90,000  $\mu g/m^3$  of 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The SVECS is expected to operate continuously 24 hours/day, 7 days/week for approximately four years with the exception of maintenance and adjustment periods.

## 1.7.2 <u>Soil Vapor Extraction</u>

The soil vapor extraction system consists of twelve SVEWs with 2-inch outside diameter Schedule 40 PVC risers and 0.020 high capacity machine slotted screens, installed in six clusters, each consisting of one intermediate well and one deep well. Intermediate Wells SVE-101I, SVE-102I, SVE-103I, SVE-104I, SVE-105I, and SVE-106I have a screened interval between 25 and 35 ft bgs. Deep Wells SVE-101D, SVE-102D, SVE-103D, SVE-104D, SVE-105D, and SVE-106D have a screened interval between 40 and 60 ft bgs. Each SVEW is expected to be operated at a design flow rate of 50 cfm for a total flow rate of 600 cfm. Each intermediate depth SVEW requires a vacuum of 4 inches of water column (i.w.) and each deep SVEW requires a vacuum of up to 20 i.w. in order in order to extract the contaminated soil vapors from the targeted depths and locations within Site 1. SVE rates for each well will be controlled by local manual valves. A portable velocity meter will be used to measure air flow while adjusting the control valves. Extraction wells with higher contaminant concentrations (based on photo-ionization detector [PID] readings) will be operated at a higher flow rate. Extraction well flow rates will be pulsed periodically (i.e. cycled on/off or adjusted high/low) to prevent stagnant conditions or "dead zones" from developing between adjacent extraction wells. As the remediation progresses, the use of this technique will be evaluated based on field conditions, including long term flow rate fluctuations, pressure variances, mass loading rates and moisture build-up.

All of the piping for the SVECS is Schedule 40 PVC. Piping from the SVEWs to the Flow Monitoring Station is approximately 3,600 linear feet and piping from the Flow Monitoring Station to the Treatment Building is approximately 1,400 linear feet. Within the Flow Monitoring Station, the discharges from the individual SVEWs have been equipped with a 2-inch flow control butterfly valve, a vacuum gauge, and a sampling port. The sampling port can be utilized to measure the flow rate from an individual well using a portable velocity meter and to collect a vapor quality sample. The manifold within the Flow Monitoring Station is a 12-inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe that is equipped with a vacuum gauge and an air bleed port to allow flushing of any condensate that may accumulate in the conveyance line to the Treatment Building. Five condensate cleanout ports are located at low points along this underground pipeline.

#### 1.7.3 Soil Vapor Monitoring

Twelve SVPMs have been installed to monitor the effectiveness of the system in capturing and containing the contaminated soil vapors in the area east of Site 1. All of the SVPMs consist of 1-inch outside diameter Schedule 40 PVC risers and 0.020 high capacity machine slotted screens installed at various depths. The depths of SVPM-2002-S and SVPM-2003-S are 10 ft bgs; the depths of SVPM-2002-I, SVPM-2003-I, SVPM-2004-I, SVPM-2007-I, and SVPM-11S are 25 ft bgs; the depth of SVPM-12S is

27 ft bgs; the depths of SVPM-2002-D, SVPM-2004-D, and SVPM-2007-D are 50 ft bgs; and the depth of SVPM-12 is 52 ft bgs. Each SVPM is equipped with a sealed cap, valve, and threaded sample port.

# 1.7.4 Soil Vapor Treatment

The soil vapor treatment system is housed within Building 03-35 and consists of a moisture separator, two soil vapor extraction blowers, and an interim vapor-phase granular activated carbon (VGAC) unit for removal of chlorinated VOCs from the off-gas. Soil vapor that enters the Treatment Building will first pass through the moisture separator tank (M-1) where any condensate will be separated and removed by a portable pump into 55-gallon drums on a periodic basis, tested, and disposed of off-site. The vapor from M-1 will be sucked through an air filter (F-2) by any one of two soil vapor extraction blowers (B-1A or B-1B) and then be treated in the VGAC unit (VGAC-1). If necessary, there is also a provision for adding make-up air via air filter-silencer (F-1) to the vapor stream after it leaves tank M-1, prior to air filter F-2. Under normal operation, only one blower will operate and the second one will be on standby. Under special circumstances, both blowers can operate simultaneously in parallel to accommodate higher flow rates. The treated vapor will be discharged from VGAC-1 via an exhaust stack. The SVECS will have a control panel (LCP) for local operation. The LCP will comprise of mechanical interlocks and relays and no Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs) will be used.

The moisture separator tank, M-1 is a 1,000 gallon, 5 ft diameter x 4 ft high side shell carbon steel tank with a corrosion resistant coating and visual sight glass supplied by Tetrasolv Filtration. It has an integral vacuum relief valve and is equipped with a high condensate level sensor/switch.

The air filter-silencer F-1 is a Universal Silencer Model CS-4 flanged unit rated for 500 cfm and has a built-in silencing section equipped with a removable top plate for easy access to the filter element. Inline air filter F-2 is a Universal Silencer Model ILFV-8 rated for 2,200 cfm equipped with a removable top plate for easy access to the filter element. Filter F-2 is also equipped with a differential pressure gauge on the inlet and outlet of the filter (DPI-101) which provides a convenient and accurate means of monitoring the pressure drop across the filter as more and more dirt accumulates on the filter element.

The VGAC unit is a 6 ft wide x 8 ft long x 6.67 ft high carbon steel rectangular tank, Tetrasolv Filtration Model VF-5000, containing 5,000 lbs of vapor-phase granular activated carbon. It is designed to operate at a nominal flow rate of 600 cfm with a corresponding pressure drop of 3 i.w. and a maximum flow rate of 1,000 cfm with a corresponding pressure drop of 5 i.w.

Blowers B-1A and B-1B are National Turbine Corporation's Millennium Series Model M24-319R equipped with a three phase induction motor – squirrel cage rotor that is rated for 7.5 HP, 3,485 rpm, 460 volts. These blowers are designed for a nominal flow rate of 600 cfm each at 40 i.w. Each blower will have manual start and stop buttons, and reset switches for interlock shutdown scenarios. The treatment system will have the following interlock shutdown scenarios:

- Low vacuum switch in piping before the soil vapor extraction blowers;
- High level switch for condensate collected in the Moisture Separator;
- High temperature switch in the piping after the soil vapor extraction blowers; and, a
- High pressure switch in the piping after the soil vapor extraction blowers.

In shutdown scenarios, the LCP will signal the existing Auto-Dialer in an adjacent building.

#### 1.7.5 Instrumentation Description

The components of the soil vapor treatment system will be manually controlled and monitored by appropriate instrumentation. Each of the main components – the moisture separator, the air filters, and the VGAC unit will be equipped with local vacuum/pressure gauges and/or differential pressure indicators. Additional instrumentation includes a high level switch for the moisture separator, and a low vacuum switch, high temperature switch and a high pressure switch for the soil vapor extraction blowers that will shut down the system and activate the Auto-Dialer.

The off-gas from the SVECS will be monitored for chlorinated VOCs as identified in the Division of Air Resources (DAR) permit equivalent effluent limitations and monitoring requirements. The samples will be analyzed by an analytical laboratory for tetrachloroethene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and trichloroethene.

#### 1.8 Site Security

The SVECS Treatment Building and the equipment inside are surrounded by the NWIRP property fence with locked gates to protect it from burglary and vandalism and to protect the public and property from the equipment and operations. The SVECS is also equipped with a Honeywell Gamewell Flex Series Model GF505 commercial fire alarm panel and a Honeywell Ademco Vista Series security alarm control panel. In the event of a break-in, this alarm will activate the Auto Dialer and notify the security agency. The security agency will notify the Nassau County Police Department (NCPD) and the on-call Operator. After the Operator has inspected the SVECS property and determined the extent of the damage (if any), he will notify NCPD and the TtEC Project Manager. In the event of a fire at the SVECS, the local emergency services (including fire and police departments) will be automatically notified. The Operator will quickly initiate any necessary repairs to the SVECS and proceed to clean up any graffiti on the SVECS property caused by vandalism. All of these activities will be performed soon after seeking the necessary authorization from the TtEC Project Manager. Emergency telephone numbers are listed in Table 1-1.

#### 1.9 Staffing and Training

#### 1.9.1 Staffing

The SVECS has been designed to be operated on a long-term basis as an unmanned operation equipped with an Auto Dialer. It is anticipated that the Operator will monitor the SVECS operation at least once or twice a week. In the event of a plant shutdown, the Auto Dialer will dial an on-call Operator. The SVECS will be staffed by experienced Operators from TtEC.

During the first month of operation, there will be at least one Operator on duty at the SVECS, one shift per day, 3 days per week. For the next 5 months, the Operator will be present at the SVECS up to two days per week. After the first six months the operation will be unmanned with an on-call Operator. Emergency or back-up personnel will be available as required to support repair or complex maintenance activities. If necessary, technical support will be provided by specialty subcontractors for operational or equipment problems of a technical nature and additional operations support. A contracted maintenance crew or authorized equipment service representatives will perform repairs of mechanical/electrical equipment which are in excess of the Operator's capabilities.

Monitoring of the SVECS required by NYSDEC and the Navy will be carried out under the direction of registered Professional Engineers.

**Table 1-1 Emergency Telephone Numbers** 

Site 1 Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System Emergency Telephone Numbers					
Contact Firm or Agency Telephone Number					
Police	Nassau County Police Department	911 516-573-6800			
Fire	Bethpage Fire Department	911 516-931-2660			
Hospital	New Island Hospital 4295 Hempstead Turnpike Bethpage, New York 11714	516-579-6000			
Ambulance	1 5	911			
Non-emergency Medical Clinic – approved by Work Care	Island Occupational Medical 4 Dorothy Gate Massapequa, New York	516-795-5544			
Stavros Patselas, PM TtEC 1 <sup>st</sup> Contact	TtEC	Office - 215-702-4099 Cell - 267-688-9967			
Brad Baillargeon, Primary Operator TtEC 2 <sup>nd</sup> Contact	TtEC	Cell - 516-732-3393			
SVECS Hotline	TtEC	516-732-3393			
PESM - Grey Coppi	TtEC	Office - 973-630-8101 Cell - 215-327-0751			
Navy RPM- Lora Fly	NAVY MIDLANT	757-444-0781			
Chris Shukis, Mechanical / Electrical Supervisory Engineer	Navy PWD FEAD	Office - 860-694-4556 Cell - 860-235-2041			
Greg Pearman, ROICC		Cell - 860-235-2040			
NWIRP Bethpage Facility Manager – Al Taormina	ECOR Solutions, Inc.	Office - 516-346-0344 Cell - 516-702-5861			
Work Care	Anaheim, California	800-455-6155			
Poison Control Center 800-222-1222					
National Response Center 800-424-8802					

## 1.9.2 <u>Training</u>

The Operator will be required to participate in a field training program given by TtEC and/or selected equipment manufacturer representatives. The training will address equipment operation, maintenance, equipment, safety requirements and troubleshooting and other subjects required to properly operate the SVECS including regular communication with the Site management.

# 1.10 Supporting Documentation

The following supporting documents and manual have been used as technical references for this Operations and Maintenance Manual. A copy of these documents can be found in the Treatment Building.

1. Final Work Plan for the Design, Installation and Operation of Soil Vapor Extraction System, Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area at NWIRP Bethpage, NY, October 15, 2009, by TtEC

- 2. Final Construction Quality Control Plan for the Design, Installation and Operation of Soil Vapor Extraction System, Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area at NWIRP Bethpage, NY, September 24, 2009, by TtEC
- 3. Final Accident Prevention Plan for the Design, Installation and Operation of Soil Vapor Extraction System, Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area at NWIRP Bethpage, NY, September 8, 2009, by TtEC
- 4. *O&M Manuals*, *Appendix D* (Manufacturers' Operation & Maintenance Manuals)

#### 2.0 REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

This section of the Operation and Maintenance Plan identifies the Federal, State and local regulations that are applicable to the operation of the SVECS. The applicable regulations have been summarized relative to the following activities:

- Discharge of Treated Off-gas
- Waste Storage, Transportation and Disposal (spent vapor-phase granular activated carbon, spent air filters, personal protective equipment [PPE])

The specific regulations are identified below. The agency names, addresses and telephone numbers are provided for reference.

#### 2.1 Discharge of Treated Off-Gas

The Clean Air Act (CAA) is a comprehensive federal law that regulates air emissions from stationary and mobile sources. Among other things, this law authorizes USEPA to establish National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) to protect public health and public welfare and to regulate emissions of hazardous air pollutants. Section 112 of the Clean Air Act addresses emissions of hazardous air pollutants. After the issuance of the CAA, New York State enacted amendments to Environmental Conservation Law Articles 19 (Air Pollution Control) and 70 (Uniform Procedures), and DEC amended regulations 6NYCRR Parts 200 (General Provisions), 201 (Permits and Certificates), 621 (Uniform Procedures) and 231 (New Source Review in Non-Attainment Areas and Ozone Transport Regions).

With this demonstration of authority, DEC received delegation of the Title V operating permit program from the USEPA. Chapter III of the New York Code of Regulations and Rules, Subpart 201-5 regulates State Facility Permits. In New York, air permits are issued by the NYSDEC Division of Environmental Permits, with federal oversight from the USEPA. NYSDEC is responsible for the issuance, reissuance, modification, and enforcement of all air permits issued for discharges into the air of New York. Air emissions from the Bethpage Site 1 Soil Vapor Treatment Building are subject to this subpart.

# 2.1.1 <u>Air Emissions Criteria and Monitoring Requirements</u>

The allowable air emissions from the stack of the vapor-phase granular activated carbon adsorption unit are identified below. Monthly grab samples will be collected from the vapor phase treatment system influent and effluent as shown in Section 4.3. The samples will be analyzed for VOCs to monitor compliance with air effluent limits shown in Table 2-1. The location of the SVEWs and SVPMs are shown on Figure 2-1.

Table 2-1
Air Effluent Limitations

Contaminant	Discharge Limit (lb/hr)	Discharge Limit (lbs/year)
Trichloroethylene	0.07	590.6
Tetrachloroethylene	0.0009	7.9
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.13	1,181

# **Agency Contacts Information**:

• SPDES and Air Emissions Requirements

#### **New York Department of Environmental Conservation**

Mr. Steven Scharf, P.E.
Division of Environmental Remediation
Remedial Action, Bureau A
625 Broadway
Albany, NY 12233-7015
(518) 402-9620

## 2.2 Waste Storage, Transportation and Disposal

Wastes generated due to SVECS operations will be handled in accordance with Section 7 of the Final Work Plan (TtEC, October 15, 2009). Storage of waste on-site will consist of spent vapor-phase granular activated carbon, spent air filters, condensate in 55-gallon drums and used personal protective equipment (PPE). These waste streams will be appropriately characterized (profiled) prior to disposal, as described in Sections 4 and 10 of this O&M Plan. It is anticipated that the wastes generated will be non-hazardous. The wastes will be manifested as either non-hazardous or hazardous waste depending on the waste profile, for offsite transportation and appropriate disposal. It is planned that non-hazardous wastes will be transported via trucks and disposed of at a NYSDEC approved RCRA Subtitle D solid waste landfill. Wastes will be shipped using a Bill of Lading or non-hazardous waste manifest.

When necessary, carbon change-out can be conducted using dry carbon delivered in 1,100-pound super sacks.

# **Agency Contacts Information**:

• 49 CFR 100-180 - Transportation

#### **U.S. Department of Transportation**

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration Central Region Office 2300 East Devon Avenue, Suite 478 Des Plaines, IL 60018 (847) 294-8580



or

## **U.S.Department of Transportation**

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration
East Building, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor
1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE
Washington, D.C. 20590
(202) 366-0656

or

DOT Hazardous Materials Information Center: (800) 467-4922

#### 3.0 RECORDS MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Introduction

A comprehensive Records Management Program is essential to the efficient operation of the SVECS. Information relative to: facility usage, equipment preventative maintenance, sampling analysis and monitoring, process control monitoring, chemical usage, personnel management, etc. must be collected by the Plant Operator and reported upon request to meet regulatory and client requirements. This Section briefly summarizes the recommended records management program for the SVECS at NWIRP Bethpage Site 1.

In accordance with the requirements of the client contract, a bound operation and maintenance log and an electronic log is to be maintained by the Operator on-site, to include all collected records and events as described in this Section.

#### 3.2 Process Control Recording

Process control recording is to be completed by the Operator on a daily/weekly/monthly basis. It is divided into two categories: 1) process monitoring and 2) equipment operation monitoring via manual/visual inspections.

# 3.2.1 <u>Process Monitoring</u>

Process control data will be documented manually from the instrumentation by the Operator. The Operator will transfer selected process control data into a weekly/monthly report.

The process monitoring reports will include at a minimum the following information:

- Total daily/weekly flow and average daily/weekly flow rate of soil vapor to the VGAC unit from the SVEWs (from Operator records);
- Concentrations of VOCs in soil vapor entering the VGAC unit in accordance with the established sampling frequency (from laboratory analysis);
- Concentrations of VOCs in treated off-gas leaving the exhaust stack in accordance with the established sampling frequency (from laboratory analysis);
- Identification of the air filters in which spent filter elements were replaced, if any (from Operator records);
- Quantity of condensate pumped from moisture separator tank, if any (from Operator records);

- Flow rates of soil vapor from individual SVEWs as measured by portable velocity meter (from Operator records);
- Concentrations of total VOCs in individual SVEWs as measured by PID (from Operator records);
- Documentation of condensate cleanout (if any) from any ports along the conveyance pipeline from the Flow Monitoring Station to the Treatment Building (from Operator records);
- Daily/weekly recording of maintenance and repairs made to equipment, as applicable (from Operator records); and
- Daily/weekly recording of system shutdowns (from Operator records).

Based on experience gained in operating the SVECS, following the start-up and prove-out periods as discussed in Section 4.3.1, TtEC may reduce the frequency of sampling and analyses for the influent soil vapor and treated off-gas from the VGAC.

During 2010, the operation of the various subsystems of the SVECS will be monitored and the data collected will be utilized to conduct value engineering studies in order to determine how the SVECS process can be optimized and/or modified to improve the efficiency and reduce operating costs. Depending on the results of these studies, the operation of the SVECS may be modified for 2011 and later years.

#### 3.2.2 Equipment Operation Monitoring

Reports will be generated to document regular equipment inspections and operational parameters. The following information will be documented on the "Inspection Form" located in Appendix A, Report Forms:

- Visual inspection of all piping, fixtures, blowers and tanks to check for leaks or visible signs of wear;
- Visual inspection of condensate flow throughout the vapor collection system via designated sight tubes / cleanout ports within the system; and
- Visual inspection of security, heating and ventilation and fire protection systems.

Specific preventative maintenance on the equipment is described in **Section 9.0, Equipment Maintenance** of the Manual. Maintenance performed for each piece of equipment is to be recorded using the "**Equipment Maintenance Form**", located in **Appendix A, Report Forms**.

#### 3.3 Laboratory Data

Laboratory results from the SVECS process and waste sampling will be summarized in the quarterly status and monitoring reports to be prepared by TtEC.

## 3.4 Inventory Monitoring and Recording

It is recommended that the Operator monitor and record all equipment used during regular treatment system operations at least on a weekly basis and make an inventory. This includes process equipment, as well as, building maintenance supplies/equipment. This information is to be included in the Equipment Maintenance Form, found in *Appendix A, Report Forms*. Reference is also made to the "Maintenance and Monitoring Equipment and Tool List" found in Appendix B, Maintenance and Monitoring Equipment and Tool List, and the "Spare Parts Inventory" located in Appendix C, Spare Parts.

## 3.5 Personnel Management

On-site personnel management is an important part of the efficient operation and maintenance of the SVECS. Location of on-site personnel is essential in order to meet site health and safety protocol.

Personnel management includes records of time on-site for the Operator, as well as, visitors and security personnel. Operators are to prepare daily logs for inclusion in weekly employer timesheets.

#### 4.0 SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

## 4.1 Purpose

The purpose of this sampling and analysis program (SAP) section is to describe data acquisition procedures, numbers and types of samples, methods of analysis, and quality control measures associated with data collection and analysis for the SVECS. The detailed definition of quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) for all sampling related project activities to be implemented at the Site is covered in a separate document, the Final Work Plan, which ensures the integrity of the work to be performed at the Site and ensures that the data collected will be of the appropriate type and quality needed for their intended use. This SAP is intended to be a procedural guide for all TtEC team personnel and subcontractors involved in sampling and analysis and data acquisition while implementing remedial actions for the Site 1 SVECS. Collection of condensate (aqueous) samples is described in Standard Operating Procedure 001 (SOP001), collection of soil vapor samples using Summa canisters is described in SOP002, and collection of soil vapor samples using Tedlar bags is described in SOP003 and these SOPs are also included in Appendix A of this O&M Plan.

## 4.2 Sampling and Analysis Data Objectives

This section gives an overview of sampling and analysis activities and their data objectives. Sampling and analysis activities for the SVECS consist of: 1) process monitoring and sampling; and, 2) monitoring and characterization of the effluent streams (condensate from the moisture separator tank, and spent media IVGAC, air filter elements] for waste disposal) from the SVECS.

## 4.2.1 Generalized Scope of Work

Process and soil vapor monitoring and sampling and effluent stream characterization activities for this project will include the following:

- Sampling and monitoring of influent, effluent, and intermediate process streams within the SVECS for the purpose of evaluating the operation and performance of the process equipment used for moisture separation and vapor-phase granular activated carbon adsorption during routine operations.
- Sampling and monitoring of the SVECS performance during the start-up period in 2009/2010 in order to ensure that the system is operating properly and that effluent streams meet all regulatory and disposal facility requirements.
- Sampling and monitoring of the SVECS during the prove-out period in 2010 in order to ensure that the system is operating in accordance with the design specifications and meets all regulatory and disposal facility requirements.
- Sampling and monitoring of the soil vapor to determine the effectiveness of the remediation activities and monitor the hydraulic containment and capture of the contaminated soil vapor by the intermediate and deep extraction wells.

Other activities include health and safety related air monitoring within the SVECS Treatment Building and the Flow Monitoring Station as well as sampling and analysis for waste characterization purposes. Air monitoring is discussed in detail in the APP and SHSP.

## 4.2.2 Data Quality Objectives

Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) are requirements needed to support decisions relative to the various site activities. Sampling procedures and analytical data collected must be of a quality that supports the decision making process and ensures that project objectives are achieved. The sampling and analysis program will ensure that data meet the requirements for precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, completeness, and sensitivity defined in the SAP. Project Quality Objectives and Systematic Planning Process Statements are defined in the Final Work Plan.

Samples will be analyzed in strict accordance with the analytical test methods and procedures utilizing approved USEPA and NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol methods. Analytical methods will provide results with detection limits sufficiently below designated action levels, and the methods will be accurate enough to quantify contamination at concentrations below action levels. Sample collection will utilize approved techniques that will ensure that the sample is representative of current environmental and operational conditions. QA/QC samples will be collected and analyzed for the purpose of assessing the quality of the sampling effort and of the analytical data. A description and frequency of QA/QC samples to be collected is specified in Section 4.3.2.

Laboratories providing chemical measurements for the purposes of determining the effectiveness of the remediation must be certified by the State of New York's Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) for aqueous and vapor media and the appropriate analytes and methods, and all laboratory methods must meet the reporting limit requirements acceptable to both the USEPA and NYSDEC. TtEC plans to send samples for a particular analytical parameter only to those laboratories that have been certified by the State of New York for that parameter. To the extent possible, TtEC plans to utilize local certified laboratories with the samples being delivered to the certified laboratory by a local courier service instead of shipping samples via an overnight delivery service to laboratories that are further away. Only if required during the project (e.g., the chosen laboratory loses its certification for the parameter, etc.) will additional laboratories be utilized for analysis of a particular parameter. The primary subcontract laboratories are Test America, Pittsburgh (through contract with Southern University and A & M College-CEES) and, Air Toxics, Ltd.

A Project Manager and QA Manager will be assigned by each laboratory to the project, and they will provide technical guidance to the project team, oversee laboratory requirements (including QA/QC requirements) for the project, review laboratory data for compliance with approved planning documents, maintain laboratory documentation, and coordinate corrective action procedures as necessary. The TtEC QA/QC Manager, in concert with the TtEC Database Management Specialist, will coordinate with the laboratories on the number and type of analytical samples necessary. The subcontractor laboratory(ies)

will be responsible for the delivery of sample containers (pre-preserved as necessary) to the Site, and subsequent pick-up/shipment and analysis of collected samples. Data packages will be submitted by the subcontractor laboratories directly to the TtEC Team.

#### 4.3 Sampling Program Procedures and Requirements

This section discusses and summarizes the sampling and monitoring activities described in the Scope of Work and summarized in Section 4.2.1, and identifies chemical and physical sampling requirements for this program.

## 4.3.1 <u>Sampling and Monitoring Programs</u>

Several sampling and monitoring programs will be conducted as part of the SVECS operations. These include:

- 1) sampling and monitoring of influent, effluent, and intermediate process streams for routine operations;
- 2) sampling and monitoring of influent, effluent, and intermediate process streams during the start-up period; and,
- 3) sampling and monitoring of influent, effluent, and intermediate process streams during the prove-out period.

These sampling and monitoring programs are described below. Specific sampling protocols are identified below. QA/QC samples will be collected as identified in Section 4.3.2. All procedures for decontamination of equipment, identification, labeling, chain-of-custody, packing, and transportation will be followed as identified in Section 4.3.3 and 4.3.4.

# 4.3.1.1 Sampling and Monitoring for Routine Operations

In order to keep the SVECS running as designed, the SVECS Operator will have to communicate regularly with the SVECS Project Manager and the SVECS Design Engineer. The communication with the SVECS Project Manager and/or the SVECS Design Engineer is necessary so that if changed soil vapor quality or other such conditions are encountered, flow rates and set points can be adjusted as required (if necessary).

Routine operations will commence at the end of the prove-out period (i.e., after the end of the first six months of operations). During routine operations, the following process streams will be sampled and/or monitored (see Table 4-1). It should be noted that most of this sampling and monitoring is for the purpose of tracking and documenting the performance of plant operations and not for regulatory compliance reporting purposes. Only the process effluent streams will be sampled for regulatory compliance purposes for the parameters identified by NYSDEC, and the disposal facilities at the designated frequency. Based on experience gained in operating the SVECS, following the start-up and prove-out periods as discussed below, TtEC may reduce the frequency of sampling and analyses for the influent soil vapor and some of the intermediate process streams. All analytical parameters for regulatory compliance will be collected monthly and analyzed at a laboratory certified by the State of New York for these parameters.

**Table 4-1** Sampling and Monitoring for Routine Operations

Process Stream	Sampling/Monitoring Location	Analytical Parameters	Required for Regulatory Compliance
Influent from SVE-101I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-101D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-102I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-102D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-103I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-103D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-104I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-104D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-105I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-105D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-106I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-106D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent to VGAC-1	Sample port (BV-108)	Chlorinated VOCs with	Yes
		Summa Canisters	
Effluent from VGAC-1 to	Sample port (BV-109)	Chlorinated VOCs with	Yes
Exhaust Stack		Summa Canisters	
Condensate from	55-gallon drum	TCLP VOCs, TCLP	Yes
Moisture Separator		SVOCs, TCLP metals,	
		PCBs, TOX	
Spent /filter / adsorber	Composite sample	TCLP VOCs, TCLP	Yes
media		SVOCs, TCLP metals,	
		PCBs, TOX	

Collection of condensate (aqueous) samples is described in SOP001, collection of soil vapor samples using Summa canisters is described in SOP002, and collection of soil vapor samples using Tedlar bags is described in SOP003 and these SOPs are also included in Appendix A of this O&M Plan.

# 4.3.1.2 Sampling and Monitoring SVECS Performance during Start-up Period

Sampling and monitoring of the SVECS performance will be implemented during the start-up period in 2009/2010 in order to ensure that the system is operating properly and that effluent streams meet all regulatory, and disposal facility requirements. The start-up period is defined as the first 15 days of operations. In order to keep the plant running as designed, the SVECS Operator will have to communicate regularly with the SVECS Project Manager and the SVECS Design Engineer. The

communication with the SVECS Project Manager and/or the SVECS Design Engineer is necessary so that if changed soil vapor quality or other such conditions are encountered, flow rates and set points can be adjusted as required (if necessary).

During the start-up period, the following process streams will be sampled and/or monitored (see Table 4-2). The purpose of this sampling and monitoring is for tracking and documenting SVECS operations performance as well as for regulatory compliance. **During the system start-up period, one round of soil vapor samples from the 12 SVEWs and the influent and effluent from the VGAC unit will be collected using Summa canisters.** Only the process effluent streams will be sampled for regulatory compliance purposes for the parameters identified by NYSDEC, and the disposal facilities at the designated frequency. All analytical parameters for regulatory compliance will be collected weekly and analyzed at a laboratory certified by the State of New York for these parameters.

Table 4-2 Sampling and Monitoring during the Start-up Period

Process Stream	Sampling/Monitoring Location	Analytical Parameters	Required for Regulatory Compliance
Influent from SVE-101I	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Chlorinated VOCs with Summa Canisters	No
Influent from SVE-101D	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
Influent from SVE-101D	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	INO
Influent from SVE-102I	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
minucint from 5 v L-1021	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	110
Influent from SVE-102D	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-103I	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-103D	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-104I	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-104D	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-105I	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-105D	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-106I	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent from SVE-106D	Sample port in Flow	Chlorinated VOCs with	No
	Monitoring Station	Summa Canisters	
Influent to VGAC-1	Sample port (BV-108)	Chlorinated VOCs with	Yes
ECC 1C VICAGA	G 1 (DV 100)	Summa Canisters	37
Effluent from VGAC-1 to	Sample port (BV-109)	Chlorinated VOCs with	Yes
Exhaust Stack	55 - 11 - 1 - 1 -	Summa Canisters	X/
Condensate from	55-gallon drum	TCLP VOCs, TCLP	Yes
Moisture Separator		SVOCs, TCLP metals, PCBs, TOX	
	<u> </u>	rcds, iux	

Process Stream	Sampling/Monitoring Location	Analytical Parameters	Required for Regulatory Compliance
Spent /filter / adsorber media	Composite sample	TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, TCLP metals, PCBs, TOX	Yes

Collection of condensate (aqueous) samples is described in SOP001, collection of soil vapor samples using Summa canisters is described in SOP002, and collection of soil vapor samples using Tedlar bags is described in SOP003 and these SOPs are also included in Appendix A of this O&M Plan.

#### 4.3.1.3 Sampling and Monitoring SVECS Performance during Prove-Out Period

Sampling and monitoring of the SVECS performance will be implemented during the prove-out period in 2010 in order to ensure that the SVECS is operating in accordance with the design specifications and that effluent streams meet all regulatory, and disposal facility requirements. The prove-out period is defined as the first through the sixth months of operations after the start-up period is completed. In order to keep the plant running as designed, the SVECS Operator will have to communicate regularly with the SVECS Project Manager and the SVECS Design Engineer. The communication with the SVECS Project Manager and/or the SVECS Design Engineer is necessary so that if changed soil vapor quality or other such conditions are encountered, flow rates and set points can be adjusted as required (if necessary).

During the prove-out period, the following process streams will be sampled and/or monitored (see Table 4-3). The purpose of this sampling and monitoring is for ensuring that the SVECS is operating in accordance with the design specifications and that effluent streams meet all regulatory, and disposal facility requirements. **During the system prove-out period, all samples will be collected on a monthly basis.** At the end of the third and sixth months, soil vapor samples from the 12 SVEWs will be collected using Summa Canisters instead of using Tedlar Bags and a PID. Based on the data that is collected during the start-up and prove-out periods, TtEC may decide to reduce the frequency of sampling and analyses for the influent soil vapor and some of the intermediate process streams. Only the process effluent streams will be sampled for regulatory compliance purposes for the parameters identified by NYSDEC, and the disposal facilities at the designated frequency. All analytical parameters for regulatory compliance will be collected monthly and analyzed at a laboratory certified by the State of New York for these parameters.

Table 4-3 Sampling and Monitoring during the Prove-out Period

Process Stream	Sampling/Monitoring Location	Analytical Parameters	Required for Regulatory Compliance
Influent from SVE-101I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-101D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-102I	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	
Influent from SVE-102D	Sample port in Flow	Total VOCs with PID	No
	Monitoring Station	and Tedlar bags	

Process Stream	Sampling/Monitoring Location	Analytical Parameters	Required for Regulatory Compliance
Influent from SVE-103I	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-103D	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-104I	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-104D	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-105I	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-105D	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-106I	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent from SVE-106D	Sample port in Flow Monitoring Station	Total VOCs with PID and Tedlar bags	No
Influent to VGAC-1	Sample port (BV-108)	Chlorinated VOCs with Summa Canisters	Yes
Effluent from VGAC-1 to Exhaust Stack	Sample port (BV-109)	Chlorinated VOCs with Summa Canisters	Yes
Condensate from Moisture Separator	55-gallon drum	TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, TCLP metals, PCBs, TOX	Yes
Spent /filter / adsorber media	Composite sample	TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, TCLP metals, PCBs, TOX	Yes

Collection of condensate (aqueous) samples is described in SOP001, collection of soil vapor samples using Summa canisters is described in SOP002, and collection of soil vapor samples using Tedlar bags is described in SOP003 and these SOPs are also included in Appendix A of this O&M Plan.

#### 4.3.2 Quality Control Sample Requirements

QC samples are analyzed for the purpose of assessing the quality of the sampling effort and of the analytical data. QC samples include field QC samples and laboratory QC samples. Field QC samples are described in the SAP and include environmental field duplicate samples, trip blanks, equipment rinsate blanks, and cooler temperature blanks. Laboratory QC samples include method blanks, matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates, surrogate compounds, internal standards, laboratory control samples, and laboratory duplicate samples. The general information and guidance regarding the different types of field QC samples is provided below.

#### 4.3.2.1 Environmental Field Duplicate Samples

Field duplicates are used to monitor the precision of the field sampling procedures and the variability of sample data. Aqueous field duplicates are field split samples collected by mixing enough volume for two samples. Field duplicates will typically be collected and analyzed at a frequency of 1 for every 20 samples (approximately 5 percent). Field duplicates will only be collected for the soil vapor or

condensate samples that are analyzed for regulatory purposes. Field duplicates will be analyzed for the same parameters, as applicable, as the original samples.

# 4.3.2.2 Trip Blanks

A trip blank serves to detect possible cross-contamination of samples resulting from handling, storage and shipment procedures. Trip blanks consist of volatile organic analysis (VOA) vials filled with deionized (DI) water prior to initiation of daily field activities and preserved accordingly, which accompany the day's environmental samples through collection and shipment to the laboratory. In addition, trip blanks are stored by the laboratory under the same conditions as the environmental samples. A trip blank must accompany each cooler containing aqueous samples for VOC analysis, and will be analyzed identically to the associated environmental samples. All aqueous VOC samples will be consolidated in one cooler for daily shipment, as possible, to minimize the number of trip blanks required.

#### 4.3.2.3 Equipment Rinsate Blanks

Equipment rinsate blanks are used to monitor cleanliness of the sampling equipment and the effectiveness of the decontamination procedures. Dedicated sampling equipment will be used during the project to the extent possible, reducing the need and frequency of equipment rinsate blanks. As required, equipment rinsate blanks will be collected once per week (assuming 5-day work week) and sent to the off-site laboratory for analysis of the same parameters (chemical only) as the original samples.

## 4.3.2.4 Cooler Temperature Blanks

Temperature blanks are used to monitor the receipt temperature of the samples upon arrival at the analytical laboratory. Temperature blanks will consist of an unpreserved 40-milliliter glass or plastic vial filled with tap water. A temperature blank must be included in each sample container sent to an analytical laboratory. However, New York regulations include provisions for omitting sample receipt temperature at the laboratory if the samples are received on ice.

# 4.3.3 Equipment Decontamination Procedures

For this sampling and analysis program, both disposable and non-disposable sampling equipment may be used. All non-disposable sampling equipment will be decontaminated prior to collecting each sample. The following sequence will be used:

- Remove all visible contaminants using laboratory detergent and potable water.
- Rinse with potable water.
- Rinse with deionized water.
- Rinse organic sampling equipment with methanol. For inorganic sampling equipment, rinse with 9.9% nitric acid in water. Then rinse with deionized water again.

Decontamination fluids generated will be collected and stored on site for later disposal as specified in the Final Work Plan (TtEC, October 15, 2009).

4.3.4 <u>Sample Identification, Documentation, Chain of Custody, Packaging, and Shipping</u> Identification, documentation and strict custody of samples are important for ensuring the integrity of the environmental samples and maintaining data quality. The subsections below address sample identification, packaging, shipping, and documentation.

## 4.3.4.1 Sample Identification and Labeling

Samples collected from the SVECS will be uniquely identified. Each sample will be denoted with an identification code as to the process stream (i.e., the location of sampling and type of material being sampled). These codes are outlined in the table below. The date of the sampling (e.g., "011609") will then be added to the identification to segregate different process sampling events. If required, further differentiation may be added (such as "01" and "02" if sampled twice during the same day).

Location/Material Code
CD
IN
EF
Use well ID

For example, the treated off-gas sample collected on July 14, 2009 would be denoted as "EF-071409." If two samples of the condensate were obtained on August 17, 2009, then the first sample would be "CD-081709-01" and the second would be "CD-081709-02."

Sample labels will be completed by field personnel. Labels will include the project identification, sample identification, date and time of sampling, sampler, analyses to be performed on the specific sample container, type of sample (grab or composite) and preservative (if applicable). Each sample label will be filled out completely with indelible ink.

#### 4.3.4.2 Sample Documentation

The sampling team or any individual performing a particular field investigation activity will be required to maintain a field logbook. Each logbook will be controlled and assigned a unique sequential identification by the Field Team Lead (e.g., the second logbook devoted to the SVECS sampling activities may be designated "SVECS Sampling Logbook No. 2"). In addition, a list of field logbooks will be maintained by the Field Team Lead, and will include the name of the logbook, purpose, person to whom assigned (i.e., name of task lead), date assigned, and date returned to the Field Team Lead.

The field logbook will be a bound weatherproof notebook, and entries to the logbook must be filled out legibly in black waterproof ink. Pertinent information to be recorded in field logbooks includes all information that is necessary to reconstruct the sampling operations. Documentation of sample activities in the field logbook will be completed immediately after sampling at the location of sample collection. Logbook entries will contain all sample information, including sample number, collection time, location, descriptions, field measurements, and other site- or sample-specific observations. Any additional information, such as generated instrument output, will be attached into the field logbook with clear tape in the order of generation or will be filed in a specific folder for inclusion with project files.

Logbook pages (for both the master site logbook and the field logbooks) will have the name of the Site and a description of the location/activity discussed, as well as the calendar date, written on the top of each page. Logbook pages will be consecutively numbered, and upon entry of data, the logbook pages require the date and the signature of the responsible project team member at the bottom of each page. Corrections

to the logbooks will consist of a single strike line through the incorrect entry, the new accurate information, the initials of the corrector, and the date of amendment. Any blank spaces/pages in the logbooks will be crossed out with a single strike mark and signed by the person making the notation.

#### *4.3.4.3 Sample Chain of Custody*

Sample custody must be strictly maintained and carefully documented each time the sample material is collected, transported, received, prepared, and analyzed. Custody procedures are necessary to ensure the integrity of the samples, and samples collected during the field investigation must be traceable from the time the samples are collected until they are disposed of and/or stored, and their derived data are used in the final report.

A sample is considered under custody if it is/was:

- In a sampler's possession;
- In a sampler's view after being in his/her possession;
- In a sampler's possession and locked up in a secured container; or
- In a designated secure area.

Personnel collecting samples are responsible for the care and integrity of those samples until they are properly transferred or dispatched. Therefore, the number of people handling a sample will be kept to a minimum.

Chain of Custody (COC) records will be completed by the sampler and shall accompany the samples at all times. The following information shall be indicated on the COC record:

- Project identification;
- Signature of samplers;
- Sample identification, sample matrix, date and time of collection, grab or composite sample designation, number of containers corresponding to that sample identification, analyses required, remarks or sample location (if applicable), and preservation method(s);
- Signature of the individual relinquishing the samples; and
- Name of the individual(s) receiving the samples and air bill number, if applicable.

The COC preparer will then check the sample label and COC record for accuracy and completeness.

## 4.3.4.4 Sample Tracking

When transferring custody of samples, individuals relinquishing custody and individuals receiving custody will sign, date, and record the time on the COC. When samples are being shipped to the laboratory via courier, the COC record will be signed as "receiver" by the courier when he/she accepts possession of the samples, and a signed copy will be retained by the TtEC Team. For samples transported by an overnight shipping company (e.g.,Federal Express), the shipping company will be indicated as receiving custody. Upon receipt of shipment at the laboratory, a designated sample custodian will accept custody of the samples and verify that information on the sample labels matches the COC record. Pertinent information on shipment, air bill number, pickup, courier, date, and time will be recorded on the COC. It is then the laboratory's responsibility to maintain logbooks and custody records throughout sample preparation and analysis.

## 4.3.4.5 Sample Packaging and Shipping

Samples for off-site laboratory analysis will be shipped via Federal Express or by courier for overnight delivery in waterproof coolers using the procedures outlined below. The samples taken for this project shall be considered low-level or environmental samples for packaging and shipping purposes. Prior to packing and shipping, as applicable, samples will be stored on ice. The sample packing procedures are as follows:

- After filling out the pertinent information on the sample label, if necessary cover the label with clear tape.
- Place about 3 inches of inert cushioning material, such as bubble wrap, in the bottom of the cooler.
- Place containers upright in the cooler in such a way that they will not touch during shipment.
- Put in additional inert packing material to partially cover the sample containers (more than halfway).
- Place ice, when necessary, sealed in plastic bags, around and on top of the containers. As applicable to specific analyses, the temperature of the samples shall be maintained at or below 4 °C during shipment to the laboratory. The addition of ice will not be necessary for those parameters that do not require cooling as a preservation technique
- Fill cooler with cushioning material.
- Tape the drain on the cooler shut.

If the samples are sent directly via courier service from the Site to a local laboratory certified by the State of New York, the COC record will not be placed inside the cooler. The sample cooler(s) will be secured, with signed and dated custody seals affixed over the lid opening in at least two locations, and the cooler wrapped with strapping tape (without obscuring the custody seals). Orientation "this end up" arrows will be drawn or attached on two sides of the cooler. The COC record will be signed by the receiver (e.g., the courier, the laboratory sample custodian) when he/she accepts possession of the samples, and a signed copy will be retained by the TtEC Team.

For samples being shipped by an overnight delivery service to a laboratory certified by the State of New York, the COC record will be placed in a waterproof plastic bag and taped with masking tape to the inside lid of the cooler. The cooler lid will be secured with strapping/shipping tape (wrap the cooler completely with tape at a minimum of two locations), and a completed shipping label will be attached to the top of the cooler. Orientation "this end up" arrows will be drawn or attached on two sides of the cooler. Two signed and dated custody seals will be placed on opposite corners of the cooler so that the cooler cannot be opened without breaking the seals.

#### 4.4 Laboratory Analytical Procedures and Requirements

#### 4.4.1 Analytical Procedures

As stated previously, samples will be analyzed in strict accordance with the analytical test methods and procedures utilizing approved USEPA and NYSDEC Analytical Services Protocol methods. The anticipated number of samples, analytical methods, and number of QC samples are identified in Section 4.3.1.

Analytical methods selected for the Site will provide results with detection limits sufficiently below designated action levels, and the methods will be accurate enough to quantify contamination at concentrations below action levels.

## 4.4.2 <u>Laboratory Reporting Requirements</u>

Laboratory reports will include a full data package in order to support QA/QC review. Reporting requirements will include, but are not limited to the following:

- The name, address, and phone number of the analytical laboratory.
- Signature of an authorized laboratory individual, indicating the acceptability of the data.
- A copy of signed chain of custody forms, indicating the condition of samples at the time of receipt by the laboratory.
- Air sampling results will be reported in units of ug/m³ whereas waste characterization (TCLP) and condensate sampling results will be reported in units of mg/liter. Results will be reported on a dry weight basis and will include correction for dilution/concentration factors.
- Sample results will include a summary of pertinent chain of custody and tracking information (i.e., dates of preparation and analysis, analytical instrumentation, calibration information, associated QC samples, etc.). Other raw data including chromatograms must be on file at the laboratory and available for review upon request.
- Quality control results reported are to include spiking concentrations and acceptable limits. QC results that exceeded criteria and corrective actions should be discussed by the laboratory.

#### 4.4.3 Data Review

All data will be reviewed by laboratory QC personnel prior to submittal to TtEC. In addition, the TtEC chemistry staff will perform a review of QA/QC data for all sample analysis results. After these reviews, the data will be provided to the TtEC personnel who are responsible for monitoring the performance of the SVECS operation. They will utilize the analytical results to verify that the plant is operating in the normal expected range of operation for each variable reported.

The review will include the following:

- Review of chain-of-custody and sample receipt documents to verify sample identities.
- Review of sample log-in documents to verify any potential problems with sample custody, integrity, preservation, labeling, etc.
- Review of field blank data to ascertain any problems with container or preservative contamination, or field contamination.
- Review of method blank data to determine the presence and approximate concentration of sources of contamination in the analytical process.
- Review of matrix spike data as a measure of matrix effects and analytical precision.
- Review of field and laboratory duplicate data as a measure of sampling technique applicability, homogeneity, and analytical precision.
- Review of standard reference material or laboratory control sample data as a measure of analytical accuracy. Data will be compared to the certified acceptable ranges of analytical values.
- Review of sample dates, extraction/digestion dates, and analysis dates to determine whether maximum holding times were met or exceeded.

Where appropriate, data qualifiers will be incorporated into certain data summary tables generated for this project. A brief summary of the data QA/QC review will be included in the final report.

## 4.5 Exit Strategy

As stated in Section 1.6, the remedial objective for this SVECS is to prevent further off-site migration of VOC contaminated soil vapor and to the extent practical, capture contaminated soil vapor with a TCE concentration greater than 250 ug/m<sup>3</sup>. A secondary objective of this project is to address soil vapor with a TCE concentration greater than 5 ug/m<sup>3</sup>. The treatment system has been designed for a 4 year operational life.

The final determination to take the SVECS off-line and to decommission and dismantle the SVECS and associated wells will be made by the Navy in consultation with NYSDEC. When under non-operating winter conditions, after the SVECS has been shut-down for a period of at least one week and the on-site and off-site sub-slab and SVPM TCE concentrations are less than 5 ug/m³, then TtEC will make the recommendation to the Navy that operations at the SVECS be terminated and that the SVECS building and all associated equipment and wells be decommissioned and dismantled.

#### 5.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY

#### 5.1 Introduction

All activities performed at the SVECS are governed by the Accident Prevention Plan (APP) and the Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan (SHSP) which is Appendix A of the APP. The SHSP presents procedures to be followed by TtEC and its subcontractors and all other on-site personnel in order to avoid and, if necessary, protect against health and/or safety hazards. The SHSP is designed to protect on-site personnel and area residents from physical, chemical, and all other hazards posed by construction, operation, maintenance, and monitoring activities conducted at the Site. The SHSP takes into account the hazards inherent to the planned activities. In addition, Section 12.0 of the SHSP includes the Emergency Response and Contingency Plan. The SHSP will comply with applicable parts of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Regulations, primarily 29 CFR Parts 1910 and 1926, and TtEC's Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) Program. Many programs from the EHS Program are referenced in the SHSP and are included in the appendices. Modifications to the SHSP may be made with the approval of the Project Environmental and Safety Manager (PESM) for this project using the Change Request Form found in Appendix A of the SHSP.

# 5.2 Summary of Major Risks

- Work near underground utilities.
- Heavy equipment hazards.
- Slips, Trips, and Falls.
- Exposure to chlorinated VOCs, PCBs, chromium, and cadmium.
- Rotating machinery
- Electrical hazards
- Excavation and Trenching
- Handling of chemicals
- Handling of motor oils and greases for blower motors

#### **5.3** Zero Incident Performance

Zero Incident Performance (ZIP) describes TtEC's approach and expectations for both safety and project execution. TtEC will achieve this level of performance excellence through teamwork and partnering with our client and our Subcontractors, and through the participation of every person on this project.

We (TtEC and our client) believe that:

- All incidents are preventable through proper planning, tasking, and execution of plans as written.
- Any goal besides Zero Incident Performance is unacceptable and sends the message that incidents cannot be prevented and that losses are tolerated. Incidents are defined as OSHA recordables, property damage cases, fires, explosions, spills or releases to the environment and safety-related work stoppages. In addition, an incident includes an event which could have resulted in one of these outcomes had the circumstances been different ("near miss").
- Active participation by all personnel is required to achieve *Zero Incident Performance*. This includes TtEC, the client, and all Subcontractor personnel.
- Each person on this project is individually responsible and accountable for their safety performance.
- If <u>any</u> incident does occur, it must be reported and investigated to identify root causes, take corrective actions, and communicate the lessons learned.

All TtEC and subcontractor personnel will sign a ZIP pledge poster affirming their belief in and commitment to ZIP. The ZIP Banner will be posted conspicuously at the project site and the hours worked without a loss time incident will also be posted. The TtEC SHSO will continually evaluate planning and project execution to ensure that ZIP is embedded in the work process. In addition, awareness programs are utilized to assist in implementation of TtEC's ZIP initiative.

A subcontractor, after award of a contract, shall be required to attend a pre-construction Health and Safety Orientation meeting. This meeting will involve the subcontractor's key personnel, and will cover such items as *ZIP* expectations and the Employee Participation Program (EPP).

#### 5.4 Activity Hazard Analyses

The Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) is a systematic way of identifying the potential health and safety hazards associated with major phases of work on the project and the methods to avoid, control and mitigate those hazards. The AHAs follow the guidance of the TtEC Corporate Program EHS 3-5. AHAs are developed for all activities and will be used to train workers in proper safety procedures during phase preparatory meetings.

AHAs for 2009 and subsequent years' site activities are included in Appendix C of the SHSP. AHAs that are applicable to activities at the SVECS and adjacent areas include:

- General Site Hazards (chemical, biological, and physical hazards)
- Mobilization, Site Preparation and Demobilization
- Monitoring, Sampling, Testing, and Analysis
- Drilling, SVEW Installation, and SVPM Installation
- Excavation/Trenching and Backfilling
- SVECS Installation
- Mobilization/Setup of Treatment Equipment, Startup, and O&M
- Waste Disposal

- Granular Activated Carbon Changeout
- Site Restoration

## 5.5 Personal Protective Equipment

The personal protective equipment specified in Table 6-1 of the SHSP represents the initial level of PPE selection for each activity required by 29 CFR 1910.132. Specific information on the selection rationale for each activity can be found in the Activity Hazard Analyses. Personal protective equipment selection shall be made by the Site Health and Safety Officer (SHSO) and approved by the PESM. Additional tasks not included in Table 6-1 of the SHSP shall be reviewed by the SHSO and PESM.

Due to the nature of the activities it is not anticipated that upgrading to Level C or B will be required during the site activities. Level D or modified Level D is anticipated for all site work but the SHSO has the responsibility for monitoring site and work conditions and deciding the appropriate level of protection based on indications of potential exposure.

#### 6.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

The process descriptions for the NWIRP Bethpage SVECS, provide the written narrative which explains the individual system loops and their inter-relationship. They describe the setpoints and relationships between the process equipment and the instrumentation used for monitoring the soil vapor treatment process. The process loops are shown in Table 6-1 and the functional descriptions are provided in the following sections.

Table 6-1 Process Loops

SYSTEM No.	TITLE
1	Soil Vapor Extraction Wells
2	Soil Vapor Monitoring
3	Soil Vapor Treatment

## 6.1 Process Loop #1 – Soil Vapor Extraction Wells

This process loop corresponds to P&ID P-2. The major equipment for this process loop is listed in Section 6.1.1, the instrumentation and controls and the functional description are included in Section 6.1.2 and the process interlocks are listed in Section 6.1.3.

#### 6.1.1 Major Equipment

Tag Number	Description	
SVE-101I	Intermediate Extraction Well	
SVE-101D	Deep Extraction Well	
SVE-102I	Intermediate Extraction Well	
SVE-102D	Deep Extraction Well	
SVE-103I	Intermediate Extraction Well	

Tag Number	Description		
SVE-103D	Deep Extraction Well		
SVE-104I	Intermediate Extraction Well		
SVE-104D	Deep Extraction Well		
SVE-105I	Intermediate Extraction Well		
SVE-105D	Deep Extraction Well		
SVE-106I	Intermediate Extraction Well		
SVE-106D	Deep Extraction Well		

## 6.1.2 System Functional Description

The soil vapor extraction well system consists of twelve SVEWs installed in six clusters, each consisting of one intermediate well and one deep well. Intermediate Wells SVE-101I, SVE-102I, SVE-103I, SVE-104I, SVE-105I, and SVE-106I have a screened interval between 25 and 35 ft bgs. Deep Wells SVE-101D, SVE-102D, SVE-103D, SVE-104D, SVE-105D, and SVE-106D have a screened interval between 40 and 60 ft bgs. Each SVEW is expected to be operated at a design flow rate of 50 cfm for a total flow rate of 600 cfm. Each intermediate depth SVEW requires a vacuum of 4 inches of water column (i.w.) and each deep SVEW requires a vacuum of up to 20 i.w. in order in order to extract the contaminated soil vapors from the targeted depths and locations within Site 1. SVE rates for each well will be controlled by local manual valves. A portable velocity meter will be used to measure air flow while adjusting the control valves. Extraction wells with higher contaminant concentrations (based on PID readings) will be operated at a higher flow rate. Extraction well flow rates will be pulsed periodically (i.e. cycled on/off or adjusted high/low) to prevent stagnant conditions or "dead zones" from developing between adjacent extraction wells.

Instrumentation and controls associated with the Soil Vapor Extraction Wells Process Loop are physically located in the Flow Monitoring Station.

#### 6.1.3 <u>Interlock Summary</u>

There are no interlocks for this process loop.

# 6.2 Process Loop #2 – Soil Vapor Monitoring

This process loop corresponds to P&ID P-2. The major equipment for this process loop is listed in Section 6.2.1, the instrumentation and controls and the functional description are included in Section 6.2.2 and the process interlocks are listed in Section 6.2.3.

#### 6.2.1 Major Equipment

Tag Number	Description	
BFV-101I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-101I	
BFV-101D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-101D	
BFV-102I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-102I	
BFV-102D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-102D	
BFV-103I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-103I	
BFV-103D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-103D	
BFV-104I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-104I	
BFV-104D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-104D	

Tag Number	Description	
BFV-105I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-105I	
BFV-105D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-105D	
BFV-106I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-106I	
BFV-106D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-106D	
BV-101I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-101I	
BV-101D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-101D	
BV-102I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-102I	
BV-102D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-102D	
BV-103I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-103I	
BV-103D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-103D	
BV-104I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-104I	
BV-104D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-104D	
BV-105I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-105I	
BV-105D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-105D	
BV-106I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-106I	
BV-106D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-106D	
BV-100	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for manifold in	
	Flow Monitoring Station	
BV-101	Isolation Valve Air Bleed to manifold in Flow	
	Monitoring Station	
SVPM-2002-S	Shallow Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2003-S	Shallow Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2002-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2003-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2004-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2007-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-11S	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-12S	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2002-D	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2004-D	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2007-D	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-12	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	

#### 6.2.2 System Functional Description

The soil vapor monitoring system consists of the Flow Monitoring Station in the southeast corner of Site 1 and the twelve SVPMs, which have been installed to monitor the effectiveness of the SVECS in capturing and containing the contaminated soil vapors in the area east of Site 1. The Flow Monitoring Station consists of an 8 ft wide x 8 ft tall x 20 ft long Conex box in which all the SVE lines collect into a single manifold and from this location a single underground pipeline has been routed to the Treatment Building. The depths of SVPM-2002-S and SVPM-2003-S are 10 ft bgs; the depths of SVPM-2002-I, SVPM-2003-I, SVPM-2004-I, SVPM-2007-I, and SVPM-11S are 25 ft bgs; the depth of SVPM-12S is 27 ft bgs; the depths of SVPM-2002-D, SVPM-2004-D, and SVPM-2007-D are 50 ft bgs; and the depth of SVPM-12 is 52 ft bgs. Each SVPM is equipped with a sealed cap, valve, and threaded sample port.

Instrumentation and controls associated with the Soil Vapor Monitoring Process Loop are summarized in the following table:

Control	Setpoint	Function
Vacuum Indicator PI-101I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-101I
Vacuum Indicator PI-101D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-101D
Vacuum Indicator PI-102I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-102I
Vacuum Indicator PI-102D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-102D
Vacuum Indicator PI-103I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-103I
Vacuum Indicator PI-103D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-103D
Vacuum Indicator PI-104I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-104I
Vacuum Indicator PI-104D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-104D
Vacuum Indicator PI-105I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-105I
Vacuum Indicator PI-105D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-105D
Vacuum Indicator PI-106I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-106I
Vacuum Indicator PI-106D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-106D
Vacuum Indicator PI-100	0-60 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in manifold in Flow Monitoring
		Station

# 6.2.3 <u>Interlock Summary</u>

There are no interlocks for this process loop.

# 6.3 Process Loop #3 – Soil Vapor Treatment

This process loop corresponds to P&ID P-2. The major equipment for this process loop is listed in Section 6.3.1, the instrumentation and controls and the functional description are included in Section 6.3.2 and the process interlocks are listed in Section 6.3.3.

# 6.3.1 <u>Major Equipment</u>

Tag Number	Description	
M-1	Moisture Separator	
F-1	Make-up Air Filter/Silencer	
F-2	Blower Air Filter	
B-1A	Blower B-1A	
B-1B	Blower B-1B	
VGAC-1	Vapor-phase Granular Activated Carbon Unit	
P-1	Condensate Pump	
BFV-101	Butterfly Valve Inlet to Moisture Separator	
BFV-102	Butterfly Valve Inlet to Make-up Air Filter/Silencer	
BFV-103A	Butterfly Valve B-1A Suction Line	
BFV-103B	Butterfly Valve B-1B Suction Line	
BFV-104A	Butterfly Valve B-1A Discharge Line	
BFV-104B	Butterfly Valve B-1B Discharge Line	
BV-102	Isolation Valve Low Pressure Switch	
BV-103	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge Inlet to M-1	

Tag	Description
Number	
BV-104	Isolation Valve Air Bleed Inlet to M-1
BV-105	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge Suction Line to Blowers
BV-106	Isolation Valve Pressure Gauge Discharge Line from
	Blowers
BV-107	Isolation Valve High Pressure Switch
BV-108	Isolation Valve Air Bleed Inlet to VGAC-1
BV-109	Isolation Valve Air Bleed Outlet from VGAC-1
BV-110	Isolation Valve Pressure Gauge Discharge Line from
	VGAC-1
PRV-101	Pressure (Vacuum) Relief Valve Suction Line to Blowers
PRV-102	Pressure Relief Valve Discharge Line from Blowers

# 6.3.2 <u>System Functional Description</u>

The soil vapor treatment system consists of a moisture separator tank (M-1), two soil vapor extraction blowers B-1A and B-1B, and an interim vapor-phase granular activated carbon (VGAC-1) unit for removal of chlorinated VOCs from the off-gas. The system will be operated manually and will be shutdown if certain scenarios are encountered. Soil vapor that enters the Treatment Building will first pass through the moisture separator tank (M-1) where any condensate will be separated and removed by a portable condensate pump P-1 into 55-gallon drums on a periodic basis, tested, and disposed of off-site. The vapor from M-1 will be sucked through an air filter (F-2) by any one of two soil vapor extraction blowers (B-1A or B-1B) and then be treated in the VGAC unit (VGAC-1). If necessary, there is also a provision for adding make-up air via air filter-silencer (F-1) to the vapor stream after it leaves tank M-1, prior to air filter F-2. Under normal operation, only one blower will operate and the second one will be on standby. Under special circumstances, both blowers can operate simultaneously in parallel to accommodate higher flow rates. The treated vapor will be discharged from VGAC-1 via an exhaust stack. The SVECS will have a local control panel (LCP). The LCP will comprise of mechanical interlocks and relays and no Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs) will be used.

The moisture separator tank, M-1 is equipped with a visual sight glass. It also has an integral vacuum relief valve and is equipped with a high condensate level sensor/switch that will shut-down the blowers if the condensate rises to a pre-determined high level. Blowers B-1A and B-1B will have manual start and stop buttons, and reset switches for interlock shutdown scenarios. The soil vapor flow rate from the blowers will be measured by mass flow meter FE-101, transmitted by FQIT-101 and the total flow from M-1 to VGAC-1 will be recorded. A pre-set low vacuum in piping to M-1 inlet or a high condensate level in M-1 or high temperature in the blower discharge line or a high pressure in the blower discharge line will result in shut-down of the blowers and the SVECS. When the SVECS is shut down under any one of these conditions, the LCP will alarm the existing auto-dialer in an adjacent building and the Operator will be notified.

Instrumentation and controls associated with the Soil Vapor Treatment Process Loop are summarized in the table on the next page.

Control	Setpoint	Function	
Low Vacuum Switch PSL-101	45 i.w.	Indicates low vacuum in inlet to moisture separator tank, M-1	
Vacuum Indicator PI-101	0-60 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in inlet to moisture separator tank, M-1	
High Level Switch LSH-101		Indicates high condensate level in moisture separator tank, M-1	
Differential Pressure Indicator DPI-101	0-10 i.w.	Indicates differential pressure across blower air filter, F-2	
Vacuum Indicator PI-102	0-60 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in suction line to blowers B-1A and B-1B	
Pressure Indicator PI-103	0-10 i.w.	Indicates pressure in discharge line from blowers B-1A and B-1B	
Temperature Indicator TI-101	20-240 °F	Indicates temperature in discharge line from blowers B-1A and B-1B	
High Temperature Switch TSH-101	140 °F	Indicates high temperature in discharge line from blowers B-1A and B-1B	
High Pressure Switch PSH-101	10 i.w.	Indicates high pressure in discharge line from blowers B-1A and B-1B	
Pressure Indicator PI-104	0-10 i.w.	Indicates pressure in discharge line from VGAC-1	

# 6.3.3 <u>Interlock Summary</u>

Signal	Interlock	Result
Low vacuum in piping to M-1 inlet		De-energizes Blowers B-1A and B-1B
High condensate level in M-1		De-energizes Blowers B-1A and B-1B
High temperature in the blower discharge		De-energizes Blowers B-1A and B-1B
line		
High pressure in the blower discharge line		De-energizes Blowers B-1A and B-1B

#### 7.0 OPERATIONS

#### 7.1 Introduction

The Operations Section of this Plan describes the major equipment for the Soil Vapor Treatment System with respect to its applicable operating parameters and specifications. All issues pertaining to safety within any subsystem are addressed in *Section 5.0*, *Health and Safety*.

Appendix D, Manufacturers' O&M Manuals, contains copies of the O&M information for the major equipment components.

Set points for all equipment can be found in Section 6. Although set points have the potential for change over time, the Start-Up and Shut-down procedures will act as a good base and reference.

The *Master Equipment List, located in Appendix D*, is a summary of all pertinent information relative to the treatment/process equipment. The Operator is also directed to the on-site computer copy of this list for information on all SVECS equipment.

#### 7.2 Soil Vapor Treatment

## 7.2.1 Equipment Specifications

# Refer to Manufacturer's O&M Manual (Appendix D) for further information.

#### Moisture Separator Tank

Tag No.: M-1

Name: Moisture Separator Tank

Type: Vertical, Cylindrical, Closed-top, Vented Rating: 1,000 Gallons, 5 ft DIA 4 ft H sideshell

Manufacturer: Tetrasolv Filtration

#### Soil Vapor Extraction Blowers

Tag No: B-1A and B-1B

Name: Soil Vapor Extraction Blower

Rating: 600 CFM, 40 i.w.

Manufacturer: National Turbine Corporation Model: Millennium Series Model M24-319R

Serial No.: 291055-A and 291055-B

Motor

Manufacturer: WEG Electric Corporation Rating: 7.5 HP, 460V 60Hz 3Phase, Induction

Model: 00735OP3E184T

## Vapor-phase Granular Activated Carbon Adsorber

Tag No.: VGAC-1

Name: Vapor Phase Granular Activated Carbon Adsorber

Type: Rectangular Carbon Adsorption Vessel

Rating: 1,000 CFM

Operating Conditions: 5 i.w. max pressure

Manufacturer: Tetrasolv Filtration

Model: VF-5000

Carbon Details: 4 x 10 US mesh virgin carbon

#### 7.2.2 Operation and Controls

The soil vapor that is extracted from the twelve SVEWs will be collected in a single manifold within the Flow Monitoring Station and enter the treatment system within Building 03-35 via an underground pipeline. In the Treatment Building, the soil vapor at approximately 600 cfm will first pass through a 1,000 gallon moisture separator tank, M-1, where any condensate will be separated and removed by a portable pump P-1 into 55-gallon drums on a periodic basis. Tank M-1 is equipped with a visual sight glass. It also has an integral vacuum relief valve and is equipped with a high condensate level sensor/switch that will shut-down the blowers if the condensate rises to a pre-determined high level. The vapor from M-1 will be sucked through air filter F-2 by any one of two soil vapor extraction blowers (B-1A or B-1B) and then be treated in VGAC-1. Blowers B-1A and B-1B will have manual start and stop buttons, and reset switches for interlocked shutdown scenarios. The soil vapor flow rate from the blowers

will be measured by mass flow meter FE-101, transmitted by FQIT-101 and the total flow from M-1 to VGAC-1 will be recorded. If necessary, there is also a provision for adding make-up air via air filter-silencer F-1 to the vapor stream after it leaves tank M-1, prior to air filter F-2. Under normal operation, only one blower will operate and the second one will be on standby. Under special circumstances, both blowers can operate simultaneously in parallel to accommodate higher flow rates. The treated vapor will be discharged from VGAC-1 via an exhaust stack.

A pre-set low vacuum in piping to M-1 inlet or a high condensate level in M-1 or high temperature in the blower discharge line or a high pressure in the blower discharge line will result in shut-down of the blowers and the SVECS. When the SVECS is shut down under any one of these conditions, the LCP will signal the existing Auto-Dialer in an adjacent building and the Operator will be notified.

# 7.3 Start-up and Shut-down Procedures

## 1. <u>Normal Start-up</u>

- a. Verify that VGAC-1 contains activated carbon and that F-1 and F-2 contain filter elements.
- b. Check valve positions to make sure the necessary valves are set in proper positions:
  - In the Flow Monitoring Station, open flow control valves BFV-101I, BFV-101D, BFV-102I, BFV-102D, BFV-103I, BFV-103D, BFV-104I, BFV-104D, BFV-105I, BFV-105D, BFV-106I, and BFV-106D.
  - ii. If Blower B-1A will be running and Blower B-1B will serve as a spare, close BFV-103B and BFV-104B and open BFV-103A and BFV-104A. However, if Blower B-1B will be running and Blower B-1A will serve as a spare, close BFV-103A and BFV-104A and open BFV-103B and BFV-104B.
  - iii. Open BFV-101 and close BFV-102.
  - iv. Verify that the condensate level in M-1 is sufficiently low, If not, empty the condensate into 55-gallon drums using portable condensate pump P-1.
- c. Start Blower B-1A or Blower B-1B, as required.

#### 2. <u>Normal Shut-down</u>

- a. At the LCP, shut-down Blower B-1A or Blower B-1B, as required.
- b. Empty the condensate in M-1 into 55-gallon drums using portable condensate pump P-1.
- c. Optional Shut off valves from SVEWs in the Flow Monitoring Station.
- d. Optional Shut off valve BFV-101 at tank M-1.
- e. Optional Shut off valves BFV-104A and BFV-104B at blower discharges.

#### 3. Emergency Shutdown

a. Activate Emergency Shutdown Button on LCP.

#### 8.0 SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

If any portion of the SVECS is not operating properly, the Operator will be required to take steps to restore the particular part of the SVECS to its proper state of operation. This Section summarizes general actions which can be taken to troubleshoot potential problems. Troubleshooting activities must be

performed in compliance with the safety guidelines in *Section 5.0, Health and Safety*, and applicable federal, state, and local safety regulations.

For the Operator to troubleshoot the proper operation of the SVECS, recognition of the safety hazards and the ability to follow safe procedures, along with the knowledge of how the equipment is supposed to function and the physical and chemical processes involved are required. The following tables provide a brief description of information that can help in troubleshooting. The areas of operation for which troubleshooting guidelines are provided in this section include:

Table 8-1: Soil Vapor Extraction Troubleshooting
Table 8-2: Moisture Separator Troubleshooting

Table 8-3: Blower Troubleshooting

Table 8-4: Vapor-Phase Carbon Adsorber Troubleshooting

More specific equipment troubleshooting information is provided in the Manufacturer's Operations and Maintenance Manuals located in Appendix D. In conjunction, this information will assist the Operator in locating and eliminating sources of dysfunction in the equipment or process operation. Should the Operator require additional assistance in troubleshooting, TtEC will be ressponsible for providing the additional expertise in the resolution of technical issues relating to operation and maintenance.

**Table 8-1** Soil Vapor Extraction Troubleshooting

Problem	Potential Cause	Corrective Action
Soil vapor line from Flow	Valves closed upstream or	Shut off blower. Check manual
Monitoring Station to	downstream	valves upstream and downstream of
Treatment Building has no		blower and in Flow Monitoring
or low flow		Station, ensure they are in the
		"Open" position, and restart blower.
	Leak in pipe or air bleed ports	Shut off blower; repair or replace
		line. Seal or replace caps on ports.
	Blockage in cleanout ports or	Remove condensate from cleanout
	excess condensate collected in	ports.
	transfer line	

**Table 8-2** Moisture Separator Troubleshooting

Problem	<b>Potential Cause</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Condensate level too high	Malfunctioning pump operation	Refer to Table 8-1.
	Malfunctioning level switch	Check, readjust, or replace if
		necessary.

**Table 8-3** Blower Troubleshooting

Problem	Potential Cause	Corrective Action
Blower does not operate	Switch in "Off" Position	Change switch to "On" position
	Interlock/Alarm condition	Check for interlocks/alarm
		conditions which may shut down
		blower.
	Circuit overload	Check circuit breaker at LCP.
		Reset if necessary. Determine
		cause of overload.
	Thermal overload	Check thermal overload protection
		relay at LCP and reset if necessary.
		Determine cause of overload.
Blower has no or low flow	Valves closed upstream or	Shut off blower. Check manual
	downstream	valves upstream and downstream of
		blower, ensure they are in the
		"Open" position, and restart blower.
	Leak in pipeline	Shut off blower; repair or replace
		pipeline.
	Flow control setting too low	Check positions of valves.
Blower has high flow	Flow control setting too high	Check positions of valves.

Table 8-4 Vapor-Phase Carbon Adsorber Troubleshooting

Problem	Potential Cause	Corrective Action
High pressure drop or low	Buildup of salts in carbon bed	Check position of inlet damper.
soil vapor flow across		Clean or replace carbon.
system		
	Foreign object blocking flow path	Remove object.
	Carbon bed has become wet	Blow dry air through bed.
VOCs present in outlet	Carbon capacity been exceeded	Replace carbon.
from unit		
	Channeling of flow through bed	Level and redistribute carbon.

## 9.0 EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE

First and foremost, it is imperative that all operations and maintenance tasks be performed with strict adherence to the APP and SHSP. Lock-out and tag-out (LO/TO) safety procedures must be followed during all equipment maintenance in accordance with requirements specified in the SHSP.

The key to good maintenance is regular and systematic inspection of all equipment. Inspection frequency and preventative maintenance is determined by the process application and local conditions such as temperature, dust and operation runtime. The *Daily Inspection Form, Appendix A, Report Forms* is provided as the documentation format for the Operator's use during daily shift inspections.

A sound program carried out by qualified individuals will greatly increase equipment reliability and productivity. The manufacturers' instruction manuals, referenced in *Appendix D, Manufacturers' O&M Manuals* and located on-site, must be carefully studied by the Operator before any attempt is made to service a particular piece of equipment.

**Master Equipment List, Appendix D,** has been created to act as a quick reference for the Operator to all necessary maintenance information. The list is an electronic spreadsheet defining all major equipment, instruments and valves with respect to part number, equipment description, vendor name and contact telephone number.

## 9.1 Alarm Responses

The Auto Dialer system as described in *Section 6.0, Process Description and Operation* interfaces directly with the process equipment and identifies emergency/shut-down/alarm conditions in the SVECS. In the event of a shut-down condition, the Auto Dialer system will call the Operator. In the event of a shut-down condition that remains unacknowledged after a set amount of time, the Auto Dialer system will initiate a series of phone calls to alert alternate personnel of shut-down/alarm conditions so that corrective action may be taken.

#### 9.2 Maintenance Procedures and Recording

A total maintenance program has been developed for the process equipment which combines corrective and preventative maintenance. The preventative maintenance and frequency information for each piece of equipment is included in **Appendix D**, **Manufacturers' O&M Manuals**. Recording of performed maintenance tasks is to be documented on the **Equipment Maintenance Form**, **Appendix A**, **Report Forms** for each piece of equipment.

It is important to note that all operations and maintenance tasks be performed with strict adherence to the SHSP.

## 9.2.1 <u>Tools, Equipment, and Supplies</u>

To maintain and repair equipment, the proper tools must be readily available on-site. A complete list of available site tools is included as *Appendix B*, *Maintenance and Monitoring Equipment and Tool List*.

Spare parts, lubricants and other supplies necessary for routine equipment repairs and maintenance are to be stocked in the SVECS. A spare parts inventory list is included as *Appendix C*, *Spare Parts Inventory*. Manufacturers' recommended parts constitute most of the list.

Seasonal building and grounds-keeping equipment, such as snow shovels, are to be stored on-site and maintained when not in use.

#### 9.2.2 Housekeeping

The SVECS should be kept in a neat and orderly appearance to provide a safe and pleasant working environment. To maintain a clean and safe workplace, the Operator should create a housekeeping plan and schedule. The housekeeping tasks should include both interior and exterior work. Regular yard pickup and inside sweeping, weekly mopping, along with seasonal snow removal will be performed by the Operator/SVECS staff.

#### 9.2.3 Lubrication

Proper lubrication of motors and bearings will insure longer equipment run time and efficient operation. Recommended lubrication intervals and types of oils and greases as supplied by the vendor are to be followed. The schedules will be adjusted to conform to heavier usage of the equipment.

LO/TO safety procedures will be followed during all equipment maintenance in accordance with requirements specified in *Section 5.0*, *Health and Safety*. Some of the motors and fan bearings, however, must be greased while in motion. Safety procedures applicable to this energized maintenance are to be followed.

Under or over lubrication of bearings can be harmful to their life expectancy. Excessive grease will cause the bearings to slide rather than rotate, increasing friction and causing heat buildup. The following general instructions are recommended:

- 1. Assure that the grease gun tip is clean.
- 2. Clean the grease fitting with a clean rag. If a plug is to be removed, clean the area round the plug before removal of plug and inserting grease fitting.
- 3. Remove any relief plug or vent before pumping in grease.
- 4. Pump the proper amount of grease indicated by information found in the manufacturer's instructions. This information is included (along with frequency of greasing) in the manufacturer's operation and maintenance manuals referenced in *Appendix D*, *Manufacturers' O&M Manuals*.
- 5. Wipe off all excessive grease around unit.
- 6. Clean vent before replacing vent plug to allow for expansion of grease and to allow excess grease to work out of the bearing.
- 7. Note in the maintenance records the date, Operator or service personnel and what was done to the equipment.

#### 9.2.4 Storage of Lubricants

An area in the SVECS has been designated as a storage area for maintenance lubricants. This area will be configured to prevent any fire or safety hazard and will be posted with "NO SMOKING" signs. Stored lubricants will be tightly sealed to prevent contamination by dust and dirt, and decomposition of the lubricant.

## 9.2.5 Equipment Rotation

Equipment with multiple blowers arrangement is automatically run in an alternating fashion so that all blowers maintain approximate equal hours of operation. The Operator shall monitor and record equipment runtimes to verify that rotation of blowers is operating appropriately.

#### 9.2.6 Electrical

**CAUTION:** Maintenance work performed on exposed live electrical conductors and connections will be done by a licensed electrician using the N.F.P.A. 70 E standard. Routine service to the equipment beyond the Operator's experience, will be performed by 40 Hour trained OSHA field technicians.

#### 9.3 Maintenance Schedule Matrix

A total maintenance program has been developed for the process equipment which combines corrective and preventative maintenance. The preventative maintenance and frequency information for each piece of equipment (Tag No.) has been summarized in a Preventative Maintenance Matrix, *Appendix E*, *Preventative Maintenance Matrix*. Recording of performed maintenance tasks is to be documented on the *Equipment Maintenance Form*, *Appendix A*, *Report Forms* for each piece of equipment.

It is important to note that all operations and maintenance tasks be performed with strict adherence to Section 5.0, Health and Safety.

## 9.4 Special Maintenance Procedures

#### 9.4.1 Contaminated Condensate or Chemical Spill - Operational Response

Should a large spill of condensate occur, the Operator shall immediately shutdown the SVECS and verify that the condensate is properly collecting in the moisture separator tank M-1. The Operator should then rectify the cause of the spill and resume SVECS operation when it is safe to do so. Normal SVECS operations do not require the use of process chemicals. In the unlikely event of a chemical spill (e.g. cleaning chemicals) the spill should be isolated using absorbent materials or booms. The Operator should consult Health and Safety personnel and review the MSDS to determine further action. If it is determined safe to do and will not adversely affect the SVECS processes, the chemical spill shall be properly cleaned up, drummed, and disposed of off-site. Refer to *Section 5.0, Health and Safety* for all safety issues pertaining to chemical spills.

# 9.4.2 <u>Vapor-Phase Granular Activated Carbon Change-out</u>

Prior to the process of carbon change-out, proper procedures must be followed and a review of effluent analytical data must be performed to make a proper decision on when to replace the carbon in the adsorber vessel. Refer to **Section 4** of this O&M Plan for a narrative on the sampling procedures required for this evaluation and the Tetrasolv Filtration O&M Manual in **Appendix D** for the carbon replacement procedures.

#### 10.0 WASTE TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL

#### 10.1 Background

The SVECS remediation will result in the generation of waste materials at the Site 1Treatment Building at NWIRP Bethpage, NY. This section describes the process and methods that will be used to address the safe and compliant handling and transport of generated project wastes from the SVECS. The facility will operate 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. Maintenance activities will be performed on an as-needed basis. Wastes at the SVECS will consist of spent granular activated carbon, spent air filters, condensate in 55-gallon drums and used personal protective equipment (PPE). It is anticipated that the stored wastes will be non-hazardous and therefore will not require storage and will not require manifests for off-site transportation. The wastes will be manifested as either non-hazardous or hazardous waste depending on the waste profile, for offsite transportation and appropriate disposal. The procedures outlined in the Final Work Plan (Tetra Tech EC October 15, 2009) will be followed.

#### 10.2 Waste Disposal Criteria and Methods

Before wastes are transported from the SVECS, they will be sampled and analyzed as described in Section 4 of this document and the associated SAP. This sampling and analysis will comply with the regulatory requirements identified in Section 2 of this document as well as the requirements of the disposal facilities.

#### **10.3** Waste Disposal Facilities

#### 10.3.1 Disposal Facility for Hazardous Wastes

It is anticipated that hazardous wastes from the SVECS will be transported via trucks and disposed of at a NYSDEC approved RCRA Subtitle C hazardous waste landfill. A particular waste disposal facility has not been identified at present.

#### 10.3.2 Disposal Facility for Non-Hazardous Wastes

It is anticipated that non-hazardous wastes from the SVECS will be transported via trucks and disposed of at a NYSDEC approved RCRA Subtitle D solid waste landfill. A particular waste disposal facility has not been identified at present.

## 10.4 Waste Transportation Contractor Requirements

All Waste Transportation Contractors (transporters) must use the disposal facilities identified above, or perhaps others, that have been approved in advance by Tetra Tech, the Navy, USEPA and NYSDEC.

## 10.4.1 Qualifications

All waste transporters will be prequalified according to Tetra Tech's regulatory compliance screening process prior to being awarded a transportation subcontract to work on the project. All drivers will have a current commercial driver's license (CDL) with HAZMAT endorsement as required.

#### 10.4.2 Trucking Equipment

Transport vehicles brought to the SVECS will be in good operating condition and substantially free of mud or other contamination. Owners and operators of transport vehicles will be responsible for maintaining their equipment in a safe operating condition suitable for transport over public roads in accordance with applicable motor carrier safety requirements.

Transport vehicles will meet the required specifications for hauling hazardous and non-hazardous solid wastes. These specifications include use of covers and tight dump bodies to prevent leakage and display of the appropriate USDOT-required placards.

# 10.5 Waste Quantity Determination

Estimated quantities of wastes likely to be produced will be developed after gaining some operating experience over the first several months of operation in 2010.

#### **10.6** Shipping Documentation

Tracking and documentation of waste transport is required by the federal and state solid waste, hazardous waste, and USDOT transportation and hazardous materials regulations. For hazardous wastes, a Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest and a weight ticket are required. For non-hazardous wastes, a Bill of Lading or a non-hazardous waste manifest is required.

#### **10.7 Safety**

#### 10.7.1 Facility Safety

Facility personnel and transporters will receive training in the project-specific SHSP at the SVECS facility. The SHSP includes requirements for traffic control, loading/unloading operations, and site rules to follow when driving within the facility.

#### 10.7.2 Public Road Transport Safety

Transporters of hazardous and solid waste materials will comply with applicable federal and state regulations for transportation of wastes over public roadways. These regulations include:

USDOT Hazardous Materials Requirements (49 CFR 171-397); NYSDOT Height/Weight Restrictions (17 NYCRR Part 820); NY State Transportation Law (TRA Section 140)

# 10.7.3 Landfill Facilities Safety

Transporters will adhere to the landfill-specific rules for access and unloading of wastes. When trucks enter the landfill facilities, drivers will be informed about and will abide by site-specific traffic control procedures for each landfill. Before exiting the facility, trucks will be visually inspected and decontaminated as needed to remove any residue on the exterior of the truck. The receiving landfill will coordinate and manage incoming truck traffic such that delays and traffic impacts are minimized. SVECS operations personnel will coordinate delivery of waste with offsite landfills in advance of shipments so that they are informed about the composition, delivery method, and schedule for the waste. Waste profiles and supporting documentation (e.g., sample results) will be prepared, signed by the NWIRP Bethpage representative, and forwarded to the landfills in advance of shipment as required.

#### 10.8 Spill Response and Contingency Plan

#### 10.8.1 Spill Procedures

The primary obligation for reporting and cleaning up a hazardous materials spill that occurs during transportation lies with the owner and operator of the truck from which the material has been released. TtEC will require that transporters of hazardous materials be familiar with the contents of the spill response and contingency plan, comply with all current rules governing the transportation, and have an emergency spill response plan in effect as part of their contract. Drivers will be trained in transportation spill response and be equipped with spill response equipment appropriate for responding to spills of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes. Such response equipment will include a shovel, bags, booms, cones, or other means to demarcate the spill area. Training will also address the general spill response objectives and procedures, which include:

Safeguard life and property Notify the proper authorities Begin containment and cleanup Follow-up with reporting.

## 10.8.2 Notification

Transporters will immediately report spills of hazardous substances in accordance with the NYSDEC spill reporting requirements. Additionally, any transportation incident involving hazardous materials will be reported to the USDOT as required by the regulations. All spills on site and during transportation must also be reported to the Navy/Navy's Representative, Mr. Greg Pearman at (860) 235-2040.

Samples of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Form, the Bill of Lading, a Non-Hazardous Waste Label, and a Hazardous Waste Label are shown in Figures 10-1 through 10-4 respectively.

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STRAIGHT BILL OF LADING - SHORT FORM - Original -	- Not Negotiable	Shipper's No	
(Carrier) SCAC RECEIVED, subject to individually determined rates or contracts that have been agreed upon in writing be established by the carrier and are available to the ehipper, on request; and all applicable state and sederal	regulations;		
At property described below, in apparent good order, except as noted (contents and condition of contents of packages unknown) contents as meaning any person or corporation in possession of the property under the contents agree to carry to dark or any or ask of a content of a co	), marked, consigned, and destined as destination, if on its route, or otherwise all or any of said Property that every or and ecospied for himself and his ass	from	ompany being understood throughout this setination. It is mutually agreed as to each to all the conditions not prohibited by less,
TO: Consignee	FROM: Shipper		
Street	Street		
Destination Zip Route	Orlgin		Zip
Telephone Fax	Telephone		
E-mail	E-mail	)	
Delivering Carrier	Trailer Initial/Numb	er er	
No. of Type of Type of Food Packages Packages Brand Name/Specific Variety		Lot. Code or Identifier No.	Weight Class or
		·	
	-		
Remit C.O.D. to:	200	Subject to Section 7 of conditions, if this shipment is to be delivered to the consignee	C. O. D. FEE:
Address: City: State: Zip: \$	COD AMT:	without recourse on the consignor, the consignor shall sign the following statement:  The certier shall not make delivery of this shipment without payment of traicht and all	Prepaid  Collect  \$
specifically stated by the shipper to be not exceeding.  NOTE: Liability Libralization for loses or demage in this shippenent may be applicable. See 49 U.S.C. 14708(c)(1)(A) and (B).  \$.	Charges Advanced	other lewful charges. (Signature of consignor)	FREIGHT CHARGES
	Carrier		Data
Date	1 01		Date
Consignee	Date received	THE STATE OF THE S	

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS

By giving the carrier the property described in this bill of lading (the "Property"), you agree to all of the terms of this bill of lading.

#### Section 1 Limitations of Liability

- (a) The carrier or party in possession of the Property shall be liable as at common law for any loss of or damage to such Property, except as hereinafter provided.
- (b) The carrier shall not be liable for loss of, damage to or delay in delivery of the Property:
  - caused by an act of God, the public enemy, the authority of law, or any act or default by you and/or the owner of the Property, or for natural shrinkage.
  - (li) occurring while the Property Is stopped and held in transit at your request or that of any other party entitled to make such request.
  - (iii) resulting from a defect or vice in the Property, or from riots or strikes.
- (c) To the extent permitted under the Carmark Amendment, the liability of the carrier for the Property may be limited to a value established by written or electronic declaration by you or by written agreement between the carrier and you. In all cases not prohibited by law, where a lower value than actual value has been represented in writing by the shipper or has been agreed upon in writing as the released value of the Property as determined by the classification or tariffs upon which the rate is based, such lower value plus freight charges if paid shall be the maximum amount to be recovered, whether or not such loss or damage occurs from negligence.

#### Section 2 Filling of Claims

- Claims against the carrier for loss of or damage to the Propert must be filed in writing with the carrier issuing this bill of ladin within nine months after delivery of the Property (or, in export traffic, within nine months after delivery at po ort) or, in case of failure to make delivery, then within իs after a reasonable time for delivery has elapsed. A action must be instituted within two years for owing the written notice is given by the carrier to at the c disallowed the claim or any part or p pecif notice. If your claim or action is not fill accordance with the foregoing provision liable, and such claims not be paid.
- (b) The carrier shall have have been effected to event that the carrier lias less of or light to the Property.

#### Section 3 Method of Transporta

Except as a condition of in writing carrier is and to dansport the floor in the properties of any particular marked dispatch a carrier the floorward and the properties of the

# Section 4 Responsibility for perty

- (a) If the Property removed by the party entitled to receive it with the second second by tariffs or classifications upon which is based, (such free time to be computed as therein provided), the carrier may notify the receiving party of the arrival of the Property at the destination or at the port of export (if intended for export). The carrier, in its discretion, may store the Property In a public or licensed warehouse at the place of delivery or other available place, at the cost of the owner. The stored Property will be subject to a lien for all freight and other lawful charges, including a reasonable charge for storage. The carrier's responsibility shall be that of a warehouseman only.
- (b) Except as provided in subparagraph 4(c) below, if the Property is refused by consignee or the party entitled to receive it, or sald consignee or party entitled to receive it fails to receive it within 15 days after notice of arrival shall have been duly sent or given, the carrier may sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder, at such place as may be designated by the carrier. Prior to any such sale, the carrier shall use commercially reasonable efforts to notify you that the Property has been refused or remains unclaimed, as the case may be, and that it will be subject to sale under the terms of the bill of lading if you do not arrange for an alternative disposition.

- (c) If the Property is perishable and is refused by the consignee or party entitled to receive it at the destination location, or said consignee or party entitled to receive it shall fail to receive it promptly, the carrier, may, in its discretion, to prevent deterioration or further deterioration, sell the same to the best advantage at private or public sale. Prior to selling the Property, the carrier shall use commercially reasonable efforts to notify you of the refusal of the Property or the fallure to receive it, and request instructions regarding disposition of the Property.
- (d) If the procedure described in subsection (b) and (c) is not commercially reasonable, the carrier may, at its option, sell the Property under such circumstances and in such manner as may be authorized by law.
- (e) The carrier shall apply the proceeds of any sale made under this section to the payment of freight, demurrage, storage, and any other lawful charges and the expense of notice, advertisement, sale, and other necessary experienced of caring for and maintaining the Property, if the proceeding there is a special expense. If following the proceeding there is a balance, such balance to paid to the open of the Property sold hereunder.
- (f) If you direct the carrier to do there is no regularly appointed agent, the context shall not be liable for any loss or dama location are the Property has be located as the property has been property as the propert

#### Section 5 Valuations

- be carry bility in connection where Property is limited to amount of your ctuar damages or the declared atipulation the carry before a face of this bill of lading plus a light children again.
- (b) The trier shall be able in any way for any documents, or for any set of extraordinary value not specifically set in the published classifications or tariffs unless a special agreement to do so and a stipulated value of the articles are endorsed on this bill of lading.

#### Section Liability for Hazardous Goods

ou, and are an agent, any owner of the Property, shall be joint and verally sole for and indemnify the carrier against all loss or damage ed by the shipment of explosives, dangerous or hazardous goods, at giving prior written notice to the carrier of their nature. At the discretion of the carrier, any such goods may be warehoused at your and the owner's risk and expense or destroyed without compensation.

#### Section 7 Freight Charges and Payment

- (a) You are primarily responsible for the freight and all other lawful charges, unless you stipulate in writing in the space provided for that purpose on the face of this bill of lading that the carrier shall not make delivery without requiring payment of such charges and the carrier makes delivery without requiring such payment. If you provide erroneous information that results in the shipment being reconsigned or diverted to a location other than the location identified in the original bill of lading, you shall be liable for such additional charges. The respective liability of you and the consignee for additional charges provided for herein shall be pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 13706.
- (b) Nothing in this bill of lading shall limit the right of the carrier to require the prepayment or guarantee of charges at time of shipment. If upon inspection the carrier determines that the articles shipped are not those described in this bill of lading, the freight charges must be paid upon the articles actually shipped.

# Section 8 Effect of Shipper Signature

If this bill of lading is issued on the order of the shipper, or his agent, in exchange or in substitution for another bill of lading, the shipper's signature to the prior bill of lading as to the statement of value or otherwise, or election of common law or bill of lading liability, in or in connection with such prior bill of lading, shall be considered a part of this bill of lading as fully as if the same were written or made in or in connection with this bill of lading.

#### Section 9 Transport by Water

If all or any part of the Property is carried by water over any part of said route, and any loss of or damage to the Property occurs while it is in the custody of the carrier providing the water carriage, the llability of such carrier shall be determined by that carrier's bill of lading and by the laws and regulations applicable to transportation by water. Such water carriage shall be performed subject to all of the terms and provisions of, and all the exemptions from liability contained in the Harter Act or the Carriage of Goods By Sea Act, as applicable.

	14. 412
1	RDU
0	WASTE
Ku	OPTIONAL INFORMATION
	SHIPPERADDRESS
	CITY, STATE, ZIP

NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE

# HAZARDOUS WASTE FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS IMPROPER DISPOSAL. IF FOUND, CONTACT THE NEAREST POLICE OR PUBLIC SAFETY AUTHORITY OR THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY. GENERATOR INFORMATION: NAME ADDRESS PHONE CITY STATE ZIP EPA MANIFEST ID NO. / DOCUMENT NO. ACCUMULATION START DATE D.O.T. PROPER SHIPPING NAME AND UN OR NA NO. WITH PREFIX HANDLE WITH CARE

## APPENDIX A

Report Forms, SOPs, Drawings, MSDS

Inspection Form
Equipment Maintenance Form
Collection of Condensate (Aqueous) Samples SOP 001
Collection of Soil Vapor Samples using Summa Canisters SOP 002
Collection of Soil Vapor Samples using Tedlar Bags SOP 003
SVECS Record Drawings
MSDS

A-1 Inspection Form

# Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System NWIRP Bethpage, NY

# **INSPECTION FORM**

Inspector's Name:	Date:	
Time Bo	egan: Time Finished:	

Time B	egan:		Time Finished:		
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION			SYSTEM PARAMETERS (Circle one or Fill in the blank)	COMMENTS	
Flow Monitoring Station	Yes	No	Total VOCs in Breathing Zonefrom PID		
Extraction Well SVE-101I	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-101I): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-101D	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-101D): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-102I	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-102I): i.w. Velocitym/s Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-102D	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-102D): i.w. Velocitym/s Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-103I	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-103I): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-103D	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-103D): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-104I	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-104I): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-104D	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-104D): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-105I	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-105I): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-105D	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-105D): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-106l	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-106I): i.w. Velocitym/s Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Extraction Well SVE-106D	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-106D): i.w.  Velocitym/s  Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag		
Flow Monitoring Station Manifold	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-100): i.w.		
Moisture Separator Tank M-1	Yes	No	Vacuum (PI-101): i.w. Condensate level feet		
Air Filters F-1 F-2	Yes	No	F-1: Filter Element Clean (Yes/No) F-2: (DP-101) i.w.		
Soil Vapor Extraction Blowers B-1A Standby (Yes / No) B-1B Standby (Yes / No)	Yes	No	PI-102 i.w. PI-103 i.w. Blower: On / Off Blower: On / Off		
Soil Vapor Extraction Blowers Discharge Flow Meter FQIT-101	Yes	No	Flow Rate: cfm Flow Total: cubic feet		

# Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System NWIRP Bethpage, NY

# **INSPECTION FORM**

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION	VISU	CTION	SYSTEM PARAMETERS	COMMENTS
Coil Vanor Tamparatura TI 101	(Circle		(Circle one or Fill in the blank)	
Soil Vapor Temperature TI-101	Yes	No	Temperature degrees F	
VGAC-1 Discharge Pressure	Yes	No	Pressure PI-104 i.w.	
Low Vacuum in inlet to M-1	Yes	No	Shut-down due to PSL-101 Yes / No	
High Condensate Level in M-1	Yes	No	Shut-down due to LSH-101 Yes / No	
High Pressure in Blower Discharge	Yes	No	Shut-down due to PSH-101 Yes / No	
High Temperature in Blower Discharge	Yes	No	Shut-down due to TSH-101 Yes / No	
SVPM-2002-S Near 242 11 <sup>th</sup> St.	Yes	No	Vacuum: i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2002-I Near 242 11 <sup>th</sup> St.	Yes	No	Vacuum:i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2002-D Near 242 11 <sup>th</sup> St.	Yes	No	Vacuum:i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2003-S On 11 <sup>th</sup> St. Near 211 Maple	Yes	No	Vacuum:i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2003-I On 11 <sup>th</sup> St. Near 211 Maple	Yes	No	Vacuum: i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2004-I Near 207 Sycamore Ave.	Yes	No	Vacuum: i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2004-D Near 207 Sycamore Ave.	Yes	No	Vacuum: i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2007-I Near 245 & 245 10 <sup>th</sup> St.	Yes	No	Vacuum: i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
SVPM-2007-D Near 245 & 245 10 <sup>th</sup> St.	Yes	No	Vacuum: i.w. Total VOCsfrom PID/Tedlar Bag	
Inspect Grounds	Yes	No	Condition Okay (Yes / No)	
Inspect Buildings	Yes	No	Condition Okay (Yes / No)	
Inspect Doors	Yes	No	Condition Okay (Yes / No)	
Inspect Locks	Yes	No	Condition Okay (Yes / No)	
WEATHER				
General				
Temperature				
Barometric Pressure				
Wind				

A-2 Equipment Maintenance Form

# Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System NWIRP Bethpage, NY

# **EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE FORM**

EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION	DATE	MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY PERFORMED	COMMENTS

A-3 Collection of Condensate (Aqueous) Samples SOP 001

# Sampling of Condensate (Aqueous) Samples (SOP 001)

Condensate samples will be collected from the sampling port on the bottom of the Moisture Separator Tank M-1 within the SVECS Treatment Building according to the following procedure:

- 1. Be aware that the condensate contains chlorinated VOCs and follow the proper health and safety guidelines as identified in the SHSP.
- 2. Partially open the ball valve at the sample port for a few seconds and collect the condensate in a 5-gallon bucket in order to flush out any dead zones. Close the ball valve at the sample port and empty the condensate in the bucket into a 55-gallon drum.
- 3. Partially open the ball valve at the sample port for a few seconds once more and collect the condensate in a dedicated clean glass beaker. Close the ball valve at the sample port and quickly transfer an appropriate volume of the sample from the beaker into the proper sample vials and bottles. If possible, avoid use of the dedicated clean glass beaker and collect condensate samples directly from the sample port into the sample containers.
- 4. Samples for VOCs must be collected first. The sample vials and bottles should be preserved and filled according to the procedures specified below and in Table 5-3 in the Final Work Plan (TtEC, October 15, 2009).
- 5. Fill all sample vials and bottles by allowing the condensate to flow gently down the inside of the vial or bottle with minimal turbulence. Cap each vial or bottle as it is filled.
- 6. Preserve and label the samples, and record them on the Chain of Custody form and in the field logbook. Place the sample vials and bottles immediately into a cooler for shipment and maintain at 4°C.
- 7. The filling and preservation procedures will be:
  - VOCs Determine the amount of 1:1 HCl preservative required to adjust the pH of the sample to less than 2 in an extra 40 ml glass vial. Add this volume to the empty 40 ml vials prior to sampling. Fill each container with sample to just overflowing so that no air bubbles are entrapped inside. If effervescence occurs, submit the sample without preservative and note on the chain of custody form.
  - Other Parameters Fill each container and preserve immediately as required. To test for pH, pour a minimal portion of sample onto broad range pH paper to verify that the appropriate pH level has been obtained.

A-4 Collection of Process Vapor Samples using Summa Canisters SOP 002

# Sampling of Soil Vapor Samples using Summa Canisters (SOP 002)

Soil vapor samples will be collected in Summa Canisters from the two sampling ports in the VGAC unit within the SVECS Treatment Building according to the following procedure:

- 1. This procedure involves the collection of a 30-minute integrated sample using 6-liter Summa canisters supplied by the laboratory. Be aware that the nominal soil vapor flow rate through the SVECS is 600 cubic feet per minute and that the soil vapor pipelines are under pressure (up to 10 inches of water). Be aware that the soil vapor contains chlorinated VOCs and follow the proper health and safety guidelines as identified in the SHSP. Be aware that the Summa canisters and associated hardware are expensive containers that need to be handled with special care.
- 2. Verify the initial vacuum of the canister as received from the laboratory utilizing the following steps. Confirm that the valve on the canister is closed. Remove the brass cap from the canister and attach the critical orifice flow controller to the canister. Attach the brass cap to the other end of the flow controller. After ensuring that the ¼ inch Swagelok fittings are tight using a 9/16 inch wrench and that you have a closed leak-free train, quickly open and close the canister valve. Read the vacuum on the built-in gauge on the flow controller. The initial vacuum should be greater than 25 in of Hg. If this is not the case, do not use that canister for sampling and call the laboratory to arrange for a replacement. Record the gauge reading in the "initial vacuum" column on the Chain of Custody form.
- 3. Connect a purge line to the sample port making sure that the other end is vented outside the SVECS building. Partially open the ball valve at the sample port for a few seconds and allow the line to purge in order to flush out any dead zones. Close the ball valve at the sample port. Disconnect the purge line. **UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD THE VAPORS FROM THE SAMPLE PORT BE VENTED INSIDE THE SVECS TREATMENT BUIDING**. Some of the chlorinated VOCs can be immediately dangerous to life and health.
- 4. Remove the brass cap from the flow controller and connect the sample train to the sample port. After ensuring that the ¼ inch Swagelok fittings are tight using a 9/16 inch wrench and that you have a closed leak-free train and that the canister and flow controller are properly supported, quickly open the canister valve (1/2 turn) and the ball valve on the sample port. Record sample start time.
- 5. Monitor the integrated sampling process periodically. After 30 minutes, record the "final vacuum" on the Chain of Custody form by reading the vacuum on the built-in gauge on the flow controller. Close the canister valve and the ball valve on the sample port. Record sample finish time.
- 6. Detach the sampling train from the sample port. Detach the flow controller from the

- canister and replace the brass cap on the canister. Fill out the canister sample tag and log book making sure that the information matches that recorded on the Chain of Custody form. DO NOT attach any labels to the surface of the canister or write on the canister.
- 7. Return the canisters and the flow controllers to the laboratory in the boxes and packaging provided. Place the chain of custody form (after retaining the appropriate copies) in the box with the canister. Tape the box shut and place custody seals at each opening.

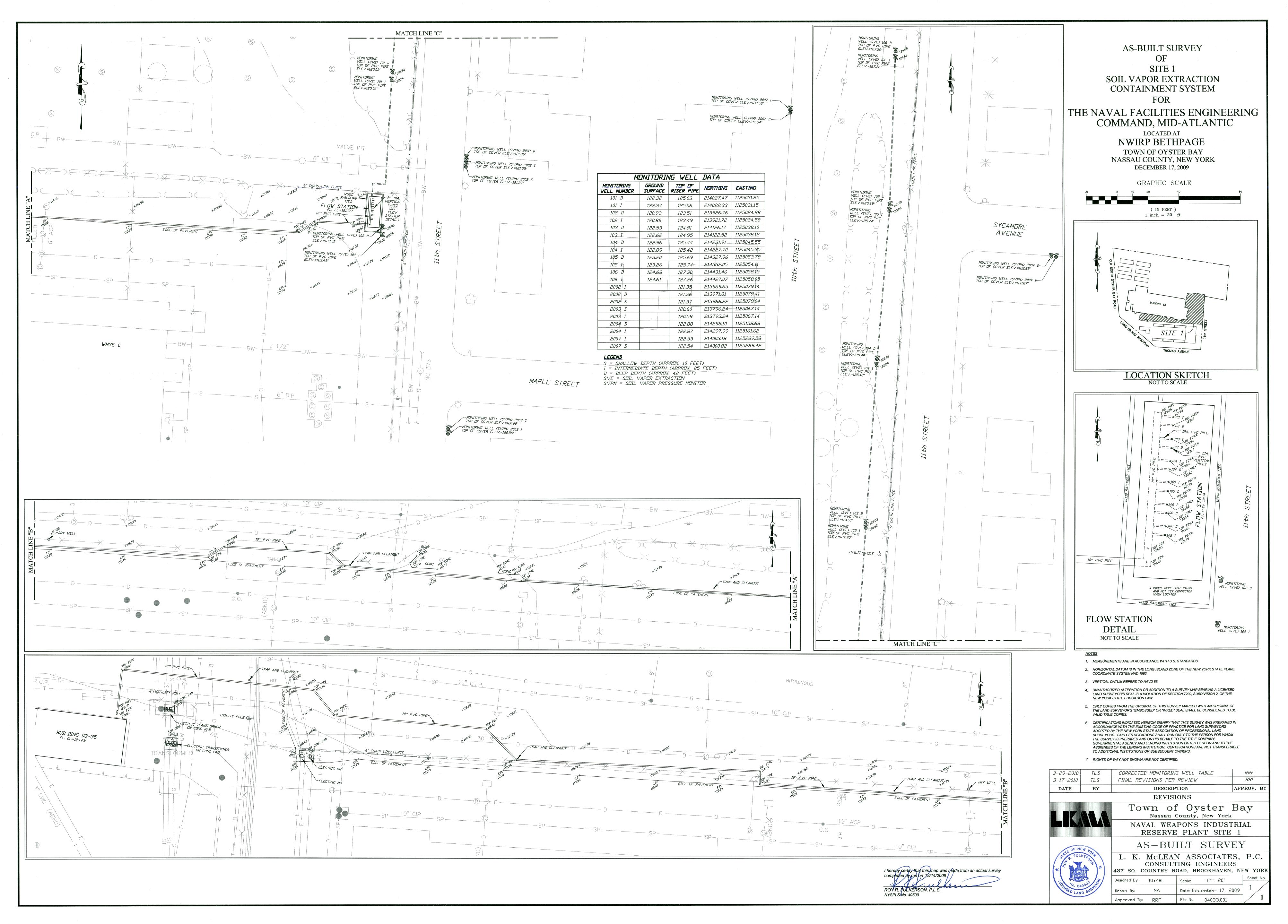
A-5 Collection of Process Vapor Samples using Tedlar Bags SOP 003

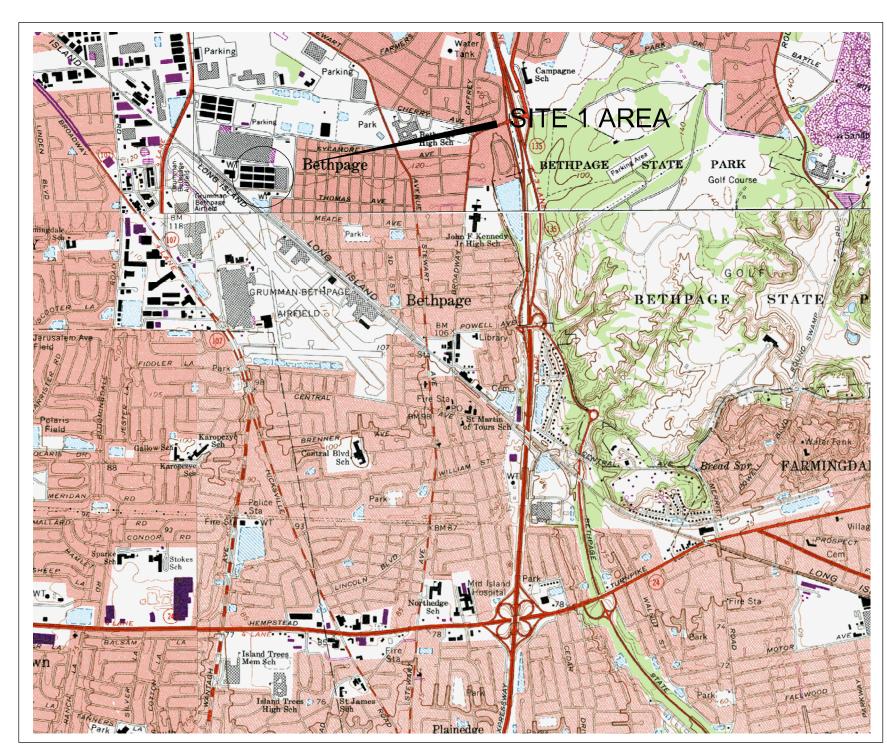
# Sampling of Soil Vapor Samples using Tedlar Bags (SOP 003)

Soil vapor samples will be collected in Tedlar Bags from the 12 sampling ports for the Soil Vapor Extraction Wells (SVEWs) in the Flow Monitoring Station (FMS) according to the following procedure:

- 1. Verify that it is safe to enter the Flow Monitoring Station by measuring the readings in the breathing zone using a photo-ionization detector (PID). Follow the proper health and safety guidelines as identified in the SHSP.
- 2. This procedure involves the collection of a soil vapor sample using a low flow rate pump, Teflon tubing, Tedlar bags, and a PID. Be aware that the nominal soil vapor flow rate through the SVECS is 600 cubic feet per minute and that the soil vapor pipelines in the FMS are under vacuum (up to 20 inches of water). Be aware that the soil vapor contains chlorinated VOCs and follow the proper health and safety guidelines as identified in the SHSP.
- 3. Read the vacuum on the vacuum gauge for the individual SVEW on the influent line from the well to the manifold in the FMS. Record the gauge reading in the log book.
- 4. Attach new Teflon tubing from the low flow rate pump inlet to the sample port for the individual SVEW making sure that the pump discharge is vented outside the FMS. Open the ball valve at the sample port and turn on the pump for one minute and allow the line and tubing to purge in order to flush out any dead zones. Close the ball valve at the sample port. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD THE VAPORS FROM THE SAMPLE PORT BE VENTED INSIDE THE FMS. Some of the chlorinated VOCs can be immediately dangerous to life and health.
- 5. Fill out the sample tag on the Tedlar bag.
- 6. Attach new Teflon tubing from the low flow rate pump discharge to the Tedlar bag valve. Open the ball valve at the sample port and the Tedlar bag valve. Record sample start time. Turn on the pump for as long as it takes to partially fill the Tedlar bag. (FILL NO MORE THAN 2/3 FULL).
- 7. Close the Tedlar bag valve and the ball valve at the sample port and turn off the pump. Record sample finish time. Fill out the log book making sure that the information matches that recorded on the sample tag on the Tedlar bag. Detach the Tedlar bag from the pump and attach it to the probe of the PID. Open the Tedlar bag valve. Record the reading in the log book.
- 8. Repeat the procedure using new Teflon tubing for each of the 12 individual SVEWs.

A-6 SVECS Record Drawings







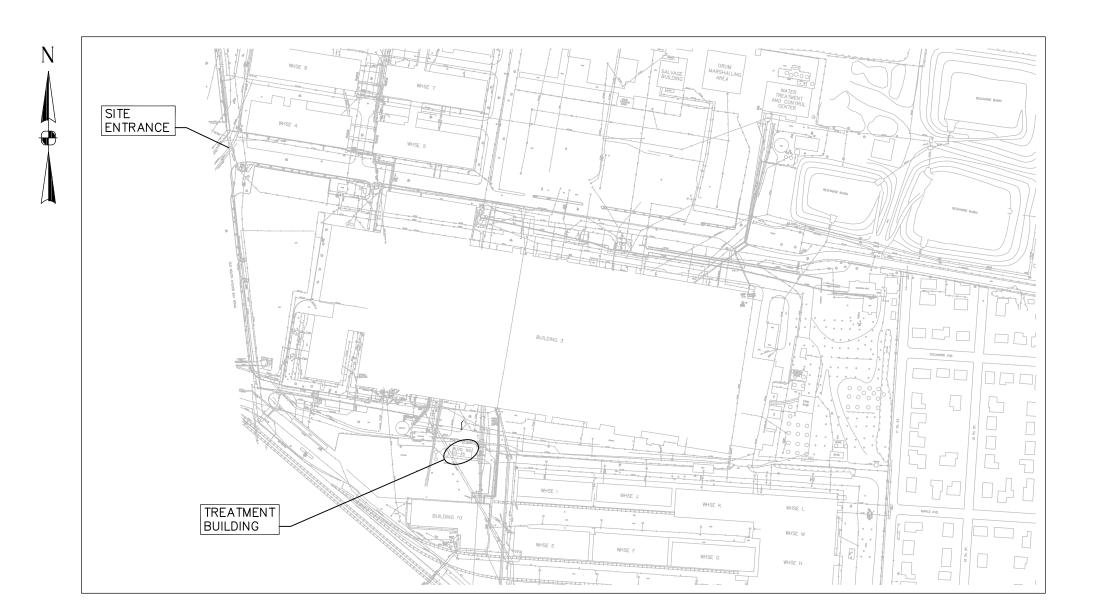
# DESIGN-BUILD CONSTRUCTION FOR INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTION

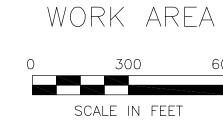
FINAL RECORD DRAWINGS

SITE 1 AREA NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT

BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

CONTRACT No. N62473-10-D-3211 CONTRACT TASK ORDER No. WE04





# DRAWING INDEX

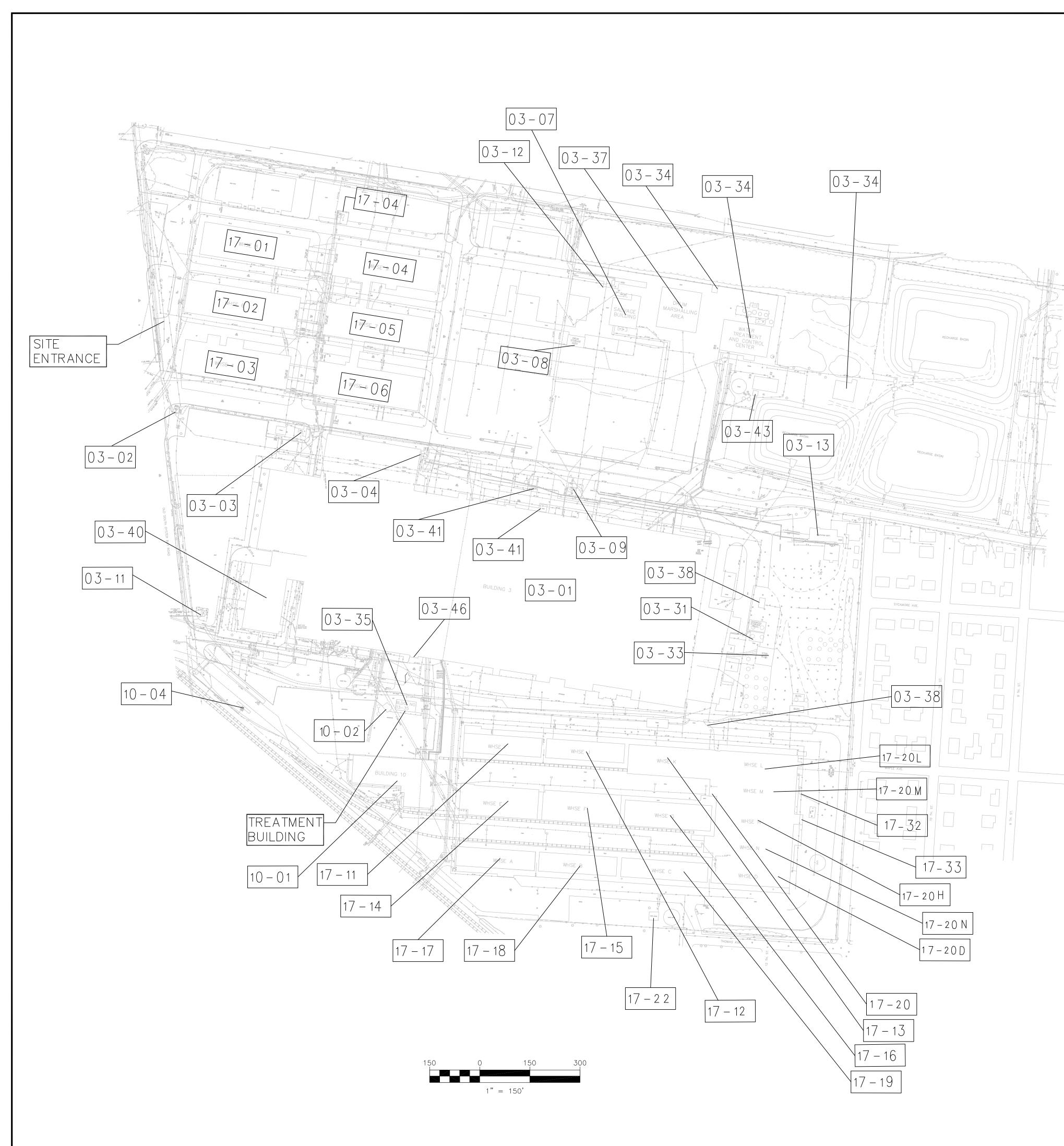
- T-1 TITLE SHEET
- C-1 EXISTING CONDITIONS C-2 SITE PLAN (1 OF 2)
- C-3 SITE PLANT (2 OF 2)
- C-4 MISCELLANEOUS SECTIONS AND DETAILS
- C-5 WELL SECTIONS AND DETAILS
- P-1 PIPING AND INSTRUMENTATION LEGEND
- P-2 PIPING AND INSTRUMENTATION DIAGRAM
- P-3 PROCESS EQUIPMENT LAYOUT AND DETAILS
- M-1 FLOW MONITORING STATION PIPING ARRANGEMENT
- M-2 Treatment building general piping layout
- M-3 HEATING AND VENTILATION LAYOUT AND DETAILS
- E-1 ELECTRICAL LEGEND AND GENERAL NOTES
- E-2 ELECTRICAL SINGLE LINE AND PANEL DIAGRAMS
- E-3 ELECTRICAL POWER AND INSTRUMENT PLAN
- E-4 LIGHTING LAYOUT E-5 FIRE ALARM PLAN

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NYPE NO. 080339-1 EXPIRATION DATE 6/30/2011 N62473-10-D-3211

MID-ATLANTIC

BETHPAGE, NE



	REVISION							
DD /	DECODIDATION	I APPROVED						
REV	DESCRIPTION	ENGG	ENVIR	ENERGY	DATE			
1	DELETED ABANDONED BLDG NUMBERS	RA			03/18/92			
2	ADDED TBG COGEN—COMBINED CYCLE PLT AND AERATION BASIN	RA			06/15/92			
3	REMOVED BLDG 04-84 TRAILERS	RA			/ <sub>06/92</sub>			
4	REMOVED BLDGS 12-10 & 105-01	RA			<sup>/22</sup> /92			
5	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			<sup>/25</sup> /92			
6	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			/15/98			
7	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			<sup>/05</sup> /98			
8	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			<sup>/19</sup> /96			
9	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			/ <sub>17</sub> / <sub>96</sub>			
10	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			<sup>/07</sup> /96			
11	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			/14/96			
12	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JWG			/ <sub>24</sub> / <sub>97</sub>			
13	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JNS			<sup>/13</sup> /98			
14	UPDATE SITE PLAN SURVEY	JNS			/30 /00			

TOWN OF OYSTER BAY
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

[STREETS AND STORM SEWER] SYOSSET, NY 11791-5699

(800) 840-0338

(516) 677-5935

VERIZON

## LIST OF UTILITES:

NEW YORK CITY ONE-CALL CENTER (800) 272-4480

BETHPAGE WATER DISTRICT 25 ADAMS AVE. BETHPAGE, NY 11714 (516) 931-0093

CABLEVISION (516) 393-3295 COUNTY OF NASSAU

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS [SANITARY SEWER] 1550 FRANKLIN AVENUE MINEOLA, NY 11501-4822 (516) 571-7319, 20

KEYSPAN ENERGY [GAS] 175 EAST OLD COUNTRY ROAD HICKSVILLE, NY 11801 (800) 272-4480

(718) 471-4206 NAVY FACILTIY MANAGER AL TAORMINA, ECOR SOLUTIONS (516) 346-0344 (631) 567-7800 (LOCATIONS SERVICE)

## REFERENCE:

NORTHROP GRUMMAN DRAWING SOURCE NAVY PARCEL 8/6/98

- THE SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION CONTAINMENT SYSTEM WAS INSTALLED INSIDE BUILDING NO. 03-35
- 2. CONFIRMATION OF COMPLETED DIG SAFE NOTIFICATION WAS PROVIDED TO TETRA TECH PRIOR TO ANY INTRUSIVE ACTIVITIES.

REVISION			BLDG		NAVY
SCRIPTION	ENGG ENV	APPROVED IR ENERGY DATE	NO.	DESCRIPTION	BLDG NO.
BLDG NUMBERS	RA	03/18/92	003-01	MANUFACTURING	3
OMBINED CYCLE PLT	RA	06/15/92	003-02	WELL HOUSE #8	43
TRAILERS	RA	/06/92	003-03	WELL HOUSE #9	42
0 & 105-01	RA	/22/92	003-04	WELL HOUSE #10	44
RVEY	JWG	/25/98	003-07	SALVAGE BLDG	21
RVEY	JWG	/15/98	003-08	SALVAGE YARD	22
RVEY	JWG	/05/98	003-09	WELL HOUSE #11	45
RVEY	JWG	/19/96	003-11	WELL HOUSE #14	46
RVEY 	JWG	/17/96	003-11	WELL HOUSE #15	128
RVEY	JWG	/ <sub>07</sub> / <sub>96</sub>	003-12	SANITATION OFFICE	34
RVEY	JWG	/24/97	003-13	GUARD BOOTH *	1 34
RVEY	JNS	/ <sub>13</sub> / <sub>98</sub>	003-24	BOTTLE GAS STORAGE	170
RVEY	JNS	/30/98		TRANSPORTATION BLDG	130
		, , , , , ,	003-33		
			003-34	INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT FAC	133
			003-35	MAINTENANCE BLDG	
			003-37	DRUM STORAGE PAD	
LONG ISLAND PO	OWER AL	JTHORITY (LIPA)	003-38	STORAGE BLDG	
175 EAST OLD		Y ROAD	003-40	GAC PROM	
HICKSVILLE, NY (800) 272-448			003-41	STORAGE SHED	
		ATIONS SERVICE)	003-43	STORAGE BLDG	
	•	ŕ	003-46	STORAGE BLDG	
MCI (800) 840-033	8		003-40	SAND SHED	

003-09	WELL HOUSE #11	45
003-11	WELL HOUSE #14	46
003-12	WELL HOUSE #15	128
003-13	SANITATION OFFICE	34
003-24	GUARD BOOTH *	
003–31	BOTTLE GAS STORAGE	130
003-33	TRANSPORTATION BLDG	
003-34	INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT FAC	133
003–35	MAINTENANCE BLDG	
003-37	DRUM STORAGE PAD	
003-38	STORAGE BLDG	
003-40	GAC PROM	
003-41	STORAGE SHED	
003-43	STORAGE BLDG	
003-46	STORAGE BLDG	
003-49	SAND SHED	
003-52	WELLWATER TREATMENT BLDG	
003-50	ALUMINUM SHED	
010-01	LABORATORY	10
010-01	STORAGE BLDG	
010-04	SCALE HOUSE	31
5.0 01		
017-01	WAREHOUSE 8	8
017-02	WAREHOUSE 6	6
017-03	WAREHOUSE 4	4
017-04	WAREHOUSE 9 & INTERCONNECT	9
017-05	WAREHOUSE 7 & INTERCONNECT	7
017-06	WAREHOUSE 5 & INTERCONNECT	5
017-09	WELL HOUSE	13
017-11	WAREHOUSE 3I	17
017-12	WAREHOUSE 3J	18
017–13	WAREHOUSE 3K	19
017–14	WAREHOUSE 2E	14
017-15	WAREHOUSE 2F	15
017–16	WAREHOUSE 2G	16
017–17	WAREHOUSE 1A	11
017–18	WAREHOUSE 1B	12
017–19	WAREHOUSE 1C	13
017-20D	WAREHOUSE D	20
017-20H	WAREHOUSE H	20
017-20L	WAREHOUSE L	20
017-20M	WAREHOUSE M	20
017-20N	WAREHOUSE N	20
017-22	PUMP HOUSE	26
017-25	STORAGE SHED	
017-32	BOILER HOUSE	
017-33	BOILER HOUSE	
017 35 017–36	WATER LIFT STATION	47
017 30 017–37	#306123 DRUM STORAGE SHED	''
017 07	WOODIZO DITOM STORME SHED	
	ĺ	1

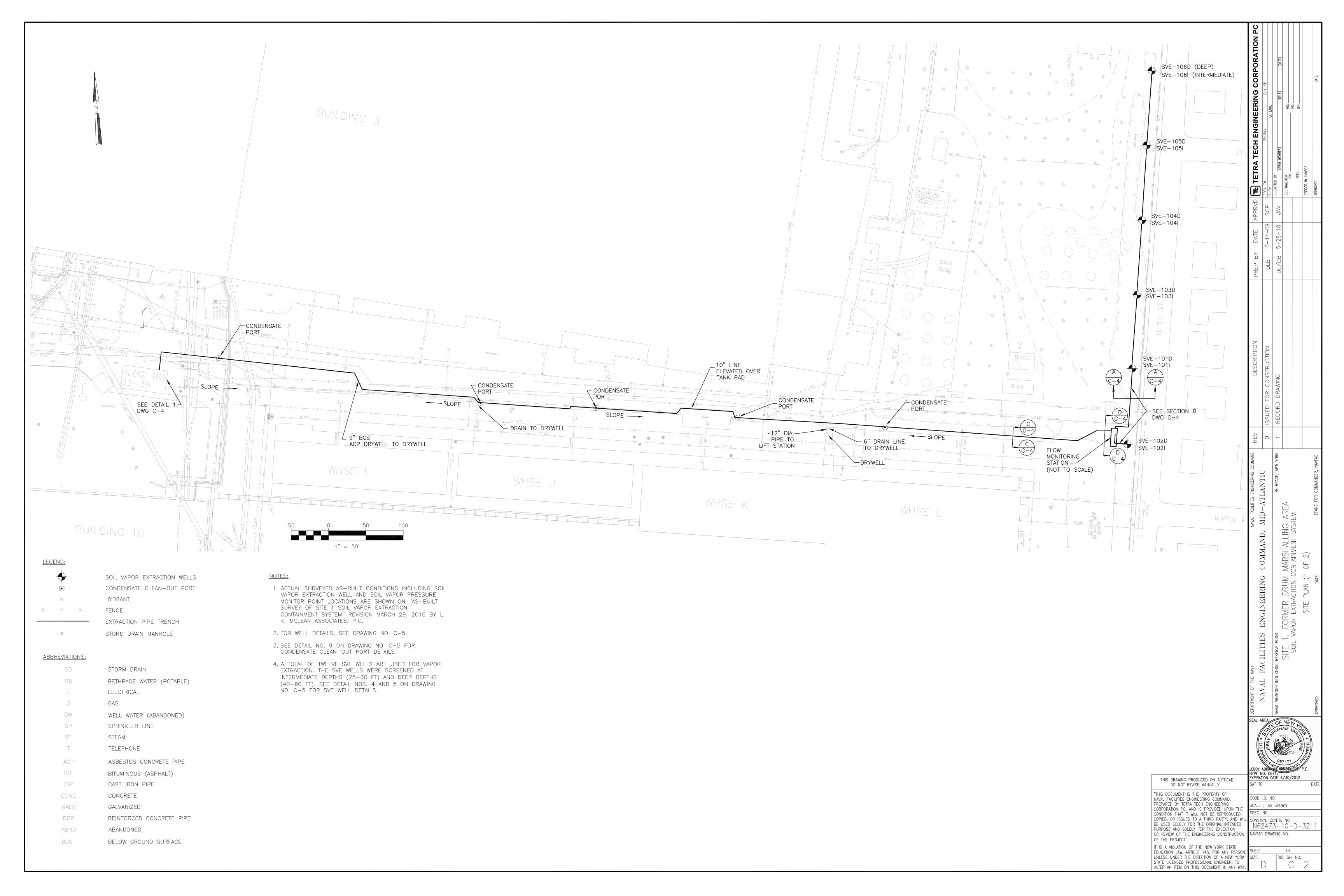
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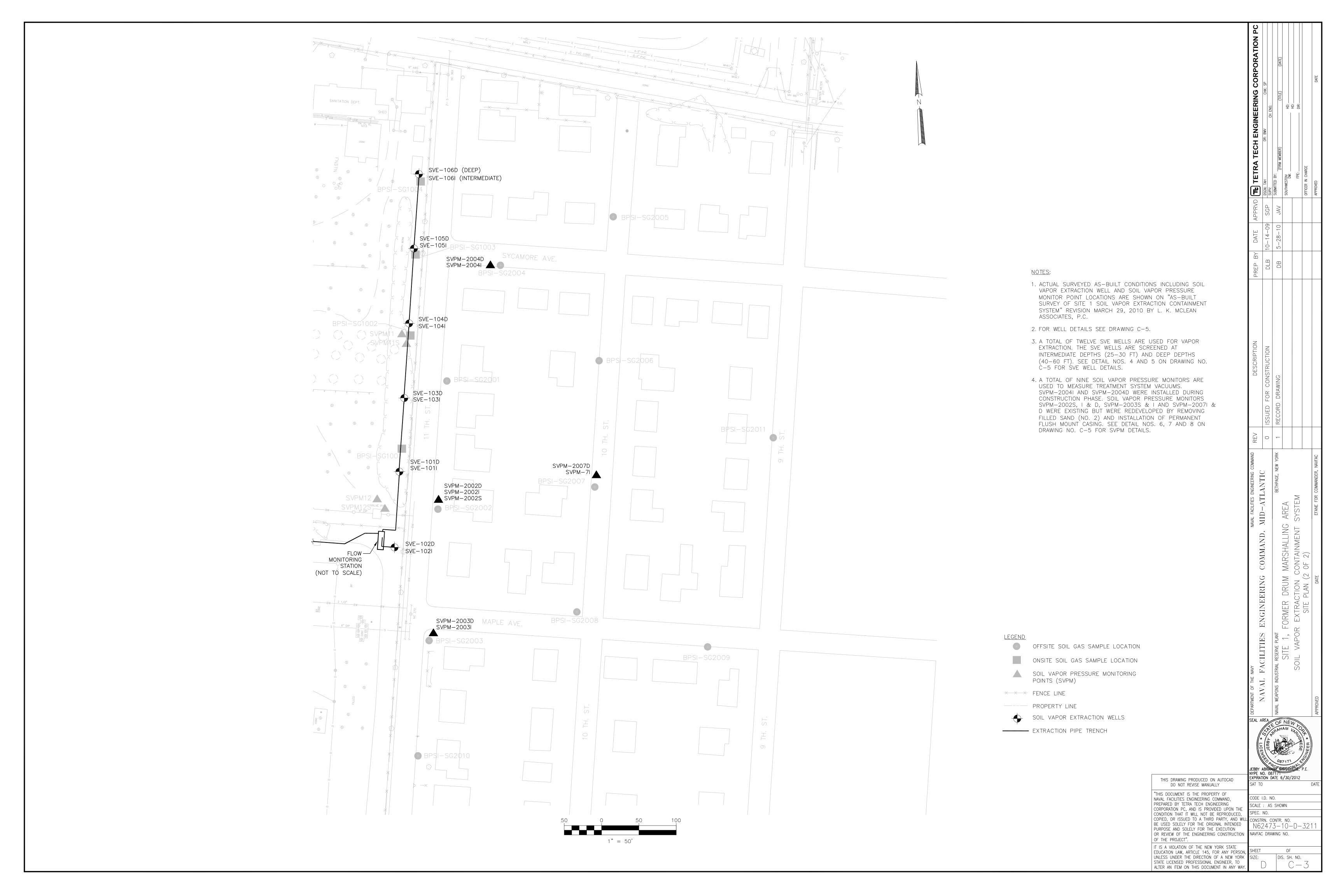
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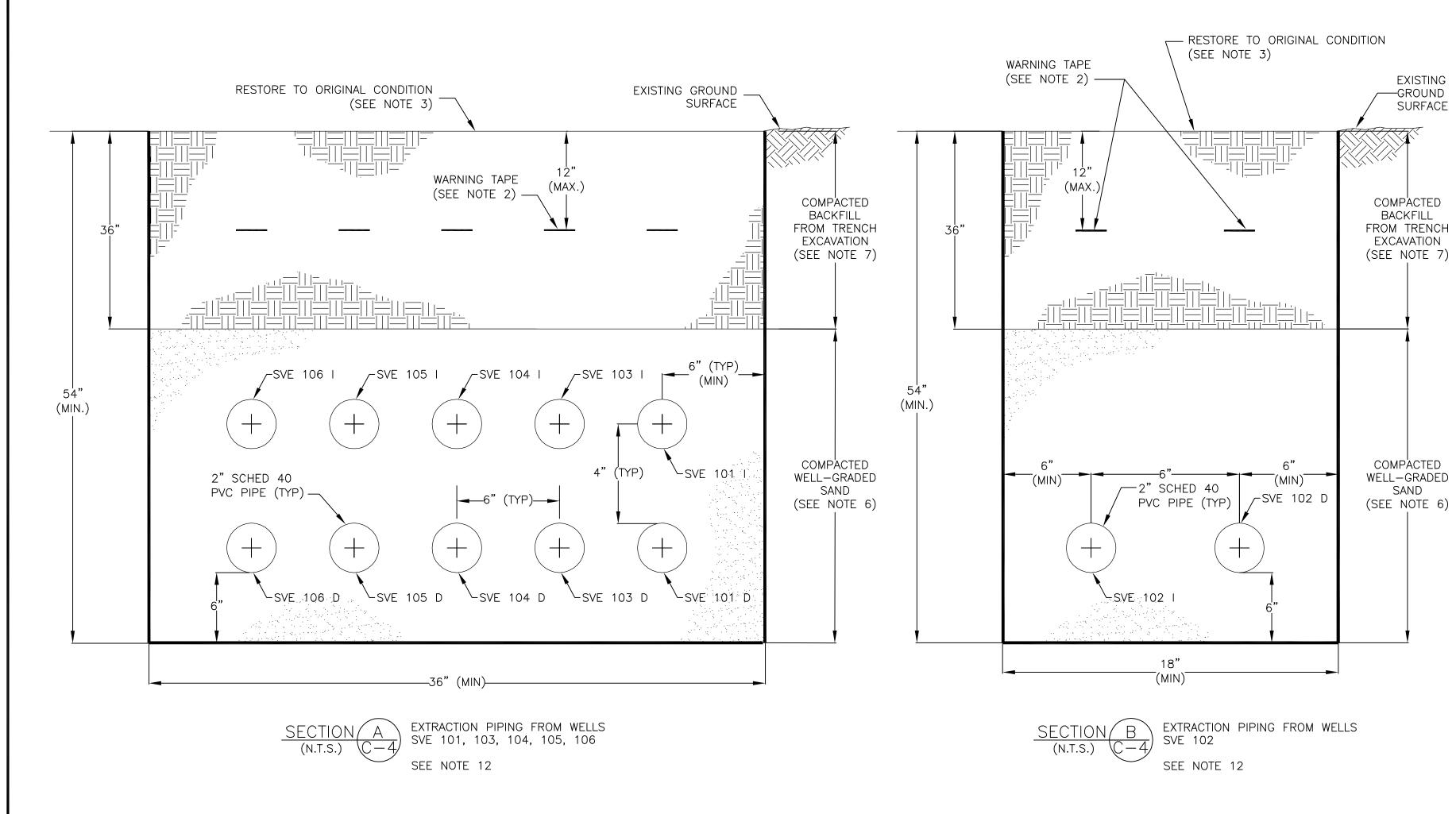
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FACILITIES ENGINEERING
STRIAL RESERVE PLANT

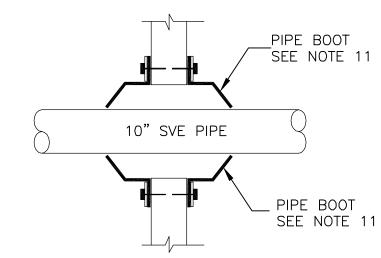
OR REVIEW OF THE ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION NAVFAC DRAWING NO. OF THE PROJECT". IT IS A VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION LAW, ARTICLE 145, FOR ANY PERSON, UNLESS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A NEW YORK DIS. SH. NO. STATE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TO ALTER AN ITEM ON THIS DOCUMENT IN ANY WAY







-SEE NOTE 8



DETAIL 1 10" PVC PIPE PENETRATION THRU (N.T.S.) TREATMENT BUILDING WALL

## EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

**EXISTING** 

GROUND SURFACE ---

1. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WERE INSTALLED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AND APPROPRIATE. EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WERE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION OR FILLING OPERATIONS AND INSTALLATION OF PROPOSED STRUCTURES OR UTILITIES. THEY REMAINED IN PLACE UNTIL CONSTRUCTION WAS COMPLETED AND THE AREA WAS STABILIZED. ADDITIONALLY, NO SITE PREPARATION WORK WAS UNDERTAKEN UNTIL ALL REQUIRED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WERE INSTALLED.

SEE NOTE 9

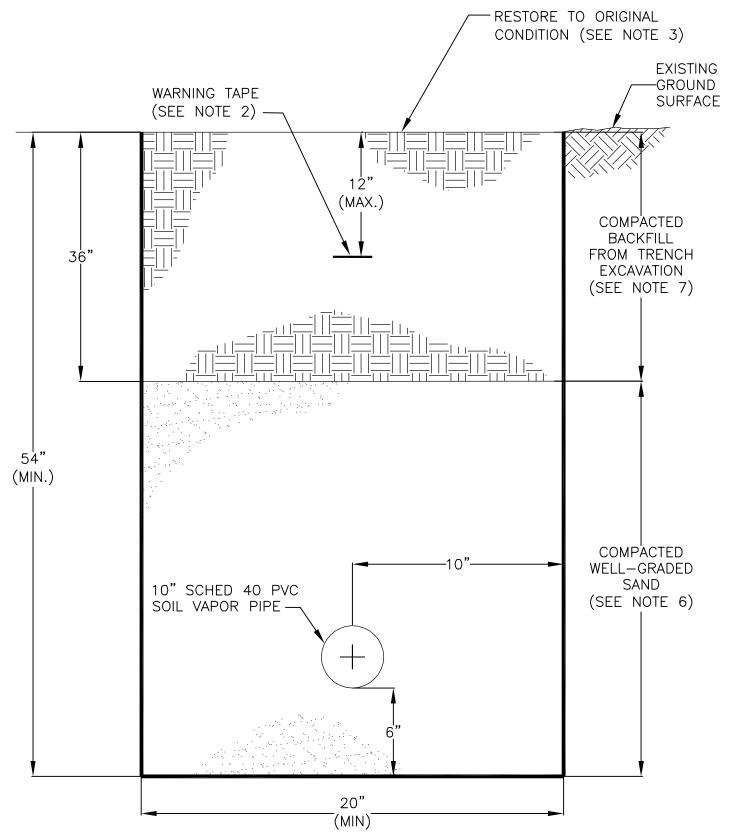
SEE NOTE 10

GRAVEL BASE FOR FLOW MONITORING

STATION

- 2. SILTATION PREVENTION MEASURES, SUCH AS SILT FENCING AND HAY BALES, WERE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT, TO PREVENT MOVEMENT OF SILT FROM THE SITE AND INTO ANY CATCH BASIN, WATERCOURSE, STREAM, WATER BODY, OR WETLAND. THEY REMAINED IN PLACE UNTIL CONSTRUCTION WAS COMPLETED AND THE AREA WAS STABILIZED.
- 3. ALL DISTURBED AREAS WHERE SOIL WAS TEMPORARILY EXPOSED OR STOCKPILED FOR LONGER THAN ONE DAY WERE CONTAINED BY A CONTINUOUS LINE OF STAKED HAY BALES PLACED AROUND THE STOCKPILE. TARPS WERE AUTHORIZED TO SUPPLEMENT THESES APPROVED METHODS. EXCESS SOILS WERE SPREAD AT LOCATIONS DESIGNATED BY TETRA TECH SITE SUPERINTENDENT.
- 4. ALL AREAS OF SOIL DISTURBANCE RESULTING FROM THIS PROJECT WERE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY. ALL TRENCHES WERE BACKFILLED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL. (TRENCHES WERE NOT LEFT OPEN FOR LONG DURATIONS. NO STORMWATER WAS ALLOWED TO ACCUMULATE OR ENTER INTO THE
- 5. WASTE WATERS FROM CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS WERE NOT PERMITTED TO ENTER THE EXISTING
- 6. ALL VEHICLES EXITING THE WORK AREA PASSED THROUGH A TIRE WASH/DECONTAMINATION ZONE, WHERE VISIBLE DIRT WAS REMOVED FROM THE TIRES AND OTHER PARTS OF THE VEHICLE AS

- 7. THE CONTROL MEASURES USED DURING THE PROJECT ARE SUMMARIZED BELOW:
  - a. SILT FENCE: SILT FENCE INSTALLED ALONG EARTH DISTURBANCES WHICH HAD THE POTENTIAL TO ERODE AND CREATE SILTATION.
  - b. HAY BALES: HAY BALES INSTALLED AROUND SOIL STOCKPILES TO PREVENT SEDIMENTS FROM LEAVING THE STOCKPILE AREA.
  - c. MULCHING: MULCHING USED AS A TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURE IN AREAS OF DISTURBANCES.
  - d. DIVERSION BERMS: DIVERSION BERMS INTERCEPTED AND DIVERTED RUNOFF WATER IN PROPER MANNER, HENCE DIVERTING THE RUNOFF AWAY FROM DISTURBED AREAS/TRENCHES.
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WERE IN PLACE AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. THE CONTROL DEVICES WERE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED AS DESCRIBED BELOW.
  - a. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WERE CHECKED FOR STABILITY AND OPERATION FOLLOWING EVERY RUNOFF-PRODUCING RAINFALL, AND NO LESS THAN ONCE EVERY WEEK. ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS WERE MADE WITHIN 48 HOURS TO MAINTAIN ALL PRACTICES AS DESIGNED.
  - b. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATIONS AT THE SILT FENCE WERE REMOVED WHEN THE DEPTH OF THE SEDIMENT AT THE SILT FENCE REACHED 0.5 FT. REPAIRS WERE MADE WITHIN 48 HOURS TO THE FENCE TO MAINTAIN IT AS A BARRIER.
  - c. THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES/DECONTAMINATION ZONES WERE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH PREVENTED THE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY OR ROADS.
  - d. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WERE MAINTAINED AND REPAIRED AS NEEDED TO ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION. ALL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR WERE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PRACTICE SELECTED.
- 9. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WERE REMOVED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION WAS ACHIEVED OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY PRACTICES WERE NO LONGER NEEDED. TRAPPED SEDIMENT WAS REMOVED OR STABILIZED ON SITE.



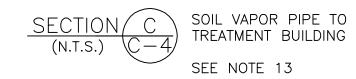
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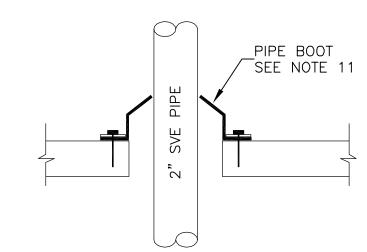
—GROUND

SURFACE

BACKFILL

SAND





DETAIL 2 2" PVC PIPE PENETRATION THRU FLOW MONITORING STATION FLOOR

- 1. FOR MULTIPLE PIPELINES PLACED IN THE SAME TRENCH, PIPES SPACED AT LEAST 6 INCHES APART AS MEASURED FROM CENTERLINE OF PIPE.
- 2. WARNING TAPE CONSISTED OF A SOLID ALUMINUM CORE, A COATED IMPRINT, AND A REINFORCED PROTECTIVE PLASTIC JACKET BONDED TO THE FOIL CORE. MINIMUM WIDTH WAS 6" AND THE MINIMUM THICKNESS WAS 4.5 MILS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR PLACED A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED EXISTING SOIL OVER THE PIPE TRENCH EXCEPT WHERE PAVEMENT WAS LOCATED. CROWNED EXISTING SOIL APPROXIMATELY 1 INCH ABOVE EXISTING GROUND TO ALLOW FOR SETTLEMENT. EXISTING PAVEMENT AND CONCRETE REMOVED DURING CONSTRUCTION WAS REPLACED IN KIND.
- 4. FOR UTILITY CONTACT INFORMATION, SEE DRAWING
- 5. EXCAVATED CONCRETE, ASPHALT, AND ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL FROM THE TRENCH WAS DISPOSED OFF-SITE.
- 6. THE WELL-GRADED SAND WAS IMPORTED, CLASSIFIED AS SW IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.
- 7. THE COMPACTED BACKFILL FROM TRENCH EXCAVATION WAS SUITABLE MATERIAL WITH A MAXIMUM SIZE LESS THAN 3 INCHES AND NOT MORE THAN 2 INCHES.
- 8. PLACED 6"x6" (NOMINAL) PRESSURE TREATED LUMBER AT PERIMETER OF GRAVEL BED.
- 9. PLACED 6" (NOMINAL) OF CLEAN NY STATE #2 GRAVEL. GRAVEL EXTENDED 2.0 FT BEYOND BUILDING WALLS IN EACH DIRECTION.
- 10. EXCAVATED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 1.0 FT BELOW EXISTING GROUND SURFACE. SCARIFIED AND RECOMPACTED EXCAVATED SOIL IN 6" LOOSE LIFTS TO REQUIRED ELEVATION. COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% RELATIVE COMPACTION WITH RESPECT TO THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY ASTM
- 11. PIPE BOOTS WERE MECHANICALLY SECURED TO BUILDING FLOOR.
- 12. EXTRACTION PIPELINE SLOPES TOWARDS WELL LOCATIONS AT 0.1%(MIN).
- 13. SOIL VAPOR TRANSFER PIPELINE BETWEEN MONITORING STATION AND TREATMENT BUILDING TO HAS 0.1%(MIN) SLOPE TOWARDS CONDENSATE CLEAN-OUT PORTS.
- 14. PIPE ABOVE GROUND, OUTSIDE WAS INSULATED.

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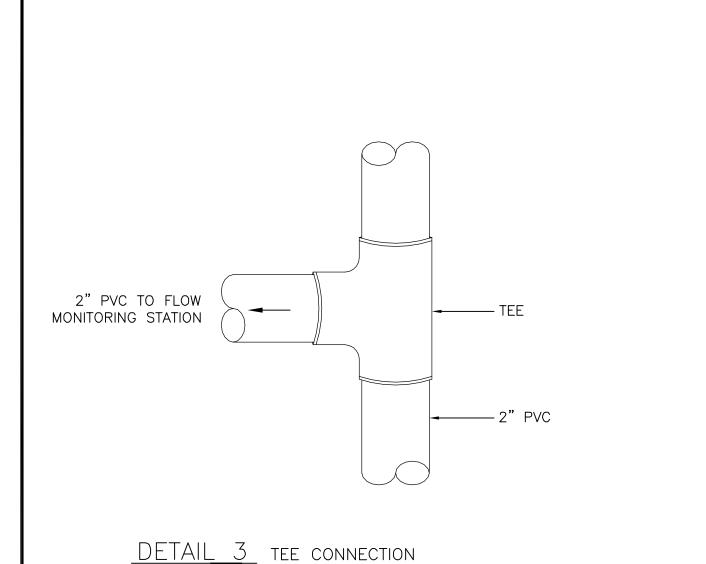
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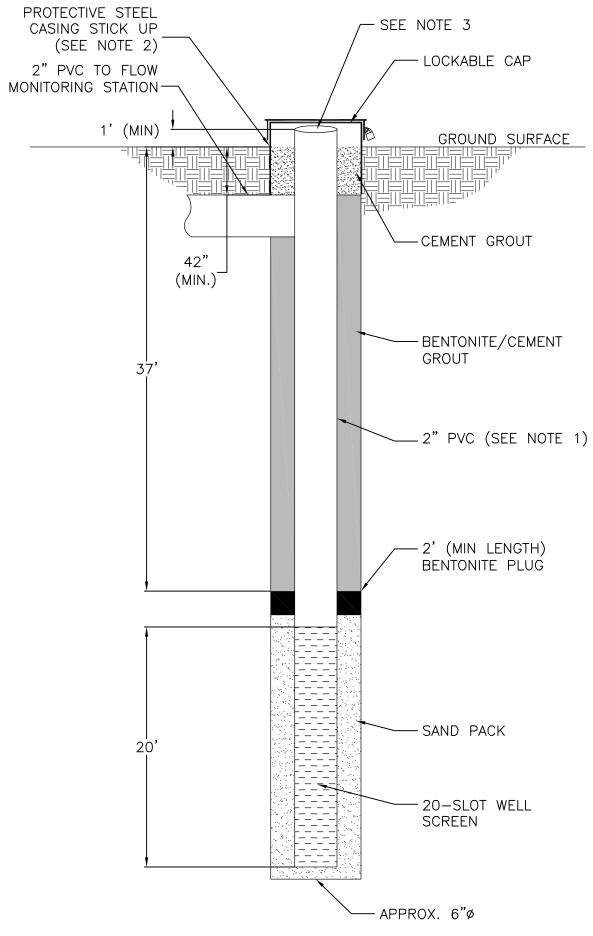
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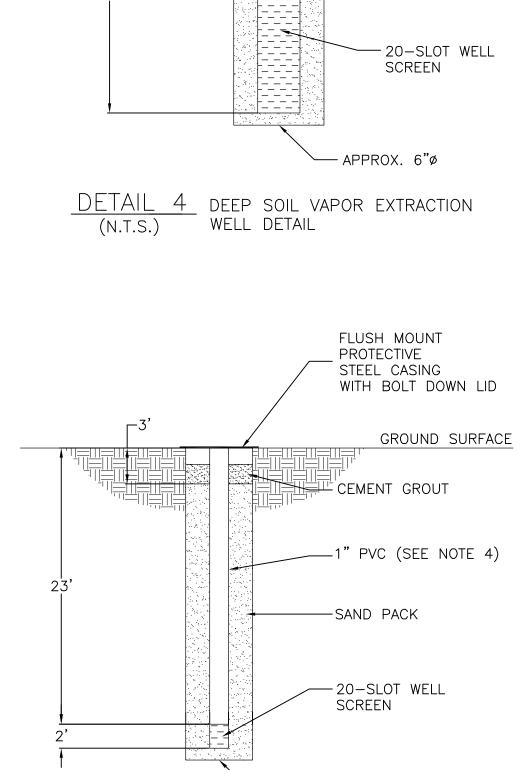


FLUSH MOUNT

PROTECTIVE

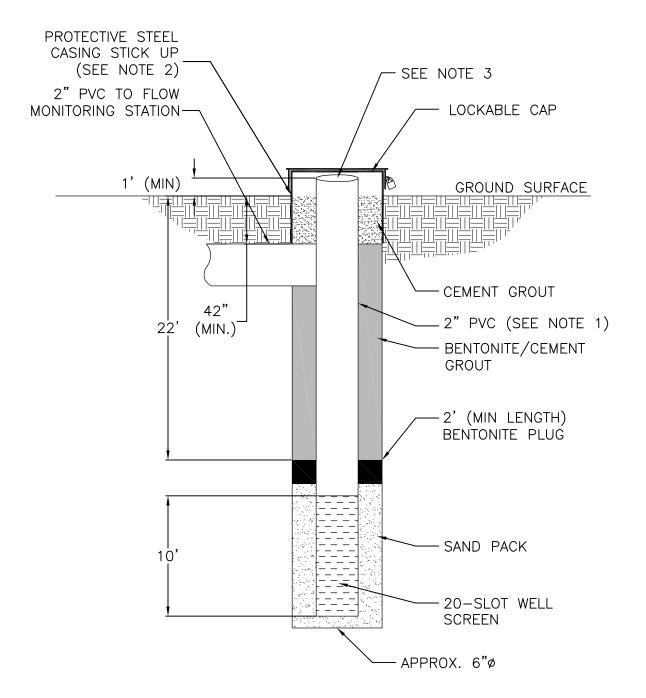
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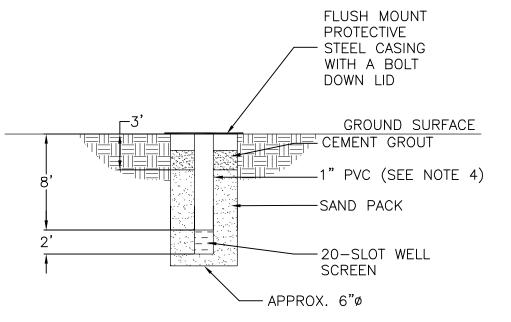


DETAIL 7 INTERMEDIATE DEPTH SOIL VAPOR PRESSURE MONITOR

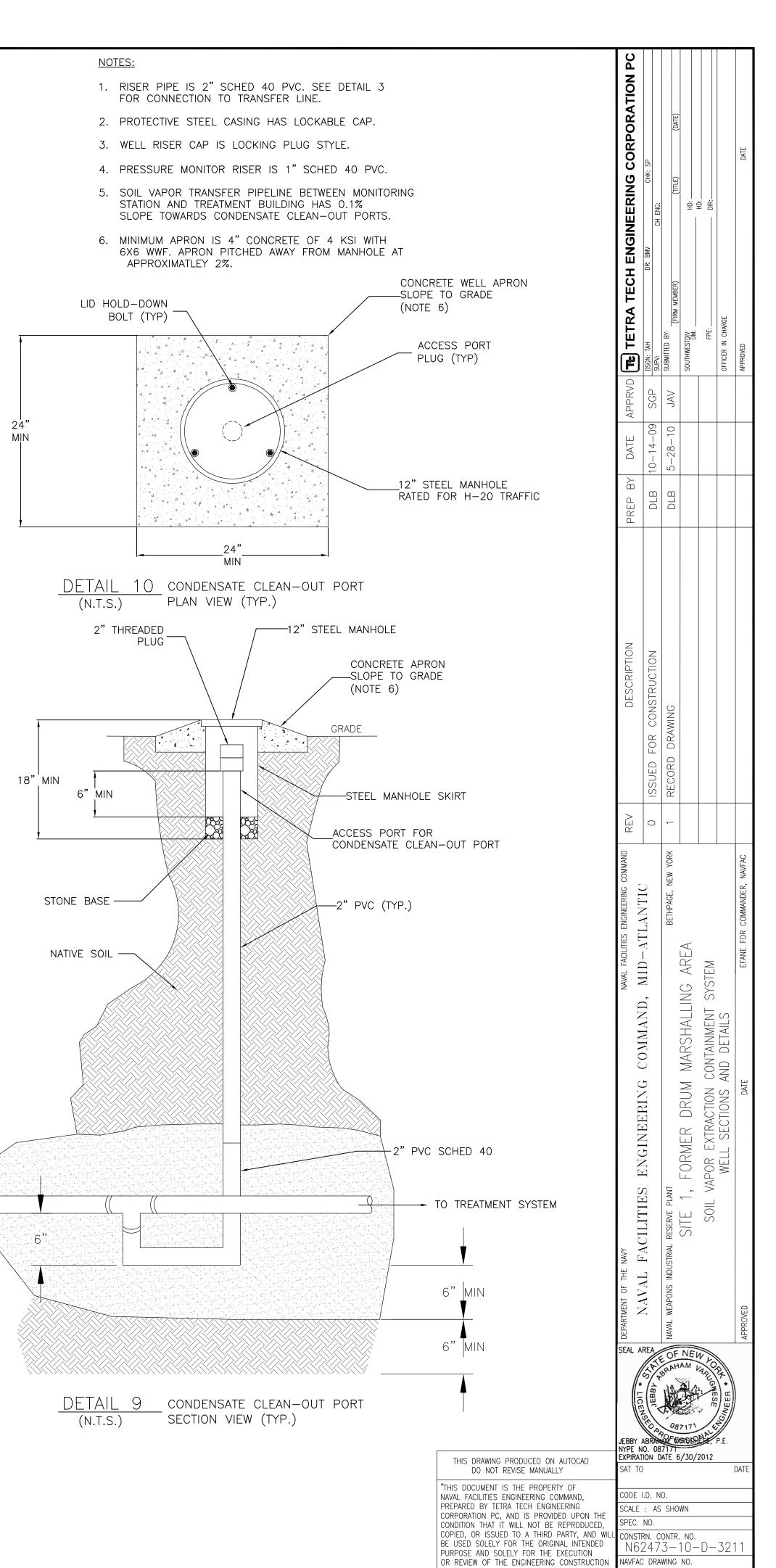
— APPROX. 6"ø



DETAIL 5 INTERMEDIATE DEPTH SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION WELL DETAIL



DETAIL 8 SHALLOW SOIL VAPOR PRESSURE MONITOR



OF THE PROJECT".

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STEEL CASING WITH BOLT DOWN LID

GROUND SURFACE

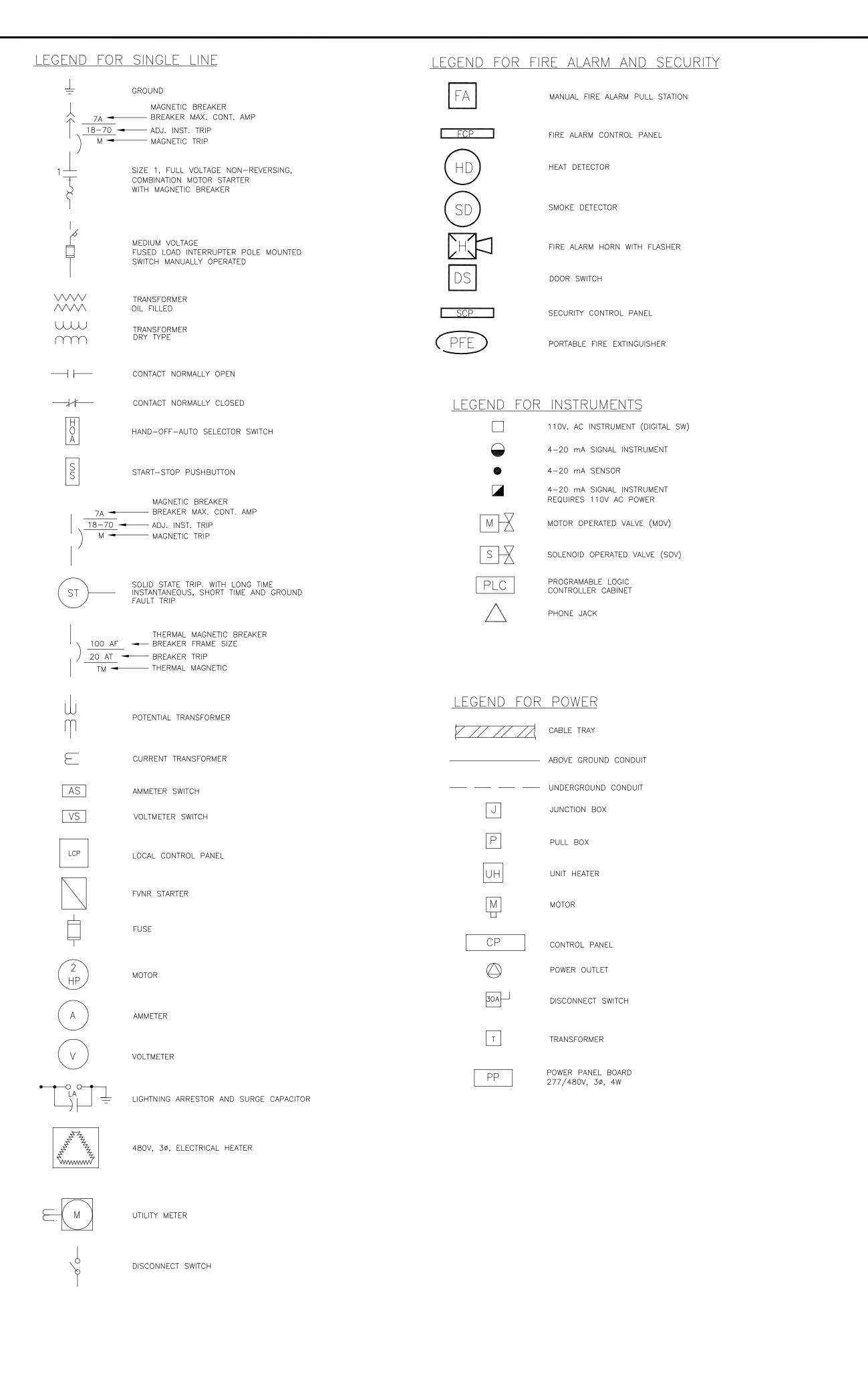
1" PVC (SEE NOTE 4)

SAND PACK

20—SLOT WELL
SCREEN

APPROX. 6"ø

DETAIL 6 DEEP SOIL VAPOR PRESSURE MONITOR



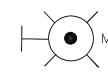
## LEGEND FOR LIGHTING

HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM LIGHTING (HPS) LIGHTING FIXTURE (M.H. 20'-0" AFF)

PNL NO. J T CKT NO.



OUTDOOR WALL PACK FIXTURE (HPS)
WITH PHOTOELECTRIC CELL (M.H. 10'-0" AFF)



OUTDOOR WALL PACK FIXTURE WITH PHOTOELECTRIC CELL AND MOTION SENSOR (M.H. 10'-0" AFF)



EXIT LIGHT

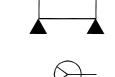


CEILING MOUNTED SINGLE TUBE FLUROSENT LIGHT

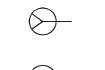


CEILING MOUNTED DOUBLE TUBE FLUROSCENT LIGHT

WALL MOUNTED EMERGENCY



BATTERY PACK (M.H. 10'-0" AFF)



DUPLEX RECEPTACLE (M.H. 1'-6" AFF)

PNL NO.  $\frac{1-2}{2}$  CKT NO.

WP - WEATHER PROOF GFCI - GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT INTERRUPTER NO. XP - EXPLOSION PROOF

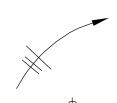


JUNCTION BOX

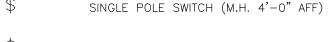
RECEPTACLE

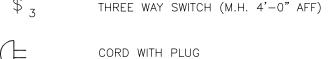
480V, 20A, 3 POLE

LIGHTING PANEL BOARD



HOME RUN TO 120V PANEL BOARD 3/4"C-2#12&1#12G







THERMOSTAT

•

AIR TERMINAL WITH ADHESIVE BASE

AIR TERMINAL WITH BOLTED BASE

### <u>ELECTRICAL—POWER</u> <u>ABOVE GROUND POWER</u>

- THE SMALLEST WIRE SIZE FOR POWER CIRCUITS 600 VOLTS & BELOW IS #12 AWG, EXCEPT THAT #14 AWG IS USED FOR CONTROL.
- 2. WHERE WIRES IN CONDUIT ARE USED, WIRES FOR POWER & CONTROL LEADS TO MOTORS 600 VOLTS & BELOW WERE INSTALLED IN THE SAME CONDUIT WHEN THE POWER WIRE IS #2 AWG. OR SMALLER. FOR POWER WIRES LARGER THAN #2 AWG POWER & CONTROL WIRES WERE INSTALLED IN SEPARATE CONDUITS.

CABLE AND WIRE NOTES

- 3. POWER & CONTROL WIRES ARE LABELED WITH A WIRE NUMBER AS SHOWN IN ELEMENTARY & INTERCONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAMS.
- 4. THE COLOR CODING FOR SINGLE CONDUCTOR WIRES IS AS FOLLOWS:
- A) POWER PHASE LEADS 480V SYSTEM IS IDENTIFIED WITH BROWN/ORANGE/YELLOW
- B) ALL CONTROL LEADS INCLUDING THOSE FOR CONTROL STATIONS, INTERLOCKING CIRCUITS, CURRENT TRANSFORMERS ETC., IS RED.
- C) ALL GROUNDING IS EITHER BARE OR HAS A GREEN COVERING.
  D) TWO WIRE 120VAC BRANCH CIRCUITS IS AS FOLLOWS
  THE GROUNDED CONDUCTOR IS WHITE
- THE UNGROUNDED CONDUCTOR IS BLACK
  ALL BRANCH CIRCUIT WIRES IS IDENTIFIED & LABELED TO MATCH
- PANEL CIRCUIT DIRECTORIES.

5. WIRES INSTALLED IN CONDUIT:

MARKING TAPE

- A) FOR SERVICES 600 VOLT & BELOW WIRE #14 AWG & LARGER IS 600 VOLT SINGLE CONDUCTOR, STRANDED COPPER HEAT & MOISTURE RESISTANT THERMOPLASTIC INSULATION 75°C TYPE THHN/THWN.
- B) FOR 15KV SERVICE, CABLE IS AS SPECIFIED BY UTILITY COMPANY (LONG ISLAND
- POWER AUTHORITY).
  C) INSTRUMENT SIGNAL CABLE:
- INSTRUMENT SIGNAL CABLE IS SINGLE TWISTED PAIR #16, STRANDED COPPER, 300V, PVC INSULATION WITH OVERALL ALUMINUM MYLAR SHIELD, UL LISTED AS PLTC AND OVERALL PVC JACKET.

## ELECTRICAL – POWER ABOVE GROUND POW

- ALL ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS WERE COMPLETED IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER IN CONFORMANCE WITH TTEC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR THIS CONTRACT, THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, ALL LOCAL CODES AND REGULATION. (AND ALL APPLICABLE DRAWINGS AND DETAILS).
- 2. ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS FURNISHED TO COMPLETE INSTALLATIONS WAS TESTED, LABELED OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE SUITABLE FOR THEIR INTENDED USE BY A RECOGNIZED INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY SUCH AS UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC., OR FACTORY MUTUAL ENGINEERING CORP. (U.L. OR F.M.).
- 3. BEFORE INSTALLING ELECTRICAL RACEWAY SYSTEM, A CAREFUL CHECK WAS COMPLETED TO AVOID INTERFERENCES WITH EQUIPMENT, PIPING & STRUCTURES. THE RACEWAY SYSTEM IS SHOWN DIAGRAMMATICALLY AND EXACT ROUTING WAS DETERMINED IN FIELD.
- 4. RACEWAY SYSTEM IS PROPERLY SUPPORTED. SUPPORTS ARE NOT MORE THAN 10'-0" APART AND WITHIN 3'-0" OF A BOX, FITTINGS OR CABINET.
- 5. ALL CONDUITS, COUPLINGS & ELBOWS ARE RIGID STEEL OR INTERMEDIATE METAL CONDUIT WITH A HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED COATING INSIDE & OUTSIDE. THREADS HAVE A PROTECTIVE ZINC COATING, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. MINIMUM CONDUIT SIZE FOR ABOVE GROUND INSTALLATION IS 3/4".
- 7. ALL UNUSED OPENINGS IN FITTINGS, BOXES, ETC., ARE PLUGGED WITH A CONDUIT PLUG. DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALL OPENINGS WERE KEPT CLOSED TO PREVENT MOISTURE & FOREIGN MATERIAL, SUCH AS DIRT & DEBRIS, FROM ENTERING THE CONDUIT SYSTEM.
- 8. CONNECTIONS IN MOTOR TERMINAL BOXES AND ALL OTHER SPLICES, WHERE NECESSARY, WERE MADE WITH SOLDERLESS CONNECTORS PER MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS
- 9. CONDUIT FITTINGS ARE STANDARD THREADED WITH COVERS & GASKETS, TYPE FORM 8 FERALOY OR APPROVED EQUAL, FOR UNCLASSIFIED & CLASS 1, DIV. 2 AREAS.
- 10. ALL WIRE & CABLES WERE PULLED INTO THEIR CONDUITS BY APPLICATION OF A SUITABLE COMMERCIAL PULLING COMPOUND, "PLOY—EAS" FOR POLYETHYLENE INSTALLATION.
- 11. ALL CABLES FURNISHED WITH SHIELDING WERE TERMINATED WITH STRESS
  CONES & GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.
- 12. CONTROL WIRING WAS IDENTIFIED USING SLEEVE TYPE WIRE MARKERS WITH IDENTIFICATION CORRESPONDING TO THAT ON WIRING DIAGRAMS. WIRE MARKERS WERE INSTALLED AT ALL TERMINAL & JUNCTION POINTS. WIRE MARKER IS RAYCHEM "TMS" HEAT SHRINKABLE SLEEVES.

## ELECTRICAL—LIGHTING GENERAL NOTES

- LIGHTING PANELS, LIGHTING FIXTURES, RECEPTACLES AND OTHER ITEMS
  WERE LOCATED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. LOCATION OF LIGHTING FIXTURES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS
  ARE IN GENERAL, APPROXIMATE. EXACT LOCATIONS TO AVOID INTERFACE WITH PIPING
  AND STRUCTURES, ETC., WERE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 3. CONDUIT SUPPORTS ARE PROVIDED WHERE REQUIRED SUCH AS AT FIXTURE LOCATIONS, RECEPTACLES, ELEVATION CHANGES, FITTING AND BOXES. ALL CONDUIT SUPPORT HARDWARES SHOWN AS GALV. CLAMPS, STRAPS, CLIPS. CHANNEL IS HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZED STEEL FINISH.
- 3. CONTRACTOR INSTALLED UNIONS, BUSHINGS, COUPLINGS AND NIPPLES AS REQUIRED FOR PROPER CONDUIT MAKE UP. CONDUIT FITTINGS WERE INSTALLED WITH COVER OPENING IN THE VERTICAL PLANE OR DOWNWARD IN THE HORIZONTAL PLANE.
- ALL UNUSED OPENINGS IN FIXTURES, BOXES AND FITTINGS WERE PLUGGED & SEALED BY APPROVED METHODS.
   BEFORE INSTALLING LIGHTING CONDUITS, FIXTURES, ETC., A CAREFUL CHECK WAS
- MADE TO AVOID INTERFERENCES WITH PIPING, EQUIPMENT, ETC., IF NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. CONDUIT RUNS WERE KEPT AT LEAST 12" AWAY FROM HOT SURFACES.

  6. CONDUIT AND WIRING NOT IDENTIFIED ON DRAWINGS WAS DETERMINED IN FIELD
- A) MAXIMUM CONDUIT SIZE IS 1" EXCEPT DROPS TO PANELBOARDS WERE 1 1/2".
  B) MINIMUM WIRE SIZE IS #12 AWG EXCEPT THAT #14 AWG, STRANDED,
  600 VOLT TYPE SF-2 FIXTURE WIRE WAS INSTALLED BETWEEN EACH LIGHTING
- ALL ABOVE GROUND CONDUIT IS RIGID STEEL UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL ABOVE GROUND LIGHTING CONDUIT IS 3/4" INCH MINIMUM OR 1" INCH MAXIMUM, WHERE PRACTICAL.

FIXTURE AND THE NEAREST CONDUIT FITTING IN THE RUN.

AS FOLLOWS:

8. ALL LIGHTING FIXTURE ELEVATIONS ARE SHOWN FROM FINISHED GRADE, FINISHED FLOOR OR PLATFORM ELEVATION TO THE BOTTOM OF FIXTURE GLOBE. MINOR VARIATIONS TO SUIT FIELD CONDITIONS WERE ALLOWED.

PREP BY DATE APPRVD TE TETRA TECH ENGINEERING CORPORATION	DSGN: JB         DR: BMV         CHK: HR           SUPV:         CH ENG:	SUBMITTED BY: (FIRM MEMBER) (TITLE) (DATE)	SOUTHWESTDIV HD:	HD:	OFFICER IN CHARGE	APPROVED DATE
'E APPR'	10-14-09 SGP	5-27-10 HCR				
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SCALE: AS SHOWN

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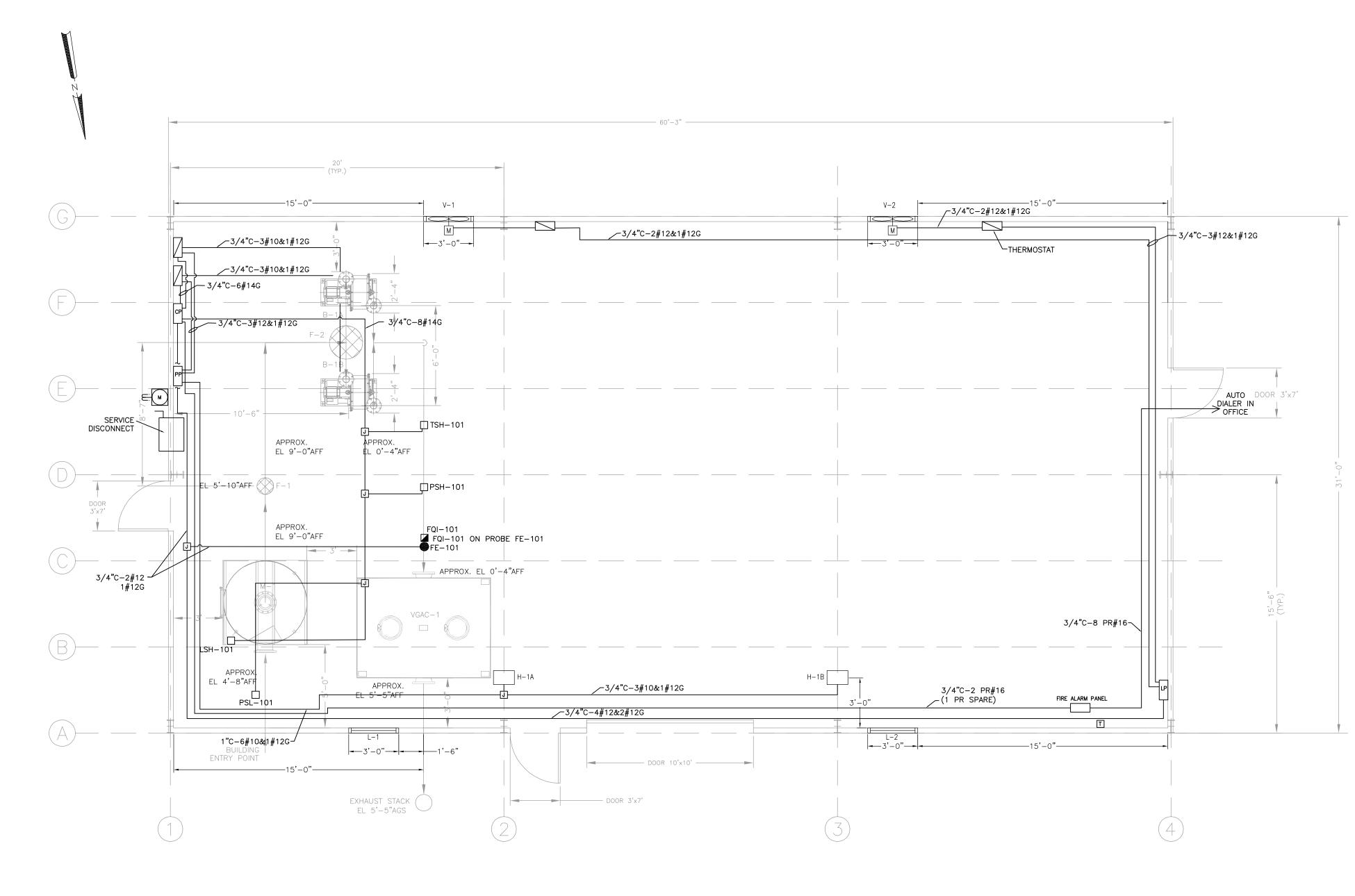
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N62473-10-D-3211

NAVFAC DRAWING NO.

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ZE: DIS. SH. NO.

SERVICE   CABLE   CA	BUS NAMPEPLATE: PP-1  CABINET TYPE: NEMA-12  MAIN: 400A, BREAKER	FROM FINSTING CIRCUIT \$19   POWER ON   POWER	PREP BY DATE APPRVD TETRATECH ENGINEERING CORPORATION PC Solve. JB DR: BW CHE. HR  DLB 10-14-09 SGP Submitted BY: Tetra Tech Engineering Corporation PC Submitted BY: Tetra Tech Engineering CHK: HR  DB 5-27-10 HCR Submitted BY: Tetra Members (Title) (Init.) (Init
CKT (3) 480V POWER PNL CKT (5) 480V POWER PNL CKT (20) 120V LIGHT PNL CKT (6) POWER PNL CKT (8) 200 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MALE FOR ICE  2000 A RMS SYM, MAN BERKARINS;  MORRAL SERVICE: 277-Kerv, Sp. 4 WIRE, 28 KAC   4800 POWER DEET. THE  4800 POWER DEET.	BE USED SOLELY FOR TI	SEAL AREA  WANAT MEAPONS INDUSTRIAL FOR THE NAME AND WILL  SERING COMMAND, CH ENGINEERING  CH ENGINEERING  SPROYDED UPON THE NOT BE REPRODUCED, A THIRD PARTY, AND WILL  THE ORIGINAL INTENDED  FOR THE EXECUTION  SCALE: AS SHOWN  SPEC. NO.  A THIRD PARTY, AND WILL  THE ORIGINAL INTENDED  FOR THE EXECUTION  SINCERING CONSTRUCTION  NAVFAC DRAWING NO.  14. NAVFAC DRAWING NO.



## NOTES:

- 1. FOR ELECTRICAL LEGEND AND GENERAL NOTES SEE DRAWING E-1.
- 2. INSTRUMENT LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN DIAGRAMMATICALLY ONLY. EXACT LOCATION WERE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- FOR STARTER SIZE AND CIRCUIT CONNECTION NUMBER IN DESIGNATED PANEL SEE DRAWING E-2.
- 4. EXISTING SERVICE DISCONNECT IS EQUIPPED WITH 200A FUSE. REPLACE SERVICE DISCONNECT SWITCH 200A FUSE WITH 400A FUSE. VERIFY THAT SERVICE DISCONNECT IS RATED 480V, 400A, THREE PHASE, 60HZ.

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EXISTING TRANSFORMER

> EXISTING SWITCH GEAR

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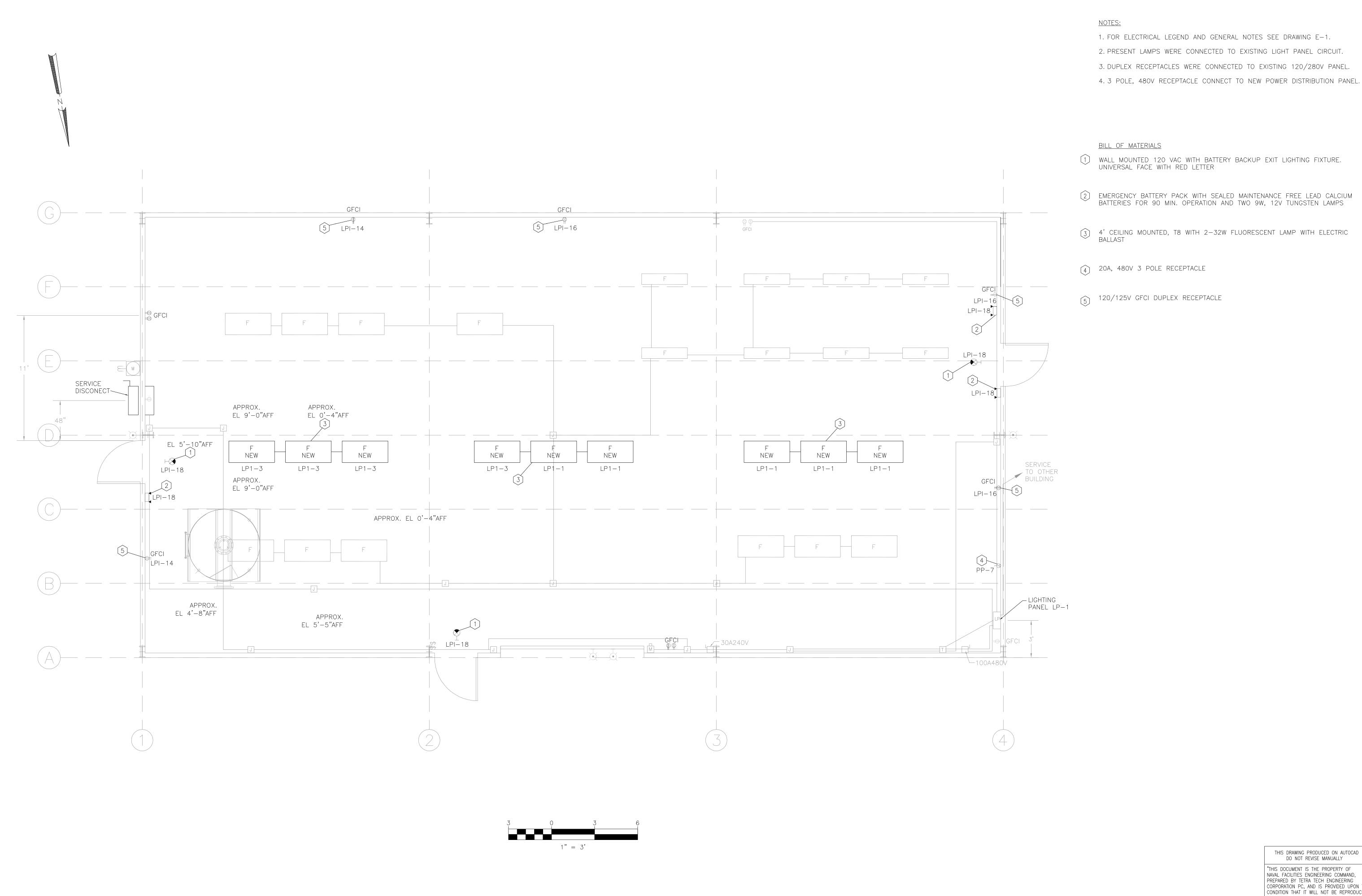
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TETRA TECH ENGINEERING CORPORATION

DSON: JB

SUPV: CH ENG:

CH ENG:



1. FOR ELECTRICAL LEGEND AND GENERAL NOTES SEE DRAWING E-1.

3. DUPLEX RECEPTACLES WERE CONNECTED TO EXISTING 120/280V PANEL.

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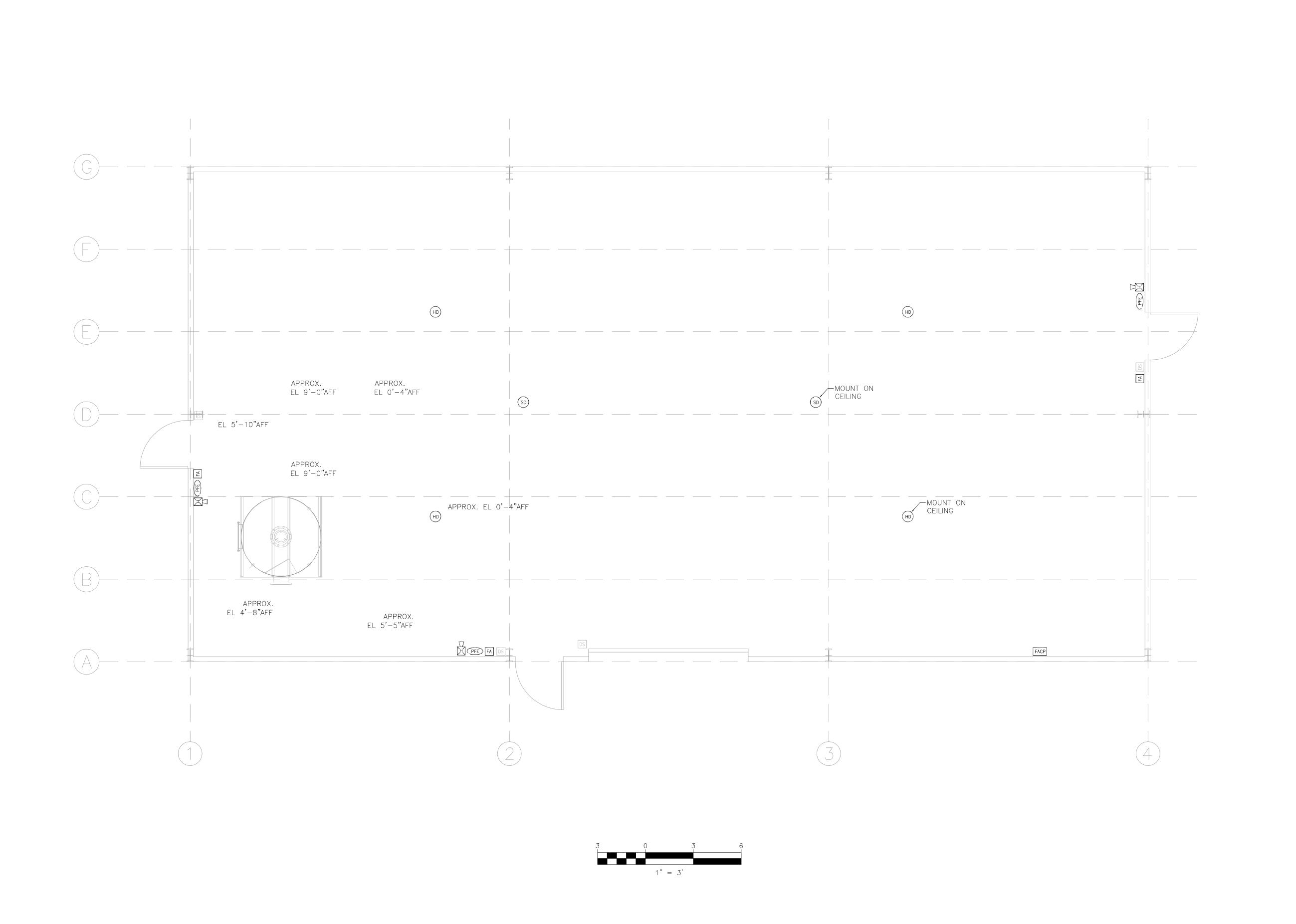
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DIS. SH. NO. E — 4

FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND, MID—ATLANTIC
USTRIAL RESERVE PLANT
SITE 1, FORMER DRUM MARSHALLING AREA
SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION CONTAINMENT SYSTEM



## NOTES:

- 1. FOR ELECTRICAL LEGEND AND GENERAL NOTES SEE DRAWING E-1.
- 2. FIRE DETECTION/ALARM DEVICES ARE SHOWN AS REFERENCE ONLY.
- FIRE DETECTION/ALARM DEVICES WERE CONNECTED TO EXISTING FIRE ALARM PANEL.
- 4. FIRE EXTINGUISHER HAS 10LB, 4A:40B:C (MINIMUM) RATING AND CONSPICUOUSLY LOCATED, SECURED TO WALL USING HANGER OR BRACKET.

ACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND, MID-ATLANTIC  O ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION  O I	SOMMAND REV DESCRIPTION  O ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION  EW YORK 1 RECORD DRAWING  NAVFAC	APPRVD	OS SCP	O HCR				
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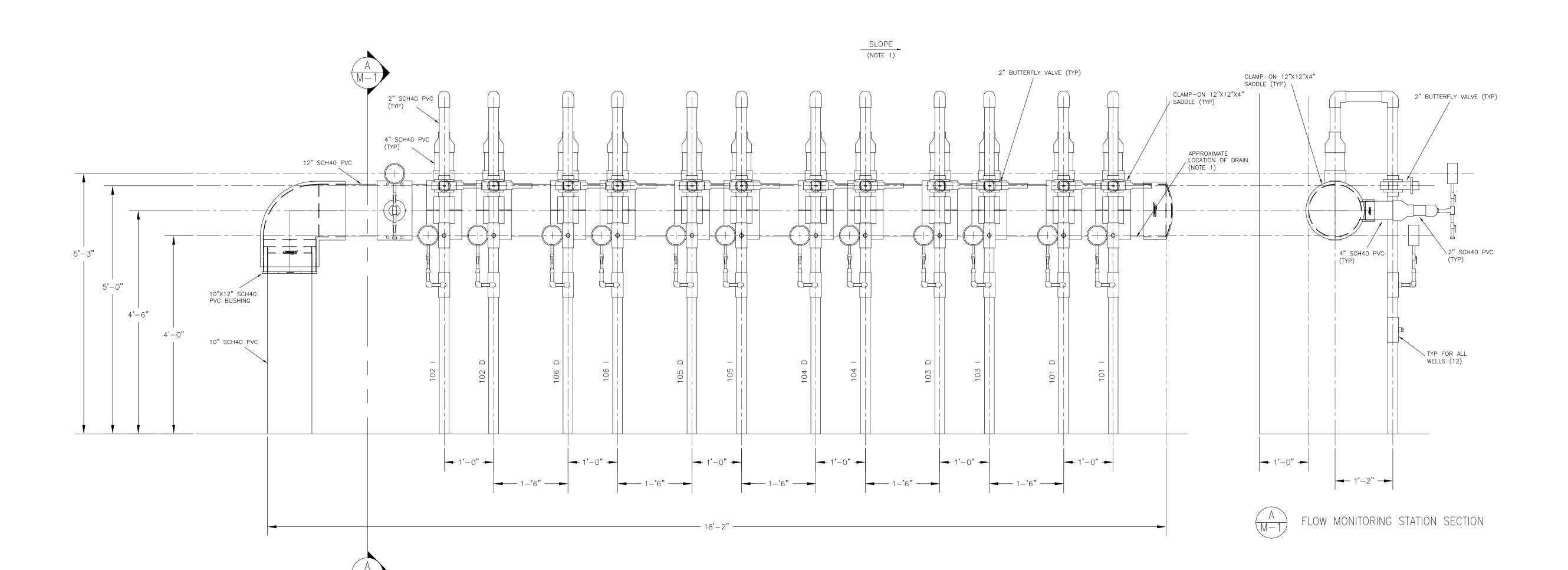
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OF
SIZE:
DIS. SH. NO.

## NOTES:

- 1. 12" PVC HEADER PIPE IS SLOPED 1" FOR EVERY 10' OF PIPE LENGTH AWAY FROM TURNDOWN. A THREADED 1/2" NPT PLUG IS INSTALLED ON THE LOW SIDE OF THE HEADER PIPE FOR DRAINING.
- 2. SAMPLE PORT AND AIR BLEED PORTS ARE 1" NPT AND CONNECTED TO THE MAIN PROCESS PIPING BY USE OF 1" NPT GALVANIZED PIPE NIPPLE, 1" NPT BRASS BALL VALVE, 1" NPT GALVANIZED PIPE NIPPLE, 1"X2" REDUCER BUSHING AND T-CONNECTION. SAMPLE PORTS AND AIR BLEED PORTS HAVE AN AIR TIGHT NPT CAP.
- 3. PRESSURE INDICATORS ARE 1/2" NPT AND CONNECTED TO THE MAIN PROCESS PIPING BY USE OF 1/2" NPT GALVANIZED PIPE NIPPLE, 1/2" NPT BRASS BALL VALVE, 1/2" NPT GALVANIZED PIPE NIPPLE, 1"X2" REDUCER BUSHING AND T-CONNECTION.
- 4. FOR ADDITIONAL PIPING DETAILS INCLUDING SIZES AND MATERIALS, SEE DRAWING  $P\!-\!2$ .
- 5. CLAMP-ON 12"X12"X4" SADDLE IS MADE BY SPEARS MANUFACTURING CO.



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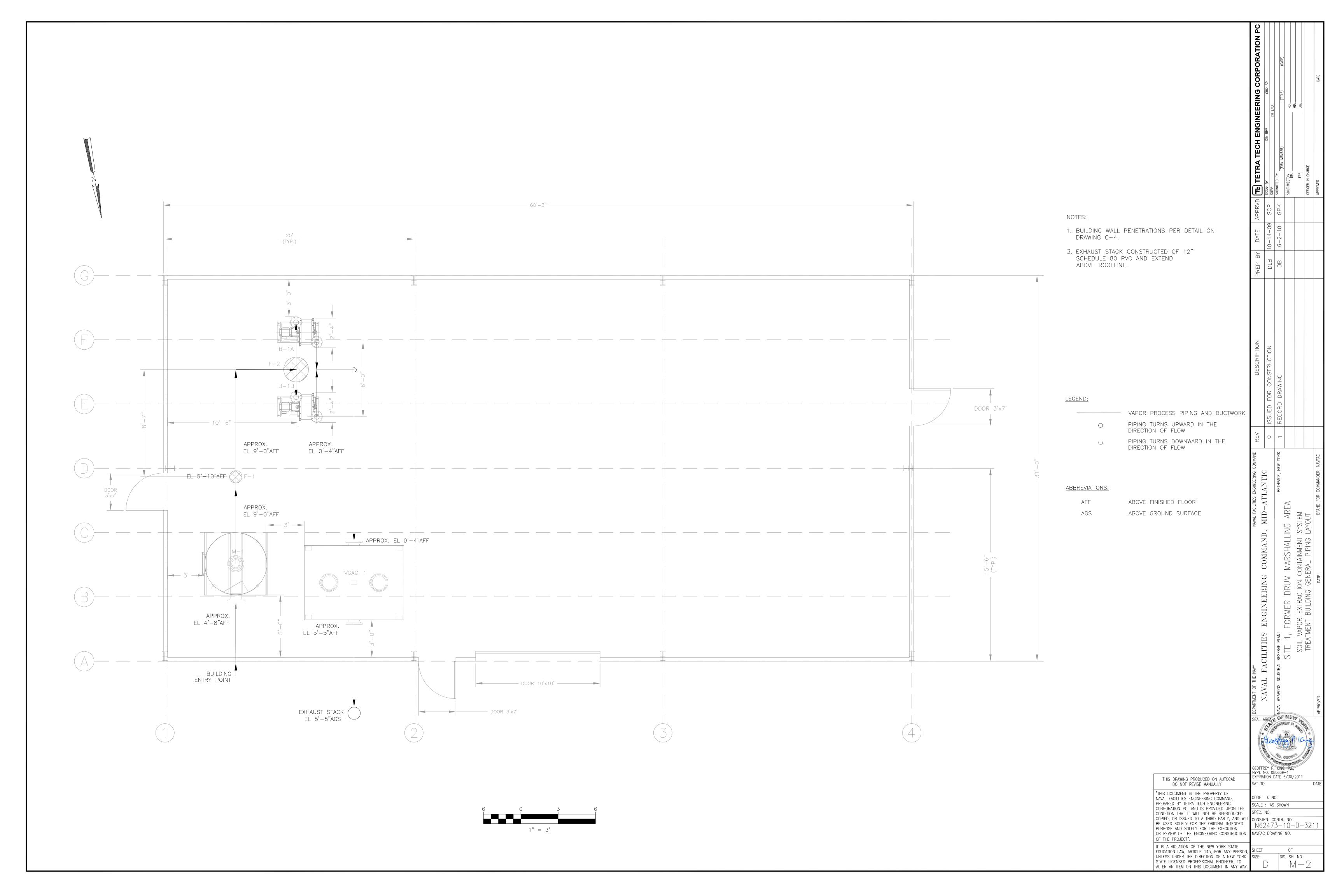
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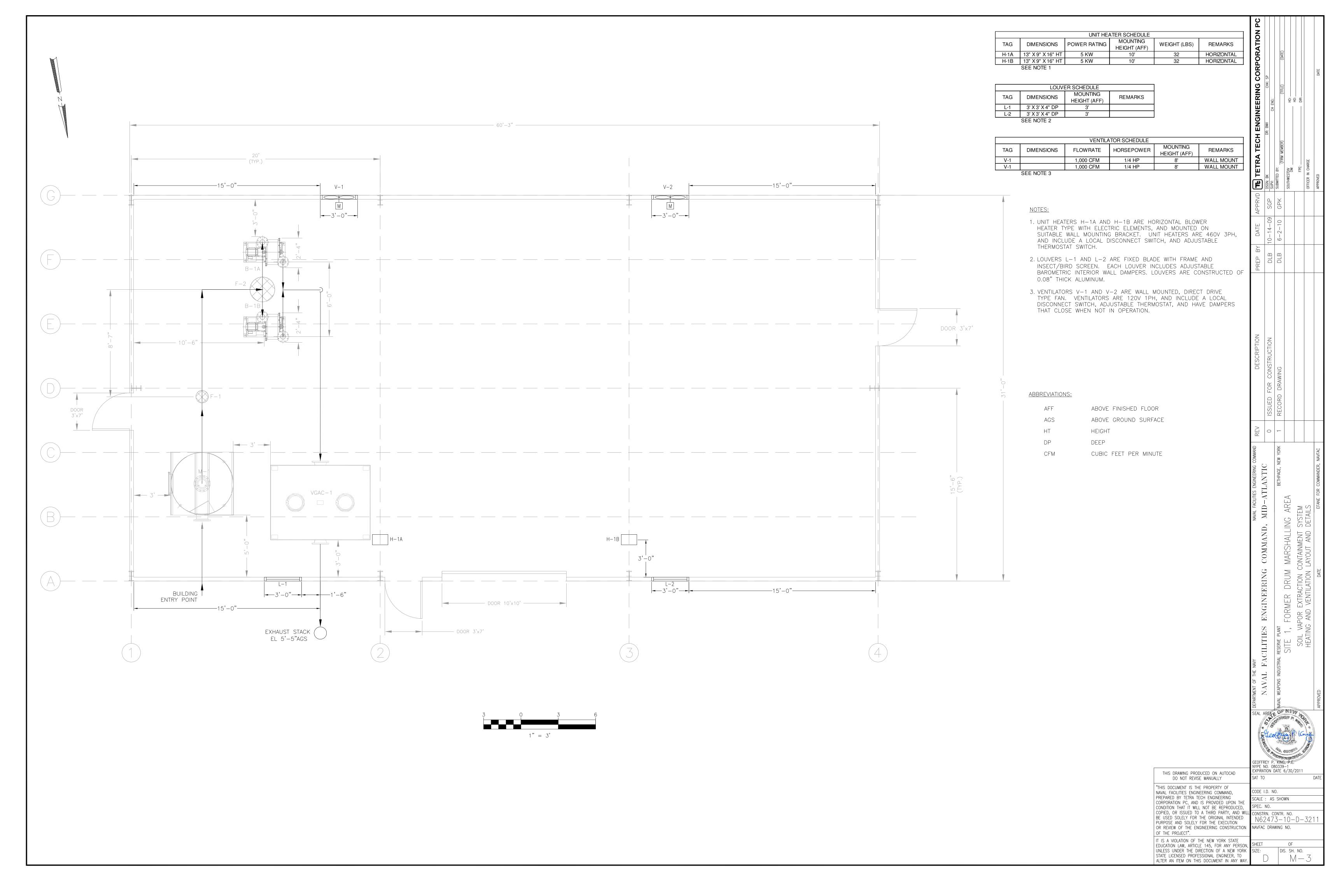
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GEOFFREY P. KING, P.E. NYPE NO. 080339-1 EXPIRATION DATE 6/30/2011

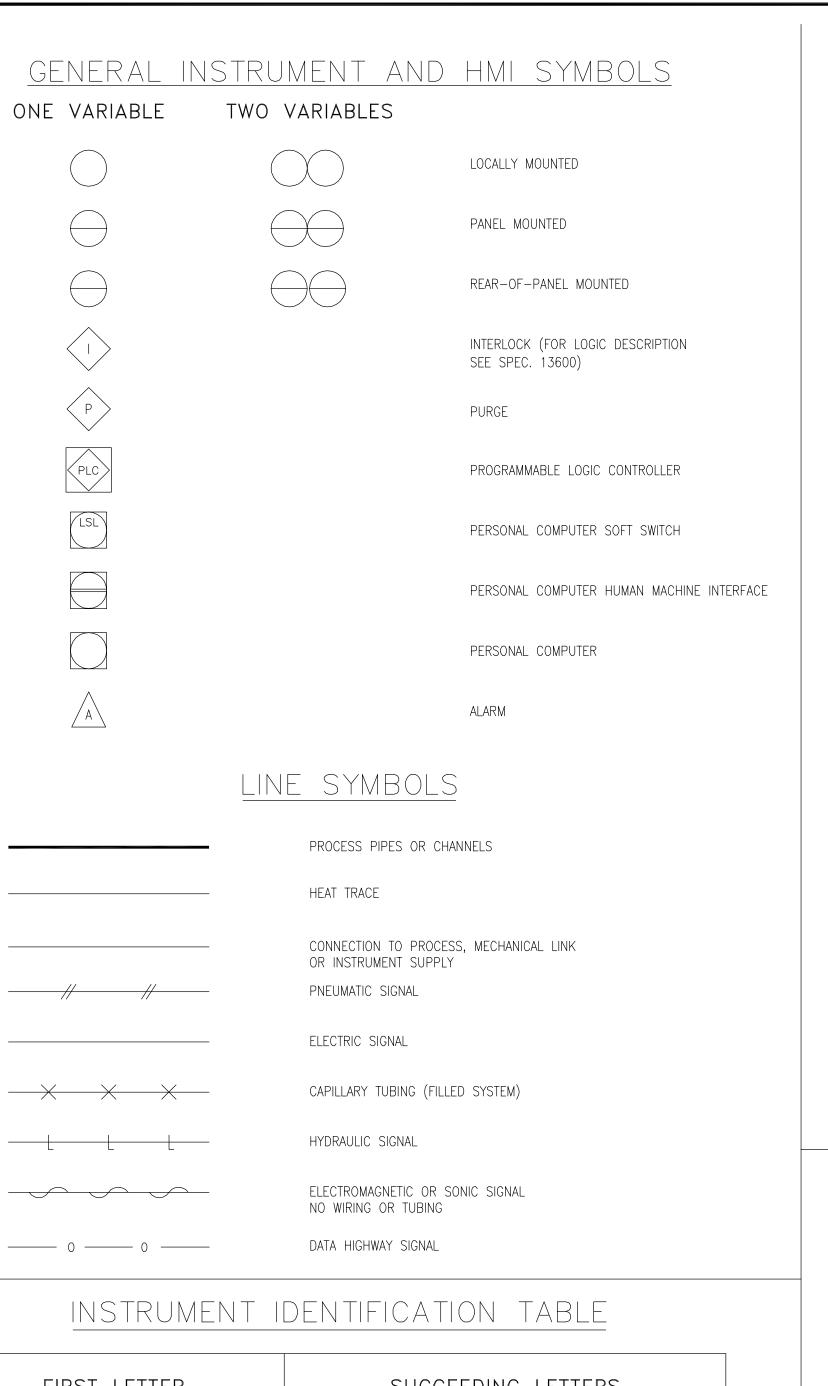
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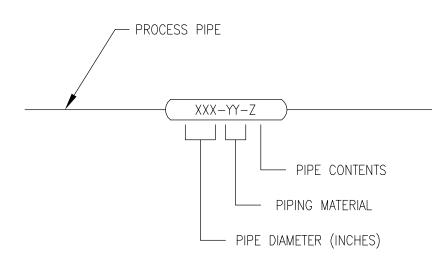


## VALVE AND PIPING SYMBOLS BASKET TYPE STRAINER GLOBE VALVE Y-TYPE STRAINER GATE VALVE BUTTERFLY VALVE DUPLEX STRAINER CHECK VALVE SLEEVE COUPLING PLUG VALVE FLOOR DRAIN 3-WAY VALVE EQUIPMENT DRAIN ANGLE VALVE CLEANOUT (CO) RELIEF OR SAFETY VALVE REMOVABLE PLUG DIAPHRAGM VALVE REMOVABLE CAP BALL VALVE ─|| BF BLIND FLANGE SELF-CONTAINED PRESSURE EXHAUST TO ATMOSPHERE (INSIDE) REGULATING VALVE W/RELIEF EXHAUST TO ATMOSPHERE (OUTSIDE) KNIFE GATE VALVE REDUCER BACKFLOW PREVENTER FLANGE NORMALLY OPEN NORMALLY CLOSED QUICK DISCONNECT COUPLING SAMPLE PORT GAUGE SEAL FLEXIBLE HOSE DAMPER FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR FLAME ARRESTOR **-**CONSERVATION VENT VALVE OPERATOR SYMBOLS SOLENOID DIAPHRAGM WITH POSITIONER HANDWHEEL OR LEVER MOTOR, ELECTRIC CHAINWHEEL DIAPHRAGM PRIMARY ELEMENT SYMBOLS - FLOW FLUME -----I |------ ORIFICE PLATE TOTALIZING FLOWMETER ROTAMETER EQUIPMENT SYMBOLS VSD VARIABLE SPEED DRIVE MIXER SUBMERSIBLE SUMP PUMP BLOWER PARTICULATE FILTER AIR FILTER/SILENCER

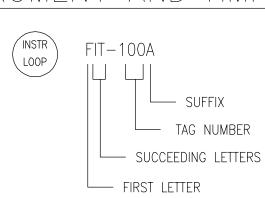


	FIRST LETT	ER	SUC	SUCCEEDING LETTERS			
	MEASURED OR INITIATING VARIABLE	MODIFIER	READOUT OR PASSIVE FUNCTION	OUTPUT FUNCTION	MODIFIER		
A	ANALYSIS		ALARM		AUTO		
В	BURNER FLAME				1,1010		
C	CONDUCTIVITY		CLOSE	CONTROL			
D	DENSITY (SP. GR.)	DIFFERENTIAL					
E	VOLTAGE		PRIMARY ELEMENT				
F	FLOWRATE	RATIO					
G	GAUGING (DIMENSIONAL)		GLASS				
Н	HAND (MANUAL)				HIGH		
П	CURRENT		INDICATE				
J	POWER	SCAN					
Κ	TIME OR SCHEDULE			CONTROL SWITCH			
L	LEVEL		LIGHT (PILOT)		LOW		
М	MOISTURE OR HUMIDITY				MIDDLE		
N							
0	OPEN		ORIFICE				
Р	PRESSURE OR VACUUM		POINT (TEST)				
Q	QUANTITY OR EVENT	INTEGRATE					
R	RADIOACTIVITY		RECORD OR PRINT				
S	SPEED OR FREQUENCY	SAFETY		SWITCH			
Т	TEMPERATURE			TRANSMIT			
U	MULTIVARIABLE		MULTIFUNCTION				
٧	VISCOSITY			VALVE OR DAMPER			
W	WEIGHT OR FORCE		WELL				
Χ	UNCLASSIFIED		UNCLASSIFIED				
Υ				RELAY OR COMPUTE			
Ζ	POSITION			DRIVE ACTUATE			





# INSTRUMENT AND HMI IDENTIFICATION



MOTOR RUN INDICATION

## FUNCTION ABBREVIATIONS

	, 5,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
0	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	OC	OPEN-CLOSE
C	FAIL CLOSED	00	ON-OFF (MAINTAINED)
L	FAIL LOCKED	ORP	OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENT
0	FAIL OPEN	OSC	OPEN-STOP-CLOSE (MOMENTA
OA	HAND-OFF-AUTOMATIC	SI	MOTOR SPEED INDICATION
<b>/</b>	CURRENT-TO-CURRENT	SS	START-STOP (MOMENTARY)
<b>/</b> P	CURRENT-TO-PNEUMATIC	<b>^</b>	HIGH SELECT
CP	LOCAL CONTROL PANEL	$\bigvee$	LOW SELECT
EL	LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT	$\sqrt{}$	SQUARE ROOT
R	LOCAL-REMOTE	Σ	ADD OR TOTALIZE

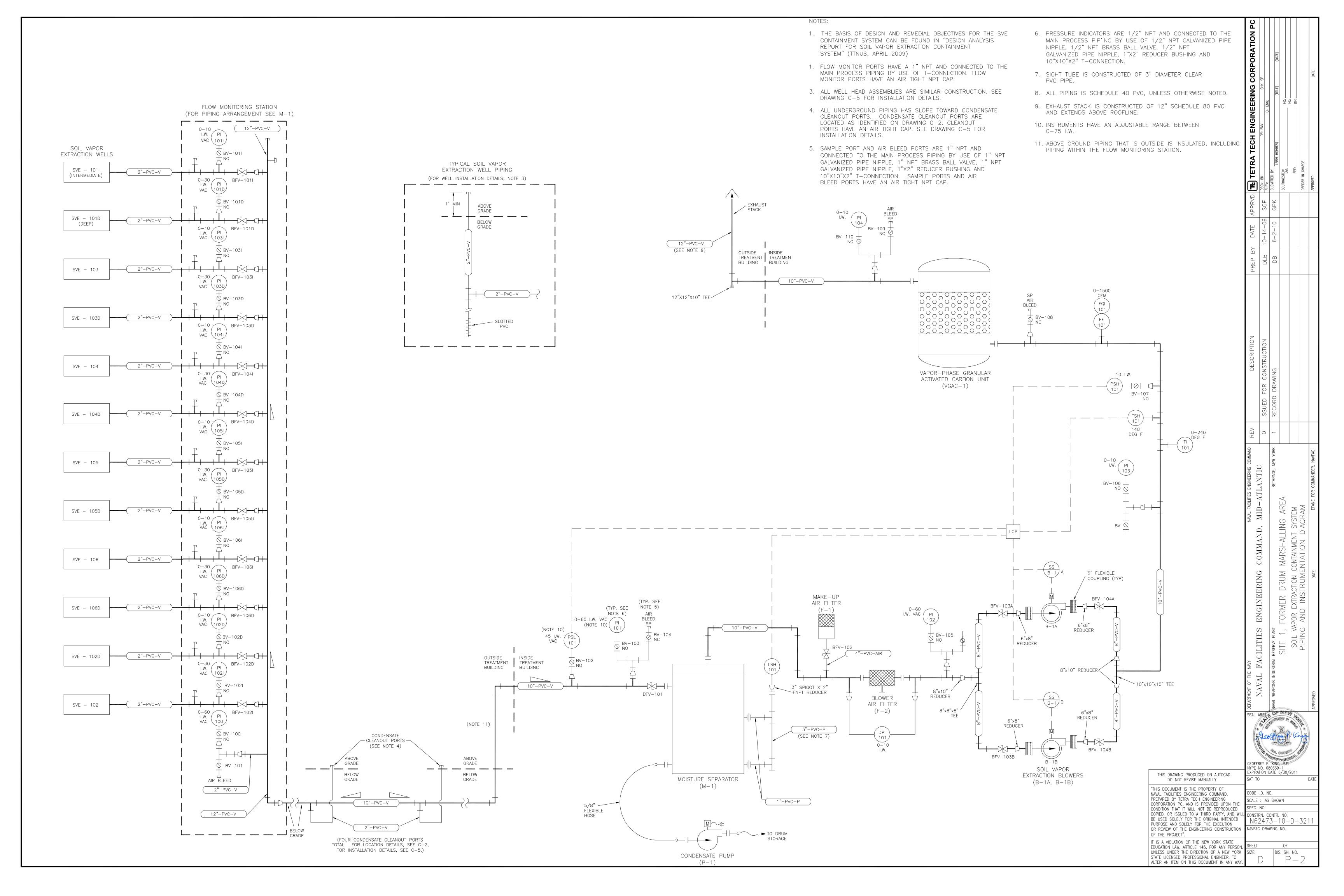
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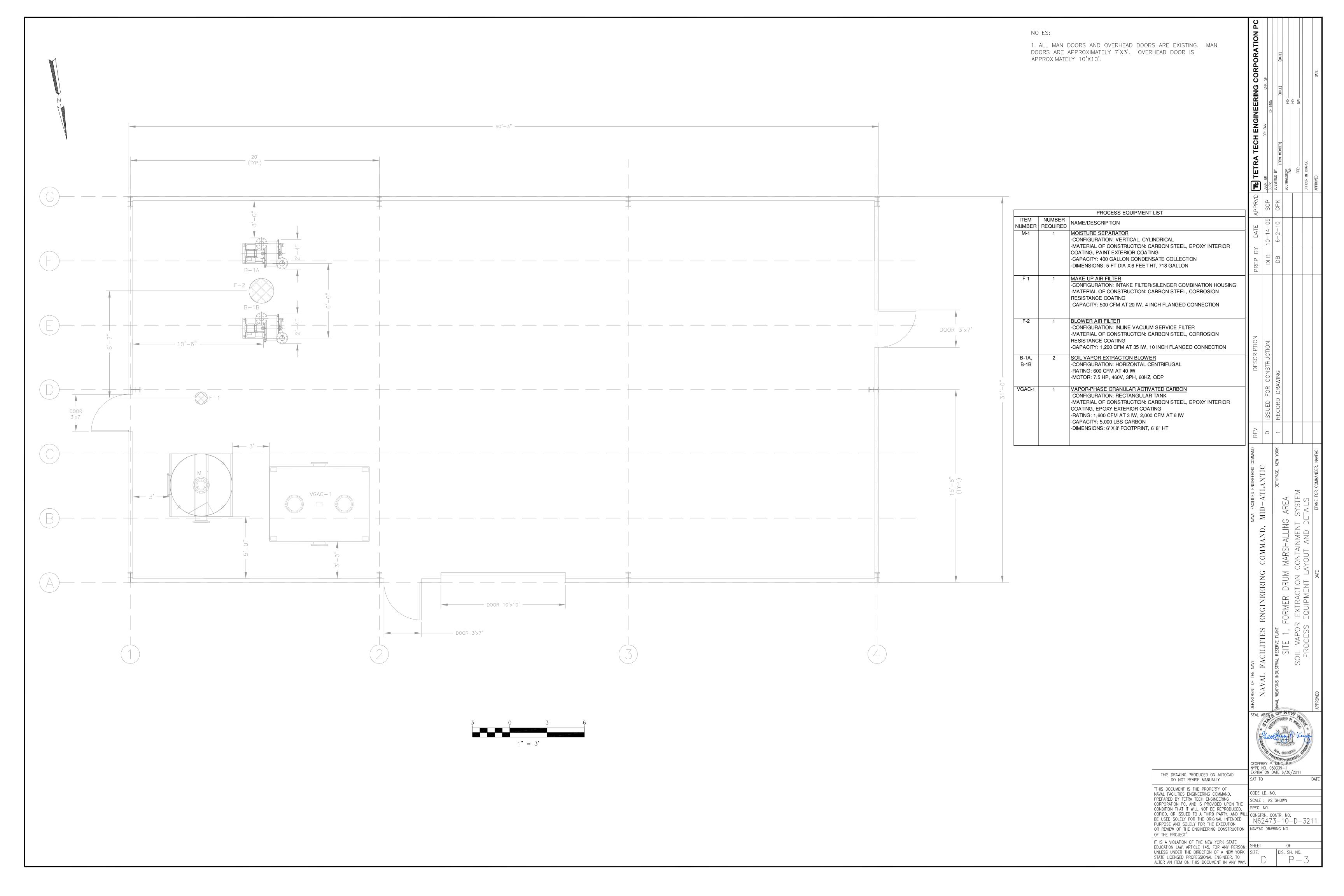
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TETRA TECH ENGINEERING CORPORATION

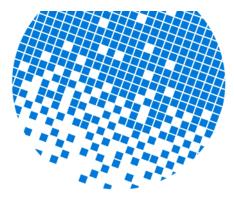




A-6 MSDS



HOME OFFICE 1200 E. 26<sup>th</sup> ST Anderson, IN 46016 508-631-3203 Phone www.tetrasolv.com REGIONAL OFFICE
POB 1034
Truth or Consequences, NM 87901
508-448-0256 Fax
jbarbour@tetrasolv.com



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 02/08

### 1.1 IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT.

Designation: - Activated carbon

#### 1.2 COMPANY.

Tetrasolv Filtration Phone: 765-643-3941

1200 E 26th St, Fax: (281) 331-2281

Anderson IN, 46016 Emergency

Phone: 508-631-3203

### 2 HAZARDOUS AND OTHER INGREDIENTS.

Exposure limits may vary. It is recommended that information about locally applicable exposure limits be obtained.

%w/w Compound CAS No MAK mg/m³ TLV mg/m³ PEL mg/m³

(OSHA) (Germany) (ACGIH)

100 Bituminous Carbon 7440-44-0 2 mg/m3 15 mg/m3

T Dust T dust

#### 3 PHYSICAL DATA.

State: Solid

Appearance: Black granule, extradite, or powder

pH: Not applicable
Boiling point or range: Sublimes
Melting point or range: 3550 C (6422 F)
Vapor pressure: 1 @3586 C (6487 F)

Vapor density: 0.4

Density relative to water: 1.5 - 1.8 Specific gravity Solubility in water: Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: (n-octanol/water):

Other data: odorless

### 4 FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA.

Fire, explosion and reactivity hazards: Flammable.

Flammability and flammability limits: Flammable.

Autoflammability: Not applicable.

Explosive properties: Non explosive.

Oxidizing properties: Non oxidizing.

#### Fire fighting measures:

As with most organic solids, fire is possible at elevated temperatures or by contact with an ignition source.

#### Explosion

Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Minimum explosible concentration 0.140 g/l.

#### Fire Extinguishing Media:

Water or water spray.

### **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:**

Contact with strong oxidize such as ozone, liquid oxygen, chlorine, permanganate, etc., may result in fire.

#### **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

#### 5 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA.

The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Incompatibilities.

Materials to avoid: Liquid air and oxidizing materials. Strong oxidizers such as

ozone, liquid oxygen, chlorine, permanganate, etc

Hazardous decomposition products: Involvement in a fire causes formation of carbon dioxide

and carbon monoxide.

#### **Emergency Overview**

-----

## WARNING! FLAMMABLE SOLID. ACTIVATED CARBON AFFECTS THE RESPIRATORY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEMS.

**CAUTION!!!** Wet activated carbon removes oxygen from air causing a severe hazard to workers inside carbon vessels and enclosed or confined spaces. Before entering such an area, sampling and work procedures for low oxygen levels should be taken to ensure ample oxygen availability, observing all local, state, and federal regulations.

J.T. Baker SAF-T-DATA<sup>(tm)</sup> Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

\_\_\_\_\_

Health Rating: 1 - Slight

Flammability Rating: 3 - Severe (Flammable)

Reactivity Rating: 1 - Slight Contact Rating: 1 - Slight

#### **Potential Health Effects**

-----

#### Inhalation:

May cause mild irritation to the respiratory tract. The acute inhalation LC50 (Rat) is >64.4 mg/l (nominal concentration) for activated carbon.

#### Ingestion:

No adverse effects expected. May cause mild irritation to the gastrointestinal tract. The acute oral LD50 (Rat) is >10g/kg.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Not expected to be a health hazard from skin exposure. May cause mild irritation and redness. The primary skin irritation index (Rabbit) is 0.

#### **Eye Contact:**

No adverse effects expected. May cause mild irritation, possible reddening.

#### Chronic Exposure:

Prolonged inhalation of excessive dust may produce pulmonary disorders. The effects of long-term, low-level exposures to this product have not been determined. Safe handling of this material on a long-term basis should emphasize the avoidance of all effects from repetitive acute exposures.

## **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

No information found.

#### 6. First Aid Measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.

#### Ingestion

Give several glasses of water to drink to dilute. If large amounts were swallowed, seek medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Not expected to require first aid measures. Wash exposed area with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Wash thoroughly with running water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

#### 7. Accidental Release Measures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Clean up spills in a manner that does not disperse dust into the air. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Reduce airborne dust and prevent scattering by moistening with water. Pick up spill for recovery or disposal and place in a closed container. Warning! Spent product may have absorbed hazardous materials.

#### 8. Handling and Storage

Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous

when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

**CAUTION!!** Wet activated carbon removes oxygen from air causing a severe hazard to workers inside carbon vessels and enclosed or confined spaces. Before entering such an area, sampling and work procedures for low oxygen levels should be taken to ensure ample oxygen availability, observing all local, state, and federal or national regulations.

#### 9. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Exposure Guidelines:** 

OSHA PEL\*:

5mg/M3 (Respirable)

ACGIH TLV\*:

10 mg/M3 (Total)

\*PELs and TLVs are 8-hour TWAs unless otherwise noted.

#### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

#### Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

For conditions of use where exposure to the dust or mist is apparent, a half-face dust/mist respirator may be worn. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Wear protective gloves and clean body-covering clothing.

#### **Eye Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

#### 10. Toxicological Information

Investigated as a reproductive effector.

\Cancer Lists\			
	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Activated Carbon (7440-44-0)	No	No	None

#### 11. Ecological Information

#### **Environmental Fate:**

No information found.

### **Environmental Toxicity:**

No information found.

#### 12. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local

disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

#### 13. Transport Information

**Proper Shipping Name:** 

NOT REGULATED

**Hazard Class:** 

N/A

**Identification Number:** 

N/A

**Packing Group:** 

N/A

This product has been tested according to the United Nations *Transport of Dangerous Goods* test protocol for spontaneously combustible materials. It has been specifically determined that this product does not meet the definition of a self heating substance or any hazard class, and therefore is not a hazardous material and not regulated.

### 14. Regulatory Information

#### **SARA TITLE III:**

N/A

TSCA:

The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory List.

OSHA:

Nonhazardous according to definitions of health hazard and physical hazard provided in the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CANADA

#### WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

Not Classified

DSL#:

6798

**EEC** 

Council Directives relating to the classification, packaging, and labeling of dangerous substances and preparations.

#### Risk (R) and Safety (S) phrases:

May be irritating to eyes (R36).

#### 15. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

#### **Label Hazard Warning:**

WARNING! FLAMMABLE SOLID. ACTIVATED CARBON AFFECTS THE RESPIRATORY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEMS.

#### **Label Precautions:**

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Label First Aid:**

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.



## Material Safety Data Sheets

## **Division of Facilities Services**

## DOD Hazardous Material Information (ANSI Format) For Cornell University Convenience Only

## TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification	Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties
Section 2 - Compositon/Information on Ingredients	Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity Data
Section 3 - Hazards Identification Including Emergency  Overview	Section 11 - Toxicological Information
Section 4 - First Aid Measures	Section 12 - Ecological Information
Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures	Section 13 - Disposal Considerations
Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures	Section 14 - MSDS Transport Information
Section 7 - Handling and Storage	Section 15 - Regulatory Information
Section 8 - Exposure Controls & Personal Protection	Section 16 - Other Information

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Cornell University does not in any way warrant or imply the applicability, viability or use of this information to any person or for use in any situation.

# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

**Product Identification:** TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

**Date of MSDS:** 01/07/1993 **Technical Review Date:** 10/26/1994

FSC: 6810 NIIN: LIIN: 00N054683

**Submitter:** N EN **Status Code:** C

MFN: 01 Article: N Kit Part: N

### **Manufacturer's Information**

Manufacturer's Name: CHEM SERVICE INC

Post Office Box: 3108 Manufacturer's Address1:

Manufacturer's Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19381

**Manufacturer's Country: US** 

**General Information Telephone:** 215-692-3026

**Emergency Telephone:** 215-692-3026 **Emergency Telephone:** 215-692-3026

**MSDS Preparer's Name:** N/P

Proprietary: N Reviewed: N Published: Y CAGE: 84898

**Special Project Code:** N

### **Contractor Information**

Contractor's Name: CHEM SERVICE INC

Post Office Box: 3108

Contractor's Address1: N/K

Contractor's Address1: N/N

Contractor's Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19381

Contractor's Telephone: 215-692-3026

Contractor's CAGE: 84898

### **Contractor Information**

Contractor's Name: CHEM SERVICE, INC

Post Office Box: 599

Contractor's Address1: 660 TOWER LN

Contractor's Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19301-9650

Contractor's Telephone: 610-692-3026

Contractor's CAGE: 8Y898

# Section 2 - Compositon/Information on Ingredients TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

Ingredient Name: ETHYLENE, TRICHLORO-; (TRICHLOROETHYLENE) (SARA III). LD50:

(ORAL, RAT) 4920 MG/KG.

**Ingredient CAS Number:** 79-01-6 **Ingredient CAS Code:** M

RTECS Number: KX4550000 RTECS Code: M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

**=Volume: =Volume Code:** 

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

<Volume: <Volume Code: % Low WT: % Low WT Code: % High WT: % High WT Code

% High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code:

% High Volume: % High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

**% Environmental Weight:** Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: 100 PPM OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

ACGIH TLV: 50 PPM;100 STEL ACGIH TLV Code: M

**ACGIH STEL: N/P ACGIH STEL Code:** 

**EPA Reporting Quantity:** 100 LBS **DOT Reporting Quantity:** 100 LBS **Ozone Depleting Chemical:** N

Ingredient Name: OTHER PREC:CAUSE THE FORMATION OF HCL &/OR PHOSGENE (FP N).

**Ingredient CAS Number: Ingredient CAS Code:** X **RTECS Number:** 9999992Z **RTECS Code:** M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

**=Volume: =Volume Code:** 

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

<Volume: <Volume Code:

% Low WT: % Low WT Code: % High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code:

% High Volume: % High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

% Environmental Weight: Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE ACGIH TLV Code: M

**ACGIH STEL: N/P ACGIH STEL Code:** 

EPA Reporting Quantity: DOT Reporting Quantity: Ozone Depleting Chemical:

Ingredient Name: SUPDAT:BY MD/TRAINED EMERGENCY PERSONNEL. MEDICAL ADVICE

CAN BE OBTAINED FROM A POISON CONTROL CENTER.

Ingredient CAS Number: Ingredient CAS Code: X RTECS Number: 9999999ZZ RTECS Code: M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

**=Volume: =Volume Code:** 

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

<Volume: <Volume Code:

% Low WT: % Low WT Code:

% High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code:

% High Volume: % High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

**% Environmental Weight:** Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

**ACGIH TLV:** NOT APPLICABLE **ACGIH TLV Code:** M

**ACGIH STEL: N/P ACGIH STEL Code:** 

EPA Reporting Quantity: DOT Reporting Quantity: Ozone Depleting Chemical:

## Section 3 - Hazards Identification, Including Emergency Overview TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

Health Hazards Acute & Chronic: ALL CHEMS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED HAZ - AVOID DIRECT PHYSICAL CONT! SUSPECTED CARCIN - MAY PRDCE CANCER. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THRU SKIN, INHALED/SWALLOWED. LACHRYMATOR - CAUSES SEV EYE IRRIT. VAPS &/OR DIRECT EYE CONT CAN CAUSE SEV EYE BURNS. CAN CAUSE SKIN/EYE IRRIT. CAUSE CAUSE SKIN BURNS. CAN (EFTS OF OVEREXP)

## Signs & Symptoms of Overexposure:

HLTH HAZ:CAUSE SEV SKIN BURNS. EXPOS CAN CAUSE LIVER/KIDNEY DMG. CAN CAUSE GI DISTURBS. CAN BE IRRIT TO MUC MEMBS. PRLNG EXPOS MAY CAUSE NAUS, HDCH, DIZZ &/OR EYE DMG. CAN CAUSE SENSIT BY SKIN CONT. C HLOROCARBON MATLS HAVE PRDCD SENSIT OF MYOCARDIUM TO EPINEPHRINE IN LAB ANIMALS & COULD HAVE SIMILAR EFT IN (SUPP DATA)

## **Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

LD50 LC50 Mixture: SEE INGREDIENT.

## **Route of Entry Indicators:**

Inhalation: YES Skin: YES Ingestion: YES

## **Carcenogenicity Indicators**

NTP: NO IARC: NO OSHA: NO

**Carcinogenicity Explanation: NOT RELEVANT** 

# **Section 4 - First Aid Measures TRICHLOROETHENE**, 0-664

### First Aid:

INGEST:CALL MD IMMED (FP N). EYES:FLUSH CONTINUOUSLY W/WATER FOR AT LST 15-20 MINS. SKIN:FLUSH W/WATER FOR 15-20 MINS. IF NO BURNS HAVE OCCURRED - USE SOAP & WATER TO CLEANSE SKIN. INHAL:REMOVE PATIEN T TO FRESH AIR. ADMIN

OXYGEN IF PATIENTIS HAVING DFCLTY BRTHG. IF PATIENT HAS STOPPED BRTHG ADMIN ARTF RESP. IF PATIENT IS IN CARDIAC ARREST ADMIN CPR. CONTINUE LIFE SUPPORTING MEASURES UNTIL(SUPDAT)

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

## **Fire Fighting Procedures:**

USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED PRESSURE DEMAND SCBA & FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FP N).

### **Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazard:**

THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS MAY INCLUDE HCL & PHOSGENE (FP N).

### **Extinguishing Media:**

CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL POWDER OR SPRAY.

Flash Point: Flash Point Text: NON-FLAMMABLE

## **Autoignition Temperature:**

**Autoignition Temperature Text:** N/A

Lower Limit(s): 11% Upper Limit(s): 41%

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Spill Release Procedures:**

EVACUATE AREA. WEAR APPROPRIATE OSHA REGULATED EQUIPMENT. VENTILATE AREA. ABSORB ON VERMICULITE OR SIMILAR MATERIAL. SWEEP UP & PLACE IN AN APPROPRIATE CONTAINER. HOLD FOR DISPOSAL. WASH CONTAMINATED SURFACES TO REMOVE ANY RESIDUES.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Handling and Storage Precautions:**

### **Other Precautions:**

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls & Personal Protection TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

## **Repiratory Protection:**

NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR APPROPRIATE FOR EXPOSURE OF CONCERN (FP N).

#### **Ventilation:**

THIS CHEMICAL SHOULD ONLY BE HANDLED IN A HOOD.

### **Protective Gloves:**

IMPERVIOUS GLOVES (FP N).

Eye Protection: ANSI APPROVED CHEM WORKERS GOGGS (FP N).

Other Protective Equipment: USE APPROPRIATE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SAFETY

EQUIPMENT.

**Work Hygenic Practices:** CONTACT LENSES SHOULD NOT BE WORN IN THE LABORATORY. ANSI APPRVD EYE WASH & DELUGE SHOWER (FP N).

Supplemental Health & Safety Information: EFTS OF OVEREXP:HUMANS. ADRENOMIMETICS (E.G., EPINEPRHINE) MAY BE CONTRAINDICATED EXCEPT FOR LIFE-SUSTAINING USES IN HUMANS ACUTELY/CHRONICALLY EXPOS TO CHLOROCARBONS (FP N). FIRST AID PROC:MED ASSIST ANCE HAS ARRIVED. NOTE:AN ANTIDOTE IS ASUBSTANCE INTENDED TO COUNTERACT EFT OF A POIS. IT SHOULD BE ADMIN ONLY (ING 2)

# Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

HCC:

NRC/State License Number: Net Property Weight for Ammo:

**Boiling Point: Boiling Point Text: 189F,87C** 

**Melting/Freezing Point: Melting/Freezing Text:** -125F,-87C

**Decomposition Point: Decomposition Text:** N/K **Vapor Pressure:** 58 @ 20C **Vapor Density:** N/K

**Percent Volatile Organic Content:** 

Specific Gravity: 1.462

**Volatile Organic Content Pounds per Gallon:** 

**pH**: N/K

**Volatile Organic Content Grams per Liter:** 

Viscosity: N/P

**Evaporation Weight and Reference:** N/K **Solubility in Water:** INSOL (IMMISCIBLE) **Appearance and Odor:** COLORLESS LIQUID.

**Percent Volatiles by Volume:** N/K

**Corrosion Rate:** N/K

# Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity Data TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

**Stability Indicator:** YES **Materials to Avoid:** 

INCOMPATIBLE W/STRONG BASES, STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.

**Stability Condition to Avoid:** 

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

DECOMPOSITION LIBERATES TOXIC FUMES. DECOMPOSTION PRODUCTS ARE

CORROSIVE. VOLATILE. HCL, PHOSGENE (FP N).

**Hazardous Polymerization Indicator:** NO **Conditions to Avoid Polymerization:** 

**NOT RELEVANT** 

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Toxicological Information:**

N/P

## TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Ecological Information:**

N/P

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Waste Disposal Methods:**

DISPOSAL MUST BE I/A/W FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL REGULATIONS (FP N). BURN IN A CHEMICAL INCINERATOR EQUIPPED W/AFTERBURNER & SCRUBBER.

# Section 14 - MSDS Transport Information TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Transport Information:**

N/P

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

#### **SARA Title III Information:**

N/P

## **Federal Regulatory Information:**

N/P

### **State Regulatory Information:**

N/P

# Section 16 - Other Information TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

### **Other Information:**

N/P

### **HAZCOM Label Information**

**Product Identification:** TRICHLOROETHENE, 0-664

**CAGE:** 84898

**Assigned Individual:** N

Company Name: CHEM SERVICE INC

Company PO Box: 3108

**Company Street Address1:** N/K

Company Street Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19381 US

**Health Emergency Telephone:** 215-692-3026

**Label Required Indicator:** Y **Date Label Reviewed:** 10/26/1994

**Status Code:** C

**Manufacturer's Label Number:** 

**Date of Label:** 10/26/1994 **Year Procured:** N/K **Organization Code:** G

Chronic Hazard Indicator: Y Eye Protection Indicator: YES Skin Protection Indicator: YES **Respiratory Protection Indicator:** YES **Signal Word:** DANGER

Signal Word: DANGER Health Hazard: Moderate Contact Hazard: Severe Fire Hazard: None

Reactivity Hazard: None

8/9/2002 8:48:03 AM



## Material Safety Data Sheets

## **Division of Facilities Services**

## DOD Hazardous Material Information (ANSI Format) For Cornell University Convenience Only

### **TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663**

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification	Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties
Section 2 - Compositon/Information on Ingredients	Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity Data
Section 3 - Hazards Identification Including Emergency Overview	Section 11 - Toxicological Information
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# Section 1 - Product and Company Identification TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

**Product Identification:** TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663 **Date of MSDS:** 07/01/1988 **Technical Review Date:** 11/03/1994

FSC: 6810 NIIN: LIIN: 00N054677

**Submitter:** N EN **Status Code:** C

MFN: 01 Article: N Kit Part: N

### **Manufacturer's Information**

Manufacturer's Name: CHEM SERVICE INC

Post Office Box: 3108 Manufacturer's Address1:

Manufacturer's Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19381

**Manufacturer's Country: US** 

**General Information Telephone:** 215-692-3026

**Emergency Telephone:** 215-692-3026 **Emergency Telephone:** 215-692-3026

**MSDS Preparer's Name:** N/P

Proprietary: N Reviewed: N Published: Y CAGE: 84898

**Special Project Code:** N

### **Contractor Information**

Contractor's Name: CHEM SERVICE INC

Post Office Box: 3108

Contractor's Address1: N/K

Contractor's Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19381

Contractor's Telephone: 215-692-3026

Contractor's CAGE: 84898

### **Contractor Information**

Contractor's Name: CHEM SERVICE, INC

Post Office Box: 599

Contractor's Address1: 660 TOWER LN

Contractor's Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19301-9650

Contractor's Telephone: 610-692-3026

Contractor's CAGE: 8Y898

# Section 2 - Compositon/Information on Ingredients TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

Ingredient Name: ETHYLENE, TETRACHLORO-; (TETRACHLOROETHYLENE) (SARA III)

Ingredient CAS Number: 127-18-4 Ingredient CAS Code: M

RTECS Number: KX3850000 RTECS Code: M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

**=Volume: =Volume Code:** 

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

<Volume: <Volume Code:

% Low WT: % Low WT Code:

% High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code:

% High Volume: % High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

% Environmental Weight: Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: 25 PPM OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

ACGIH TLV: 25 PPM;100 PPM STEL ACGIH TLV Code: M

**ACGIH STEL:** N/P **ACGIH STEL Code:** 

EPA Reporting Quantity: 100 LBS DOT Reporting Quantity: 100 LBS

**Ozone Depleting Chemical:** N

**Ingredient Name:** EYE PROTECTION: FULL LENGTH FACESHIELD (FP N).

**Ingredient CAS Number: Ingredient CAS Code:** X **RTECS Number:** 9999999ZZ **RTECS Code:** M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

**=Volume: =Volume Code:** 

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

<Volume: <Volume Code: % Low WT: % Low WT Code: % High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code: % High Volume: % High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

**% Environmental Weight:** Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: N/K (FP N) OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

ACGIH TLV: N/K (FP N) ACGIH TLV Code: M

**ACGIH STEL: N/P ACGIH STEL Code:** 

EPA Reporting Quantity: DOT Reporting Quantity: Ozone Depleting Chemical:

**Ingredient Name:** ING 2: ARRIVED. INGESTION: CALL MD IMMEDIATELY (FP N).

**Ingredient CAS Number: Ingredient CAS Code:** X **RTECS Number:** 9999992Z **RTECS Code:** M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

=Volume: =Volume Code:

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

**<Volume: <Volume Code:** 

% Low WT: % Low WT Code:

% High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code: % High Volume: % High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

**% Environmental Weight:** Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: N/K (FP N) OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

ACGIH TLV: N/K (FP N) ACGIH TLV Code: M

**ACGIH STEL:** N/P **ACGIH STEL Code:** 

EPA Reporting Quantity: DOT Reporting Quantity: Ozone Depleting Chemical:

**Ingredient Name:** SUPP DATA: RESPS. IF PATIENT IS IN CARD ARREST ADMIN CPR.

CONTINUE LIFE SUPPORTING MEASURES UNTIL MED ASSIST HAS (ING 3)

Ingredient CAS Number: Ingredient CAS Code: X RTECS Number: 99999992Z RTECS Code: M

**=WT: =WT Code:** 

**=Volume: =Volume Code:** 

>WT: >WT Code:

>Volume: >Volume Code:

<WT: <WT Code:

<Volume: <Volume Code:

% Low WT: % Low WT Code: % High WT: % High WT Code:

% Low Volume: % Low Volume Code:

**%** High Volume: **%** High Volume Code:

% Text: N/K

**% Environmental Weight:** Other REC Limits: N/K

OSHA PEL: N/K (FP N) OSHA PEL Code: M

**OSHA STEL: OSHA STEL Code:** 

ACGIH TLV: N/K (FP N) ACGIH TLV Code: M

**ACGIH STEL:** N/P **ACGIH STEL Code:** 

EPA Reporting Quantity: DOT Reporting Quantity: Ozone Depleting Chemical:

# Section 3 - Hazards Identification, Including Emergency Overview TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

Health Hazards Acute & Chronic: CONT LENSES SHOULD NOT BE WORN IN LAB. ALL CHEMS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED HAZ-AVOID DIRECT PHYS CONT! CAN BE HARMFUL IF ABSORB THRU SKIN. CAN BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAN BE FATAL IF ABSORB THRU SKIN! CAN B E FATAL IF INHALED! MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED! SUSPECTED CARCIN-MAY PRDCE CANCER. LACHRYMATOR-CAUSES (EFTS OF OVEREXP)

## **Signs & Symptoms of Overexposure:**

HLTH HAZ: SEV EYE IRRIT. VAPS &/OR DIRECT EYE CONT CAN CAUSE SEV EYE BURNS. CAN CAUSE EYE IRRIT. VAPS &/OR DIRECT EYE CONT CAN CAUSE SEV EYE BURNS. CAN CAUSE EYE IRRIT. CAN CAUSE SKIN IRRIT. CAN CAUSE SKIN BURNS. CAN CAUSE SEV SKIN BURNS. CAN BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAN CAUSE LIVER INJ. CAN CAUSE KIDNEY INJ. (SUPDAT)

# **Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**LD50 LC50 Mixture:** LD50 (ORAL,RAT): 8850 MG/KG.

# **Route of Entry Indicators:**

**Inhalation:** YES

**Skin:** YES **Ingestion:** YES

## **Carcenogenicity Indicators**

NTP: YES IARC: YES OSHA: NO

Carcinogenicity Explanation: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE: IARC MONOGRAPHS SUPP, VOL 7, PG 355, 1987: GRP 2B. NTP 7TH ANNUAL REPORT ON CARCINS, 1994: (SUPDAT)

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

#### First Aid:

AN ANTIDOTE IS SUBSTANCE INTENDED TO COUNTERACT EFT OF POIS. IT SHOULD BE ADMIN ONLY BY PHYS/TRAINED EMER PERS. MED ADVICE CAN BE OBTAINED FROM POIS CNTRL CNTR. EYE: FLUSH CONTINUOUSLY W/WATER FOR AT LST 15-20 MINS. SKIN: FLUSH W/WATER FOR15-20 MINS. IF NO BURNS HAVE OCCURRED-USE SOAP & WATER TO CLEANSE SKIN. INHAL: REMOVE PATIENT TO FRESH AIR. ADMIN OXYGEN IF PATIENT IS HAVING DFCLTY (SUPDAT)

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

### **Fire Fighting Procedures:**

WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA AND FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FP N).

**Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazard:** 

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**Extinguishing Media:** 

CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL POWDER OR SPRAY.

Flash Point: Flash Point Text: NON-FLAMMABLE

### **Autoignition Temperature:**

**Autoignition Temperature Text:** N/A

**Lower Limit(s):** N/A **Upper Limit(s):** N/A

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

# **Spill Release Procedures:**

EVACUATE AREA. WEAR APPROPRIATE OSHA REGULATED EQUIPMENT. VENTILATE AREA. ABSORB ON VERMICULITE OR SIMILAR MATERIAL. SWEEP UP AND PLACE IN AN

APPROPRIATE CONTAINER. HOLD FOR DISPOSAL. WASH CONTAMINATE D SURFACES TO REMOVE ANY RESIDUES.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

# **Handling and Storage Precautions:**

**Other Precautions:** 

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls & Personal Protection TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

# **Repiratory Protection:**

WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR APPROPRIATE FOR EXPOSURE OF CONCERN (FP N).

**Ventilation:** 

CHEMICAL SHOULD BE HANDLED ONLY IN HOOD.

**Protective Gloves:** 

IMPERVIOUS GLOVES (FP N).

Eye Protection: ANSI APPRVD CHEM WORKERS GOGG & (ING 4)

Other Protective Equipment: USE APPROPRIATE OSHA/MSHA APPROVED SAFETY

EQUIPMENT.EMER EYEWASH & DELUGE SHOWER WHICH MEET ANSI DESIGN CRITERIA

(FP N).

Work Hygenic Practices: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Supplemental Health & Safety Information: EXPLAN OF CARCIN: ANTIC TO BE CARCIN. ANIMAL: LIVER TUMORS. EFTS OF OVEREXP: CAN BE IRRIT TO MUC MEMB. PRLNGD EXPOS MAY CAUSE NAUS/HDCH, DIZZ &/OR EYE DMG. AVOID CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL BEFORE & AFTER HNDLG OF CMPD BECAUSE IT WILL INCR TOX OF CMPD. FIRST AID PROC: BRTHG. IF PATIENT HAS STOPPED BRTHG ADMIN ARTF (ING 2)

# Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

HCC:

NRC/State License Number: Net Property Weight for Ammo:

**Boiling Point: Boiling Point Text: 250F,121C** 

Melting/Freezing Point: Melting/Freezing Text: 71.6F,22C

**Decomposition Point: Decomposition Text:** N/K **Vapor Pressure:** 14 @ 20C **Vapor Density:** N/A

**Percent Volatile Organic Content:** 

Specific Gravity: 1.623

**Volatile Organic Content Pounds per Gallon:** 

**pH**: N/K

Volatile Organic Content Grams per Liter:

Viscosity: N/P

**Evaporation Weight and Reference: NOT APPLICABLE** 

Solubility in Water: INSOLUBLE

**Appearance and Odor:** COLORLESS LIQUID.

**Percent Volatiles by Volume:** N/K

**Corrosion Rate:** N/K

# Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity Data TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

Stability Indicator: YES Materials to Avoid:

STRONG BASES, OXIDIZING AGENTS.

**Stability Condition to Avoid:** 

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

DECOMPOSITION LIBERATES TOXIC FUMES. DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS ARE

CORROSIVE.

**Hazardous Polymerization Indicator:** NO **Conditions to Avoid Polymerization:** 

NOT RELEVANT.

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

## **Toxicological Information:**

N/P

# Section 12 - Ecological Information TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

## **Ecological Information:**

N/P

# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

### **Waste Disposal Methods:**

BURN IN CHEMICAL INCINERATOR EQUIPPED WITH AN AFTERBURNER AND SCRUBBER. DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS (FP N).

# Section 14 - MSDS Transport Information TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

# **Transport Information:**

N/P

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

### **SARA Title III Information:**

N/P

**Federal Regulatory Information:** 

N/P

**State Regulatory Information:** 

N/P

# Section 16 - Other Information TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

## **Other Information:**

N/P

### **HAZCOM Label Information**

**Product Identification:** TETRACHLOROETHENE, 0-663

**CAGE:** 84898

**Assigned Individual:** N

Company Name: CHEM SERVICE INC

Company PO Box: 3108

**Company Street Address1:** N/K

Company Street Address2: WEST CHESTER, PA 19381 US

Health Emergency Telephone: 215-692-3026

**Label Required Indicator:** Y **Date Label Reviewed:** 11/03/1994

**Status Code:** C

Manufacturer's Label Number: Date of Label: 11/03/1994 Year Procured: N/K

Organization Code: G

Chronic Hazard Indicator: Y Eye Protection Indicator: YES Skin Protection Indicator: YES

**Respiratory Protection Indicator: YES** 

Signal Word: WARNING Health Hazard: Moderate Contact Hazard: Moderate

Fire Hazard: None

Reactivity Hazard: None

8/9/2002 8:48:02 AM

MSDS Number: **T4914** \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: **05/26/09** \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: **07/06/06** 



From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. And Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

# 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE

# 1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Methyl chloroform; trichloroethane; chloroetene

**CAS No.:** 71-55-6

**Molecular Weight:** 133.40 **Chemical Formula:** CH3CCl3

**Product Codes:** 9435, 9437, W509, W510

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Methyl Chloroform	71-55-6	96 - 100%	Yes
Dioxane	123-91-1	< 3%	Yes
1,2-Epoxybutane	106-88-7	< 0.5%	Yes
Actual concentrations proprietary			

# 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

-----

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD. CONTAINS DIOXANE WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**SAF-T-DATA**<sup>(tm)</sup> Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Health Rating: 3 - Severe (Cancer Causing)

Flammability Rating: 1 - Slight Reactivity Rating: 1 - Slight Contact Rating: 3 - Severe (Life)

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES; LAB COAT; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: Blue (Health)

\_\_\_\_\_

## **Potential Health Effects**

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#### **Inhalation:**

Inhalation of vapors will irritate the respiratory tract. Affects the central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, dizziness, weakness, nausea. Higher levels of exposure (> 5000 ppm) can cause irregular heart beat, kidney and liver damage, fall in blood pressure, unconsciousness and even death.

### **Ingestion:**

Harmful if swallowed. Symptoms similar to inhalation will occur along with nausea, vomiting. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. If aspirated, may be rapidly absorbed through the lungs and result in injury to other body systems.

# **Skin Contact:**

Causes mild irritation and redness, especially on prolonged contact. Repeated contact may cause drying or flaking of the skin.

## **Eye Contact:**

Liquids and vapors cause irritation. Symptoms include tearing, redness, stinging, swelling.

# **Chronic Exposure:**

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Chronic exposure may affect the kidneys and liver. Dioxane is a suspected human carcinogen based on animal data.

# **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

Personnel with CNS, kidney, liver or heart disease may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance. Use of alcoholic beverages may aggravate symptoms.

# 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

## **Ingestion:**

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician.

# **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

### Fire:

Autoignition temperature: 500C (932F) Flammable limits in air % by volume:

lel: 7.0; uel: 16.0

Vapors in containers can explode if subjected to high energy source.

Dioxane has a flash point below 16C (60F).

#### **Explosion:**

Can react with strong caustic, such as potash to form a flammable or explosive material. Air/vapor mixtures may explode when heated. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

# Fire Extinguishing Media:

Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.

# **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Combustion by-products include phosgene and hydrogen chloride gases. Structural firefighters' clothing provides only limited protection to the combustion products of this material.

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! Do not use aluminum, magnesium or zinc metal for storage container. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Isolate from any source of heat or ignition. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product. Do not use aluminum equipment or storage containers. Contact with aluminum parts in a pressurized fluid system may cause violent reactions.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):

350 ppm (TWA) for trichloroethane

100 ppm (TWA) skin for dioxane

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

350 ppm (TWA), 450 ppm (STEL) for trichloroethane

20 ppm (TWA) skin, A3 - Animal Carcinogen for dioxane

# **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation*, *A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

# **Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):**

If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, wear a supplied air, full-facepiece respirator, airlined hood, or full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus. Breathing air quality must meet the requirements of the OSHA respiratory protection standard (29CFR1910.134). This substance has questionable warning properties. Where respirators are required, you must have a written program covering the basic requirements in the OSHA respirator standard. These include training, fit testing, medical approval, cleaning, maintenance, cartridge change schedules, etc. See 29CFR1910.134 for details.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Viton is a recommended material for personal protective equipment.

# **Eye Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

## **Appearance:**

Clear, colorless liquid.

Odor:

Mild chloroform-like odor.

**Solubility:** 

4,400 ppm in water @ 20C (68F)

**Specific Gravity:** 

1.34 @ 20C/4C

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

100

**Boiling Point:** 

74C (165F)

**Melting Point:** 

-32C (-26F)

Vapor Density (Air=1):

4.63

**Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):** 

100 @ 20C (68F)

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):** 

12.8

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

## **Stability:**

Requires inhibitor content to prevent corrosion of metals. Slowly hydrolyzes in water to form hydrochloric and acetic acid.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

May produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and phosgene when heated to decomposition. Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

# **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Hazardous polymerization can occur in contact with aluminum trichloride.

# **Incompatibilities:**

Open flames, welding arcs, nitrogen tetroxide, oxygen, liquid oxygen, sodium, sodium hydroxide, and sodium-potassium alloy, strong alkalis, oxidizers, aluminum and other reactive metals.

#### **Conditions to Avoid:**

Insufficient inhibitor, incompatibles, heat, flame and ignition sources

# 11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD50: 9600 mg/kg; inhalation rat LC50: 18000 ppm/4H; investigated as a mutagen, tumorigen, reproductive effector; irritation eye rabbit, Standard Draize, 2mg/24H severe.

\Cancer Lists\			
	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Methyl Chloroform (71-55-6)	No	No	3
Dioxane (123-91-1)	No	Yes	2B
1,2-Epoxybutane (106-88-7)	No	No	2B

# 12. Ecological Information

#### **Environmental Fate:**

When released into the soil, this material is not expected to biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material may be removed from the atmosphere to a moderate extent by wet deposition. When released to the atmosphere, this material has an average global half-life of 6.0 - 6.9 years. When released into the air, this material may adversely affect the ozone layer.

# **Environmental Toxicity:**

This material is expected to be slightly toxic to aquatic life. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are between 10 and 100 mg/l.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

**Proper Shipping Name:** 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE

Hazard Class: 6.1 UN/NA: UN2831 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size: 20L** 

# 15. Regulatory Information

\Chomical Inventory Status

Ingredient	TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Methyl Chloroform (71-55-6)	Yes			Yes
Dioxane (123-91-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
1,2-Epoxybutane (106-88-7)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 2\				
			anada	
Ingredient				Phil.
Methyl Chloroform (71-55-6)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Dioxane (123-91-1)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
1,2-Epoxybutane (106-88-7)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
\Federal, State & International Regulation	cions -	Part :	1\	
-SAI				A 313
Ingredient RQ				mical Catg
Methyl Chloroform (71-55-6) No			 3	
Dioxane (123-91-1) No			5	
1,2-Epoxybutane (106-88-7) No	No	Yes	3	No
\Federal, State & International Regula	cions -	Part 2	2\	
		_	T	
		261.33	3 8	(d)
Methyl Chloroform (71-55-6) 100		U226		
Dioxane (123-91-1) 100		U108	N	o
1,2-Epoxybutane (106-88-7) 100		No	N	Ю
nemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12(b): RA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Fire				
eactivity: No (Mixture / Liquid)				

## **WARNING:**

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

**Australian Hazchem Code: 2[Z]** 

**Poison Schedule: S6** 

**WHMIS:** 

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

**Label Hazard Warning:** 

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH

SKIN. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD. CONTAINS DIOXANE WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

### **Label Precautions:**

Avoid breathing vapor.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

#### **Label First Aid:**

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases call a physician.

### **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

## **Revision Information:**

MSDS Section(s) changed since last revision of document include: 3.

#### Disclaimer:

\*

**Prepared by:** Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# (POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS)

#### COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients Name: polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)

## **HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Reports of Carcinogenicity: YES

## HEALTH HAZARDS ACUTE AND CHRONIC

- **Eyes**: Moderately irritating to eye tissues.
- Skin: Can be absorbed through intact skin, may cause de-fatting, potential for chloracne.
- **Inhalation**: Possible liver injury.
- <u>Ingestion</u>: Slightly toxic; reasonably anticipated to be carcinogenic.

### **EFFECTS OF OVER-EXPOSURE**

Can cause dermatological symptoms; however, these are reversible upon removal of exposure source.

## FIRST AID MEASURES

- **Eyes**: Irrigate immediately with copious quantities of running water for at least 15 minutes if liquid or solid PCBs get into them.
- **Skin:** Contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed thoroughly with soap and water. Hot PCBs may cause thermal burns.
- <u>Inhalation</u>: Remove to fresh air; if skin rash or respiratory irritation persists, consult a physician (if electrical equipment arcs over, PCBs may decompose to produce hydrochloric acid).
- <u>Ingestion</u>: Consult a physician. Do not induce vomiting or give any oily laxatives. (If large amounts are ingested, gastric lavage is suggested).

**FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:** Flash Point: >141 °C (285.8 °F)

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** PCBs are fire-resistant compounds.

## FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Standard fire-fighting wearing apparel and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn when fighting fires that involve possible exposure to chemical combustion products. Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated after use.

#### UNUSUAL FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD

If a PCB transformer is involved in a fire-related incident, the owner of the transformer is required to report the incident. Consult and follow appropriate federal, provincial and local regulations.

<u>Note</u>: When askarel liquid becomes involved in a fire, toxic by-products of combustion are typically produced including polychlorinated dibenzofurans and polychlorinated dibenzodioxins, both known carcinogens. The structures of these chemical species are as follows:

CI CI CI CI 
$$C_{12}$$
  $H_{8-n}$ CI  $C_{10}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{12}$   $C_{13}$   $C_{14}$   $C_{15}$   $C_{1$ 

# 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzofuran

CI 
$$C_{12}$$
  $H_{8-n}$   $Cl_n$   $O_2$   $Cl_n$   $O_2$   $O_3$   $O_4$   $O_4$   $O_5$   $O_5$   $O_7$   $O_8$   $O_8$   $O_8$   $O_9$   $O_9$ 

2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin

<u>Note</u>: 2,3,7,8-tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin is one of the most potent teratogenic, mutagenic and carcinogenic agents known to man.

#### SPILL RELEASE PROCEDURES

Cleanup & disposal of liquid PCBs are strictly regulated by the federal government. Ventilate area. Contain spill/leak. Remove spill by means of absorptive material. Spill clean-up personnel should use proper protective clothing. All wastes and residues containing PCBs should be collected, containerized, marked and disposed of in the manner prescribed by applicable federal, provincial and local laws.

## **HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS**

Care should be taken to prevent entry into the environment through spills, leakage, use, vaporization, or disposal of liquid. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapours or mists. Avoid contact with eyes or prolonged contact with skin. Comply with all federal, provincial and local regulations.

### OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Federal regulations require PCBs, PCB items, storage areas, transformer vaults, and transport vehicles to be appropriately labelled.

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use OHSA approved equipment when airborne exposure limits are exceeded. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical splash goggles. The respirator use limitations specified by the manufacturer must be observed.

### **VENTILATION**

Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure levels.

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES:** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Wear chemical splash goggles and have eye baths available.

### OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Wear appropriate protective clothing. Provide a safety shower at any location where skin contact can occur.

#### WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Wash thoroughly after handling. Supplemental safety and health: none

## PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Vapour pressure:** (mm Hg @100 °F) 0.005 0.00006
- **Viscosity:** (CENTISTOKES) 3.6 540
- Stability indicator/materials to avoid: Yes
- Stability Condition to Avoid: PCBs are very stable, fire-resistant compounds.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, phenolics, aldehydes, furans, dioxins

### WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS

Consult the applicable PCB regulations prior to any disposal of PCBs or PCB-contaminated items.

MSDS Number: **C0071** \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 11/21/08 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 02/16/06



From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. And Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

# CADMIUM, 1,000 ug/mL or 10,000 ug/mL

# 1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Single Element Plasma Standards; Atomic Absorption Standards

**CAS No.:** Not applicable to mixtures.

**Molecular Weight:** Not applicable to mixtures. **Chemical Formula:** Not applicable to mixtures.

**Product Codes:** 5709, 5723, 6447

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.1 - 1%	Yes
Nitric Acid	7697-37-2	< 4%	Yes
Water	7732-18-5	> 95%	No

# 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

DANGER! CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. VAPOR IRRITATING TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. INHALATION MAY CAUSE LUNG AND TOOTH DAMAGE. MAY AFFECT RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, KIDNEYS, PROSTATE, AND BLOOD. CANCER HAZARD. CAN CAUSE CANCER. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**SAF-T-DATA**(tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

.....

Health Rating: 3 - Severe (Cancer Causing)

Flammability Rating: 0 - None Reactivity Rating: 1 - Slight

Contact Rating: 3 - Severe (Corrosive)

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD;

PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: White (Corrosive)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### **Potential Health Effects**

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Nitric acid is extremely hazardous; it is corrosive, reactive, an oxidizer, and a poison. The following hazards are for concentrated solutions. Hazards of less concentrated solutions may be reduced. Degree of hazard for reduced concentrations is not currently addressed in the available literature.

#### **Inhalation:**

Corrosive! Inhalation of vapors can cause coughing, choking, inflammation of the nose, throat, and upper respiratory tract, and in severe cases, pulmonary edema, circulatory failure, and death.

### **Ingestion:**

Corrosive! Swallowing can cause immediate pain and burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, and in severe cases, death.

### **Skin Contact:**

Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns. Concentrated solutions cause deep ulcers and stain skin a yellow or yellow-brown color.

# **Eye Contact:**

Corrosive! Vapors are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. Contact may cause severe burns and permanent eye damage.

# **Chronic Exposure:**

Long-term exposure to concentrated vapors may cause erosion of teeth and lung damage. Long-term exposures seldom occur due to the corrosive properties of the acid. Chronic exposure to cadmium, even at relatively low concentrations, may result in permanent damage to the kidney and lung, may damage the liver, may cause anemia, loss of smell, and increase risk of cancer of the lung and of the prostate.

# **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, or eye or cardiopulmonary diseases may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance.

# 4. First Aid Measures

Immediate first aid treatment reduces the health effects of this substance.

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

## **Ingestion:**

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

# **Skin Contact:**

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

## **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Fire:

Not combustible, but concentrated material is a strong oxidizer and its heat of reaction with reducing agents or combustibles may cause ignition.

## **Explosion:**

Concentrated material reacts explosively with combustible organic or readily oxidizable materials such as: alcohols, turpentine, charcoal, organic refuse, metal powder, hydrogen sulfide, etc. Reacts with most metals to release hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.

## Fire Extinguishing Media:

Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.

## **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime), then absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

J. T. Baker NEUTRASORB® acid neutralizers are recommended for spills of this product.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Never use hot water and never add water to the acid. Water added to acid can cause uncontrolled boiling and splashing. When opening metal containers, use non-sparking tools because of the possibility of hydrogen gas being present. Wear special protective equipment (Sec. 8) for maintenance break-in or where exposures may exceed established exposure levels. Wash hands, face, forearms and neck when exiting restricted areas. Shower, dispose of outer clothing, change to clean garments at the end of the day. Avoid cross-contamination of street clothes. Wash hands before eating and do not eat, drink, or smoke in workplace. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) -

For nitric acid:

2 ppm (TWA).

For cadmium, elemental and compounds:

0.005 mg/m3 (TWA); 0.0025 mg/m3 (Action Level); OSHA Cancer Hazard.

- ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV) -

For nitric acid:

2 ppm (TWA); 4 ppm (STEL).

For cadmium, elemental and compounds (inhalable particulate):

0.01 mg/m3 (TWA), A2 - Suspected human carcinogen.

For cadmium, elemental and compounds (respirable fraction):

0.002 mg/m3 (TWA), A2 - Suspected human carcinogen.

### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation*, *A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

# **Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):**

If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, wear a supplied air, full-facepiece respirator, airlined hood, or full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus. Breathing air quality must meet the requirements of the OSHA respiratory

protection standard (29CFR1910.134). Canister-type respirators using sorbents are ineffective. Where respirators are required, you must have a written program covering the basic requirements in the OSHA respirator standard. These include training, fit testing, medical approval, cleaning, maintenance, cartridge change schedules, etc. See 29CFR1910.134 for details.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Rubber or neoprene gloves and additional protection including impervious boots, apron, or coveralls, as needed in areas of unusual exposure to prevent skin contact.

## **Eve Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

### **Other Control Measures:**

Eating, drinking, and smoking should not be permitted in areas where solids or liquids containing cadmium compounds are handled, processed, or stored. See OSHA substance-specific standard for more information on personal protective equipment, engineering and work practice controls, medical surveillance, record keeping, and reporting requirements. (29 CFR 1910.1027).

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

# **Appearance:**

Clear, colorless liquid.

Odor:

Odorless.

**Solubility:** 

Soluble in water.

**Specific Gravity:** 

No information found.

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

99

**Boiling Point:** 

No information found.

**Melting Point:** 

No information found.

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Not applicable.

**Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):** 

Not applicable.

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):** 

No information found.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Stability:** 

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

When heated to decomposition, emits toxic nitrogen oxides fumes and hydrogen nitrate.

## **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

# **Incompatibilities:**

A dangerously powerful oxidizing agent, concentrated nitric acid is incompatible with most substances, especially strong bases, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, and combustible organics.

## **Conditions to Avoid:**

Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

# 11. Toxicological Information

# **Toxicological Data:**

Nitric acid: Investigated as a mutagen and reproductive effector. Cadmium: Oral rat LD50 2330 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50 25 mg/m3/30M; Investigated as a tumorigen, mutagen and reproductive effector.

## **Reproductive Toxicity:**

For cadmium: May damage the reproductive system.

# **Carcinogenicity:**

For cadmium:

EPA / IRIS classification: Group B1 - Probable human carcinogen, limited human evidence.

Regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen.

\Cancer Lists\			
Ingredient	NTP Known	Carcinogen Anticipated	IARC Category
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	Yes	No	1
Nitric Acid (7697-37-2)	No	No	None
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	None

# 12. Ecological Information

#### **Environmental Fate:**

No information found.

# **Environmental Toxicity:**

No information found.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

**Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)** 

-----

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(NITRIC ACID) Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN3264 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size:** 150ML

**International (Water, I.M.O.)** 

-----

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(NITRIC ACID) Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN3264 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size:** 150ML

**International (Air, I.C.A.O.)** 

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(NITRIC ACID) Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN3264 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size:** 150ML

# 15. Regulatory Information

Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1\				
Ingredient	TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Nitric Acid (7697-37-2)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water (7732-18-5)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part	2\				
Ingredient			a DSL		Phil.
Cadmium (7440-43-9)			Yes		
Nitric Acid (7697-37-2)		Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Water (7732-18-5)		Yes	Yes	No	Yes
\Federal, State & International Re					
					313
Ingredient					ical Catg.
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	No		Yes		
Nitric Acid (7697-37-2)	1000	1000	Yes		
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	No		No
\Federal, State & International Re	gulati	ons -	Part 2\		
			-RCRA-	-TS	CA-
Ingredient			261.33		
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	10		No		
Nitric Acid (7697-37-2)	1000		No	No	
Water (7732-18-5)	No		No		
Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12	(b):	No	CDTA:	No	
SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes					
Reactivity: No (Mixture / Liquid)					

#### **WARNING:**

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS CHEMICALS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER AND BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

**Poison Schedule:** S6

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

**Label Hazard Warning:** 

DANGER! CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. VAPOR IRRITATING TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. INHALATION MAY CAUSE LUNG AND TOOTH DAMAGE. MAY AFFECT RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, KIDNEYS, PROSTATE, AND BLOOD. CANCER HAZARD. CAN CAUSE CANCER. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

## **Label Precautions:**

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed.

### **Label First Aid:**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In all cases get medical attention immediately.

#### **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

#### **Revision Information:**

MSDS Section(s) changed since last revision of document include: 3.

#### **Disclaimer:**

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\*

**Prepared by:** Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

MSDS Number: C4304 \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 11/21/08 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 02/16/06



From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. And Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

# Chromium, 1,000 ug/mL or 10,000 ug/mL

# 1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Single Element Plasma Standard; Atomic Absorption Standard

**CAS No.:** Not applicable to mixtures.

Molecular Weight: Not applicable to mixtures. Chemical Formula: Not applicable to mixtures.

**Product Codes:** 5711, 5727, 6449

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.1 - 1%	Yes
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	< 2%	Yes
Water	7732-18-5	> 97%	No

# 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

DANGER! CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. VAPOR IRRITATING TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. INHALATION MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE.

**SAF-T-DATA**(tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

-----

Health Rating: 3 - Severe (Life) Flammability Rating: 0 - None Reactivity Rating: 1 - Slight

Contact Rating: 3 - Severe (Corrosive)

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD;

PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: White (Corrosive)

#### **Potential Health Effects**

-----

Health hazards given on this data sheet apply to concentrated solutions of hydrochloric acid. Hazards of dilute solutions may be reduced, depending upon the concentration. Degree of hazard for these reduced concentrations is not currently addressed in the available literature.

#### **Inhalation:**

Corrosive! Inhalation of vapors can cause coughing, choking, inflammation of the nose, throat, and upper respiratory tract, and in severe cases, pulmonary edema, circulatory failure, and death.

## **Ingestion:**

Corrosive! Swallowing hydrochloric acid can cause immediate pain and burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, and in severe cases, death.

### **Skin Contact:**

Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns. Concentrated solutions cause deep ulcers and discolor skin.

### **Eve Contact:**

Corrosive! Vapors are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. Contact may cause severe burns and permanent eye damage.

### **Chronic Exposure:**

Long-term exposure to concentrated vapors may cause erosion of teeth. Long term exposures seldom occur due to the corrosive properties of the acid. Chronic exposure to chromium may cause skin or lung allergy.

## **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye disease may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance.

# 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

## **Ingestion:**

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

# **Eve Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Fire:

Not considered to be a fire hazard. Extreme heat or contact with metals can release flammable hydrogen gas.

#### **Explosion:**

Contact of concentrated solutions with most metals causes formation of flammable and explosive hydrogen gas.

# Fire Extinguishing Media:

Water or water spray. Neutralize with soda ash or slaked lime.

#### **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Structural firefighter's protective clothing is ineffective for fires involving hydrochloric acid. Stay away from ends of tanks. Cool tanks with water spray until well after fire is out.

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime), then absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

J. T. Baker NEUTRASORB® acid neutralizers are recommended for spills of this product.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes. When diluting, the acid should always be added slowly to water and in small amounts. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

For Hydrochloric acid:

- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):
- 5 ppm (Ceiling)
- ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):
- 2 ppm (Ceiling), A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

For Chromium (metal, inorganic Cr, and Cr III) compounds:

- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):
- 1 mg/m3 (TWA).
- ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):
- 0.5 mg/m3 (TWA), A4 not classifiable as human carcinogen.

### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation*, *A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

### **Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):**

If the exposure limit is exceeded, a full facepiece respirator with an acid gas cartridge may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Rubber or neoprene gloves and additional protection including impervious boots, apron, or coveralls, as needed in areas of unusual exposure to prevent skin contact.

#### **Eye Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Appearance:

Clear, colorless liquid.

Odor:

Hydrochloric acid odor.

**Solubility:** 

Complete (100%)

**Specific Gravity:** 

No information found.

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

99

**Boiling Point:** 

No information found.

**Melting Point:** 

No information found.

**Vapor Density (Air=1):** 

Not applicable.

**Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):** 

Not applicable.

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):** 

No information found.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### **Stability:**

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Containers may burst when heated.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

When heated to decomposition, emits toxic hydrogen chloride fumes and will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic and corrosive fumes. Thermal oxidative decomposition produces toxic chlorine fumes and explosive hydrogen gas.

## **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

## **Incompatibilities:**

A strong mineral acid, concentrated hydrochloric acid is incompatible with many substances and highly reactive with strong bases, metals, metal oxides, hydroxides, amines, carbonates and other alkaline materials. Incompatible with materials such as cyanides, sulfides, and formaldehyde.

# **Conditions to Avoid:**

Heat, direct sunlight, incompatibles.

# 11. Toxicological Information

Hydrochloric acid: Inhalation rat LC50: 3124 ppm/1H; Oral rabbit LD50: 900 mg/kg. Investigated as a tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector. For Chromium: Investigated as a tumorigen and mutagen.

\Cancer Lists\			
	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Chromium (7440-47-3)	No	No	3
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	No	No	3
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	None

# 12. Ecological Information

## **Environmental Fate:**

For Hydrochloric Acid (Concentrated Solutions):

When released into the soil, this material is not expected to biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material may leach into groundwater.

# **Environmental Toxicity:**

For Hydrochloric Acid (Concentrated Solutions):

This material may be toxic to aquatic life. LC50 Shrimp: 100-300 ppm/48-hr/salt water;

LC100 trout: 10 mg/l/24-hr; TLm mosquito fish: 282 ppm/96-hr.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

**Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)** 

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(HYDROGEN CHLORIDE)

Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN3264 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size:** 150ML

**International (Water, I.M.O.)** 

-----

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(HYDROGEN CHLORIDE)

Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN3264 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size:** 150ML

**International (Air, I.C.A.O.)** 

-----

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

(HYDROGEN CHLORIDE)

Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN3264 Packing Group: III

**Information reported for product/size:** 150ML

# 15. Regulatory Information

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part Ingredient		TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Chromium (7440-47-3)					Yes
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)					Yes
Water (7732-18-5)		Yes			Yes
\Chemical Inventory Status - Part	2\			 anada	
Ingredient		Korea	_		Phil.
Chromium (7440-47-3)			Yes		Yes
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)			Yes	No	Yes
Water (7732-18-5)		Yes	Yes	No	Yes
\Federal, State & International R	-SARA	302-		SAR	A 313
Ingredient	RQ	TPQ	Li	st Che	mical Catg.
Chromium (7440-47-3)				 S	
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	_	_		S	-
Water (7732-18-5)	No				
\Federal, State & International R	egulati			2\ T	
Ingredient	CERCI		_	3 8	
Chromium (7440-47-3)	5000		No	N	O
Hydrogen Chloride (7647-01-0)	5000		No	N	o
Water (7732-18-5)	No		No	N	o
Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 1 SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Reactivity: No (Mixture / Liquid)					

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

**Poison Schedule:** None allocated.

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 1

**Label Hazard Warning:** 

DANGER! CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. VAPOR IRRITATING TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. INHALATION MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE.

# **Label Precautions:**

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapor or mist.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Keep container closed.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

## **Label First Aid:**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In all cases get medical attention immediately.

### **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

### **Revision Information:**

MSDS Section(s) changed since last revision of document include: 3.

#### **Disclaimer:**

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\*

**Prepared by:** Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

**APPENDIX B**Maintenance and Monitoring Equipment and Tool List

# Site 1 – Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System NWIRP Bethpage, NY

# Maintenance and Monitoring Equipment and Tool List

<b>Equipment Name</b>	Model	Part – Description	Part Number
Dayton Utility Pump	Dayton 1P580	12VDC Portable Utility	Grainger # 1P580
		Pump	_
Purge Pump	Whale WP4012 Mini	Groundwater Purging	
	Purger	Pump	
Pressure Gauge	Dwyer	0-1 inches of water	2001 Magnehelic
Pressure Gauge	Dwyer	0-10 inches of water	2010 Magnehelic
Tool Set	Craftsman	154 Piece Mechanics	<u>9</u> 35154

# PROCESS EQUIPMENT

Tag Number	Description
M-1	Moisture Separator
F-1	Make-up Air Filter/Silencer
F-2	Blower Air Filter
B-1A	Blower B-1A
B-1B	Blower B-1B
VGAC-1	Vapor-phase Granular Activated Carbon Unit
P-1	Condensate Pump
FMS	Flow Monitoring Station – 8' X 20' steel container

# Moisture Separator Tank

Tag No.: M-1

Name: Moisture Separator Tank

Type: Vertical, Cylindrical, Closed-top, Vented Rating: 1,000 Gallons, 5 ft DIA 4 ft H sideshell

Manufacturer: Tetrasolv Filtration

# Soil Vapor Extraction Blowers

Tag No: B-1A and B-1B

Name: Soil Vapor Extraction Blower

Rating: 600 CFM, 40 i.w.

Manufacturer: National Turbine Corporation Model: Millennium Series Model M24-319R

Serial No.: 291055-A and 291055-B

Motor

Manufacturer: WEG Electric Corporation Rating: 7.5 HP, 460V 60Hz 3Phase, Induction

Model: 00735OP3E184T

Vapor-phase Granular Activated Carbon Adsorber

Tag No.: VGAC-1

Name: Vapor Phase Granular Activated Carbon Adsorber

Type: Rectangular Carbon Adsorption Vessel

Rating: 1,000 CFM

Operating Conditions: 5 i.w. max pressure

Manufacturer: Tetrasolv Filtration

Model: VF-5000

Carbon Details: 4 x 10 US mesh virgin carbon

Process Piping
Schedule 40 PVC

Conduit

Galvanized Rigid Metal Conduit

# SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION WELLS

All SVE wells installed with above ground well casing.

Tag Number	Description
SVE-101I	Intermediate Extraction Well
SVE-101D	Deep Extraction Well
SVE-102I	Intermediate Extraction Well
SVE-102D	Deep Extraction Well
SVE-103I	Intermediate Extraction Well
SVE-103D	Deep Extraction Well
SVE-104I	Intermediate Extraction Well
SVE-104D	Deep Extraction Well
SVE-105I	Intermediate Extraction Well
SVE-105D	Deep Extraction Well
SVE-106I	Intermediate Extraction Well
SVE-106D	Deep Extraction Well

# **SOIL VAPOR PRESSURE MONITOR POINTS**

All SVPM points installed with flush mount well man-hole, 6" diameter.

Tag Number	Description	
SVPM-2002-S	Shallow Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2003-S	Shallow Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2002-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	
SVPM-2003-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor	

Tag Number	Description
SVPM-2004-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor
SVPM-2007-I	Intermediate Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor
SVPM-2002-D	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor
SVPM-2004-D	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor
SVPM-2007-D	Deep Soil Vapor Pressure Monitor

# **CONDENSATE PORTS**

Five (5) SCH 40 PVC condensate ports installed with flush mount well man-hole, 12" diameter.

# **VALVES**

Tag Number	Description
BFV-101I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-101I
BFV-101D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-101D
BFV-102I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-102I
BFV-102D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-102D
BFV-103I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-103I
BFV-103D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-103D
BFV-104I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-104I
BFV-104D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-104D
BFV-105I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-105I
BFV-105D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-105D
BFV-106I	Flow Control Valve for SVE-106I
BFV-106D	Flow Control Valve for SVE-106D
BV-101I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE- 101I
BV-101D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE- 101D
BV-102I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE- 102I
BV-105D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE- 105D
BV-106I	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE- 106I
BV-106D	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for SVE-106D
BV-100	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge for manifold in Flow Monitoring Station
BV-101	Isolation Valve Air Bleed to manifold in Flow Monitoring Station

Tag Number	Description			
BFV-101	Butterfly Valve Inlet to Moisture Separator			
BFV-102	Butterfly Valve Inlet to Make-up Air			
	Filter/Silencer			
BFV-103A	Butterfly Valve B-1A Suction Line			
BFV-103B	Butterfly Valve B-1B Suction Line			
BFV-104A	Butterfly Valve B-1A Discharge Line			
BFV-104B	Butterfly Valve B-1B Discharge Line			
BV-102	Isolation Valve Low Pressure Switch			
BV-103	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge Inlet to M-1			
BV-104	Isolation Valve Air Bleed Inlet to M-1			
BV-105	Isolation Valve Vacuum Gauge Suction			
	Line to Blowers			
BV-106	Isolation Valve Pressure Gauge Discharge			
	Line from Blowers			
BV-107	Isolation Valve High Pressure Switch			
BV-108	Isolation Valve Air Bleed Inlet to VGAC-1			
BV-109	Isolation Valve Air Bleed Outlet from			
	VGAC-1			
BV-110	Isolation Valve Pressure Gauge Discharge			
	Line from VGAC-1			
PRV-101	Pressure (Vacuum) Relief Valve Suction			
	Line to Blowers			
PRV-102	Pressure Relief Valve Discharge Line from			
	Blowers			

<u>INSTRUMENTATION</u>
Instrumentation and controls associated with the Soil Vapor Treatment Process Loop are summarized in the following table:

Control	Setpoint	Function
Vacuum Indicator PI-101I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-101I
Vacuum Indicator PI-101D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-101D
Vacuum Indicator PI-102I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-102I
Vacuum Indicator PI-102D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-102D
Vacuum Indicator PI-103I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-103I
Vacuum Indicator PI-103D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-103D
Vacuum Indicator PI-104I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-104I
Vacuum Indicator PI-104D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-104D
Vacuum Indicator PI-105I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-105I
Vacuum Indicator PI-105D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-105D
Vacuum Indicator PI-106I	0-10 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-106I
Vacuum Indicator PI-106D	0-30 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in line from SVE-106D

Control	Setpoint	Function	
Vacuum Indicator PI-100	0-60 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in manifold in Flow	
		Monitoring Station	
Low Vacuum Switch PSL-	45 i.w.	Indicates low vacuum in inlet to moisture	
101		separator tank, M-1	
Vacuum Indicator PI-101	0-60 i.w.	Indicates vacuum in inlet to moisture	
		separator tank, M-1	
High Level Switch LSH-101		Indicates high condensate level in moisture	
		separator tank, M-1	
Differential Pressure	0-10 i.w.	Indicates differential pressure across blower	
Indicator DPI-101 air filter, F-2		,	
Vacuum Indicator PI-102 0-60 i.w.		Indicates vacuum in suction line to blowers	
		B-1A and B-1B	
Pressure Indicator PI-103 0-10 i.w.		Indicates pressure in discharge line from	
		blowers B-1A and B-1B	
Temperature Indicator TI-	20-240 °F	Indicates temperature in discharge line from	
101		blowers B-1A and B-1B	
High Temperature Switch	140 °F	Indicates high temperature in discharge line	
TSH-101		from blowers B-1A and B-1B	
High Pressure Switch PSH-			
101		from blowers B-1A and B-1B	
Pressure Indicator PI-104	0-10 i.w.	-10 i.w. Indicates pressure in discharge line from	
		VGAC-1	

# ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

Tag	Description
PP-1	480V Power Distribution Panel
CP	Control Panel with Autodialer
MS	Motor Starter
V-1	1/4 HP Building Exhaust Fan
V-2	1/4 HP Building Exhaust Fan
L-1	Louver, Fixed Frame with Blades & Bird Screen
L-2	Louver, Fixed Frame with Blades & Bird Screen
H-1A	5KW Heater
H-1B	5 KW Heater
SCP	Security Control Panel with Autodialer
FCP	Fire Alarm Control Panel
FA	Manual Fire Alarm Pull Station - 3
HD	Heat Detector – 4
SD	Smoke Detector – 2
Н	Fire Alarm Horn with Flasher - 3
F	Ceiling Mounted Double Tube Fluorescent Light – 9
XLPI-18	Exit Lighting Fixture – 3

Tag	Description
LPI-18	Emergency Lights - 3
LPI-14	GFCI Duplex Receptacle - 2
LPI-16	GFCI Duplex Receptacle - 3
PP-7	480V 3 Pole Receptacle - 1

APPENDIX C

Spare Parts List

# Site 1 – Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System NWIRP Bethpage, NY

# Spare Parts List

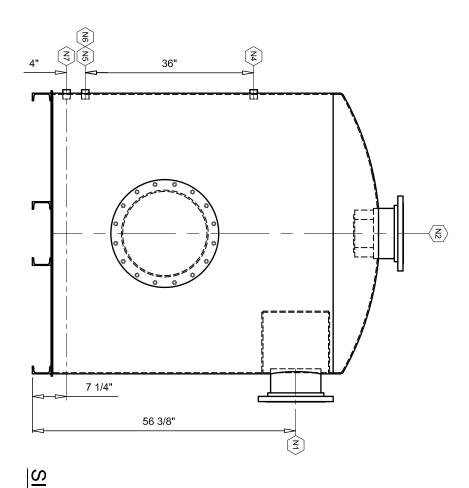
<b>Equipment Name</b>	Model	Part – Description	Part Number

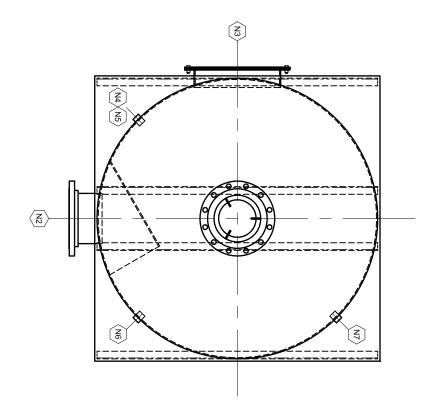
This list is intentionally left blank.

# APPENDIX D

Manufacturer's O&M Manuals

D-1 Moisture Separator Tank M-1





PLAN VIEW
TRUE ORIENTATION

# SIDE ELEVATION VIEW NOT TRUE ORIENTATION

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NGF					2	Þ	U																																	
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DWN .	П				(	기	Г			terial H	terial In	st Weld	Radiography	rrosion.	Test Pressure	WP (Ho	WP (No	MDMT	erating	erating	ternal D	ernal De	ernal De	ssel Co	ssel Re			t	t			7	- <u>1</u>	-1	$\rightarrow$	-	$\rightarrow$	1 10"	rk Slze	
£ .					7	z İ	<			Material Hardness	Material Impact Tests	Post Weld Heat Treat	hy	Corrosion Allowance	ure	MAWP (Hot & Corroded)	MAWP (New & Cold)		Operating Temperature	Operating Pressure	esign Pr	Internal Design Temp	Internal Design Pressure	Vessel Construction	Vessel Registration							150#	150#	150#	$\dashv$	$\rightarrow$	$\dashv$	150#	Rating	l
Δ <u>.</u>									`							_					essure	du	$\overline{}$						t		+	FNPT	$\dashv$	$\dashv$		+	+		у Туре	ı
DATE										n/a	n/a	NONE	NONE	n/a	10 PSI	TBD	TBD		NOT AF	NOT AF	FULL V	100 Deg F.	15 PSIG	n/a	None			+	+			٦ 1	٦ 1	٦ 1	٦ -		<u>2</u>	1	e Qty	l
APP BY:	CHK BY:	DWN BY	JOB#		LOCATION:	CUSTOMER / END USER			PROJECT:						10 PSIG PNEUMATIC				NOT APPLICABLE	NOT APPLICABLE	External Design Pressure FULL VACUUM	g F.	٠,									DRAIN	PUMP OUT	LOWER LE	UPPER LE	INTERNAL ACCESS	PROCESS OUTLET	PROCESS INLET	_	ZON
EP (TF)	TB (IFD)	KB (IFD)	1				60'								>											VESSEL								LOWER LEVEL SWITCH CONNECTION	UPPER LEVEL SWITCH CONNECTION	ACCESS	OUTLET	NLET	Nozzle Descrip	ZLE SCHEI
DATE: AUG 27/09	DATE: AUG 27/09	DATE: AUG 27/09	TAG#	Bethpage, NY	1	BISCO ENVIRONMENTAL	60" DIAMETER x 48" SIDESHELL		NIMIR	Insulation	Color	External Finish	External Intermediate	External Primer	Internal Finish	Internal Primer	External Surface Prep	Internal Surface Prep	Studs & Nuts	Gasket Material	Weight full of Water	Shipping Weight (Empty)	Capacity (Volume)	Vessel Serial Number	Year Built	DESIGN DATA								CTION	CTION				Nozzle Description / or Service	NOZZLE SCHEDULE OF OPENINGS
	SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0" @ (D SIZE	Oly Reqd: ONE	CUST PO:	, NY		NMENTAL	" SIDESHELL	TANK	ס	NONE	Safety Blue	Sherwin Willams 646	n/a	Sherwin Williams	Sherwin Williams 646 - 5 mils DFT	Sherwin Williams 646 - 5 mils DFT	SSPC-SP7 Brush Blast	SSPC-SP10 Near White - 2 mil profile	SA-193-B7 / SA-194-2H	NEOPRENE	(TBA) POUNDS	(TBA) POUNDS	96 FT3	•	2009															VINGS

D-2 Air Filters F-1 and F-2

8

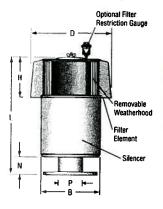
7

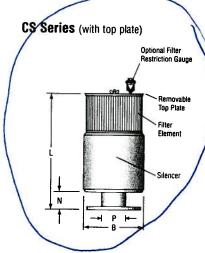
See pages 1.1-1.3

**Filters** 

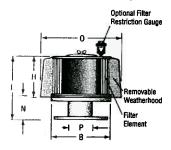
Filter-Silencers

CCS Series (with weatherhood)

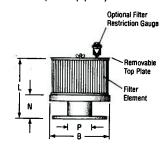




CCF Series (with weatherhood)



CF Series (with top plate)



# **Part Numbers**

Pipe Size	ccs	CS	CCF	CF
1/2	34-K50-TT*	34-M50-TT*		
Y4	34-K70-TT*	34-M70-TT*	Sizes 1/2"-1" Use	CCS or CS Series
1	34-K01-TT*	34-M01-TT*		
11/4	34-K21-TT*	34-M21-TT*	34-L21-TT*	34-N21-TT*
11/2	34-K15-TT*	34-M15-TT*	34-L15-TT*	34-N15-TT*
2	34-K02-TT*	34-M02-TT*	34-L02-TT*	34-N02-TT*
2%	34-K25-TT*	34-M25-TT*	34-L25-TT*	34-N25-TT*
3	34-K03-TT*	34-M03-TT*	34-L03-TT*	34-N03-TT*
31/2	34-K35-TT*	34-M35-TT*	34-L35-TT*	34-N35-TT*
4	34-K04-TT*	34-M04-TT*	34-L04-TT*	34-N04-TT*
4	34-K04-AA*	34-M04-AA*	34-L04-AA*	34-N04-AA*
5	34-K05-TT*	34-M05-TT*	34-L05-TT*	34-N05-TT*
5	34-K05-AA*	34-M05-AA*	34-L05-AA*	34-N05-AA*
6	34-K06-AA*	34-M06-AA*	34-L06-AA*	34-N06-AA*
8	34-K08-AA*	34-M08-AA*	34-L08-AA*	34-N08-AA*
10	34-K10-AA*	34-M10-AA*	34-L10-AA*	34-N10-AA*
12	34-K12-AA*	34-M12-AA*	34-L12-AA*	34-N12-AA*
14	34-K14-AA*	34-M14-AA*	34-L14-AA*	34-N14-AA*
16	34-K16-AA*	34-M16-AA*	34-L16-AA*	34-N16-AA*

"Specify "P" at end of part number for unit with pleated paper elements, "F" for pleated felt or "W" for wire mesh, Refer to page 8.11 for filter element details.

Universal Silencer's cartridge filters and filter-silencers offer highperformance filtration and silencing in a convenient, economical cartridge configuration. Choose from four standard models for pipe sizes ranging from 1/2" to 16" and for flow capacities ranging from 15 to 7,700 CFM. Three types of filter element media—pleated paper, pleated felt, or wire mesh—are available to suit your application.

CCS/CS Series

**CCF/CF Series** 

The CCF and CF series filters are highquality air filters without a silencing section. The CCF has a removable weatherhood, and the CF has a removable top plate. Our CCS and CS intake filter-silencers have a built-in silencing section. The CCS features a removable weatherhood, and the CS has a removable top plate for easy access to the filter element.

# **Performance Benefits**

# : Durability

Weatherhoods for CCF and CCS sizes 21/2" through 5" are rugged blue ABS composite material that may be painted. All other components are carbon steel construction with a high-quality semigloss enamel finish.

# : High Performance

Unique design options, combined with the latest manufacturing techniques, ensure optimum performance and long life even under demanding conditions.

# : Functional

Choice of filter only or filter-silencer.

# : Easy to Maintain

Removable lightweight weatherhood (CCS and CCF) or removable top plate (CS and CF) for easy access to the filter element.

# → Versatile

Interchangeable element options for desired filtration characteristics in the same housing.

# **CCS/CS Series**

**Filter-Silencers** 

# **CCF/CF Series**

**Filters** 

# Noise Attenuation, CCS/CS

Attenuation, dB	Octave Band Center Frequency, Hz
5	63
8	125
10	250
12	500
14	1,000
14	2,000
14	4,000
14	8,000

# Pressure Drop, All Models

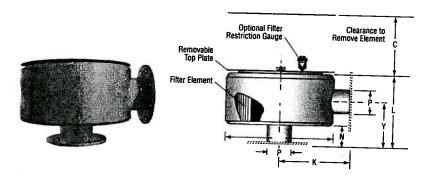
Pressure Orop (in. of H <sub>i</sub> O)	Percentage of Rated Flow
0.7	50%
1.6	75%
2.8	100%
4.4	125%
6.3	150%

	Rated Flow	=					N		W S		ı	75 - 76%	Апргох	Weinht v	rith Paper E	-lements
P (size)	Cap. (CFM)	D	Н	В	CCF	ccs	CF	cs	CCF	ccs	CF	CS	CCF	ccs	CF	cs
1/2	15	8.00	3.13	6.00	Use		Use	7.N. 1 W.	Use	6.50	₹ Usas	6.50	Use	7	Use	7
3/4	22	8.00	3.13	6.00	CCS	_	CS	_	CCS	6.50	CS	6.50	CCS	7	CS	7
1	35	8.00	3.13	6.00	Series		Series	Nation 124	Series	6.50	Series	6.50	Series		Series	
11/4	60	9.00	3.50	6.50					3.50	7.88	3.50	7.88	9	10	5	9
11/2	75	9.00	3.50	6.50	Editoria (E)	Color II		Country of	3.50	7.88	3.50	7.88	9	10	5	9
2	120	9.00	3.50	6.50				TABLE MATER	3.50	7.88	3.50	7.88	8	10	5	8
21/2	190	13.44	6.75	10.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	7.50	17.69	7.13	17.31	11	19	10	18
3	275	13.44	6.75	10.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	7.50	17.69	7.13	17.31	10	18	9	17
31/2	375	13.44	6.75	10.00	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	7.63	17.69	7.25	17.31	13	20	12	19
4 (NPT)	500	13.44	6.75	10.00	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	7.63	17.69	7.25	17.31	12	19	11	18
4 (flanged)	500	13.44	6.75	10.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	10.50	19.63	10.13	19.25	14	21	13	20
5 (NPT)	750	13.44	6.75	10.00	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.81	8.38	18.25	8.00	17.88	12	19	11	18
5 (flanged)	750	13.44	6.75	10.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	10.50	19.56	10.13	19.13	16	23	15	22
6	1,100	18.00	9.50	14.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	13.31	25.25	12.75	24.75	31	43	23	35
8	2,200	20.00	18.00	14.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	21.88	33.88	21.38	33.38	43	56	30	43
10	3,000	24.00	11.50	18.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	15.38	29.25	14.19	28.13	52	83	41	67
12	4,300	24.00	11.50	18.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	15.38	29.25	14.19	28.13	64	91	48	75
14	5,900	30.00	15.44	24.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	19.38	36.25	18.25	35.06	97	143	75	121
16	7,700	30.00	15.44	24.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	19.38	36.25	18.25	35.06	101	145	79	123

All models have a 1/2" FNPT tap for installation of a gauge or manometer to monitor pressure drop. Sizes 1/2" through 31/2" are standard with female pipe thread connection (FNPT). Sizes 4" and 5" are available with female threads or flanges. Please specify "threaded" or "flanged" when you order 4' and 5' sizes. Sizes 6" through 16" are standard with 150# ANSI drilled plate flanges. Rated capacity is based upon exit velocity of approximately 5,500 ft/min. If pressure drop allowance permits, capacity may be increased by as much as 50%.

# **ILFV** Series

Vacuum Service In-line Air Filters





Universal Silencer's new ILFV Series of in-line air filters are designed especially for vacuum applications as an economical alternative to our ILF Series. Choose from ten standard pipe sizes ranging from 2" to 14" and flow capacities ranging from 120 to 5.900 CFM. Two choices of filter element media—pleated paper or pleated felt—are available to suit your specific application.

Universal's Filter Restriction Gauge provides a convenient, accurate means of monitoring filter pressure drop as the filter element becomes increasingly loaded with dirt. In-line air filters are standard with threaded connections for directly mounting the gauge. See p. 9.15 for a complete description.

# **Filter Elements**

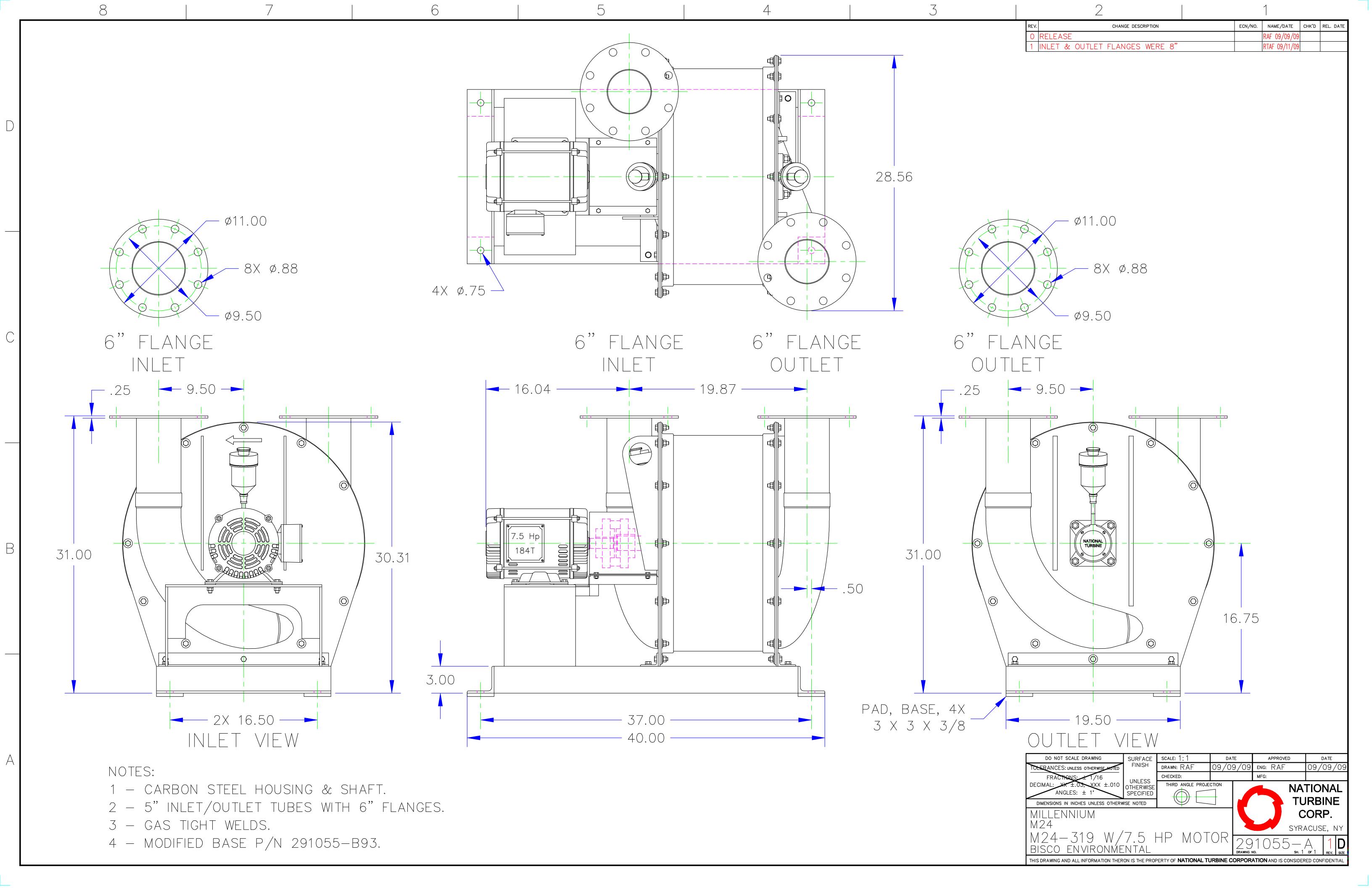
Pleated paper elements offer the highest efficiency and are considered "standard" for the ILFV series units. Pleated felt elements are also available for less demanding service. Both element types are completely interchangeable and will fit in any ILFV housing.

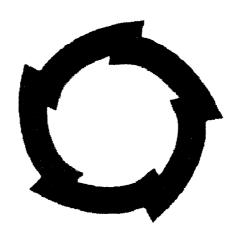
Model	Part Number	P (nom.)	D	٠ ١	N	Υ	С	К	Weight	Rated Cap.
ILFV-2	34-D02-TT*	2	14	9.56	3.5	6.44	7		(est.)	(CFM)
ILFV-21/2	34-D25-TT*	21/2	14	9.56	3.5		-	10	18	120
ILFV-3	34-D03-TT*	3	14	9.56		6.44	fill our team.	10	19	190
ILFV-4	34-D04-TT*	4	14	9.56	3.5	6.44	7	10	20	275
ILFV-5	34-D05-AA*	5	18	The second and second section	3.5	6.44	77	10	21	500
ILFV-6	34-D06-AA*	6		12.00	3.5	7. <b>7</b> 5	10	12	50	750
ILFV-8	34-D08-AA*		18	20.56	3.5	12.00	10	12	65	1,100
ILFV-10		8	24	13.19	3.5	8.35	11	15	90	2,200
	34-D10-AA*	10	24	22.69	3.5	13.00	11	15	125	3,000
ILFV-12	34-D12-AA*	12	30	17.19	3.5	10.35	15	18	160	4,300
ILFV-14	34-D14-AA*	14	30	30.69	3.5	17.00	15	18	205	5.900

All models have a 1/6" FNPT tap for installation of a gauge or manometer to monitor pressure drop. The C dimension is clearance required to remove elements. Non-ASME code construction is suitable for 15" Hg vacuum. Not applicable for pressure applications. Rated capacity is based upon flow velocity of approximately 5500 ft/min. standard with male pipe threaded inlet and outlet fitting (MNPT). Sizes 5" through 14" are standard with plate flanges drilled to ANSI standards (dashed lines on sketch).

<sup>\*</sup>Specify "P" at the end of part number for paper element or "F" for synthetic felt.

D-3 Blowers B-1A and B-1B





# **NATIONAL TURBINE CORPORATION**

# INSTALLATION AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

**MILLENNIUM SERIES** 

**BLOWERS AND EXHAUSTERS** 

NATIONAL TURBINE CORPORATION 374 NORTHERN LIGHTS DRIVE SYRACUSE, NY 13212

> 888-293-7434 FAX- 315-455-5545

### **RECEIVING & STORAGE**

### 1. RECEIVING OF UNIT:

Upon receipt of your new NATIONAL TURBINE blower/exhauster a close visual inspection should be done to insure that no damage has occurred during transit. ANY DAMAGE OBSERVED MUST BE RECORDED IMMEDIATELY ON THE SHIPPING DOCUMENT AND A DAMAGE CLAIM FILED WITH THE RESPONSIBLE CARRIER.

### 2. HANDLING OF UNIT:

Your blower/exhauster is provided with 2 lifting eyes located on the inlet head. We recommend a 3-point lifting method by using the 2 lifting eyes on the unit and the one lifting eye on the motor. **DO NOT LIFT BY SHAFT OR BEARING HOUSINGS. AVOID BENDING OR DISTORTING OF BASE.** 

### 3. STORAGE OF UNIT:

If your blower/exhauster is not going to be installed for a period of up to 90 days then you must store it in a clean, dry, well-ventilated area. The unit must be covered and keep out of the elements. Plastic or canvas is preferred. Rotation of the motor, unit shaft should be done at least once a week to redistribute bearing lubricant and prevent bearing damage. Keep a log of shaft rotation to ensure machine warranty protection.

If the storage of your blower/exhauster is longer than 90 days then in addition to the above storage information you will need to: suspend a bag of silica gel in the inlet and outlet heads to absorb excess moisture, coat exposed machine surfaces with a protective grease and follow motor manufactures instructions so that the motor is properly maintained.

### INSTALLATION

The installation site should be clean and should have adequate space to allow personnel to service and repair the equipment if and when it is required.

The blower/exhauster should be located on a solid, level, and flat surface. The best surface is a concrete slab however; a well reinforced above grade surface is suitable.

Boltholes are provided for shipping and positioning purposes. If floor bolts are used the nuts should be only <u>HAND TIGHTENED</u>, <u>EXCESSIVE TIGHTENING MAY DISTORT THE BASE AND CAUSE EXCESIVE VIBRATION</u>. <u>DO NOT WRENCH TIGHTEN BASE BOLTS</u>. THIS COULD VOID THE EQUIPMENT WARRANTY.

Rubber vibration isolation pads have been supplied. These must be installed under the base as follows: one under each corner of the unit and one under each side of the base at approximately the middle of the unit.

# PRE-STARTUP CHECKS

- 1. A visible inspection should be done to insure unit is on a solid foundation and vibration pads are installed.
- 2. Check motor connection to make sure it is wired properly. Refer to motor nameplate and control panel connections per electrical drawings. If additional items such as: temperature sensors, surge controls, vibrations switch's etc. have been provided then these must be correctly wired per manufacture's instructions.
- 3. Check for and remove any foreign material that might be located in the intake or discharge piping.
- 4. Remove coupling guard and recheck coupling aliment. The blower/exhauster and motor shafts were properly aligned at the factor prior to shipment. However, rough handling in transit could have disturbed this alignment. Therefore alignment must be rechecked and the unit realigned if necessary. Refer to coupling alignment sheet on page 5.
- Lubrication. Your blower/exhauster has been pre-lubricated at the factory. The automatic lubrication system for
  the blower/exhauster bearings should be installed per the attached instruction sheets. Motor bearings should be
  lubricated per manufactures instructions.
- 6. After alignment has been checked the shaft should be rotated by hand several times to insure that the rotation is free and the unit rotor assembly does not rub.

- 7. Bump the motor to insure that the direction of rotation is correct. NOTE: CAUTION SHOULD BE OBSURVED TO KEEP HANDS, FEET AND ANY LOOSE CLOTHING AWAY FROM THIS ROTATING EQUIPMENT. THE COUPLING GUARD IS ONLY REMOVED TO CHECK ALIGNMENT AND ROTATION. NEVER OPERATE THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT THE COUPLING GRARD SECURELY BOLTED IN PLACE.
- 8. To start the blower/exhauster close the butterfly valve on the inlet of the unit and start the unit. It will take about 15 seconds for the unit to come up to full speed. By the use of a clamp on ammeter the amps with the unit running under no load should be recorded.
- 9. Slowly open butterfly valve to increase the airflow until the full load amps of the motor has been reached. Lock the butterfly valve at this point.
- 10. Allow the unit to run until it has reached full operating temperature. This should take about 15 minutes.
- 11. Now that the blower/exhauster is running check for unusual noises and vibration. NOTE: IF ANY DETECTION OF NOISE OR VIBRATION SHUT UNIT DOWN IMMEDIATELY.
- 12. Now that the blower/exhauster is running a check should be made on any on the operation of any optional item such as: surge protection device, surge prevention device, bearing temperature devices etc. Refer to individual operating instructions sheet for each specific item.

# **ALIGNMENT**

The following procedure is applicable to direct driven machines only. Correct alignment will ensure a long life and trouble free operation of you blower/exhauster.

Misalignment is one of the most common causes of unit vibration and will cause premature bearing failure. <u>NOTE:</u> <u>FINAL SHAFT ALIGNMENT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE INSTALLER/OWNER.</u>

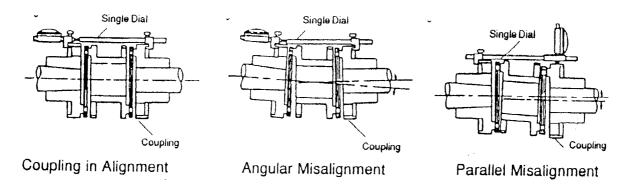
The manufacturer recommended alignment tolerance is +/- .005 inches parallel and .250 degree angular.

The following conditions can affect alignment and can be a factor in trying to achieve a good alignment.

- 1. Base and foundation not level and smooth.
- 2. System piping not isolated with flexible sleeve or expansion joint.
- 3. Blower/exhauster base not mounted on vibration pads.
- 4. Blower/exhauster bolted down

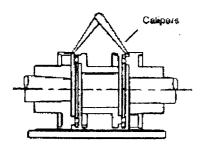
# NOTE: LACK OF VIBRATION ON START-UP DOES NOT INDICATE THAT THE UNIT IS IN PERFECT ALIGNMENT.

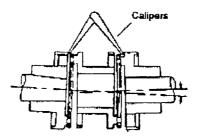
Alignment can be done by several different methods. A laser alignment is the most accurate and quickest method.

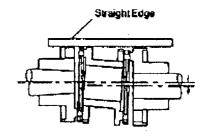


An acceptable, but not as accurate as the laser alignment, can be done by reverse dial indicator. This method involves the use of 2 brackets and measuring directly off the shafts.

Other methods of coupling alignment would be: single dial indicator method, caliper method and straight edge method. Each of these is outlined below.







Coupling in Alignment

Angular Misalignment

Parallel Misalignment

### **Tools Needed For Alignment:**

- 1. Calipers
- 2. Dial Indicator
- 3. Straight Edge
- 4. 6" Level

### **DIAL INDICATOR METHOD**

Clamp dial indicator on driving (Motor) side of coupling. Locate indicator probe on the O.D. of the driven (Blower) half. Rotate shaft and take reading at 90-degree revolutions. Misalignment of coupling is ½ of total run-out. Locate indicator probe at the extreme point on the coupling face, rotate shaft and take readings at 180-degree revolutions. (See Figure 6,7, & 8)

# STRAIGHT EDGE METHOD WITH TAPER GAUGE

Place a straight edge across the O.D.; rotate shaft and measure at 90-degree revolution. Insert feeler gauge and measure gap. (Misalignment will be equal to feeler gauge reading.) Use gauge to check the alignment at 180 degrees.

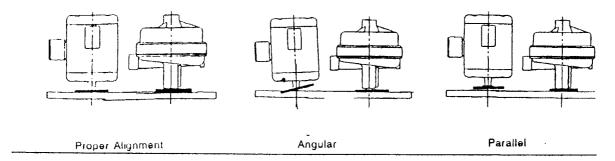
# **BELT DRIVEN ALIGNMENT:**

Remove belt guard and inspect the belts and sheaves to insure that they are clean and dry. **DO NOT APPLY ANY BELT DRESSING**.

Placing a straight edge across the faces of both sheaves does alignment. If properly aligned the straight edge will contact both sheaves faces squarely. If the two faces do not meet then alignment can be adjusted by moving the motor into proper position as shown below.

Proper belt tension is important. This will ensure maximum belt and bearing life. Belt tension is done with a tension meter. These can be obtained at any local belt supply house. Follow the instructions supplied to determine proper belt tension.

Belts will stretch after a few hours of operation. You should re-check the belt tension.



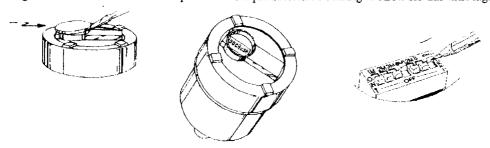
### LUBRICATION

Your NATIONAL TURBINE UNIT is supplied with an electronic lubricator. These are shipped loose to prevent any possible damage in transit. ISTALLATION OF THESE MUST BE DONE BEFORE START-UP OF EQUIPMENT.

### STARTING AND SETTING:

After installation of the automatic lubricator remove the switch cover. With a pencil turn on ONLY the switch marked 12. (The 12 setting will provide you with a 1-year supply of lubricant. This is based on 8 hours a day, 5 days a week operation.)

If a visual indicator of operation is desired then you can turn on the switch marked Light. This will provide a flashing LED light. The LED will flash every 15 seconds that the unit is in operation. It will take about 10 days for the lubricant to begin to flow. Your unit has been provided with pre-lubricated bearing to allow for this time lag.



# **BEARING REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT**

When a bearing becomes noisy it should be changed at once. You should change only one bearing at a time. NEVER REMOVE BOTH BEARING AT THE SAME TIME. THIS WILL CHANGE INTERNAL SETTINGS AND DAMAGE TO ROTOR ASSEMBLY MAY RESULT.

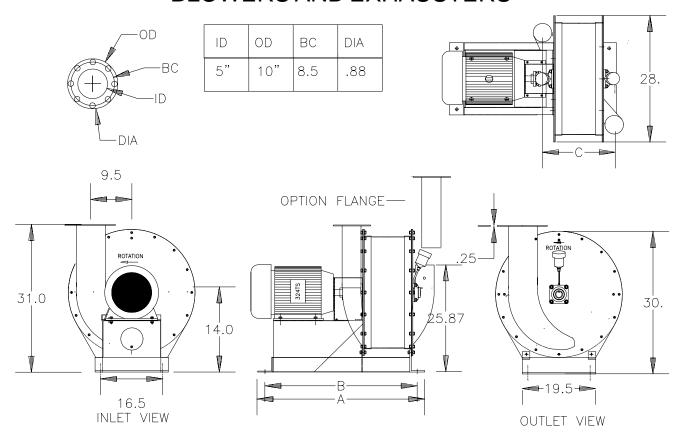
To remove bearing you must first loosen the two allen set screws located on bearing collar. Next remove the 4 nuts and pull bearing off shaft. Install new bearing on shaft, replace the 4 holding nuts and tighten down the allen set screws. NOTE: AT THIS TIME YOU MUST LUBRICATE THE BEARING WITH HIGH TEMPERATRUE GREASE. GENERALLY 2 TO 3 PUMPS OF A GREASE GUN WILL DO. DO NOT RUN UNIT WITHOUT GREASE IN BEARINGS.



NATIONALTURBINE CORPORATION 374 Northern Lights Drive Syracuse, NY 13212 888-293-7434 fax 315-455-5545 www.nationalturbine.com sales@nationalturbine.com

# MILLENNIUM SERIES TECHNICAL DATA AND DIMENSIONS

# M24 SERIES INLET DRIVE BLOWERS AND EXHAUSTERS



NUMBER OF STAGES	C DIM	A DIM	B DIM
2	20.0( 508)	53 (1346)	49(1245)
3	20.0( 508)	53(1346)	49(1245)
4	20.0( 508)	53(1346)	49(1245)
5	24.0( 635)	58 (1473)	54(1732)
6	24.0( 635)	58(1473)	54(1732)

DIMENSIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE COPYRIGHT 2001 - NATIONAL TURBINE CORPORATION



NATIONALTURBINE CORPORATION 374 Northern Lights Drive Syracuse, NY 13212 888-293-7434 fax 315-455-5545 www.nationalturbine.com sales@nationalturbine.com

# MILLENNIUM SERIES TECHNICAL DATA AND DIMENSIONS

# **M24 Series**

# **Technical Data**

Number of Stages 1 through 6 Inlet Connection 5" ANSI flange

Outlet Connection 5" Tube (ANSI flange available)

Operating Speed 3525 RPM Maximum Casing Pressure 15 PSIG

Bearings Ball, self-aligning, flange mount

10 year B-10 life

Lubrication Grease

Impeller Diameter 18.5" (470 mm)

Impeller Tip Speed 17,073 FPM (5204 m/min)

Drive Direct coupled (belt drive available)

Drive Shaft Diameter 1.675" at coupling (42.5 mm)
Rotor Balance Individually static and dynamically

balanced to ISO standards

# **Materials of Construction**

Inlet Head 1/4" Plate steel Outlet Head 1/4" Plate steel

Casing 14 Gauge cold rolled steel

Tie Rods Cold rolled steel
Joint Sealant RTV silicone rubber
Shaft Carbon steel, AISI 1045

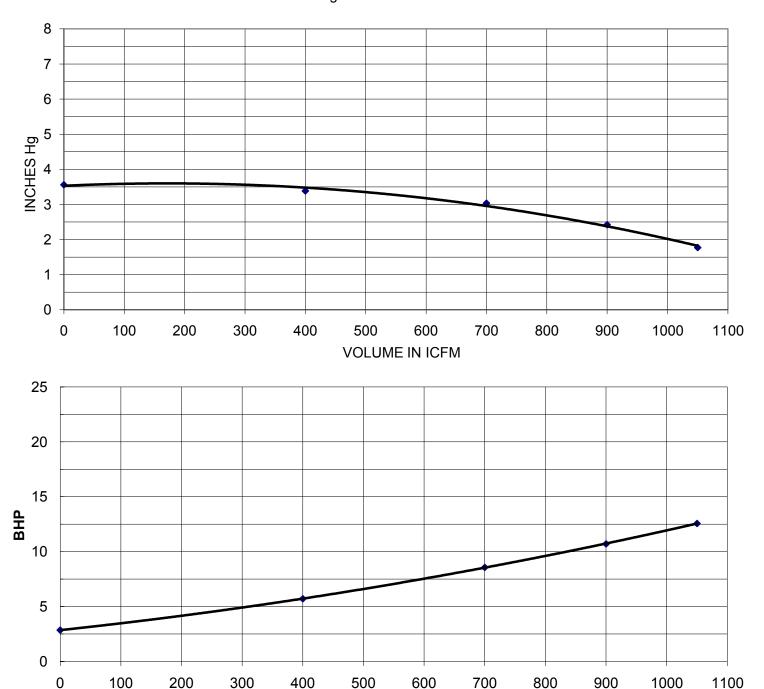
(316 Stainless steel available)

Impellers 319 Cast aluminum-alloy Base Structural steel tubing

Motor Pedestal Formed steel
Base Pads Rubber

Finish Industrial enamel

# NATIONAL TURBINE CORPORATION M24-318R EXHAUSTER BAROMETER 29.92" Hg. TEMPERATURE 60F 3450 RPM





NIA	٠
INO.	

Date: 8/27/2009

Customer : Bisco Environmental

# **TECHNICAL PROPOSAL**

Three-phase induction motor - Squirrel cage rotor

Product line	: W21 Severe Duty ar	d General Purpose	- High Efficiency -	Three-Phase : ODP
--------------	----------------------	-------------------	---------------------	-------------------

(IP21/IP23)

Catalog Number : 00736OP3E184T

List Price : \$696

Notes:

Performed by: Checked:



Date: 8/27/2009

# DATA SHEET Three-phase induction motor - Squirrel cage rotor

Customer : Bisco Environmental

Product line : W21 Severe Duty and General Purpose - High Efficiency - Three-Phase : ODP

(IP21/IP23)

Frame : 184T Output : 7.5 HP Frequency : 60 Hz : 2 Poles Full load speed : 3485 : 3.19 % Slip Voltage : 208-230/460 V Full load current
Locked rotor current : 19.8-17.9/8.97 A : 126/62.8 A

Locked rotor current (II/In) : 7.0

No-load current : 6.00/3.00 A : 11.1 lb.ft Full load torque Locked rotor torque : 220 % Breakdown torque : 300 % Design : B Insulation class : F Temperature rise : 80 K Locked rotor time : 13 s (hot) Service factor : 1.15 Duty cycle : S1

Ambient temperature : -20°C - +40°C

Altitude : 1000 m
Degree of Protection : IP21
Approximate weight : 68 lb

Moment of inertia : 0.16350 sq.ft.lb

Noise level : ---

	D.E.	N.D.E.	Load	Power factor	Efficiency (%)	
Bearings	6206 ZZ	6205 ZZ	100%	0.88	87.5	
Regreasing interval			75%	0.85	87.5	
Grease amount			50%	0.78	86.5	

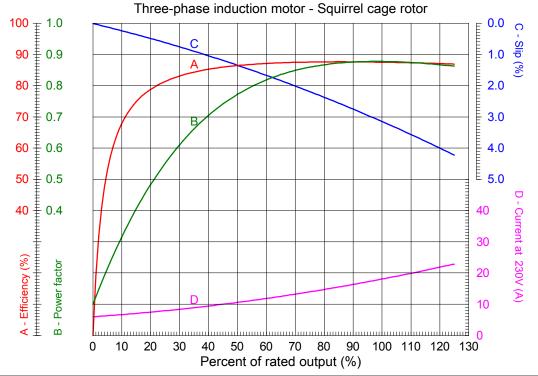
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No.:

Date: 8/27/2009

# PERFORMANCE CURVES RELATED TO RATED OUTPUT



Customer : Bisco Environmental

Product line : W21 Severe Duty and General Purpose - High Efficiency - Three-Phase : ODP

(IP21/IP23)

Output : 7.5 HP Locked rotor current (II/In) : 7.0 Frame : 184T Duty cycle : S1 Full load speed : 3485 Service factor : 1.15 : 60 Hz Frequency Design : B Voltage : 208-230/460 V Locked rotor torque : 220 % Insulation class Breakdown torque : 300 % : F

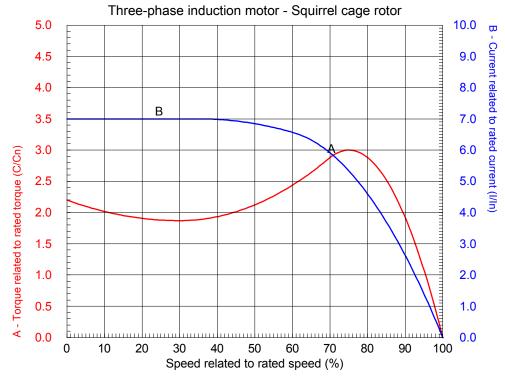
Full load current	: 19.8-17.9/8.97 A		
Notes:			
Performed by:		Checked:	



No.:

Date: 8/27/2009

# CHARACTERISTIC CURVES RELATED TO SPEED



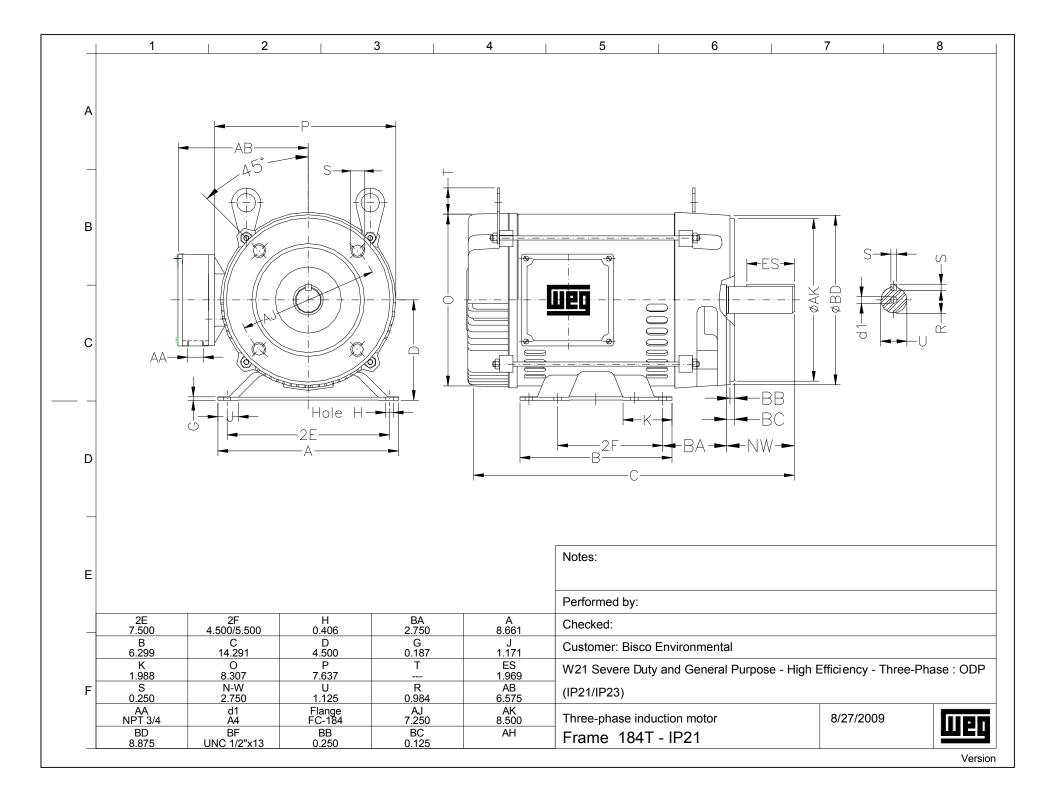
Customer : Bisco Environmental

Product line : W21 Severe Duty and General Purpose - High Efficiency - Three-Phase : ODP

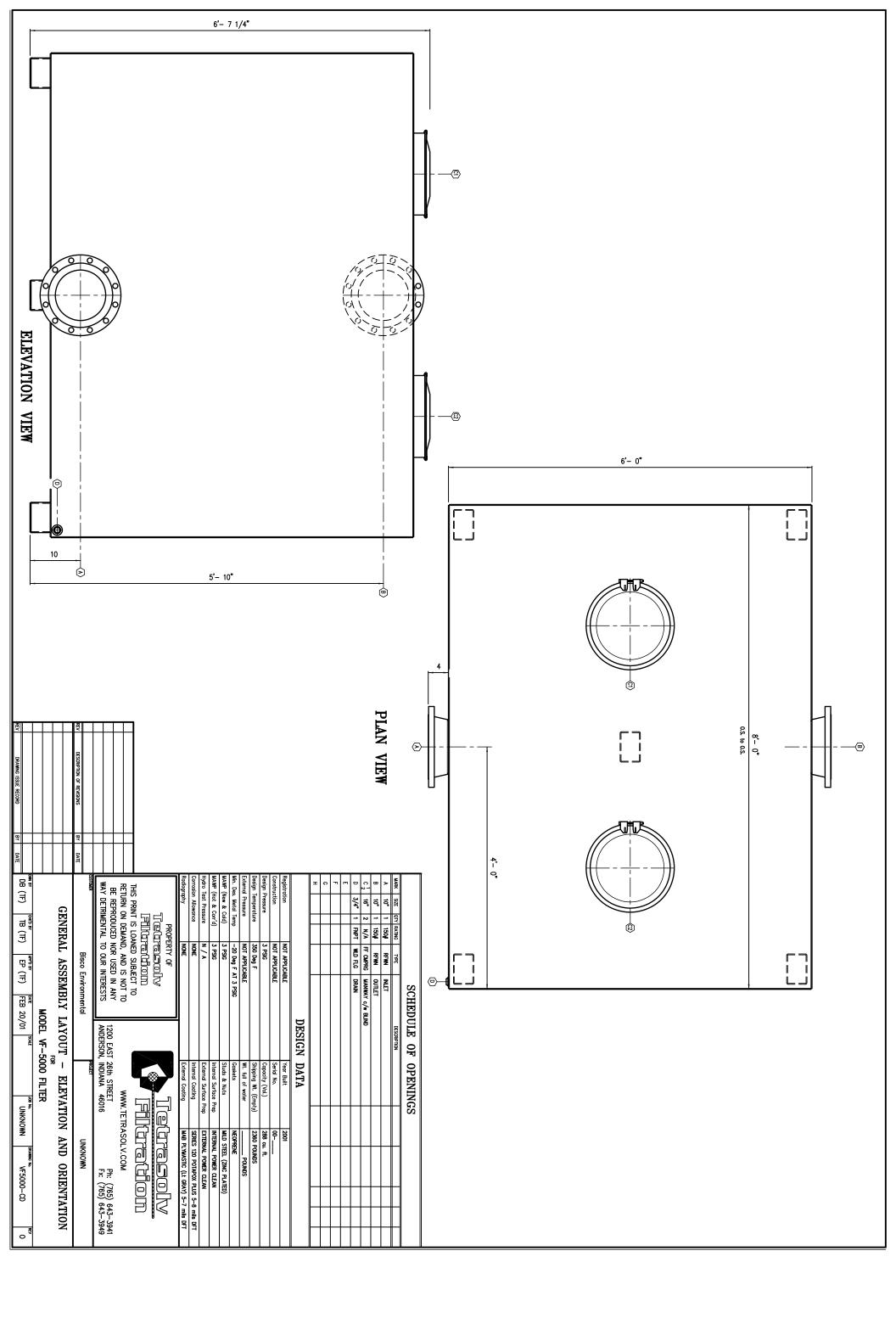
(IP21/IP23)

Output : 7.5 HP Locked rotor current (II/In) : 7.0 Frame : 184T Duty cycle : S1 Full load speed : 3485 Service factor : 1.15 : 60 Hz Frequency Design : B Voltage : 208-230/460 V Locked rotor torque : 220 % Insulation class Breakdown torque : 300 %

Full load current	: 19.8-17.9/8.97 A	
Notes:		
Performed by:		Checked:



D-4 Vapor-phase Granulated Activated Carbon Unit VGAC-1





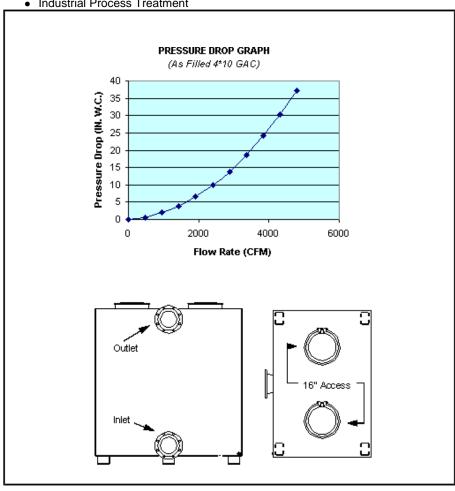
# Contents: **Liquid Filters** Vapor Filters VFD Series VFD-30 VFD-55 VFD-85 VFD-110 **VFV** Series VFV-250 VFV-500 VFV-1000 VFV-2000 VFV-3000 VFV-5000 VFV-10000 **VF Series** VF-500 VF-1000 VF-2000 VF-3000 VF-5000 VF-10000 **VR Series** • VR-140 VR-170 VR-225 VR-400 VR-700 VR-1600 VR-2600 **Filtration Media Special Products**

# **VF SERIES FILTERS MODEL VF-5000**

The VF-5000 filter is a media filter vessel designed to treat vapor streams where pressure drop is a strong concern. While the typical design application is a activated carbon adsorbtion unit, the filter can easily accommodate many medias. The sturdy construction makes these filter vessels ideal for long term treatment units. Some applications include:



- Soil Vapor Extraction Treatment
- Air Stripper Off Gas Treatment
- Odor Removal System
- Storage Tank Purge Vapor Treatment
- Pilot Study
- Industrial Process Treatment



VF-10000 SPECIFICATIONS			
Overall Height	6'8"	Vessel/Internal Piping Materials	CS/ CS (False Floor)
Footprint	6' x 8'	Internal Coating	Polyamide Epoxy Resin
Inlet / Outlet (150# FLNG)	10"	External Coating	Epoxy Mastic (Light Grey)
Drain / Vent (FNPT)	3/4"	Maximum Pressure / Temp	2 PSIG / 250º F
GAC Fill (lbs)	5000	Cross Sectional Bed Area	48 FT <sup>2</sup>
Shipping / Operational Weight (lbs)	7,100/8,200	Bed Depth/Volume	3.7 FT / 179 FT <sup>3</sup>

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### Contents:

**Liquid Filters** 

# Vapor Filters

# **Filtration Media**

- Anthracite
- **Birm®**
- Re-Activated Carbon
- Virgin Carbon
- EC-100®
- Filter-Lite
- Manganese Greensand
- MTBE Removal Carbon
- Filter Sand

# **Special Products**

# **FILTRATION MEDIA:** 8x30 VIRGIN CARBON **4x10 VIRGIN CARBON**

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

Select virgin carbon is quality screened during our purchasing process for activity, density and fines. The use of virgin carbon is recommended where drinking water quality is necessary. All carbon either sold by itself or installed in our filtration units is traced by lot number to the installation or sale.

8x30 (Liquid Phase) Standard Specifications:	Standard	Value
lodine Number	ASTM D-4607	1200 Minimum
Moisture Content	ASTM D-2867	5% Maximum (as packed)
Particle Size	ASTM D-2862	8x30 US Mesh
Ash		10% Maximum
Total Surface Area (N2BET)		1050 Minimum
Pore Volume (cc/g)		0.75

4*10 (Vapor Phase) Standard Specifications:	Standard	Value
Carbon Tetrachloride Activity Level	ASTM D-3467	60 Minimum
Moisture Content	ASTM D-2867	5% Maximum (as packed)
Particle Size	ASTM D-2862	4x10 US Mesh
Ash		10% Maximum
Total Surface Area (N2BET)		1050 Minimum
Pore Volume (cc/g)		0.75

Packaging:		
50 Pound Bags	50 Pound Drums	Bulk Tanker
1,000 Pound Bulk Sacks	200 Pound Drums	

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Tetrasolv Filtration, Inc. • 1200 East 26th Street • Anderson, Indiana 46016 • USA Toll Free: 800-441-4034 Telephone: 765-643-3941 • Fax: 765-643-3949 www.tetrasolv.com • info@tetrasolv.com

D-5 Condensate Pump P-1

1 0 Items

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Catalog 400

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# Pump, Utility, 1/2 HP

# Pumps > Centrifugal > Self Priming Portable Utility

Utility Pump, Portable, Self-Priming, 1/2 HP, 1 Phase, Voltage 115, 8.0 Amps, 60 Hz, Inlet 3/4 NPT In., Outlet 3/4 NPT In., Motor Enclosure ODP, 7000 RPM, Impeller Material Thermoplastic, Housing Material Cast Iron, Seal Type Mechanical, Suction Lift 15 Ft., Max. Head 101 Ft., Max. Pressure 44 PSI, Cord 10, Impeller Type Open, Max. Dia. Solids 3/8 In., Height 8 In., Length 9.5 In., Width 5.75 In.

Grainger Item #	4CB57
Price (ea.)	\$172.50
Brand	DAYTON
Mfr. Model #	4CB57
Ship Qty. ?	1
Sell Qty. (Will-Call) ?	1
Ship Weight (lbs.)	14.5
Usually Ships** 🔁	Today
Catalog Page No.	3387 💷
Country of Origin	China



See Notes & Restrictions for important safety information.

Qty.

Enlarge Image

Add Grainger TripleGuard® repair & replacement coverage ? for \$35.95 each.

828

800

GPH of Water @ 10 PSI

GPH of Water @ 15 PSI



Price shown may not reflect your price. Sign in or register.

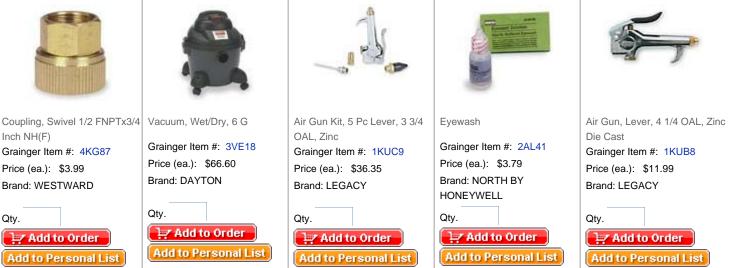
Tech Specs	Additional Information	Notes & Restrictions	MSDS	Required Accessories	Optional Accessories	Alternate Products	Repair Parts
Item		Utility Pur	mp				
Туре			Self-Priming				
HP		1/2	0				
Phase		1					
Voltage		115					
Amps		8.0					
Hz		60					
Inlet (In.)		3/4 NPT					
Outlet (In.)		3/4 NPT					
Motor Enclosu	re	ODP					
RPM		7000					
Motor Type		AC/DC B					
Wetted Materia			,	on, Ceramic, Buna N G	alvanized Steel, Brass		
Impeller Materi		Thermopl					
Housing Mater		Cast Iron					
Volute Material		Cast Iron					
Shaft Material		Cold rolle					
Screw Material		Zinc coate					
Seal Type		Mechanic		N.I.			
Seal Material			Ceramic, Buna		ومحموم المالية		- 4040E
Seal Application			nable and inon	abrasive Liquids comp	atible with seal compo	nent materials up t	3 104°F
Max. Liquid Te		104 15					
Suction Lift (Ft	,	840					
GPH of Water	@ 5 F3I	040					

GPH of Water @ 20 PSI	714
GPH of Water @ 25 PSI	647
GPH of Water @ 30 PSI	571
GPH of Water @ 35 PSI	484
GPH of Water @ 40 PSI	270
GPM of Water @ 5 Ft. of Head	14
GPM of Water @ 10 Ft. of Head	13.8
GPM of Water @ 20 Ft. of Head	11.9
GPM of Water @ 40 Ft. of Head	4.5
Max. Head (Ft.)	101
Max. Pressure (PSI)	44
Cord	10 ft.
Best Efficiency GPM @ Head (Ft.)	N@A
Max. Specific Gravity	1.0
Max. Case Pressure (PSI)	44
Max. Fluid Viscosity	100 SSU
Impeller Type	Open
Bearing Type	Ball
Duty	Intermittent
Max. Dia. Solids (In.)	3/8
Warranty Length	1 Year
Application	Is designed for water transfer applications including emptying or filling tanks, lawn sprinkling, and drawing
Application	water from lakes and ponds.
For Use With	Nonflammable Liquids Compatible with Pump Materials
Height (In.)	8
Length (In.)	9.5
Width (In.)	5.75
Includes	1" MFNPT x 3/4" Garden hose adapters, Suction Strainer, 3 Rubber Feet for Pump

#### View Catalog Page View Printable Page

The "Usually Ships" reflects when an item is generally expected to ship from Grainger based on its stocking location. Real-time availability information will be shown during the checkout process and on the e-mail order confirmation (for U.S. and Puerto Rico - US customers only). Please allow additional delivery time for international orders.

# We Also Carry









## **FEATURES**

B-Series switches have proven reliable in such harsh environments as:

- · Offshore oil rigs
- · Chemical and petrochemical plants
- Pulp and paper mills
- Steel mills
- Power plants
- Water and sewage-treatment plants
- Other corrosive environments

Ashcroft Inc. supplies highly reliable Ashcroft® switches and controls for industrial and process applications. We begin with rock-solid designs, matching the most appropriate technology with the safety and reliability requirements of the applications. The materials of construction are specified to Ashcroft's exacting standards, and product is built to last in the toughest applications. Our modern, responsive manufacturing facility is supported by an extensive network of stocking distributors and factory sales offices located in virtually every part of the world. Special application assistance is always just a telephone call away.

The Ashcroft B-Series switch line is designed to satisfy most switch requirements. Materials of construction have been selected for long life. A wide variety of precision switch elements are available to meet every application requirement, including hermetically sealed contacts for added reliability and safety. The actuators we use have been proven in more than 20 years of service in the world's plants and mills. Special designs are available for fire safety, NACE, limit control and other more stringent requirements. Simplicity and ease of use are stressed to improve reliability of the installation.

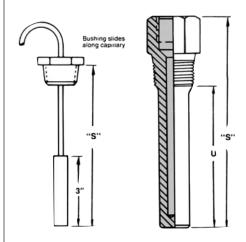
Applications include: pumps, compressors, washers, filters, degreasers, evaporators, recovery systems, food processing, ground support equipment, reverse osmosis systems, heat exchangers, hydraulic systems, lubrication systems, marine equipment, textile machinery, heating and air conditioning equipment.

### **Thermowells**

Thermowells must be used on any application where the stem of the temperature switch may be exposed to pressure, corrosive fluids or high velocity. Additionally, the use of a thermowell permits instrument interchange or calibration check without disturbing or closing down the process.

Ashcroft temperature switches have bulb diameters to match 3% nominal bore thermowells. The bulbs have a sensitive portion length of 2% which can be used with 21% "U" dimensioned thermowells or longer. For maximum accuracy, a thermowell's "U" dimension should be selected to permit complete immersion of the sensitive portion plus 1% when measuring the temperature of liquids; an extra 3% should be allowed when measuring the temperature of gases.

Thermowell bushings should be used with remote mount temperature switches. We recommend the standard 3" bulb and code 69 Series bushings for use with any thermowell "U" dimension. A split rubber grommet allows easy installation and "S" dimension adjustment.







# **Temperature Switches**

B-Series temperature switches feature a SAMA Class II vapor pressure thermal system. This system provides quick, accurate response to process temperature changes with negligible ambient temperature effects. This is inherent in the design due to the precise relation-

ship that exists between temperature and pressure according to the vapor pressure laws. A wide selection of sensing bulb and armored capillary lengths is available. The vapor pressure system design features small bulb sizes, making installation easy and cost-effective.

All models feature ±1.0% percent of

span setpoint repeatability with very high overtemperature ratings.

These standard designs perform well in applications where shock and vibration could be a problem and should be used with Ashcroft thermowells for bulb protection and ease of installation and maintenance.

# STANDARD TEMPERATURE RANGE SELECTION

Nominal	Range <sup>(1)</sup>	Maximum Temperature	Approximate Deadband(1) Switch Element				
°F	°C	°F	20, 26, 27	21, 24, 31	50	22	32, 42
-40 to 60	-40 to 160	400	1.0-2.0	3.0-8.0	1.5-5.5	1.4-6.0	8.0-16.0
0 to 100	-20 to 400	400	1.5-3.0	5.0-12.0	2.2-8.5	1.5-7.5	9.0-20.0
75 to 205	20 to 95	400	1.5-3.5	8.0-16.0	2.5-12.0	2.0-9.0	10.0-24.0
150 to 260	65 to 125	400	1.5-3.0	5.0-12.0	2.2-8.5	2.0-9.0	10.0-24.0
235 to 375	110 to 190	500	1.5-3.5	5.0-12.0	2.5-8.5	2.0-9.0	10.0-24.0
350 to 525 <sup>(3)</sup>	175 to 275	700	2.0-4.5	8.0-16.0	3.2-12.0	2.5-10.0	15.0-34.0
500 to 750 <sup>(2)</sup>	260 to 400	900	4.0-8.0	16.0-30.0	7.2-24.0	5.0-23.0	30.0-50.0

- 1 All deadbands given in °F.
- 2 Available with remote mount thermal systems only.
- 3 Not available with 23/4" stem.

- 4 Dual switch element multiply single switch element value by 1.6 for approximate deadband.
- 5 Set and reset points must fall within the adjustable range.



# **Pressure & Differential Pressure Switches**

B-Series pressure, differential pressure and vacuum switches use two different actuators depending on setpoint require-ments. For setpoints between 2 and 3000 psi, the simple, rugged diaphragm-sealed piston actuator is used. This design features high reliability and choice of actuator seal materials for virtually every application. An optional welded design is also available for setpoints up to 1000 psi for

of construction.

All standard models feature ±1 percent of range setpoint repeatability and a minimum of 400 percent of range proof pressures.

These standard designs perform well in applications where shock and vibration could be a problem and may be used in conjunction with Ashcroft diaphragm seals in extreme services such as slurries or abrasive process fluids.

maximum reliability. This design is available in 316 SS or Monel. Differential pressure models use a unique, dual diaphragm-sealed piston design that features very high static operating pressures and small size.

For setpoints between 4.5 and 150 inches of  $H_2O$ , a large diaphragm is used for increased sensitivity in both pressure and differential pressure designs with good choice of materials

# PRESSURE/VACUUM SWITCHES

	Overpressure Ratings			Α	pproximate [	Deadband <sup>(2)</sup> S	Switch Eleme	nt	
	Nominal Range(1	1)	Proof psi	Burst psi	20, 26, 27	21, 24, 31	50	22	32, 42
Vacuum									
–30″ Hg	–760mm Hg	-100 kPa	250	400	0.3-0.7	1.5-3.0	0.5-2.2	0.4-1.5	2.1-4.2
Compound									
–15″ H₂O/	–375mm H <sub>2</sub> O/	–3.7 kPa/	20	35	0.1575/	1.5-2.5/	0.45-2.0/	0.5-1.2/	2.1-3.5/
15″ H₂O	375mm H₂O	3.7 kPa			0.1575	1.5-2.5	0.45-2.0	0.5-1.2	2.1-3.5
–30″ H <sub>2</sub> O/	–760mm H <sub>2</sub> O/	–7.5 kPa/	20	35	0.3060/	1.5-2.5/	0.45-2.0/	0.5-1.5/	2.1-3.5/
30″ H₂O	760mm H₂O	7.5 kPa			0.3060	1.5-2.5	0.45-2.0	0.5-1.5	2.1-3.5
-30" Hg/	-760mm Hg/	-100 kPa/			0.5-1.0/	2.0-3.0/	0.75-2.5/	0.7-1.8/	2.8-4.2/
15 psi	1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	100 kPa	250	400	0.3-0.7	0.5-1.5	0 .5-1.0	0.7-1.4	0.7-2.1
-30" Hg/	-760mm Hg/	-100 kPa/	0-0		1.0-1.5/	3.0-6.0/	1.2-4.5/	1.4-2.4	4.2-8.4/
30 psi	2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	200 kPa	250	400	0.3-0.8	1.0-2.0	0.7-1.5	0.4-1.3	1.4-2.8
-30″ Hg/	-760mm Hg/	-100 kPa/	050	400	2.0-3.0/	5.0-9.0/	2.5-7.0/	2.8-4.5	7.0-12.0/
60 psi	4.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	400 kPa	250	400	0.7-1.5	3.0-5.0	1.1-4.0	1.0-2.3	4.2-7.0
Pressure									
10″ H₂O	250mm H₂O	2.5 kPa	20	35	0.2-0.5	1.0-2.0	0.35-1.5	0.4-1.0	1.4-2.8
30″ H₂O	750mm H₂O	7.5 kPa	20	35	0.3-0.6	1.5-2.5	0.45-2.0	0.5-2.0	2.1-3.5
60″ H₂O	1500mm H₂O	15 kPa	20	35	0.5-1.3	1.5-3.5	0.9-2.5	0.7-3.0	2.1-5.0
100″ H₂O	2500mm H <sub>2</sub> O	25 kPa	20	35	0.6-1.6	2.5-5.5	1.1-4.0	1.0-4.0	3.5-7.7
150″ H₂O	3750mm H₂O	37 kPa	20	35	1.0-2.5	4.5-8.5	1.7-6.5	2.0-6.0	6.0-12.0
15 psi	1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	100 kPa	500	1500	0.1-0.35	0.5-1.5	0.2-1.0	0.4-1.0	0.7-2.1
30 psi	2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	200 kPa	500	1500	0.1-0.50	0.5-1.5	0.3-1.0	0.4-1.0	0.7-2.1
60 psi	4.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	400 kPa	500	1500	0.3-1.0	1.0-3.5	0.7-2.5	0.6-2.0	1.4-5.0
100 psi	7.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	700 kPa	1000	3000	0.5-1.7	1.5-5.0	1.1-3.5	1.0-4.5	2.1-7.0
200 psi	14 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1400 kPa	1000	3000	1-3	5-13	2-9	3.0-7.5	7.0-18.2
400 psi	28 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	2800 kPa	2400	3000	4-7.5	5-24	5.5-15	4.0-11.0	7.0-33.6
600 psi	42 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	4200 kPa	2400	3000	4-11	9-30	7-20	5.0-23.0	12.6-42
1000 psi	70 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	7000 kPa	12000	18000	7-30	30-110	18-70	15-80	42-154
3000 psi	210 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	2100 kPa	12000	18000	15-60	80-235	37-160	30.0-230	112-329

# DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCHES

TERENTIAL TREGGORE OWN ONES									
			Pressure	Ratings	Α	pproximate [	Deadband <sup>(2)</sup> S	witch Eleme	nt
	Nominal Range <sup>(1)</sup>	)	Static Work- ing Pressure	Proof psi	20, 26, 27	21, 24, 31	50	22	32, 42
30" H <sub>2</sub> O 60" H <sub>2</sub> O 100" H <sub>2</sub> O 150" H <sub>2</sub> O	750mm H <sub>2</sub> O 1500mm H <sub>2</sub> O 2500mm H <sub>2</sub> O 3750mm H <sub>2</sub> O	7.5 kPa 15 kPa 25 kPa 37 kPa	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6	0.3-0.6 0.5-1.3 0.6-1.6 1.0-2.5	1.5-2.5 1.5-3.5 2.5-5.5 4.5-8.5	0.45-2.0 0.9-2.5 1.1-4.0 1.8-6.5	0.5-2.0 0.7-3.0 1.0-4.0 2.0-6.0	2.1-3.5 2.1-5.0 3.5-7.7 6.3-12.0
15 psid 30 psid 60 psid 100 psid 200 psid 400 psid 600 psid	1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> 2.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> 4.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> 7.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> 14.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> 28.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> 42 0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	100 kPa 200 kPa 400 kPa 700 kPa 1400 kPa 2800 kPa 4200 kPa	500 500 500 1000 1000 1000	2000 2000 2000 4000 4000 8000 8000	0.5-1.0 1.0-2.0 2.0-4.0 4.0-10.0 5.0-15.0 10.0-20.0 20.0-40.0	2.0-5.0 2.0-5.0 3.0-6.0 11.0-20.0 12.0-40.0 20.0-60.0 80.0-150.0	0.7-3.5 1.5-3.5 3.0-4.5 7.0-15.0 10.0-26.0 15.0-40.0 30.0-115.0	0.7-1.4 1.4-2.8 2.8-5.6 6.0-14.0 7.0-21.0 14.0-28.0 30.0-56.0	2.8-7.0 2.8-7.0 4.2-8.5 16.0-28.0 17.0-56.0 28.0-84.0 112.0-210.

Values shown are for zero static working pressure.

# **NOTES:**

- 1 Switches may generally be set between 15% and 100% of nominal range on increasing pressure. Consult factory for applications where setpoints must be lower.
- 2 All deadbands are given in English units as shown in the nominal range column. Deadbands shown are for switches with Buna N diaphragm. Approximate deadbands for optional diaphragms:

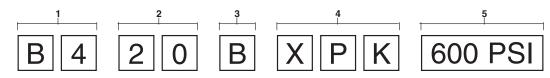
Viton: Teflon: Stainless Steel: Monel: Dual Switch Element: Multiply Buna N value by 1.4 Multiply Buna N value by 1.2 Multiply Buna N value by 1.7 Multiply Buna N value by 1.7

Multiply single switch element value by 1.6 for approximate deadband.



B-SERIES PRESSURE AND DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SWITCH MODEL NUMBER:

To specify the exact switch desired, select entries from appropriate tables as shown in example below.



	1 – ENCLOSURE
B4	Pressure switch, Type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements.
В7	Pressure switch, Type 700, explosion-proof enclosure meets Div. 1 & 2, NEMA 7, 9 and IP66 requirements.
D4	Differential pressure switch, Type 400, water- tight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements.
D7	Differential pressure switch, Type 700, explosion-proof enclosure meets Div. 1 & 2, NEMA 7, 9 and IP66 requirements.

3 – ACTUATOR SEAL						
			Rai	nge		
Code and Material	Process Temperature Limits °F <sup>(9)</sup>	Vac. ″H₂O	0-600 psi	1000 psi	3000 psi	
B – Buna-N	0 to 150	•	•	•	•	
V – Viton	20 to 300	•	•	•		
T – Teflon	0 to 150	•	•	•	•	
S - 316L <sup>(8)</sup>	0 to 300		•	•		
P – Monel <sup>(8)</sup>	0 to 300		•	•		

4 – OPTIONS	5 – RANGE
Use table from page 6	Select from table on page 4

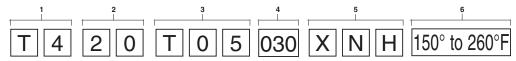
- 1 Standard switch.
- 2 Not available with psid ranges.
- 3 Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches, not independently adjustable.
- 4 Wires cannot be terminated inside B400 switch enclosure.
- 5 Not available with type 700 enclosure.
- 6 Estimated dc. rating, 2.5A, 28 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 7 Estimated dc rating, 0.4A, 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 8 Available on pressure only.
- 9 Ambient operating temperature limits -20 to  $150^{\circ}$ F, all styles, setpoint shift of  $\pm 1\%$  of range per  $50^{\circ}$ F temperature change is normal. Switches are calibrated at  $70^{\circ}$ F reference.

	2 – SWITCH ELEMENT S	SELECTION				
Order Code	Switch Elements UL/CSA Listed SPDT					
20(7)	Narrow deadband ac	15A, 125/250 Vac				
21	Ammonia service	5A, 125/250 Vac				
22(6)	Hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A, 125/250 Vac				
23	Heavy duty ac	22A, 125/250 Vac				
24(1)	General purpose	15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc ¼A, 250 Vdc; 6A, 30 Vdc				
25(2)	Heavy duty dc	10A, 125 Vac or dc, 1/8 HP, 125 Vac or dc				
<b>26</b> <sup>(7)</sup>	Sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac				
27	High temperature 300°F	15A, 125/250 Vac				
28(5)	Manual reset trip on increasing	15A, 125/250 Vac				
29(5)	Manual reset trip on decreasing	15A, 125/250 Vac				
31	Low level (gold) contacts	1A, 125 Vac				
32	Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose	11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc				
42	Hermetically sealed switch, gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac				
50	Variable deadband	15A, 125/250 Vac				
	UL/CSA Listed Dual (2	2 SPDT)				
61 <sup>(7)</sup>	Dual narrow deadband	15A, 125/250 Vac				
62(7)	Dual sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac				
63	Dual high temp. 300°F	15A, 125/250 Vac				
64	Dual general purpose	15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc ¼A, 250 Vdc				
65	Dual ammonia service	5A, 125/250 Vac				
67(4,6)	Dual hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A, 125/250 Vac				
68(4)	Dual hermetically sealed switch, general purpose	11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc				
70	Dual low level gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac				
71(4)	Dual hermetically sealed switch, gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac				



# B-SERIES TEMPERATURE SWITCH MODEL NUMBER:

To specify the exact switch desired, select entries from appropriate tables as shown in example below.



	1 – ENCLOSURE				
T4	Temperature switch, Type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements.				
Т7	Temperature switch, Type 700, explosion-proof enclosure meets Div. 1 & 2, NEMA 7, 9 and IP66 requirements.				

	2 – SWITCH ELEMENT S	SELECTION		
Order Code	Switch Elements UL/CSA Listed SPDT			
20(7)	Narrow deadband ac	15A, 125/250 Vac		
21	Ammonia service	5A, 125/250 Vac		
<b>22</b> <sup>(6)</sup>	Hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A, 125/250 Vac		
23	Heavy duty ac	22A, 125/250 Vac		
24(1)	General purpose	15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc ¼A, 250 Vdc; 6A, 30 Vdc		
25	Heavy duty dc	10A, 125 Vac or dc, 1/8 HP, 125 Vac or dc		
26(7)	Sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac		
27	High temperature 300°F	15A, 125/250 Vac		
28(5)	Manual reset trip on increasing	15A, 125/250 Vac		
<b>29</b> <sup>(5)</sup>	Manual reset trip on decreasing	15A, 125/250 Vac		
31	Low level (gold) contacts	1A, 125 Vac		
32	Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose	11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc		
42	Hermetically sealed gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac		
50	Variable deadband	15A, 125/250 Vac		
	UL/CSA Listed Dual (2	2 SPDT)		
61 <sup>(7)</sup>	Dual narrow deadband	15A, 125/250 Vac		
<b>62</b> <sup>(7)</sup>	Dual sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac		
63	Dual high temp. 300°F	15A, 125/250 Vac		
64	Dual general purpose	15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc ¼A, 250 Vdc		
65	Dual ammonia service	5A, 125/250 Vac		
67(4,6)	Dual hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A, 125/250 Vac		
68(4)	Dual hermetically sealed switch, general purpose	11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc		
70	Dual low level gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac		
71(4)	Dual hermetically sealed switch, gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac		

3 – THE	ERN	MAL SYST	EM S	ELEC	TION
	Ť	Direct Mo	ount		
Order Code	)	System Ma	terial		Style
TS		316 SS	3		Rigid
Remote Mount					
Order Code	er Code   System Material   Line Length   Style				
T05		316 SS	į	5´	Capillary
T10		316 SS	10	)´	with
T15		316 SS	15	5′	302 SS
T20		316 SS	20	)´	Spring
T25		316 SS	25	5´	Armor

4 –	4 – BULB LENGTH SELECTION					
	Direct Mount					
Order Code						
027(8)	23/4"	_				
040	4″	21/2"				
060	6″	41/2"				
090	9″	71/2"				
120	12″	10½″				
	Remote Mount					
030(9)	3″	21/2"				

5 – OPTIONS	
Use table on page 7	

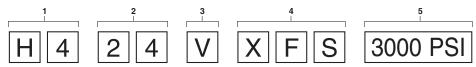
6 – STANDARD TEMPERATURE RANGE SELECTION				
Adjustab	le Range			
°F	°C			
-40 to 60	-40 to 160			
0 to 100	-40 to 40			
75 to 205	20 to 95			
150 to 260	65 to 125			
235 to 375	110 to 190			
350 to 525	175 to 275			
500 to 750 <sup>(2)</sup>	260 to 400			

- 1 Standard switch.2 Available with remote mount thermal systems only.
- Available with remote mount thermal systems only.
   Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches, not independently adjustable.
   Wires cannot be terminated inside T400 switch enclosure.
   Not available with Type 700 enclosure.
   Estimated dc rating, 2.5A, 28 Vdc (not UL listed).
   Estimated dc rating, 0.4A, 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
   Not available on 350 to 525°F.
   Consult factory on remote mount for bulb lengths other than 3."



# B-SERIES HYDRAULIC PRESSURE SWITCH MODEL NUMBER:

To specify the exact switch desired, select entries from appropriate tables as shown in example below.



1 – ENCLOSURE				
H4	Hydraulic pressure switch, Type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X, 13 and IP66 requirements.			

	2 – SWITCH ELEMENT S	SELECTION			
Order Code	Switch Elements UL/CSA Listed SPDT				
20(3)	Narrow deadband ac 15A, 125/250 Vac				
21	Ammonia service	5A, 125/250 Vac			
22	Hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A, 125/250 Vac			
23	Heavy duty ac	22A, 125/250 Vac			
24(1)	General purpose	15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc ¼A, 250 Vdc; 6A, 30 Vdc			
25	Heavy duty dc	10A, 125 Vac or dc, 1/8 HP, 125 Vac or dc			
<b>26</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	Sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac			
27	High temperature 300°F	15A, 125/250 Vac			
28	Manual reset trip on increasing	15A, 125/250 Vac			
29	Manual reset trip on decreasing	15A, 125/250 Vac			
32	Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose	11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc			
42	Hermetically sealed switch, gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac			
	UL/CSA Listed Dual (2	2 SPDT)			
61 <sup>(3)</sup>	Dual narrow deadband	15A 125/250 Vac			

UL/CSA Listed Dual (2 SPDT)					
61 <sup>(3)</sup>	Dual narrow deadband	15A, 125/250 Vac			
62(3)	Dual sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac			
63	Dual high temp. 300°F	15A, 125/250 Vac			
64	Dual general purpose	15A, 125/250/480 Vac ½A, 125 Vdc ¼A, 250 Vdc			
65	Dual ammonia service	5A, 125/250 Vac			
70	Dual low level, gold contacts	1A, 125 Vac			

3 – ACTUATOR SEAL						
Code and Material	Process Temperature Limits °F <sup>(4)</sup>					
V – Viton	20 to 300	Viton O-Ring, Stainless Steel Pressure Connection				

# 4 - OPTIONS Use table from page 7

5 – STANDARD PRESSURE RANGE						
Range Setpoint Pressure psi Limits psi psi						
1000	150-1000	12,000				
2000	300-2000	12,000				
3000	450-3000	12,000				
5000	750-5000	10,000				
7500	1125-7500	100,000				

- 1 Standard switch.
- 2 Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches, not independently adjustable.
- 3 Estimated dc rating, 0.4A, 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 4 Ambient operating temperature limits –20 to 150°F, all styles, setpoint shift of ±1% of range per 50°F temperature change is normal. Switches are calibrated at 70° F reference.



# OPTIONAL FEATURES AND ACCESSORIES

	B-SERIES SWITCH OPTIONS							
		Appicable Switch Series						
		Pres	sure		rential ssure	Temp- erature	Н	
Code	Description	(psi)	(in. H₂O)	(psi)	(in. H <sub>2</sub> O)	All Ranges		Notes
XBP	Wall Mounting Bracket in. H₂O		•		•			
XBX	½" Male NPT Bushing					•		
XCH	Chained Cover	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XC8	CSA Approval	•	•	•	•	•		11
XCN	ATEX Directive 94/9/EC EEx d IIC T6	•	•	•	•	•		
XFM	FM Approval – Single Element	•	•	•	•			17
	FM Approval – Dual Element	•	•	•	•			17
XFP	Fungus Proofing	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XFS	Factory Adjusted Setpoint	•	•	•	•	•	•	2
XG3	Belleville Actuator	•						16,17
XG5	UL Limit Control to 150" H₂O				•			1, 17
XG6	UL Limit Control to 600 psi	•						1, 17
XG7	Secondary Chamber with Vent	•						13
XG8	Steam Limit Control to 300 psi	•						7
XG9	Fire Safe Welded Actuator	•						7
XHS	High Static Differential Pressure			•				15
хнх	High Pressure, 40 psi, (static) d/p only 160 psi (proof) d/p only 100 psi (proof) pressure only (" H <sub>2</sub> O)		•		•			
XJK	Left Conduit Connection	•	•	•	•	•	•	9
XJL	3/4" to 1/2" Reducing Bushing	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XJM	Metric Electrical Conduit Connection M20 x 1.5	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XK3	Terminal Block (700 Series only)	•	•	•	•	•		6
XLE	6 foot Leads on the Micro Switch	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XNH	Tagging Stainless Steel	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XNN	Paper Tag	•	•	•	•	•	•	
XPK	Pilot Light(s) Top Mounted	•	•	•	•	•	•	4
XPM	3/4" Sealed Conduit Connection with 16" Lead Wires	•	•	•		•	•	
XTA	316 Stainless Steel Pressure Connection for in. H₂O Range		•		•			
XTM	2" Pipe Mounting Bracket	•	•	•	•	•		
XUD	316 Stainless Steel Pressure Conn.			•				
X06	Pressure Connection: ½ NPT Male, ¼ NPT Female 316 Stainless Steel (Combination)	•	•	•	•			5
X07	½ NPTF Press. Conn., 316 SS	•	•	•	•			10
X6B	Cleaned for Oxygen Service	•	•	•				3
	Diaphragm Seal	•	•	•	•			

- Buna N and Viton diaphragm.
- Advise static or working pressure for differential pressure switches. Buna N cannot be cleaned for oxygen service.

- 3 Buna N cannot be cleaned for oxygen service.

  4 N/A on 700 Series.
  5 Standard with 1000 and 3000 psi ranges. Bottom connection only on DP in H<sub>2</sub>O ranges.
  6 Terminal Blocks standard with 700 dual switches.
  7 Stainless steel diaphragm only.
  8 Pressure connection 1/4 NPTF.
  9 Standard on 700 Series. N/A with DPDT element on 400 Series.
  10 N/A with Monel diaphragm.
  11 Standard on 400 Series.
  12 N/A on 3000 psi range. Available with Teflon diaphragm only.
  13 SS diaphragm required. Teflon diaphragm is the backup.
  14 NEMA 7 only.

- NEMA 7 only.

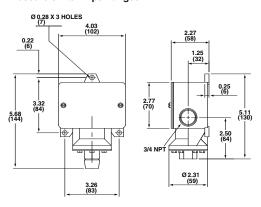
  Available in ranges vacuum to 600 psi. Not available with stainless steel or Monel diaphragm.

  Buna N and Viton diaphragm – 15#D & 30#D only.
- 24, 32, 64 or 68 element
   N/A on all combinations.
   700 Series only. 24, 32, 64 or 68 element only.

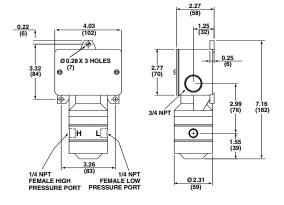


# Dimensions - 400 Series

### Pressure switch - psi ranges

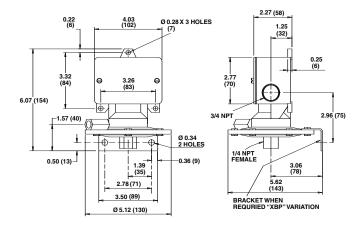


# Differential pressure switch – psi differential ranges

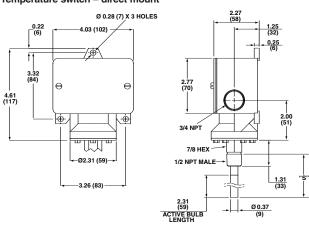


# Pressure switch – inches of water ranges (6) (102

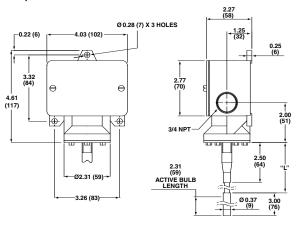
# Differential pressure switch – inches of water ranges



# Temperature switch - direct mount



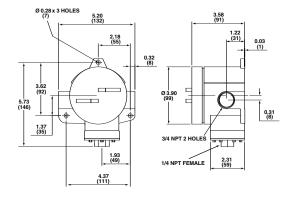
# Temperature switch - remote mount



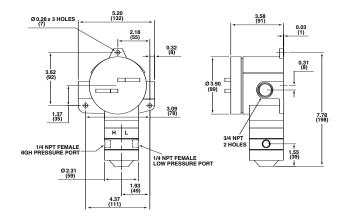


# Dimensions - 700 Series

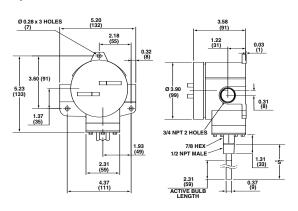
### Pressure switch - psi ranges



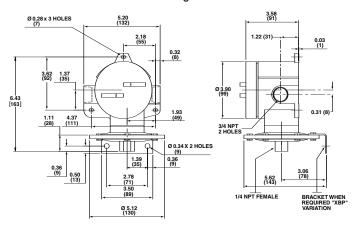
# Differential pressure switch – psi differential ranges



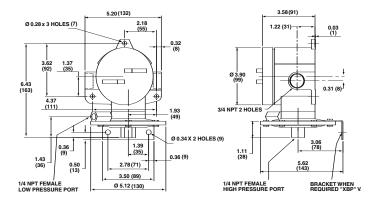
### Temperature switch - direct mount



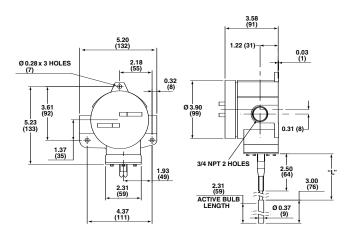
# Pressure switch - inches of water ranges



Differential pressure switch – inches of water ranges



# Temperature switch - remote mount



# **NASHCROFT**

# **Pressure and Differential Pressure Switches, Watertight Enclosure, Type 400, B-Series**

This general purpose Ashcroft® switch series is ideal for use in virtually all Industrial and OEM applications.

- Watertight NEMA 4X enclosure,
- · Choice of switch elements for all applications, including hermetically sealed
- Wide choice of wetted materials, including all-welded Monel or stainless steel
- Fixed or limited adjustable deadband
- Approved for UL, CSA and FM<sup>(8)</sup> ratings
- Setpoints adjustable from 15-100% of range

- · Choice of actuators, including designs for fire-safe and NACE applications(8)
- · Readily available
- Standard pressure connection materials:

Pressure psi ranges - 316L stainless steel

Differential psid ranges Nickel-plated brass<sup>(9)</sup>

Pressure and differential inches of water ranges

- Epoxy coated carbon steel



### 1 - ENCLOSURE

2 - SWITCH ELEMENTS

Order

Code 20(4)

21(9)

- **B4** Pressure switch, type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X and 13, IP66 requirements
- D4 Differential pressure switch, type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X and 13, IP66 requirements

Description/Maximum Electrical Ratings **UL/CSA Listed SPDT** 

Narrow deadband 15A, 125/250 Vac

Ammonia service 5A, 125/250 Vac

3 - ACTUATOR SEAL®												
Code	Process		Rai	1ge								
& Material	Temp. <sup>(6)</sup> Limits °F	Vac in.H₂O	0-600 psi	1000 psi	2000- 3000 psi							
B-Buna N	0 to 150	•	•	•	•							
V-Viton	20 to 300	•	•	•								
T-Teflon	0 to 150	•	•	•	•							
S-SS(5)(10)	0 to 300		•	•								
P-Monel(5)(10)	0 to 300		•	•								

# 4 - OPTIONS

(See pages 238-239)

# **5 - STANDARD PRESSURE RANGES**

(See page 235)

# NOTES:

- 1. Standard switch.
- 2. Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches not independently adjustable.
- 3. Estimated dc rating, 2.5A, 28 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 4. Estimated dc rating, .4A, 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 5. Available on pressure only.
- 6. Ambient operating temperature limits -20 to 150°F, all styles. Setpoint shift of ±1% of range per 50°F is normal. Switch calibrated at 70°F reference.
- 7. Items are wetted by process fluid.
- 8. Refer to Option Table.
- 9. Order Option XUD, stainless steel process connection.
- 10. On differential switches, stainless steel is available in 15, 30, 60 and 90 psid ranges only. Includes Teflon O-ring and 316 SS connection.

# HERMETICALLY SEALED SWITCH

We recommend hermetically sealed switch elements for improved reliability. The hermetically sealed switch provides uncompromising contact protection in harsh or corrosive environments. The Ashcroft 400 Series is also approved for installation in Division II hazardous areas when supplied with hermetically sealed contacts.

Features:

· UL-recognized component, guide WSQ2, File E85076

· All-stainless steel welded construction



# TO ORDER THIS B-SERIES PRESSURE SWITCH:

Select:	<b>B</b> 4	20	В	XPK	600#
1. Enclosure:					
2. Switch Element:					
3. Actuator Seal:					
4. Options (See pages 238-239):					
5. Pressure Range (See page 235):					

22(3)	Hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A, 125/250 Vac			
23	Heavy duty ac	20	A,125/250 Vac		
24(1)	General purpose	15A,125/250/480 V 1/2A, 125 Vdc 1/4A, 250 Vdc			
25	Heavy duty dc		A,125/ Vac or dc BHP 125/ Vac or dc		
26(4)	Sealed environment proof	15A, 125/250 Vac			
27	High temp. 300°F	15	A, 125/250 Vac		
28	Manual reset trip on increasing	15A, 125/250 Vac			
29	Manual reset trip on decreasing	15A, 125/250 Vac			
31	Low level (gold) contacts	1A,125/250 Vac			
32	Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose	11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc			
50	Variable deadband	15A,125/250 Vac			
	UL/CSA Listed Dual	SP	DT <sup>(2)</sup>		
61(4)	Dual narrow deadba	nd	15A, 125/250 Vac		
62(4)	Dual narrow environ ment proof	-	15A, 125/250 Vac		
63	Dual high temp. 300	°F	15A, 125/250 Vac		
64	Dual general purpos	е	15A, 125/250/480 Vac 1/2A, 125 Vdc 1/4A, 250 Vdc		
65	Dual ammonia servi	се	5A, 125/250/480		

# **WWEKSLER**

# Low Pressure Gauges – Bellows Type ±2-1-2% Accuracy

# STANDARD FEATURES

Movement: Bronze

**Pointer:** Balanced Slotted adjustable **Dial:** White enameled aluminum. Black

graduations and numerals

Thread Size: 1/4 male NPT; 1/2 male NPT Connection Location: Lower or Rear (back) Case: Style "2" polypropylene safety suitable

for direct or surface mounting.

Ideal for applications under 15 psi.

A	219/2
	1
7	WEEKSLOT OF
BL44	T

 Regal Low Pressure Gauges are calibrated in accordance with ASME B40.1 Grade A (±1% middle third). See page 5 of this catalog for further reference to ASME B40.1.

R BELLOWS GAUGES				
DIAL	FIGURE	SMALLEST	BL1	BL4
RANGES	INTERVALS	GRADUATION	DIAI	ARC
0 to 5 psi	1 psi	1/16 psi	270°	270°
0 to 10 psi	1 psi	⅓ psi	270°	270°
10 to 0" Water Vac.	2″	1/4"	90°	-
15 to 0" Water Vac.	3″	1/2"	90°	-
40 to 0"Water Vac. & 75 mm Hg.	5" & 10 mm	1″& 1 mm	270°	180°
5 to 10"Hg. Vac.	1″	1/10″	270°	270°
10 to 0" Hg. Vac.	2″	1/4"	270°	270°
10"Water Vacuum & 10"Water Pressure	2″	1/2"	180°	180°
20"Water Vacuum & 40"Water Pressure	10″	1″	270°	270°
10" Hg. Vacuum & 5 psi Pressure	2" & 1 psi	½″ & .1 psi	270°	270°
0 to 10" Water Press.	1″	1/4"	90°	-
0 to 15" Water Press.	3″	1/4"	90°	90°
0 to 20" Water Press. & 12oz.	½″ & 1 oz.	1" & ¼ oz.	180°	90°
0 to 30" Water Press. & 18oz.	5" & 1 oz.	½″ & ½ oz.	215°	-
0 to 30" Water Press. & 18oz.	10" & 1 oz.	1″& ½ oz.	_	180°
0 to 40" Water Press. & 24 oz.	5″ & 3 oz.	1″ & ½ oz.	270°	180°
0 to 60" Water Press. & 35 oz.	10" & 5 oz.	1″ & 1 oz.	270°	270°
0 to 80" Water Press. & 45 oz.	10" & 5 oz.	1" & 1 oz.	270°	270°
0 to 100" Water Press. & 57 oz.	10" & 5 oz.	1″ & 1 oz.	270°	270°
	DIAL RANGES  0 to 5 psi 0 to 10 psi 10 to 0" Water Vac. 15 to 0" Water Vac. 40 to 0" Water Vac. & 75 mm Hg. 5 to 10" Hg. Vac. 10 to 0" Hg. Vac. 10" Water Vacuum & 10" Water Pressure 20" Water Vacuum & 40" Water Pressure 10" Hg. Vacuum & 5 psi Pressure 0 to 10" Water Press. 0 to 15" Water Press. 10 to 20" Water Press. & 12oz. 0 to 30" Water Press. & 18oz. 0 to 40" Water Press. & 24 oz. 0 to 60" Water Press. & 35 oz. 0 to 80" Water Press. & 45 oz.	DIAL RANGES         FIGURE INTERVALS           0 to 5 psi         1 psi           0 to 10 psi         1 psi           10 to 0" Water Vac.         2"           15 to 0" Water Vac.         3"           40 to 0" Water Vac. & 75 mm Hg.         5" & 10 mm           5 to 10" Hg. Vac.         1"           10" Water Vacuum & 10" Water Pressure         2"           20" Water Vacuum & 40" Water Pressure         2"           10" Hg. Vacuum & 5 psi Pressure         2" & 1 psi           0 to 10" Water Press.         1"           0 to 15" Water Press.         3"           0 to 20" Water Press. & 12oz.         ½" & 1 oz.           0 to 30" Water Press. & 18oz.         5" & 1 oz.           0 to 30" Water Press. & 24 oz.         5" & 3 oz.           0 to 60" Water Press. & 35 oz.         10" & 5 oz.           0 to 80" Water Press. & 45 oz.         10" & 5 oz.	DIAL RANGES         FIGURE INTERVALS         SMALLEST GRADUATION           0 to 5 psi         1 psi         ⅓₅ psi           0 to 10 psi         1 psi         ⅙₅ psi           10 to 0"Water Vac.         2"         ¼⁴"           15 to 0"Water Vac.         3"         ½"           40 to 0"Water Vac. & 75 mm Hg.         5" & 10 mm         1" & 1 mm           5 to 10"Hg. Vac.         1"         ¼₀"           10"Water Vacuum & 10"Water Pressure         2"         ½"           20"Water Vacuum & 40"Water Pressure         10"         1"           10"Hg. Vacuum & 5 psi Pressure         2" & 1 psi         ½" & .1 psi           0 to 10"Water Press.         1"         ¼"           0 to 15"Water Press.         1"         ¼"           0 to 20"Water Press. & 12oz.         ½" & 1 oz.         1" & ¼ oz.           0 to 30"Water Press. & 18oz.         5" & 1 oz.         ½" & ½ oz.           0 to 30"Water Press. & 24 oz.         5" & 3 oz.         1" & ½ oz.           0 to 60"Water Press. & 35 oz.         10" & 5 oz.         1" & 1 oz.           0 to 80"Water Press. & 45 oz.         10" & 5 oz.         1" & 1 oz.	DIAL RANGES         FIGURE INTERVALS         SMALLEST GRADUATION         BL1           0 to 5 psi         1 psi         ½6 psi         270°           0 to 10 psi         1 psi         ½6 psi         270°           10 to 0 "Water Vac.         2"         ½"         90°           15 to 0 "Water Vac.         3"         ½"         90°           40 to 0 "Water Vac. & 75 mm Hg.         5" & 10 mm         1" & 1 mm         270°           5 to 10"Hg. Vac.         1"         ½"         270°           10 to 0"Hg. Vac.         2"         ½"         180°           20"Water Vacuum & 10"Water Pressure         2"         ½"         180°           20"Water Vacuum & 40"Water Pressure         10"         1"         270°           10"Hg. Vacuum & 5 psi Pressure         2" & 1 psi         ½" & 1 psi         270°           10"Hg. Vacuum & 5 psi Pressure         2" & 1 psi         ½" & 1 psi         270°           0 to 10"Water Press.         1"         ½" & 1 psi         270°           0 to 10"Water Press.         1"         ½" & 2.         180°           0 to 20"Water Press. & 12oz.         ½" & 1 oz.         1" & ½ oz.         215°           0 to 30"Water Press. & 18oz.         5" & 1 oz.         ½" & ½ oz.

<b>BELLOW</b>	BELLOWS AND SOCKET												
CATALOG BELLOWS &		DIAL	GAUGE	OPTIONAL CA	SE STYLE								
NO.	SOCKET MATERIAL	SIZE	TYPE	LOWER CONNECT	BACK CONNECT								
BL14	Phsp. Brnz. Bellows Brass Socket	41/"	l D	"A Alumainum Cafat	//C Aluminum Cofet								
BL44	316 SS Bellows 316 SS Socket	4½″	Low Pressure	#4 Aluminum Safety	#6 Aluminum Safety								

# **HOW TO ORDER**

# B L 4 4 2 W K 4 L W ( 1. Basic 4-digit Catalog No. From Table Above 2. Case Style Code From Table Above 3. Range Code From Range Tables Above 4. Thread Size: 4 = 1/4 Npt Male; 2 = 1/2 Npt Male 5. Connection Location: L = Lower (Bottom); or R = Rear (Back) 6. Dial Color: W = White (Standard), B = Black (Optional) 7. If Any Gauge Options Are Desired – Specify Option Code(s) From Page 37



D-7 Temperature Switch and Temperature Gauge

# **SASHCROFT**

Temperature Switches Watertight Enclosure, Type 400, B-Series

This broad Ashcroft® switch series is easy to use and readily retrofits to virtually all process, industrial and OEM applications.

- Watertight NEMA 4X, IP66 enclosure
- Choice of switch elements for all applications, including hermetically sealed (NEMA 4 meets Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, & D with hermetically sealed switch)
- · UL, CSA listings standard

- Setpoints adjustable from 15-100% of range
- Wetted material is all-welded stainless steel
- Fixed or limited adjustable deadband
- Readily available



# 1 - ENCLOSURE

T4 - Temperature switch, type 400, watertight enclosure meets NEMA 3, 4, 4X and 13, IP66 requirements

	o outrout of careties									
2 - SWIT	CH ELEMENTS									
Order Code	Description/Maximum Electrical Ratings UL/CSA Listed SPDT									
20(4)	Narrow deadband	15	A, 125/250 Vac							
21	Ammonia service	5A	, 125/250 Vac							
22(3)	Hermetically sealed switch, narrow deadband	5A	ı, 125/250 Vac							
23	Heavy duty ac	20	A,125/250 Vac							
24(1)	General purpose	15A,125/250/480 \ 1/2A, 125 Vdc 1/4A, 250 Vdc								
25	Heavy duty dc	10A,125/ Vac or dc 1/8HP 125/ Vac or								
26(4)	Sealed environment proof	A, 125/250 Vac								
27	High temp. 300°F	15	A, 125/250 Vac							
28	Manual reset trip on increasing	15	15A, 125/250 Vac							
29	Manual reset trip on decreasing	15A, 125/250 Vac								
31	Low level (gold) contacts	1A,125/250 Vac								
32	Hermetically sealed switch, general purpose		11A, 125/250 Vac 5A, 30 Vdc							
50	Variable deadband	15	A,125/250 Vac							
	UL/CSA Listed Dual	SF	DT <sup>(2)</sup>							
61(4)	Dual narrow deadba	nd	15A, 125/250 Vac							
62(4)	Dual narrow environ ment proof	-	15A, 125/250 Vac							
63	Dual high temp. 300	°F	15A, 125/250 Vac							
64	Dual general purpos	е	15A, 125/250/480 Vac 1/2A, 125 Vdc 1/4A, 250 Vdc							

Dual ammonia service 5A, 125/250/480

	3 - THERM	AL SYSTEN	A SELECTION(5	
--	-----------	-----------	---------------	--

	DIRECT MOUNT											
Order Code		System Mate	rial	S	tyle							
TS		316 stainless	F	Rigid								
REMOTE MOUNT												
Order Code	S	ystem Material	Line Length		Style							
T05	31	6 stainless steel	5	í	Capillary							
T10	31	6 stainless steel	10	)´	with							
T15	31	6 stainless steel	15	í	302 SS							
T20	31	6 stainless steel	20´		Spring							
T25	31	6 stainless steel	25	í	Armor							

# 4 - BULB LENGTH SELECTION

	DIRECT MOUNT											
Order Code	"S" Dimension	Minimum Thermowell "U" Dimension										
027	23/4"	_										
040	4″	21/2"										
060	6″	41/2"										
090	9″	71/2"										
120	12″	10½″										
	REMOTE MOUNT											
030	3″	2½″										
E ODTIONS												

### 5 - OPTIONS

See pages 238-239

### **6 - STANDARD TEMPERTATURE RANGES**

See page 235

## **NOTES:**

- 1. Standard switch.
- 2. Dual switches are 2 SPDT snap-action switches <u>not</u> independently adjustable.
- 3. Estimated dc rating, 2.5A, 28 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 4. Estimated dc rating, 0.4A, 120 Vdc (not UL listed).
- 5. Additional line lengths available, call factory.
- Additional bulb lengths available, call factory.
   Switches calibrated at 70°F ambient reference.

## HERMETICALLY SEALED SWITCH

We recommend hermetically sealed switch elements for improved reliability. The hermetically sealed switch provides uncompromising contact protection in harsh or corrosive environments. The Ashcroft 400 Series is also approved for installation in Division II hazardous areas when supplied with hermetically sealed contacts.

Features:

- UL-recognized component, guide WSQ2, File E85076
- All-stainless steel welded construction



# TO ORDER THIS B-SERIES TEMPERATURE SWITCH:

Select:	T4	20	T05	030	XNH	150° to 260°
1. Enclosure:						
2. Switch Element:						
3. Thermal System:						
4. Bulb Length:						
5. Options (see pages 238-239):						
6. Temperature Range (see page 235):						

# **NASHCROFT**

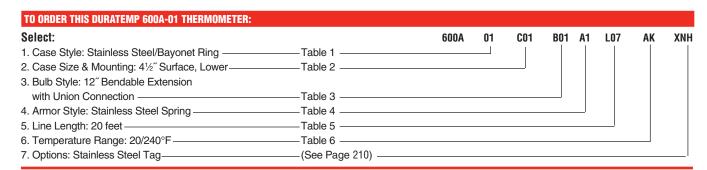
# Duratemp® Thermometer Series 600A-01 Accuracy (±1% F.S.)

- Exclusive movementless design resists shock and vibration – no gears to wear or misalign resulting in increased instrument life
- · Gas-operated molecular sieve
- No elevation error
- · Mercury free
- One bulb size for all ranges
- ±1% full-span accuracy
- Maxivision® dial
- Readily available two to three weeks delivery
- Limited five-year warranty

A high impact-resistant polished stainless steel case. Bayonet ring facilitates easy removal for glass replacement and pointer adjustment. A versatile case that enables surface or flush mounting. Available in  $4\frac{1}{2}$  dial size.



DA —	_ 01			CI	01		_		B01		A1 —		L07 _		AK	
-	Table 1			Tab	le 2			1	able 3	T	able 4	T	able 5		Table 6	
C/	ASE STYLE	CASE	SIZE		MOU	NTING		Bl	JLB STYLES*	ARMOR STYLE		LINE LENGTH		RANGES		
				MOUN	NTING	CONN	ECTION	CODE	DESCRIPTION	CODE	DESCRIPTION	CODE	LINE LENGTH	CODE	SINGLE RANGES	
CODE	DESCRIPTION	CODE	SIZE	SURFACE	FLUSH	LOWER	REAR							AB	-320/200°F	
01	ST. ST. BAYONET	C01	41/2	1		1		B01	12″ Bendable extension					AE	-100/100°F	
	RING	C11	41/2		1		1		with ½ NPT union			L01	5´	AG	-40/180°F	
									connection		Stainless			AK	20/240°F	
										Steel Spring				AL	50/300°F	
								B03	Plain bulb with rigid					AN	50/550°F	
									extension,			L03	3 10′	AR	50/750°F	
									no union			LU3	.03	AT	400/1200°F	
									B					AY	-200/100°C	
								B08	Plain bulb with rigid extension,					BL	-80/40°C	
									½ NPT union on			L07	20´	BN	-40/80°C	
									armor			207	20	BS	0/120°C	
									18" Bendable					BT	10/150°C	
								B17 extension with ½ NPT unio	B17 extension	extension with ½ NPT union					BU	0/300°C
									with ½ NPT union connection					L09	30´	BW
											1 109	109 30	50	BJ	200/650°C	
									04"5 111						DUAL RANGES	
								B18	24″ Bendable extension					CE	20/240°F	
									with ½ NPT union connection			L13	50´	UL.	0/120°C	
												1 -10	- 55	CF	50/550°F	
								*Minimu	m recommended					UI	0/300°C	
									n length					DR	50/300°F	
								("u" din	nension) in liquids			L19	80´	DIT	10/150°C	
									hes and in gases			L13	00	DT	-40/180°F	
								is 6 incl	hes for standard					וט	-40/80°C	



D-8 Level Switch

# Large Size - Alloys

# LS-1800 and LS-1900 Series are a Step Above Our Plastic Units for Pressure Capabilities

Excellent stability for general use in oils and water.

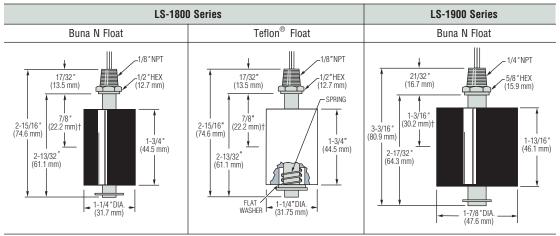




Intermediate in size, LS-1800 switches provide long life and dependability to meet a broad range of requirements.

With large float displacement, switch withstands rough service; is suitable for high viscosity liquids.

### **Dimensions**



†L, = Switch actuation level, nominal (based on a liquid specific gravity of 1.0).

# **Common Specifications**

Electrical Termination: No.18 AWG, 24"L., Polymeric Lead Wires.

Approvals: All Switches on this page are U.L. Recognized – File No. E45168, and are CSA

Listed – File No. 30200.

**Switch Operation:** Selectable, N.O. or N.C., by inverting float on unit stem (except for LS-1800 Series switch with Teflon® float). Units are shipped N.O. unless otherwise specified.

# How To Order - Select Part Number based on specifications required.

		Material						
Series Number	Stem and Mounting	Float	Other Wetted	Min. Liquid Sp. Gr.	Operating Temperature	Pressure, PSI, Max.	Switch* SPST	Part Number
	Brass	Buna N		.75			20 VA	01801 🗲
	DIdSS	Dulla IV			Water: to 180°F (82°C)	10°C) 150	100 VA**	35651 🗲
LS-1800	316 Stainless Steel	Puna M	316 Stainless Steel, Hysol .75	75	Oil: -40°F to +230°F (-40°C to +110°C)		20 VA	01807 🗲
				./5	.13		100 VA**	35657 🗲
		Teflon®		.65	-40°F to +250°F (-40°C to +121°C)	300	20 VA, N.O.	01811 🗲
	Brass	Droce		.55			20 VA	01901 🗲
LS-1900		Buna N 316 Stainless	.00	Water: to 180°F (82°C)	150	100 VA***	35676 🗲	
L3-1900	316 Stainless	Duild IV	Steel, Hysol	.55	Oil: -40°F to +230°F (-40°C to +110°C)	150	20 VA	01907 🗲
	Steel			.00			100 VA	35682 🗲

<sup>\*</sup>See "Electrical Data" on Page X-5 for more information.

<sup>\*\*</sup>LS-1800 100 VA switches are not U.L. Recognized.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> LS-1900 100VA unit is UL Resistive Rated.

cally-sealed, magnetically actuated, make-and-break type. Switches are SPST or SPDT and are rated in Volt-Amps (VA). Standard reed switches in GEMS level switch units are hermetiSee the chart below for maximum load characteristics of GEMS level switches. CAUTION: Contact protection is required for transient or high in-rush current. Refer to GEMS Bulletin #133702 or call your GEMS representative.

10 0-50 General Use 120 20 0-30 Pilot Duty 240 50 120 General Use 240	-	
	7,	.13
	80.	Ä.
	N.A.	.10
	4.	ε,
	71.	.13
	80	90`
	9'0	0.5
<u></u>	4.	4.
	Z,	.2
120	. 80	N.A.
240	4	X.

<sup>\*</sup> Not U.L. Recognized

\*\* Limited to 50,000 operations

The product is designed and manufactured in accordance with Sound Engineering Practice as defined by the Pressure

European Pressure Directive Addendum

Equipment Directive 97/23/EC. This product, must not be used as a "safety accessory" as defined by the Pressure Equipment ment Directive, Article 1, Paragraph 2.1.3. The presence of a CE Mark on the unit does not relate to the Pressure Equipment. This product is suitable for Class I and Class II applications only, per the requirements of standard EN60730 and any additional specific requirements for a particular application or medium being sensed. Class I compliance of metal bodied units requires a ground connection between the metal body and the earthing system of the installation. Class

Product must be maintained and installed in strict accordance with the National Electrical Code and GEMS product catalog and instruction bulletin. Failure to observe this warning could result in serious injuries or damages.

specific part numbers.

interface device must be used for hazardous area applications An appropriate explosion-proof enclosure or intrinsically safe combustible dust and flammable materials.
\*\*\* Warning: To prevent ignition of flammable or combusinvolving such things as (but not limited to) ignitable mixtures.

Pressure and temperature imitations shown on inditible atmospheres, disconnect power before servicing

vidual catalog pages and drawings for the specified level These pressures and temperatures take into consideration possible system surge pressures/temperatures and their frequencies. switches must not be exceeded.

Selection of materials for compatibility with the media is critical to the life and operation of GEMS level switches. Take

serviceable



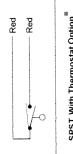
P/N 72947 Rev. Y

Gems Sensors Inc. One Cowles Road Plainville, CT 06062.1198

tel 860,747,3000 fax 860,747,4244

# **Typical Wiring Diagrams** (Circuit Condition Dry)

# SPST, Normally Open or Closed



Red	Red	SPST, With Thermostat Option  Black	Red Green	SPDT Orange. Yellow	COM N.O. White	
-----	-----	-------------------------------------	-----------	------------------------	----------------	--

specified setpoint. Thermostat units not CE approved. \*Thermostat switches open or close when ambient temperature reaches

at safety extra-low voltage (SELV) must be provided. Please consult the Factory for compliance information on I compliance of plastic bodied units in contact with a conductive medium requires that the medium be effectively earthed so as to provide an earthed barrier between the unit and accessible areas. For Class III compliance, a supply Important Points!

care in the proper selection of materials of construction; particu-Life expectancy of switch contacts varies with applicalarly wetted materials.

Ambient temperature changes do affect switch set points, since the specific gravity of a liquid can vary with temperations. Contact GEMS if life cycle testing is required. ure. Level switches have been designed to resist shock and Liquid media containing particulate and/or debris should Electrical entries and mounting points may require liqvibration; however, shock and vibration should be minimized be filtered to ensure proper operation of GEMS products

Physical damaged sustained by the product may render it unuid/vapor sealing if located in an enclosed tank Level switches must not be field repaired

\* Plastics

\*\* Alloys

\*\*\* Specialty Switches: Please use caution when handling these units, as shock may damage the thermostat temperature setting. Thermostat units not CE approved.



# Single-Station Level Switches

Instruction Bulletin No. 72947

LS-1700** 1/ LS-1700TFE* 1/ LS-1750** 1/			Diameter
			-
	1/8" NPT	1/2"	(Slosh Shield Version
			1-13/32.)
	1/8" NPT	1/2"	1-1/8"
			1-1/2"
	1/8" NPT	1/2"	(Slosh Shield Version
			1-13/16")
LS-1755** 1/	1/8" NPT	1/2"	1-1/32"
LS-1800** 1/	1/8" NPT	1/2"	1-1/4"
	1/2" NPT	3/4" Wrench Flat	3-1/2"
LS-1900** 1/	1/4" NPT	5/8"	1-7/8"
LS-1900TFE* 1/	1/4" NPT	21/32"	2-1/8"
	1/4" NPT	5/8"	2-1/16"
LS-19735* 1/	1/4" NPT	5/8"	1-1/2"
	1/8" NPT	1/2"	11
3/8" -	- 16 Str. Thd.	1/2"	33
LS-3*			1-1/4"
<del>(</del>	1/8" NPT	1/2"	(Slosh Shield Version)
-	1/8" NPT	1/2"	1-7/8" (P/N 76707)
-	1/8" NPT	1/2"	3/4" (P/N 201540)
LS-30* 1/	1/4" NPT	5/8"	1.27/8"
LS-38760** 1/	1/4" NPT	9/16" Wrench Flat	1-7/8"
	1/4" NPT	5/8"	1.1/2"
LS-77700** 1/	1/8" NPT	1/2"	41
3/8"	- 24 Str. Thd.	3/4"	1-1/2"
TH 800-A***	4/4" NIDT	£/8"	1-1/4"
Level Temp	TN +	0.00	

# Installation

A standard NPT female boss in tank top, bottom or side is all that is required. Units operate in any attitude - from the vertical to a  $30^\circ$ inclination - with lead wires up or down. Standard IPS pipe extends units to any intermediate level in the tank. (Figure 1)

into the switch assembly exists. Should this The following suggestions may help to prevent Moisture Protection: When moisture exists in conduit and extension pipes, the potential for this moisture to "wick" down the wire leads and happen, the switch will appear to be closed due to a high resistance path through the moisture. this from happening:

- Figure 1

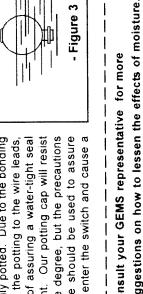
when possible, so that condensation will drip 1. Pitch conduit away from the level switch away from the level switch assembly.

# (Figure 2)

be used to fill the vertical run. Alternatively, an appropriate potting may be used to fill the verthe tank, a non-conductive silicone oil should 2. When a vertical run of extension pipe is used to extend a level switch down from the top of tical run to occupy the space in which condensation will normally form. (Figure 3)

# CAUTION

moisture doesn't enter the switch and cause a moisture to some degree, but the precautions at the potting joint. Our potting cap will resist mentioned above should be used to assure ting cap or are fully potted. Due to the bonding Most of GEMS level products incorporate a potcharacteristics of the potting to the wire leads, there is no way of assuring a water-tight seal



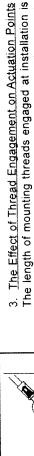
suggestions on how to lessen the effects of moisture. Consult your GEMS representative for more

# **Thread Treatment**

- 1. Sealing: When threading metal threads into a metal coupling, pipe sealant or Teflon® tape is recommended. Due to potential compatibility problems, when sealing plastic threaded units, a compatible pipe sealant such as No More Leaks<sup>™</sup> from Permatex<sup>®</sup> is recommended.
  - installer should use a suitable wrench and tighten the threads one to one and one-2. Tightening: When threading a plastic level switch into a metal coupling, the half additional turns past hand-tight. Over-torquing of the threads will result in

damage to the plastic mounting plug.

No More Leaks is a trademark of Permatex® Industrial Corp., a subsidiary of Loctite Corporation. Teflon is a registered trademark of DuPont Corporation



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switch actuation points and the actual length of stem extending into the tank. Use Factor the dimension into any calculation of switch actuation levels (L) and overall The length of mounting threads engaged at installation is important in calculating the chart below to find the thread engagement length (T) for a given NPT size.

NPT	1/8"	1/4"	1/2"	3/4"	1	1-1/4"	2"	3".
T Dim.	.27"	.39"	.53"	.55.	.68"	.71"	.76"	1.20"

# See Examples Below

# Definition of Variables Used in Examples Below

- A = Mounting Length
- T = Thread Engagement
- P = Distance from coupling (bung) top to inside surface of tank or bracket
  - $\mathbf{L_0} = \mathbf{Overall}$  length from bottom of mounting
- L = Switch actuation level as measured from inside surface of tank or bracket to fluid surface
  - $\mathbf{L_{i}}=$  Switch actuation level, nominal, as measured from bottom of mounting (based on a liquid specific gravity of 1.0)

# Internally Mounted LS-1900 (Standard Length)

Silicone

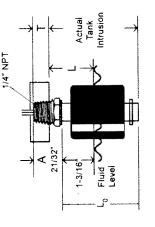
- Figure 2

Conduit

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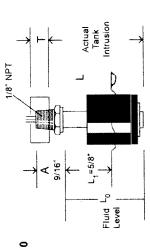
-S-1900 Series internally mounted through a 1/4" NPT hole. calculate "L" dimension:

L = 1-3/16" + (21/32" - .39") $L = L_1 + (A-T)$ L = 1.46"



# Internally Mounted LS-1700/1750 (Standard Length)

-S-1700/1750 internally mounted through a 1/8" NPT hole. calculate "L" dimension:



D-9 Differential Pressure Gauge

# **NASHCROFT®**

# Differential Pressure Gauges Type 1133 ±2% Ascending Accuracy

- Large convoluted diaphragm actuator
- Stainless steel case
- Ranges from 1 IWD-25 IWD
- Static pressures up to 500 psi
- Aluminum<sup>(3)</sup>, stainless steel bodies<sup>(3)</sup>
- Buna-N seals (others available)
- Superior magnets for smoother power motion
- · Standard switches available
- 5-year warranty

The Type 1133 uses a convoluted-diaphragm to sense low inches of water differentials while ensuring no migration of the process media. Maximum static pressures for ranges of 5 IWD and below is 45 psi and 500 psi for all other ranges. Body materials are only available in Aluminum, with Buna, Viton or EPDM seals. (2)

- (1) Not for use with incompatible media.
- (2) Other wetted parts include stainless steel, Teflon and ceramic.
- (3) Not to be used with water or corrosive applications.



SPECIFICATIONS         Type 1133           Accuracy (Ascending)         ±2%           Migration         Zero           Range Limits         0-1 IWD to 25 IWD           Maximum Static Pressure         500 psi (all)           Actuator         Convoluted Diaphragm           Case Material         Stainless Steel           Dial Size         3½" (35), 4" (40), 4½" (45), 6" (60)           Maximum Process Temperature         175°F / 80°C           Body Materials         Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)           Diaphragm         Buna-N           Connection Size (Female)         ½ NPT (25)           Connection Location         In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)           Window         Glass           Warranty         Five Years           OPTIONS           Switches <sup>(1,2)</sup> NEMA-4         Available           Front Flange (XFF)         Available           Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)         Available           EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)         Available           Glycerin Fill (L)         N/A           Silicone Fill (XGV)         N/A           Plastic Window (XPD)         Available           Explosion Proof (XEK)         N/A		
Migration Zero Range Limits 0-1 IWD to 25 IWD  Maximum Static Pressure 500 psi (all) Actuator Convoluted Diaphragm Case Material Stainless Steel  Dial Size 3½″ (35), 4″ (40), 4½″ (45), 6″ (60)  Maximum Process Temperature 175°F / 80°C  Body Materials Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S) Diaphragm Buna-N  Connection Size (Female) ½ NPT (25)  Connection Location In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B) Window Glass  Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches(1.2) NEMA-4 Available  Front Flange (XFF) Available  FPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available  Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A  Plastic Window (XPD) Available	SPECIFICATIONS	Type 1133
Range Limits 0-1 IWD to 25 IWD  Maximum Static Pressure 500 psi (all)  Actuator Convoluted Diaphragm  Case Material Stainless Steel  Dial Size 3½" (35), 4" (40), 4½" (45), 6" (60)  Maximum Process Temperature 175°F / 80°C  Body Materials Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Diaphragm Buna-N  Connection Size (Female) ½ NPT (25)  Connection Location In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window Glass  Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches (1.2) NEMA-4 Available  Front Flange (XFF) Available  FPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available  Glycerin Fill (L) N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A  Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Accuracy (Ascending)	±2%
Maximum Static Pressure  Actuator  Case Material  Dial Size  Dial Size  Maximum Process Temperature  Body Materials  Diaphragm  Connection Size (Female)  Window  Glass  Warranty  Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches(1,2) NEMA-4  Front Flange (XFF)  Viton/Diaphragm (XEM)  Glycerin Fill (L)  Silicone Fill (XGV)  Plastic Window (Case)  Actual Diaphragm (Connection (Connection Size (Female))  Mindow  Maximum Process Temperature  175°F / 80°C  Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Buna-N  Connection Size (Female)  174 NPT (25)  Connection Location  In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window  Glass  Warranty  Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches(1,2) NEMA-4  Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XVD)  Available  Glycerin Fill (L)  N/A  Plastic Window (XPD)  Available	Migration	Zero
Actuator Convoluted Diaphragm  Case Material Stainless Steel  Dial Size 3½" (35), 4" (40), 4½" (45), 6" (60)  Maximum Process Temperature 175°F / 80°C  Body Materials Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Diaphragm Buna-N  Connection Size (Female) ½ NPT (25)  Connection Location In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window Glass  Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches (1.2) NEMA-4 Available  Front Flange (XFF) Available  Front Flange (XFF) Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XVD) Available  Glycerin Fill (L) N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A  Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Range Limits	0-1 IWD to 25 IWD
Case Material  Dial Size  3½" (35), 4" (40), 4½" (45), 6" (60)  Maximum Process Temperature  175°F / 80°C  Body Materials  Diaphragm  Buna-N  Connection Size (Female)  Van NPT (25)  Connection Location  In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window  Glass  Warranty  Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches(1,2) NEMA-4  Front Flange (XFF)  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)  Glycerin Fill (L)  N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV)  N/A  Plastic Window (XPD)  Available	Maximum Static Pressure	500 psi (all)
Dial Size  3½" (35), 4" (40), 4½" (45), 6" (60)  Maximum Process Temperature  175°F / 80°C  Body Materials  Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Diaphragm  Buna-N  Connection Size (Female)  ½ NPT (25)  Connection Location  In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window  Glass  Warranty  Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches (1,2) NEMA-4  Available  Front Flange (XFF)  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)  Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)  Glycerin Fill (L)  N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV)  Plastic Window (XPD)  Available	Actuator	Convoluted Diaphragm
Maximum Process Temperature  Body Materials  Diaphragm  Buna-N  Connection Size (Female)  Window  Glass  Warranty  Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches <sup>(1,2)</sup> NEMA-4  Front Flange (XFF)  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)  Glycerin Fill (L)  N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV)  Naluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)  Buna-N  Glass  Hn-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window  Glass  Available  Five Years  Available  Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XVD)  Available  Glycerin Fill (L)  N/A  Plastic Window (XPD)  Available	Case Material	Stainless Steel
Body Materials Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S) Diaphragm Buna-N Connection Size (Female) ½ NPT (25) Connection Location In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B) Window Glass Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS Switches(1,2) NEMA-4 Available Front Flange (XFF) Available Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Dial Size	3½″ (35), 4″ (40), 4½″ (45), 6″ (60)
Diaphragm Buna-N Connection Size (Female) ½ NPT (25) Connection Location In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B) Window Glass Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS Switches(1,2) NEMA-4 Available Front Flange (XFF) Available Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Maximum Process Temperature	175°F/80°C
Connection Size (Female)  Connection Location  In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)  Window  Glass  Warranty  Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches(1,2) NEMA-4  Front Flange (XFF)  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)  Glycerin Fill (L)  N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV)  Plastic Window (XPD)  Available	Body Materials	Aluminum (F), Stainless Steel (S)
Connection Location In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B) Window Glass Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS Switches <sup>(1,2)</sup> NEMA-4 Available Front Flange (XFF) Available Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Diaphragm	Buna-N
Window Glass Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS Switches <sup>(1,2)</sup> NEMA-4 Available Front Flange (XFF) Available Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Connection Size (Female)	1/4 NPT (25)
Warranty Five Years  OPTIONS  Switches(1,2) NEMA-4 Available  Front Flange (XFF) Available  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available  Glycerin Fill (L) N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A  Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Connection Location	In-Line (S), Lower (L), Back (B)
OPTIONS  Switches <sup>(1,2)</sup> NEMA-4  Front Flange (XFF)  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)  Glycerin Fill (L)  Silicone Fill (XGV)  Plastic Window (XPD)  Available  Available  N/A  Available	Window	Glass
Switches <sup>(1,2)</sup> NEMA-4 Available Front Flange (XFF) Available Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Warranty	Five Years
Front Flange (XFF) Available  Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available  Glycerin Fill (L) N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A  Plastic Window (XPD) Available	OPTIONS	
Viton/Diaphragm (XVD) Available  EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available  Glycerin Fill (L) N/A  Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A  Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Switches(1,2) NEMA-4	Available
EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM) Available Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Front Flange (XFF)	Available
Glycerin Fill (L) N/A Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Viton/Diaphragm (XVD)	Available
Silicone Fill (XGV) N/A Plastic Window (XPD) Available	EPDM/Diaphragm (XEM)	Available
Plastic Window (XPD) Available	Glycerin Fill (L)	N/A
	Silicone Fill (XGV)	N/A
Explosion Proof (XEK) N/A	Plastic Window (XPD)	Available
	Explosion Proof (XEK)	N/A

### (1) Applicable to Switches

(XV1) 1 SPST with DIN Plug (XV2) 1 SPST with Terminal Strip (XV3) 2 SPST with DIN Plug (XV4) 2 SPST with Terminal Strip (XV5) 1 SPDT with DIN Plug (XV6) 1 SPDT with Terminal Strip (XV7) 2 SPDT with DIN Plug (XV8) 2 SPDT with Terminal Strip

(2) Ajustable from 40-100% of range

# RATINGS FOR STANDARD SWITCHES:

### **SPST SWITCH**

# Specifications:

**Contact Rating** 

10 VA ac (rms) or dc (max) Switching Current

0.5 Amp ac (rms) or dc (max) Switch Voltage

150 Vac/Vdc (max)

# **SPDT SWITCH**

# Specifications:

Contact Rating 5 VA ac (rms) or dc (max)

Switching Current
0.25 Amp ac (rms) or dc (max)

Switch Voltage

175 Vac/Vdc (max)

# STANDARD RANGES - Type 1133

	in.H₂O	0-1	0-2	0-5	0-10	0-25
Γ	mmH₂0	0-25	0-50	0-125	0-250	0-600

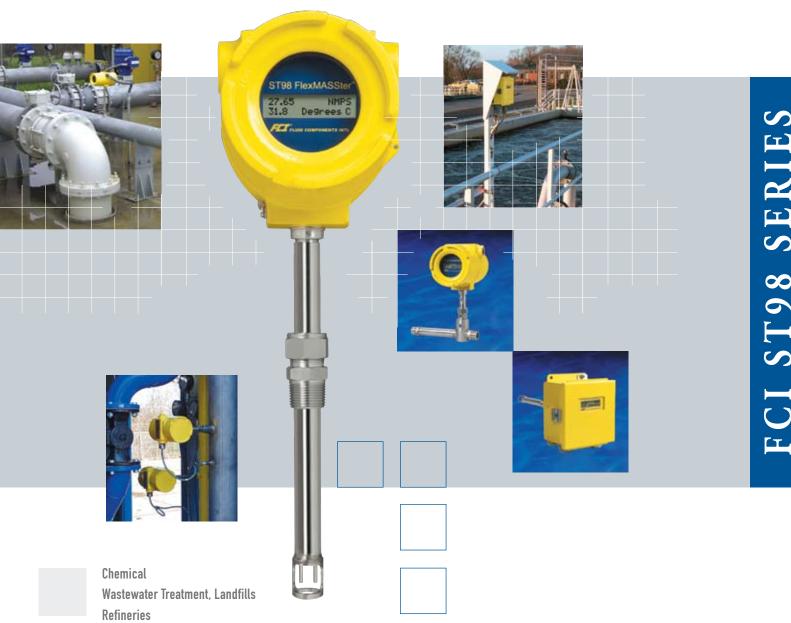
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D-10 Flowmeter

# FCI ST98 SERIES

# FCI ST98 Series Thermal Mass Flow Meters

**Gas Flow Measurement Solutions** for Process and Plant Applications



Oil & Gas

Mining

Metals

Manufacturing

Cement, Stone, Brick, Glass

**Power Utilities** 

Pulp & Paper

Food & Beverage

And more...



# **ST98 Series Features**

- Air and Gas Direct Mass Flow Measuring
- Flow Rate, Total Flow, and Temperature Display
- No Moving Parts, Lowest Maintenance
- Line Sizes 1" to 42" [25 to 1066 mm]
- Precision Calibrated
- Fluid Temperatures to 850 °F [454 °C]
- Rugged, All-Metal Agency-Certified Enclosures
- Integral and Remote Electronics Versions
- Comprehensive Approvals for Hazardous Locations
- RS232C, HART® and PROFIBUS® Communications
- 110 Year MTBF



**Model ST98** is an insertion flow meter for pipe sizes from 2 1/2" to 42" [64 to 1066 mm]. Typical calibration range is from 0.75 to 600 SFPS [0.21 to 172 NMPS]. <sup>1</sup>

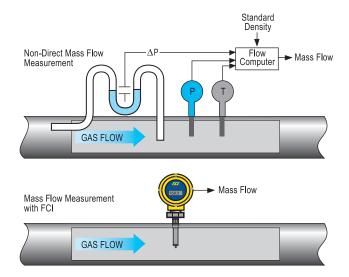


**Model ST98L** is an in-line flow meter for use in line sizes 1", 1 1/2" and 2" [DN25, DN40, and DN50]. Typical calibration range is from 0.006 SCFM to 1850 SCFM [0.01 NCMH to 3140 NCMH].<sup>1</sup>

# The ST98 Air / Gas Mass Flow Meter Solution

ST98 flow meters combine proprietary equal mass thermal dispersion flow sensing elements, precision electronics, and exacting fluid calibrations, all packaged within rugged, industrial enclosures. The ST98 Series delivers a superior air/gas flow measurement solution that continuously meets performance specifications in the most demanding process and plant applications with virtually no scheduled maintenance.

ST98 flow meters feature FCl's patented no-moving parts flow element design that provides direct mass flow measurement with just a single process penetration. This saves you space and eliminates unnecessary installation, expense, and performance degradation associated with separate temperature and pressure sensors, and density calculation devices needed with inferred mass flow techniques. With no moving parts to plug or foul, ST98's deliver extensive cost savings over alternative high maintenance technologies. The result is an accurate and highly repeatable mass flow measurement at the lowest total installed cost. In today's complex process control schemes, the ST98 Series provides accurate gas flow measurements essential for process consistency, quality and safe plant operation.



FCI's ST98 Series features an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  of reading, 0.5% of full scale and repeatability of  $\pm 0.5\%$  of reading. The turndown ratio is factory preset to your application from a minimum of 10:1 to a maximum of 100:1 and is field adjustable within the calibrated range. ST98 flow meters are offered in a wide range of packaging options, mounting and installation options that ensure configuration matched to your exact application conditions. From compressed air to hydrocarbon gases, single gases to bio-gas mixtures, ST98 flow meters are at work improving processes throughout the world.

At standard conditions of 70 °F and 14.7 psia [0 °C and 1.013,25 mBara for metric normal conditions]. Actual calibration range depends on actual fluid and conditions.

# **Sensors Optimized to Meet the Application**

To match your flow application conditions, the ST98 and ST98L are both offered in a choice of two element designs. ST98 choices are -FP and -S. ST98L choices are -F and -S

Select the -FP and -F style element for applications in dry, clean air/gases with fluid temperatures up



to 850 °F [454 °C]. The -FP and -F designs incorporate FCI's exclusive equal mass sensor in smaller diameter thermo-wells for faster response time and improved repeatability in processes with dynamic temperature swings. The -FP also features a protective shroud.

Select the -S style element when your application involves dirty or erosive fluids, high moisture content gas or a pulsating flow. The -S element features more robust, thicker wall thermo-wells and an un-shrouded equal mass sensor element that provides a noisefiltered response, extended erosion resistance, and easier cleaning. In wet/dirty gas applications such as digester, landfill, bio-gases, wet compressed air, or with erosive particulates in the gas, the -S sensor element is often the optimal choice.

ST98 and ST98L models feature an all-welded element to ensure maximum strength, durability and leak proofing. Elements are available in 316L stainless steel or, for applications in highly corrosive fluids, Hastelloy-C materials of construction.

	Sensor Type	Material of Construction	All Welded	Standard Temperature Range to 350°F [177°C]	High Temperature Range to 500°F [260°C]	Ultra-High Temperature Range to 850°F [454°C]
	–FP	316L Stainless Steel	Yes	>		ST98 HT (new)
ST98 Insertion	–FP	Hastelloy-C	Yes	>		ST98 HT (new)
ST98 In	<b>-</b> \$	316L Stainless Steel	Yes	*	*	ST98 HT
	-S	Hastelloy-C	Yes	>	>	ST98 HT

	–F	316L Stainless Steel	Yes	>	
ST98L In-Line	-F	Hastelloy-C	Yes	>	
ST98L	<b>-</b> \$	316L Stainless Steel	Yes	>	
	<b>-</b> S	Hastelloy-C	Yes	<b>&gt;</b>	-

# Find your gas here?

# FCI has provided thermal mass flow meter solutions for all of these and more...

Acetaldehyde	Ethyl Acrylate	Krypton	Propadiene
Acetic Acid	Ethyl Alcohol	Landfill Gas	Propane
Acetone	Ethyl Amine	$(CH_4 + CO_2)$	Propanol
Acetonitrile	Ethyl Benzene	M-Cresol	Propyl Chloride
Acetyl Chloride	Ethyl Bromide	Mercury	Propylene
Acetylene	Ethyl Chloride	Methane	Propylene Oxide
Air	Ethyl Fluoride	Methanol	Propyne
Allyl Chloride	Ethyl Mercaptan	Methyl Acetate	P-Xylene
Ammonia	Ethylene	Methyl Alcohol	R-11
Aniline	Ethylene	Methyl Amine	R-112
Argon	Dichloride	Methyl Butane	R-113
Benzene	Ethylene Oxide	Methyl Fluoride	R-114
Bio-Gas	Flare Gas Fluorine	Methyl Hayana	R-114B2
(CH <sub>4</sub> + CO <sub>2</sub> ) Boron Trifluoride	Fluorine	Methyl Hexane Methyl Hydrazine	R-115
Bromine	Fluoroform	Methyl	R-116
Bromobenzene	Freon-11	Mercaptan	R-12
Butadiene	Freon-12	Methyl Octane	R-13
Butene	Freon-13	Methyl Pentane	R-13B1
Butylene Oxide	Freon-14	Methylal	R-14
Butyne	Freon-21	Methylene	R-142B
Carbon Dioxide	Freon-22	Chloride	R-152A
Carbon Disulfide	Freon-23	Morpholine	R-21
Carbon Monoxide	Furan	M-Xylene	R-216
Carbon	Halon	Naphthalene	R-22
Tetrachloride	Helium	Natural Gas	R-23
Carbonyl Sulfide	Heptene	N-Butane	R-500
Chlorine	Hexanol	N-Butane	R-502
Chlorobenzene	Hexene	N-Butanol	R-503
Chloroethane	Hydrazine	N-Butyl Alcohol	R-504
Chloroform	Hydrogen	N-Decane	Radon
Chloromethane	Hydrogen	N-Dodecane	R-C318
Chloroprene	Bromide	Neon	Saturated Steam
Cis-2-Butene	Hydrogen	Neopentane	Silane
Cis-2-Hexene	Chloride	N-Heptane	Silicon
Cumene	Hydrogen	N-Hexane	Tetrachloride
Cyanogen	Cyanide	Nitric Oxide	Styrene
Cyclobutane	Hydrogen	Nitrogen	Sulfur Dioxide
Cyclohexane	Deuteride	Nitrogen Dioxide	Sulfur
Cyclooctane	Hydrogen	Nitromethane	Hexafluoride
Cyclopentane	Fluoride	Nitrous Oxide	Sulfur Trioxide
Cyclopropane Decene	Hydrogen Iodide	N-Nonane	Superheated
Decene Deuterium	Hydrogen Peroxide	N-Octane Nonene	Thiophene
Deuterium Oxide		N-Pentane	Titanium
Diethyl Amine	Hydrogen Sulfide lodine	N-Propanol	Tetrachloride
Diethyl Ether	Isobutane	N-Propyl Alcohol	Toluene
Diethyl Ketone	Isobutene	N-Propyl Amine	Trans-2-Butene
Digester Gas	Isobutyl Alcohol	N-Undecane	Trimethyl Amine
(CH <sub>4</sub> +CO <sub>2</sub> )	Isoheptane	Octene	Triptane
Dimethyl Ether	Isohexane	Oxygen	Uranium
Dimethyl	Isooctane	0-Xylene	Hexafluoride
Propane	Isopentane	Ozone	Vinyl Acetate
Dimethyl Sulfide	Isoprene	Pentanol	Vinyl Chloride
Ethane	Isopropyl Alcohol	Pentene	Vinyl Fluoride
Ethanol	Isopropyl Amine	Phenol	Vinyl Formate
Ethyl Acetate	Ketene	Phosgene	Water Vapor
		~	•

# **Robust, Rugged Electronics and Transmitter**

ST98 Series transmitters feature robust, microprocessor-based electronics that undergo rigorous testing and quality assurance checks to ensure continuous, reliable long-term operation in the most demanding installations. The electronics feature FCI's exclusive, multi-poly curve fit linearization technique to achieve maximum flow measurement accuracy and repeatability. All gas calibration data specifics for your meter and your application are stored in non-volatile memory and always retained in the event of a power loss.

All wiring terminal blocks are easily and safely accessed through the ST98 enclosure's front door or via the removable dual-covers of the explosion-proof transmitter. The instrument's universal power supply accepts AC (85 to 260 volts) or 24 Vdc. The transmitter's analog output is field selectable as 4-20 mA, 0-5 Vdc, or 0-10 Vdc. An optional digital, 2 line-by-16 character LCD is available to display flow, temperature and total flow

**Digital Communications** 

ST98 Series models include a serial RS232C I/O port. Instrument configuration and comprehensive diagnostics are performed via simple connection to a portable PC via hyperterminal mode, or via a FCI Model FC88 portable programmer. Actual

measurements, including flow rate, total flow, temperature values, and diagnostics are continuously accessible from the serial output. The industry standard HART and PROFIBUS digital communications protocols are also an available option.

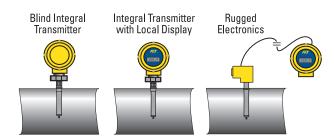




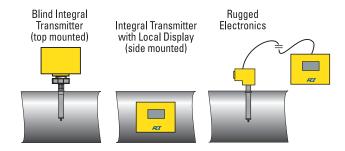
- HART Field Communications Protocol For connection in HART networks, the ST98 flow transmitter supports two-way communications for easy access to measured process data, diagnostics, calibration and configuration information. Both flow and temperature data are available as PV1 and PV2 within the HART Protocol. FCl's HART manufacturer ID is 0000A6 and the ST98 device type is 0078. Device description (DD) files are installed and downloadable from the HART web site.
- PROFIBUS Process Field Bus ST98's PROFIBUS interface supports connection in a PROFIBUS network as a —DP device. The communications protocol is fully Profile 3 compatible. In addition, FCI optionally offers single instrument and enterprise level DTM software packages to facilitate and reduce the costs of integrating ST98 into the PROFIBUS network. ST98's PROFIBUS has been certified by the PROFIBUS organization, certification number Z01212.

# **ST98 Insertion**

# **Hazardous Locations**

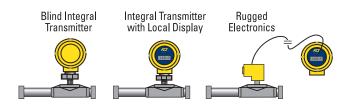


# Non-hazardous Locations

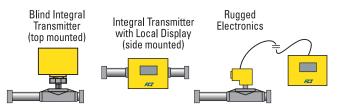


# ST98L In-Line

# **Hazardous Locations**



# **Non-hazardous Locations**





# Rugged Packaging for Long Service Life and Installation Choices to Match Your Application

ST98 flow meters are offered in several enclosure configurations to ensure application reliability, readability of the digital display, ease of installation and accessibility. These include a weatherproof, carbon steel NEMA/CSA Type 4 [IP66] rated enclosure, an aluminum NEMA/CSA Type 4X [IP66] rated enclosure, or an aluminum explosion-proof enclosure for hazardous locations. Agency approvals include FM, CSA, ATEX, GOST/RTN, IEC, CPA, and NEPSI. Any of the transmitter enclosure choices can be ordered integrally mounted with the sensor probe or for remote mounting up to 1000 feet (350m) away. Hazardous location approvals meet Class I & II, Div.1 & 2, Groups B, C, D, E, F & G; and per ATEX/IECEx II2 GD Exd IIC T4.

# Process Connection Choices for Installation Ease

Standard process connections for the ST98's insertion flow element are a 3/4 or 1 inch male NPT stain-less steel compression fitting with either an adjustable teflon ferrule, rated to 150 psig [10 bar(g)] and 200 °F [93 °C], or a stainless steel ferrule, rated to 250 psig [17 bar(g)] and 500 °F [260 °C]. Optionally available are ANSI or DIN flanges, and



Packing Gland/ Ball Valves

retractable packing glands with 1 1/4 inch NPT or flanged connections. The ST98 insertion flow meter is offered in three standard element lengths of 6, 12, or 21 inches [152, 305 or 533 mm], which are field adjustable for final insertion depth to match your application. Longer and fixed insertion lengths, and all-welded process connections are also available upon request. High temperature service model ST98HT is available as a 1 inch male NPT or flanged in fixed insertion lengths up to 60 inches [1524 mm]. Adjustable insertion length requires retractable packing gland configuration.

For the ST98L in-line model, the standard process connections are male or female NPT and ANSI or DIN flanges. The flow tube or pipe length is 9-times its nominal diameter (e.g. a 1 inch pipe model will have a 9 inch long flow tube). Additionally, ST98L may be supplied with built-in Vortab® flow conditioners to reduce straight-run requirements and eliminate swirl and distorted flow profiles.

# **FCI Calibration Ensures Installed Accuracy**

The ST98 Series is tested and calibrated to rigorous standards to ensure you get the instrument that does the job you specified. To design and produce the highest quality flow instrumentation, FCI operates a world-class NIST traceable flow calibration laboratory certified to meet such stringent standards as MIL-STD 45662A and ANSI/NCSL Z-540.

For most gases, FCI ST98 thermal dispersion flow meters are calibrated using the actual gas as well as the actual temperature and process conditions matching your application. Other suppliers are limited to air calibration with un-validated theoretical equivalencies for gases. FCI has demonstrated this procedure to be inferior and subject to installed errors well outside published specifications. For most other suppliers to perform actual gas calibrations equal to FCI, their flow meter must be sent to an outside laboratory resulting in extra costs and shipping delays to you.

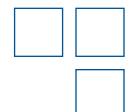
FCI's calibration results in a flow meter you can install with total confidence and assurance that it meets your application needs.





More than 16 precision flow stands to match fluids, process conditions, flow rates and line sizes specified in your application.

# **ST98 Special Configurations**



# ST98HP - High and Ultra High Purity Applications

For gas applications in pharmaceutical, biotech, food, beverage, semiconductor, or other industries where high purity finishes are required, the model ST98HP is the solution. The ST98HP provides all of the standard features and options of the ST98, combined with electropolish finishes and sanitary process connections. ST98HP is available for line sizes 3/4 inch through 4 inches. The ST98HP is offered in two versions:

- High Purity 15Ra finish with a sanitary flange mated to a 316L inline flow tube. The flow tube can be specified for either butt weld or sanitary flanged process connections.
- Ultra High Purity 10Ra finish with a VCR connector mated to a 316L in-line flow tube. The flow tube can be specified for either butt weld or sanitary flanged process connections.

ST98B - Compressed Air/

Specifically for applications in compressed

air, is calibrated for a range of 6 to 600

SFPS [1.8 to 183 NMPS]. Model ST98B-

AN, for air or nitrogen, is calibrated for

1.25 to 125 SFPS [0.4 to 38 NMPS].

Air / Nitrogen



ST98HP is engineered for High Purity applications.



The ST98HP for Ultra High Purity applications has a 10Ra finish.

# air, air, or nitrogen, FCI manufactures the ST98B models as standardized configurations of the ST98. The preconfigured and calibrated ST98B is easy to order and stocked for quick delivery. Model ST98B-CA, for compressed

Standardized ST98B models are pre-configured and calibrated for compressed air/air or nitrogen.

The insertion element has a 3/4 inch diameter (with -FP element) and is offered in two U-lengths; 6 inch [152 mm] and 12 inch [395mm] with male NPT compression fitting and Teflon ferrule for field adjustment to the final insertion depth. The flow meter's transmitter housing is the NEMA 4 [IP66] carbon steel box, and can be ordered as a blind unit or with LCD digital display, in an integral or remote configuration. All other specifications of the ST98 insertion are standard.

# **ST98 Special Treatments, Options and Accessories**

Fluid Components International is committed to providing solutions for even the toughest application challenges. FCI has engineered a variety of options and accessories for ST98 models to perform in extraordinary conditions — just a few examples are shown here. Contact FCI with any special needs or for engineered solutions to your specific application.

vortab Flow Conditioners For plant conditions with limited piping straight-run or significant flow disturbances, FCI ensures accurate and repeatable measurements using Vortab flow conditioners. The patented, proven Vortab technology is widely recommended by industry experts to be the single most effective solution for flow conditioning and flow straightening. FCI is the only thermal dispersion flow technology provider authorized to provide Vortab flow conditioners with its products.



Vortab® Flow Conditioners ensure accurate and repeatable flow performance.

# Sun and Wind Enclosure Shades

In outdoor installations with constant heat, glaring sun or blowing sand, special sun shades provide additional protection to ensure reliability and operations of the transmitter electronics and the LCD digital display when used with remote enclosures.



A sun and wind shade will help protect the remote transmitter.

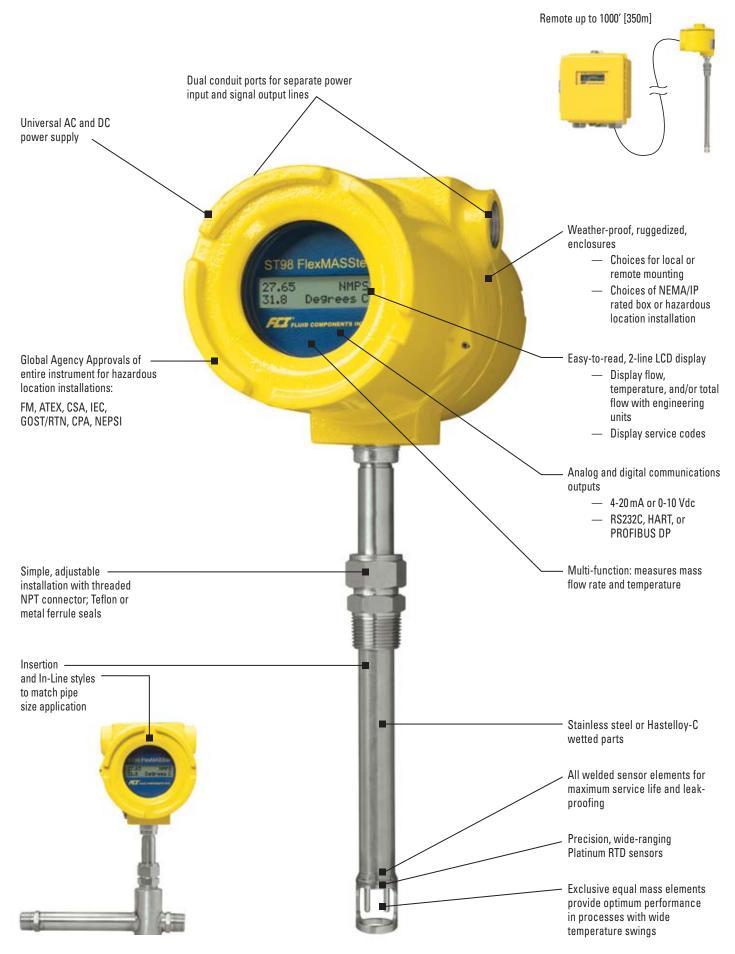
# ■ Element Coatings and Materials

For service in highly corrosive gases or with erosive particulates, FCI can provide special coatings and wetted materials to protect the element and provide longer service life. Examples include Kynar, Tantalum, and Chromium Carbide



Protective coatings are available for highly corrosive and erosive environments.

# **ST98 Series Features**



# ST98 Series Mass Flow Meter General Specifications

# Instrument

■ Flow Range

ST98 Insertion Flow Element: 0.75 SFPS to 600 SFPS [0.21 NMPS to 172 NMPS]

ST98L In-Line Flow Accessory: 0.0062 SCFM to 1850 SCFM [0.01 Nm3/h to 3,140 Nm3/h]

- Air at standard conditions; 70 °F and 14.7 psia [0 °C and 1013,25 bar (a)]

Media: All gases that are compatible with the flow element material

Accuracy

Flow: ±1% reading, 0.5% full scale standard accuracy

**Temperature:** ±2 °F [±2 °C] (display only, flow rate must be greater

than 5 AFPS [1,5 m/sec])

Special higher accuracy calibration options available; contact FCI

Repeatability

Flow: ±0.5% reading

**Temperature:**  $\pm 1$  °F [ $\pm 1$  °C] (flow rate must be greater than 5 AFPS)

**Temperature Coefficient** 

With optional temperature compensation. Valid from 10% to 100% of full scale calibration.

Flow: Maximum ±0.015% of reading / °F up to 850 °F

[±0.03% of reading / °C up to 454 °C]

**Turndown Ratio** 

Standard: Factory set and field adjustable from 10:1 to 100:1 within calibrated flow range

**Temperature Compensation** 

Standard: ±30 °F [±16 °C] **Optional:** ±100 °F [±55 °C]

**Agency Approvals** 

FM, ATEX, CSA, CRN, IEC, CPA, NEPSI, GOST/RTN, CE, PED (system approvals) †

■ Calibration: Performed on NIST traceable equipment

MTBF (calculated): 110 years

# Flow Element

**Material of Construction** 

All-welded 316L stainless steel; Hastelloy-C optional

**Operating Pressure** 

Metal ferrule: 250 psig [17 bar (g)] **Teflon ferrule:** 150 psig [10 bar (g)]

**Operating Temperature (Process)** 

ST98 Insertion Style:

-FP type element: -40 °F to 350 °F [-40 °C to 177 °C]

-S type element: -40 °F to 350 °F [-40 °C to 177 °C]

-S type (optional) element: -40 °F to 500 °F [-40 °C to 260 °C]

**ST98 HT Insertion Style** (High Temperature Service): \*†

-FP type element: -40 °F to 850 °F [-40 °C to 454 °C]

-S type element:  $-40 \,^{\circ}F$  to  $850 \,^{\circ}F$  [ $-40 \,^{\circ}C$  to  $454 \,^{\circ}C$ ]

ST98L In-Line Style:

-F & -S type elements:  $-40 \degree F$  to  $350 \degree F$  [ $-40 \degree C$  to  $177 \degree C$ ]

# **ST98 Insertion Flow Element**

# **Process Connection:**

3/4" or 1" male NPT stainless steel compression fitting: adjustable Teflon ferrule; 150 psig [10 bar (g)] and 200 °F [93 °C] max., or metal ferrule; 250 psig [17 bar (g)] and 350 °F [177 °C] max.; thread-on flange optional; 1 1/4" male NPT or flanged retractable packing gland optional\*

**Insertion Length:** Field adjustable lengths –

1" to 6" [25 to 152 mm] 1" to 12" [25 to 305 mm] 1" to 21" [25 to 533 mm] Custom lengths optional\*

### ST98L In-Line Flow Tube

Insertion flow element is threaded and keyed in an in-line flow tube, calibrated and supplied as a spool-piece; accessories include low flow injection tubes and built-in Vortab flow conditioners for optimum low flow rangeability and performance

Size: 1" diameter tubing; 1", 1 1/2" or 2" schedule 40 pipe

Length: 9 nominal diameters

Process Connection: Female NPT, male NPT,

ANSI or DIN Flanges

Option: Flanges sized for flow tube

Remote Transmitter Configuration: Transmitter may be mounted remotely from flow element using interconnecting cable (up to 1000 feet [350m])\*

# Flow Transmitter

Operating Temperature: 0 °F to 140 °F [-18 ° to 60 °C]

**Input Power:** 85 Vac to 265 Vac or 22 Vdc to 30 Vdc. 7 Watts maximum, 230 mA maximum

**Analog:** Single output selectable as 4-20 mA\*\* (700  $\Omega$  max. load), 1-5 Vdc, 0-10 Vdc or 0-5 Vdc. (Vdc: 100K  $\Omega$  min. load)

\*\* With fault indication per NAMUR, NE43 guideline: field selectable for high (≥21.6 mA) or low (≥3.75 mA) output signal is isolated from input power on AC Powered mode only)

Digital: Standard: RS232C Serial I/O

Optional: HART, full two-way communications \*; PROFIBUS, DP Profile 3 (Certification #Z01212)

Digital Display (optional): LCD, 2 line/16 character per line, indicating flow rate and process temperature and/or totalized flow

# Other Options

# Vortab Flow Conditioners:

Model ST98L (in-line) can be provided and system calibrated with Vortab flow conditioners: refer to FCI+Vortab literature and contact FCI

- Model FC88: Hand-held, portable FCI flow meter field programmer; attach to ST98 I/O port for instrument set-up and trouble shooting
- Some configuration restrictions apply to ST98HT configured for 850 °F [454 °C] service. These include, but may not be limited to the following: Must select remote transmitter configuration. HART output is standard. Insertion element is fixed length with 1" male NPT or adjustable with selection of packing gland. Contact FCI for more information.
- Agency approvals for 850 °F [454 °C] version pending. Contact FCI for current availability.

# **Enclosures**

		For Integral Configurations w Meter/Transmitter Togetl	ner)
Ordering Code Number	А	1	В
Туре	Carbon Steel Box	Aluminum Box	Aluminum Round
Temperature	0°F to 140°F [-18°C to 60°C]	0°F to 140°F [-18°C to 60°C]	0°F to 140°F [-18°C to 60°C]
Environmental Rating	NEMA 4, IP66	NEMA 4X, IP66	NEMA 4X, IP66
Installation Area Rating (System Approvals)	Nonincendive for Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C,D; Suitable for Class II, Division 2 Groups F, G; Class III, Division 2	Nonincendive for Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C,D; Suitable for Class II, Division 2 Groups F, G; Class III, Division 2	Class I, Division 1 Hazardous Locations: Groups B,C,D, E, F, G; ATEX / IECEx II2 GD Exd IIC T4

		For Re Flow Meter Elei	emote Configurat nent Separated f		
Ordering	Element	Transmitter	Transmitter	Transmitter	Transmitter
Code Number	C, 2, D or E	С	2	D	Е
Туре	Aluminum	Carbon Steel Box	Aluminum Box	Aluminum Round	Panel Mount
Temperature	0°F to 140°F [-18°C to 60°C]	0°F to 140°F [-18°C to 60°C]		0°F to 140°F [-18°C to 60°C]	
Environmental Rating	NEMA 4, IP67	NEMA 4, IP66	NEMA 4X, IP66	NEMA 4X, IP66	None
Installation Area Rating (System Approvals)	Class I, Division 1 Hazardous Locations: Groups B,C, D, E, F, G; ATEX / IECEX II2 GD Exd IIC T4	Nonincendive for Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C,D; Suitable for Class II, Division 2 Groups F, G; Class III, Division 2	Nonincendive for Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C,D; Suitable for Class II, Division 2 Groups F, G; Class III, Division 2	Class I, Division 1 Hazardous Locations: Groups B,C,D, E, F, G; ATEX / IECEX II2 GD Exd IIC T4	None

# More Air / Gas Mass Flow Meter Solutions

In addition to the ST98 Series, FCI manufactures a broad line of thermal dispersion flow meter products for industrial and plant applications. From general-purpose air flow measurement to special-function, mixed gas flare flows; from small line sizes to the largest stacks and ducts, FCI has the selection to best solve your applications and ensure optimum solutions. Contact your local FCI representative or visit <a href="https://www.fluidcomponents.com">www.fluidcomponents.com</a> for detailed product information and specifications on these products.



ST50 is a compact and economical, yet full featured meter designed for air, compressed air and nitrogen applications.



ST75 is a compact, in-line meter with extensive standard features that is the economical, easy-to specify alternative to other maintenance intensive flow technologies.



GF90 and GF92 offer an extensive feature suite and unique 3-gas calibration option that solves the toughest industry application requirements.



GF03 is specifically designed for flare flow metering and to meet the stringent environmental regulations that apply to this application.



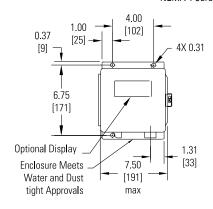
### MT86 and MT91 "multi-point"
flow measuring systems
can be configured with
two (2) to sixteen (16) flow
sensing elements to optimize
measurements within the
largest of pipe and duct sizes.

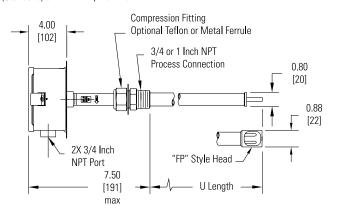


# **Model ST98 Insertion Flow Meter**

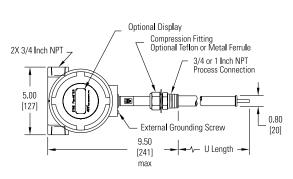
# **Integral Transmitter**

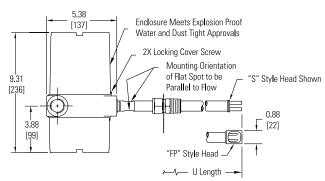
NEMA 4 Carbon Steel (Standard) or NEMA 4X, Aluminum





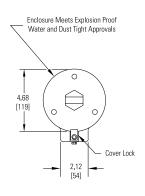
Hazardous Locations, Aluminum

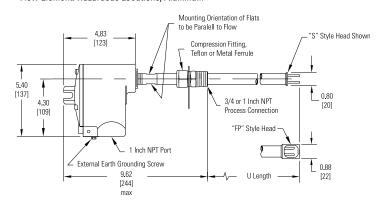




# **Remote Configuration**

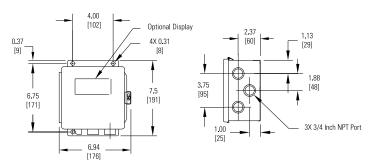
Flow Element: Hazardous Locations, Aluminum

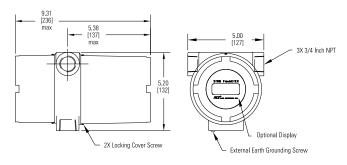




Enclosure: NEMA 4 Carbon Steel or NEMA 4X Aluminum

Enclosure: Hazardous Locations

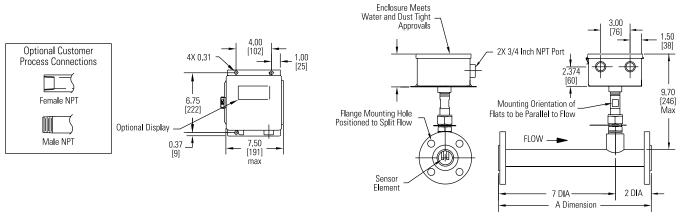




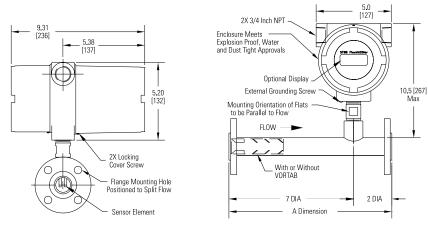
# Model ST98L In-Line Flow Meter

# **Integral Transmitter**

NEMA 4 Carbon Steel (Standard) or NEMA 4X, Aluminum



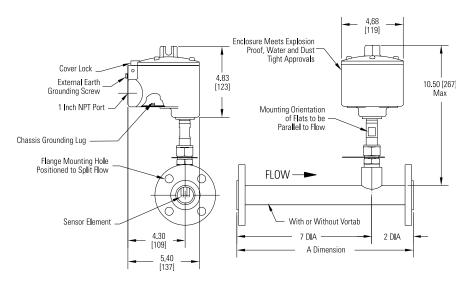
Hazardous Locations, Aluminum



**Note:** Optional flange connections are shown for reference only. Standard process connection is male NPT.

# **Remote Configuration**

Flow Element: Hazardous Locations, Aluminum Transmitter: See Remote Configurations for ST98 Insertion Flowmeter

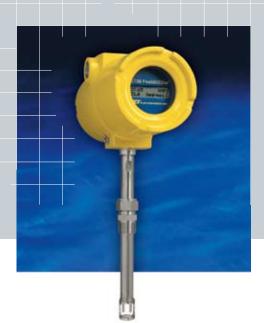














# FLUID COMPONENTS INTERNATIONAL LLC

**Locally Represented By:** 

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**Headquarters:** 1755 La Costa Meadows Drive

San Marcos, California 92078 USA

**Phone:** 760-744-6950 **Toll Free:** 800-854-1993 **Fax:** 760-736-6250

**European Office:** Persephonestraat 3-01 5047 TT Tilburg, The Netherlands

**Phone:** 31-13-5159989 Fax: 31-13-5799036

FCI is ISO 9001:2000 and AS9100 Certified

D-11 Ball Valves D-12 Butterfly Valves D-13 Ventilators

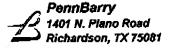
### General Fan Schedule

TOTRA

Job Notes:

TA6 V-1 & V17

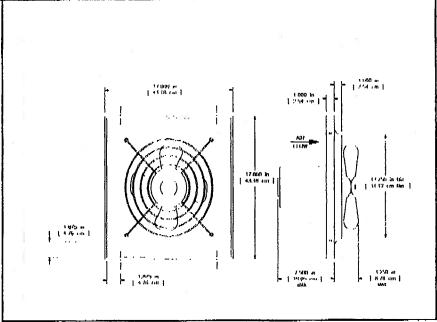
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Model	P12RA			that propose	d to be in	corporated into Contract Number	, is in comp ations, can be installed in the allo
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dBA	84.00						
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mpr.Q,Q,(in)	0.00			<del></del>		**************************************	
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2	NERA 1 - Disconnect					······································	
	Slip in Fan Pak	ļ				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•	Thermal Overland Protection						
5	Wall Sleeve wifteer Guard						
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Job Name: TGTRA Tag / Mark: FANV-1 Date: 9/24/2009

### DIRECT DRIVE AXIAL WALL **EXHAUST FAN** STANDARD CONSTRUCTION

Propellers aluminum, statically and dynamically balanced \* Coated pre-punched panel with welded corners " Rear wire OSHA fan guard/motor mounting \* Vibration isolation provided between panel & guard \* Motors continuous duty, ball bearing design, & positively cooled \* Corrosion resistant fasteners



Note: All Dimensions shown are in units of inches

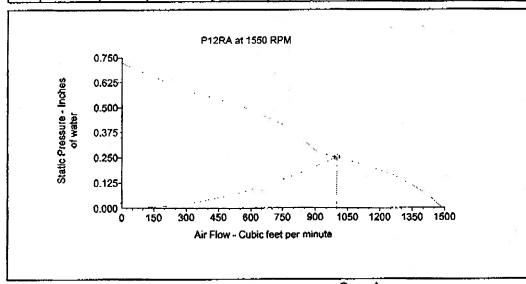
	PERFORMANCE										
Qty	Model	Volume (CFM)	SP (in. w.ç.)	RPM	BHP/Watts	TipSpeed					
2	P12RA	1,000	0.25	1,550	147.00	4,869					

	· MO	TOR INFORM	ATION
I	Motor HP	Volt/Ph/Hz	Enclosure
Ì	1/4	115/1/60	Open

	DIMENSIONS	
Damper Size	Ro\Opng	Shipping WgL
(in.)	<u>(in.)</u>	(lbs)
0X0	N/A	14

	SOUND POWER (dB re 10 <sup>-12</sup> )								Dba	
	OCTAVE POWER CENTER FREQUENCY (hz)									Sones
63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	1 .	L	
78	85	77	71	68	65	59	52	65	64	13.8





### 4) Thermal Overload Protection

1) Breezeway Aluminum Wall

2) NEMA 1 - Disconnect 3) Slip In Fan Pak

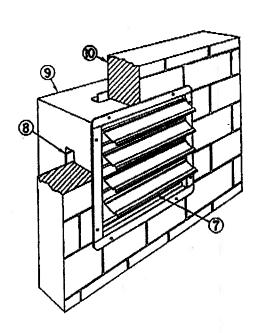
Accessories:

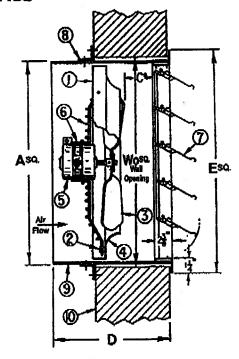
Shutter

5) Wall Sleeve w/Rear Guard

Page 1

# Breezeway Slip-In Fan Pak Model: P Series





### Legend

- 1. Epoxy Coated Steel Panel
- 2. Anti-Vibration Mounts
- 3. Fan Blade
- 4. Venturi Orifice

- 5, Electric Fan Motor
- 6. Integral Rear Guard & Motor Mount
- 7. Wall Shutter (Self Attached)
- Perimeter Angle Frame (Adjustable to Wall Thickness)
- 9. Galvanized Steel Wall Sleeve
- 10. Wali (By Others)

#### **Dimensional Data**

	Model							
	P10	P12	P16	P18	P20	P24		
Wosa.	15 3/4	17 3/4	23 1/2	25	27 1/2	33 1/4		
Ana	15 1/4	17 1/4	23	24 1/2	27	32 1/2		
C# Heri.	4	4	. 4	4	5	5		
B	18 3/4	18 3/4	22 3/4	23	24 3/4	30 3/4		
EAG	17 5/8	19 5/8	25 3/8	26 7/8	29 3/8	34 7/8		

Note: Additional guards should be installed when fans are located within seven feet of floor and/or working level or within reach of personnel. (Review OSHA codes for specific details.)

All dimensions in inches.

#### Material: Epoxy Coated Steel



1401 North Plano Road, Richardson, TX 75081

Ph: 972.234.3202 Fax: 972.497.0468 www.PennBarry.com

# **Submittal Sheet**

Breezeway - 'P' Series Slip-In Fan Pak

This deswing illustration our understanding of order requirements. When approved, it represents details for fabrication, as auch, transferry will not be responsible for invisions in the held or other changes after release for fabrication. Published and protected by Panntany, furherdown, TX. All rights reserved. May not be reproduced partiality or in the without permission has in publisher. No rights converted to maturisative partiality or in full, use or sell either the method of construction represented or any invention in any way related thereto.

Form ES-SIFP, Rev. 1

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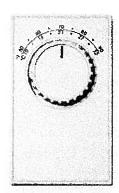
Site Features

### Thermostat, Line Volt

HVACR > HAVCR Controls > Line Voltage Thermostats

Line Voltage Thermostat, Heating Only, Switch Type SPST, Control Range 50 to 90 F, Voltage 120/208/240/277, Hei 2 3/4 In, Depth 2 3/4 In, Ambient Temp Range 50 to 90 F, Inductive Amps @120V 4.5, @208V 4.5, @240V 4.5, @27 Rating Resistive 120/208/240V 22, Sensing Method Bi-Metal Actuator, Finish Shadow White, Standards UL and CSA Celsius Temperature Scale

4PU49 Grainger Item # Price (ea.) \$22.77 **Brand** DAYTON **4PU49** Mfr. Model # Ship Qty. 2 1 1 Sell Qty. (Will-Call) 2 Ship Weight (lbs.) 0.7 Usually Ships\*\* 2 Today 3821 🕮 Catalog Page No. USA **Country of Origin** 



Optional

Accessories

Qty.

Tech

Add to Order Add to Personal List + Compare Alternates

Enlarge Image

Required

Price shown may not reflect your price. Sign in or register.

Additional

MSDS Restrictions Accessories Specs Information Line Voltage Thermostat Item Heating Only Type Switch Type SPST Open on Rise **Switch Action Number of Switches** 50 to 90 Control Range (F) Differential (Deg. F) Height (In.) 4 3/4 2 3/4 Width (ln.) Depth (In.) 2 3/4 +/-2 Degrees F Temp. Sensitivity (Deg. F) Sensor Type **Bimetal** Fahrenheit and Celsius Temperature Scale Characteristics Color White Heating Only Application Display Analog 120 to 277 VAC Voltage Range Inductive Amps @ 120V 4.5 4.5 Inductive Amps @ 240V Full Load Amps @ 120V 22 Full Load Amps @ 240VAC 22 Contact Rating Resistive @ 120V (A)

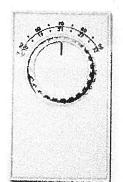
Notes &

Alternate

**Products** 

printed





#### Thermostat, Line Volt

Line Voltage Thermostat, Heating Only, Switch Type SPST, Control Range 50 to 90 F, Voltage 120/208/240/277, Height 4 3/4 In, Width 2 3/4 In, Depth 2 3/4 In, Ambient Temp Range 50 to 90 F. Inductive Amps @120V 4.5, @208V 4.5, @240V 4.5, @277V 4.0, Contact Rating Resistive 120/208/240V 22, Sensing Method Bi-Metal Actuator, Finish Shadow White, Standards UL and CSA, Fahrenheit and Celsius Temperature Scale

Grainger Item #	4PU49
Price (ea.)	\$22.77
Brand	DAYTON
Mfr. Model #	4PU49
Ship Qty.	1
Sell Qty. (Will-Call)	1
Ship Weight (lbs.)	0.7
Usually Ships	Today
Catalog Page No.	3821
Price shown may not reflect your p	rice. Log in or registe

#### Additional Info

### **Electric Heat Line Voltage Thermostats**

For precise control of resistive-rated electric heating equipment. All units are UL Listed and CSA Certified; Nos. 6WY23 and 6WY24 are C-UL Listed.

■ Mount to standard 2 x 4" vertical box

### **Tech Specs**

Item: Line Voltage Thermostat

Type: Heating Only Switch Type: SPST

Switch Action: Open on Rise

Number of Switches: 1 Control Range (F): 50 to 90

Differential (Deg. F): 3 Height (In.): 4 3/4

Width (In.): 23/4 Depth (In.): 2 3/4

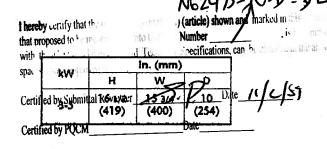
Temp. Sensitivity (Deg. F): +/-2 Degrees F

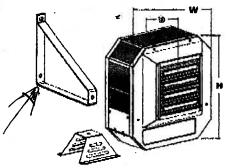
Sensor Type: Bimetal

Characteristics: Fahrenheit and Celsius

# **Optional Accessories** Guard, Thermostat, Clear Item #: 2E430 Brand: APPROVED VENDOR Usually Ships: Today Price (ea): \$28.15 Alternate Products Thermostat, Lipevoltage Item #: 4E036 Brand: WHITE-RODGERS Usually Ships: Today

D-14 Unit Heaters





	ECEB	Forced Air, Standard Duty Electric Unit Heater	Size kW		3		,	5
	COLD	cfm			308		Ž	08
		Shipping Weight (II)s)			42		-	42
1	Factory Insta	lled Options						
	•	208/1	AK2		,			/
		208/1-3	AK15		,			,
		208/3	AKS		,			,
		240/1	VK3E		,			,
		240/1-34	AK16		,		,	/
		240/3	AK6E		1		8.5	/
v.	iupply foltage/Phase	27//1	AK4		1			/
		347/1	AK34		1			1
		480/1	AK9E		1			1
		480/1-31	AK17		✓		,	1
		<b>3-4</b> 80/3	AK7E		,		570	1
		600/3	AK8E		/			/
ι	Units are field con	vertible from 1 to 3-phase.						
s	ize					3		5
	Disconnect witch	40A (all voltages in sizes less than 7.5 KW) 80A			BA14 BA15	<i>,</i>		-
		Supply Voltage	Control	Voltage				
c	Control	208 to 240	208,	240	STD .	1		✓
٧	/oltage	208 to 240	2	4	BT1	✓		
		277 to 600	2	4	STD	1		1
N	fanual reset high	limit			BD6	1		1
į,	nternal thermosta	t			JÇ11	✓		1
8		Unit mounted fan switch			BF4A	/		/
	an Controls	Relay for 24V remote fan switch (by others) Requires 24V control voltage			8FS	1		1
F	leid installed	d Options (Shipped Separately)						
5	lze					3		5
		Wall bracket for horizontal discharge		SYD		1		1
N	Aounting	Ceiling bracket for horizontal discharge		STD		1		1
	ccessorles	Threaded rod inserts in back for vertical downblow (rod by others)		STD		1		1
c	ontrol Voltage	Kit to field convert STD 208-240V unit to 24V controls (BT1)		IRT3		1		•
		Kit to field install (retrofit) ICFF built-in thermostat		rT13		1		1
T	hermostats	₹ 24V 40°F-80°F single stage wall thermostat		CL1A		/		✓
		SPST single stage line voltage wall thermostat		CLS		✓		1
		Kit to field install BF4A fan switch for 208-240V units		CHZA		1		1
Sı	ummer Fan	Kit to field install BF4A (an switch for 277 to 600V units		- CH2B		1		1
	ontrol Kils	Relay kit for 24V remote fans switch (by others) Requires 24V control voltage	100	iR3		•		1
		nequies 247 control voluge						

REZNOR

WALL MOUNTING BRACKET, DISCONNETT SWITCH AND THERMOSMET FURNISH FOR EACH UNIT.

WALL HEATER (2) 5 KW UNITS TO BE FURNISHED

Suspended, Electric Unit Heater

The ECEB provides flexibility with features mount on wall ceiling with the universal bracket, Integral thermostat, 2 heat selection and fan only operation.

Oct 27 09 03:58p

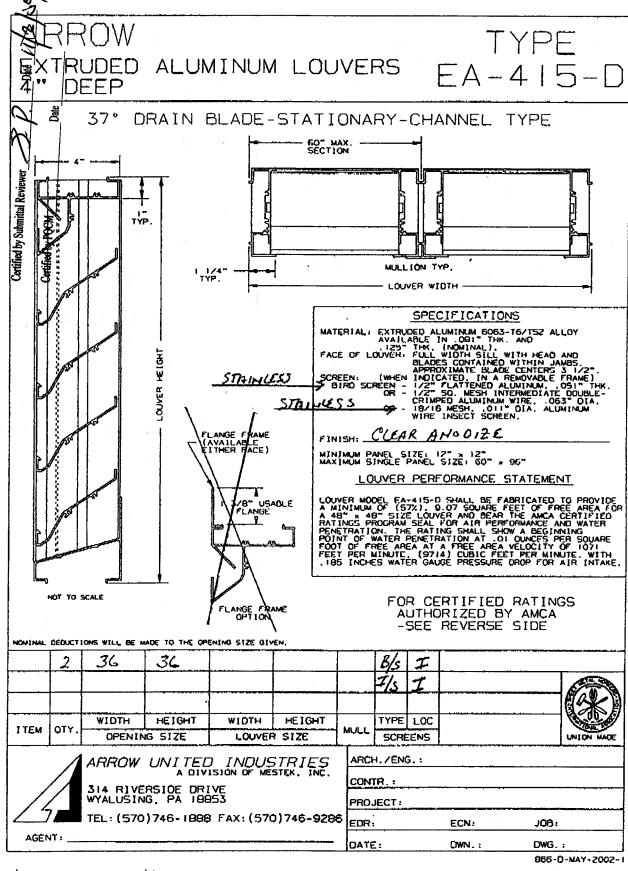




factory	wareho	ouse	garage	store	shipping room
	<u> </u>		A. 49/-4		
			Features		
			Color	<ul> <li>Standard; almond.</li> </ul>	11
			Finish	- Standard: Fpoxy/polyester	
			Voltage/kW	<ul> <li>208V, 240V, 277V and 480</li> <li>3 to 5 kW.</li> </ul>	V- <b></b>
			Construction	<ul> <li>Draw-through design for realized and expectable designed outlet can redocity.</li> <li>Invidually adjustable louver.</li> <li>Auto-reset over temperature.</li> <li>18 and 20 gauge steel.</li> </ul>	liffuser provides maximum es to direct discharge air flow.
			Fan	<ul> <li>Motor - totally enclosed -</li> <li>Motor mounted in ambiat shielded from heating eler</li> <li>Fan delay purges heater o</li> </ul>	nt air stream, nents.
			Heating elements	<ul> <li>Stainless steel sheath with</li> <li>Draw-through design per</li> </ul>	aluminum fins.
			Controls	- All models have factory in - 24V control circuit standa (evcent 3 & 5 kW, 208V/2	stalled contactor. rd on all models 140V heaters). aters have 208V/240V control
Maximum Mo h	unting Height . (m) Vertical	kW	Installation	<ul> <li>Horizontal or vertical disci- includes wall and celling to (for horizontal discharge at For vertical air flow 4 weld provided in heater back.</li> <li>Large and easily accessible.</li> <li>Protection egg-crate allow</li> </ul>	mounting brackets air flow). I mits (for threaded rod)  e control compartment. as lower mounting.
Air Flow	Air Flow			- Minimum mounting heig	
8 (2.4)	9 (2.7)	3-5	Warranty	- 1-year warranty against d	erects.

D-15 Louvers and Dampers with the Contract Drawings and Technical Specifications, can be instaired

spaces, and is approved for use.



NOTE - EXISTING TREATMENT BLG WALL THICKNESS IS - COUNTER WILL BE FURNISHED WITH DAMPERS

# LOUVER MODEL EA-415-D 37° DRAIN BLADE

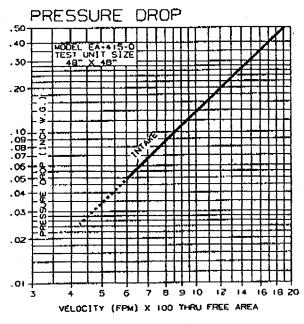
EXTRUDED ALUMINUM - STATIONARY

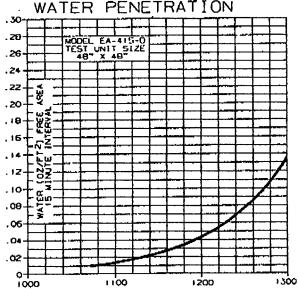
# PERFORMANCE DATA

EXCELLENT WEATHER PROTECTION WITH LITTLE PRESSURE LOSS.

TESTS OF A 48" X 48" SAMPLE BY AN \*AMCA ACCREDITED LABORATORY
ACCORDING TO AMCA STANDARD 500 SHOWS LOW WATER PENETRATION.
TESTS SHOW LESS THAN .02 OZ. PER SD. FT. WATER PENETRATION AT
1100 FAW (FREE AREA VELOCITY) WITH LESS THAN .18" W.G. PRESSURE
ORDP (INTAKE).

RATINGS DO NOT INCLUDE THE EFFECT OF BIRDSCREEN.





VELOCITY (FPM) THRU FREE AREA

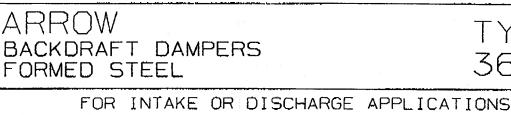
### FREE AREA

			FRE	E AREA	(50. )	FT.)			
				w	нта				
	12"	187	Z4"	30-	36"	42"	48"	54"	607
12"	, 33	. 53	.74	. 95	1.16	1.36	1.57	1.77	1.90
24-	.00	1.30	1,61	2.31	ź.82	3.32	3.92	4.33	4,83
36"	1.26	2.05	2.84	3,64	4.43	5.23	6.02	6.81	7.6
፮ <b>ቀ</b> ይ=	1.94	3.00	4,16	5.32	6.48	7.64	9.07	9.97	11.12
ቻ 60 <b>-</b> Ξ	2.25	3,68	5.10	6.57	7.95	9.37	10,79	12.21	13.64
72"	2.63	4,62	6.41	8.20	9.99	11.78	13.57	15.36	17, 19
84"	3.29	5.37	7.45	9.53	11.61	13,69	15.77	17.05	19.93
96"	3.92	6.23	6.64	11.05	13.47	15.88	18. <b>29</b>	20.70	23.11



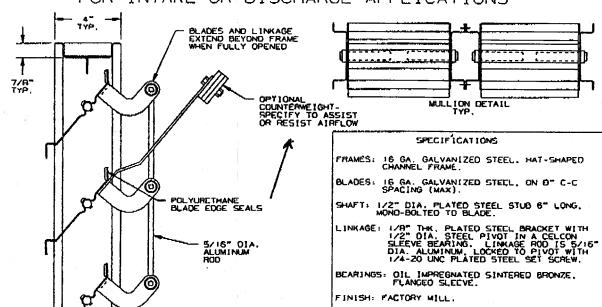
ARROW UNITED CERTIFIES THAT THE MODEL EA-415-D SHOWN MEREIN IS LICENSED TO BEAR THE ANCA SEAL. THE RATINGS SHOWN ARE BASED ON TESTS AND PROCEDURES PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ANCA PUBLICATION 511 AND COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ANCA CERTIFIED RATINGS PROGRAM. THE ANCA CERTIFIED RATINGS PROGRAM. THE ANCA CERTIFIED RATINGS SEAL APPLIES TO AIR PERFORMANCE RATINGS AND WATER PENETRATION RATINGS.

- AMCA ACCREDITED LABORATORY IS A LABORATORY EQUIPPED AND STAFFED TO CONDUCT TESTS ACCORDING TO THE APPROPRIATE AMCA TESTS METHOD AND WHICH HAS BEEN LICENSED AS A AMCA ACCREDITED LABORATORY.



norman prewsen

# TYPE 366



AVALIABLE OPTIONS OR VARIATIONS.

HEAVIER FRAME AND BLADES TO 10 GA.

HEAVIER SHAFTS TO 1" DIA.

ALUMINUM BLADES AND SHAFTS.

NEOPRENE BLADE EDGE SEALS.

POLYURETHANE OR NEOPRENE JAMB SEALS.

STAINLESS STEEL FRAME AND OLACES.

STAINLESS STEEL LINKAGE.

ADJUSTABLE COUNTERWEIGHTS TO ASSIST OR RESIST OPENING.

ADJUSTABLE COUNTERWEIGHTS FOR EXTERNAL APPLICATIONS ON EXTENSE SHAFT.

OTHER FRAME CONTOURS.

OTHER BEARINGS: NYLON, BALL, SINTERED STAINLESS STEEL.

NOT YO SCALE

SEALS: 3/16" THICK POLYURETHANE FORM AT BLADE EDGES, NONE AT JAMBS.

OPERATING TEMPERATURE LIMITS: -50°F TO 180°F SIZE LIMITS: MINIMUM: 8" WIDExII" HIGH MAXIMUM: 48" WIDEx72" HIGH

WHEN A NON-SYMETRICAL FRAME CROSS SECTION IS SPECIFIED (I.E.: PLANGED), SPECIFY THE FLANGEZAIRFLOW DRIENTATION.

SPECIFY AIR FLOW-HORIZONTAL, VERTICAL-UP. OR VERTICAL-DOWN.

FOR PERFORMANCE DATA SEE REVERSE SIDE

	2	36	36			72	HORIZONIAL	EXHAUST	
			·				AIR FLOW		
ITEM		WIOTH	HEIGHT	WIOTH	HEIGHT		COUNTER	AIR FLOW	The state of the s
	OTY.	OPENING SIZE		DAMPER SIZE		MULL	BALANCE	(DIRECTION)	UNION MADE
		ARROW	UNITED	INDUS	TRIES	ARCH.	/ENG.;		



/ISION OF MESTEK, INC.

314 RIVERSIDE DRIVE WYALUSING, PA 18853

TEL:(570)746-1888 FAX:(570)746-9286

CONTR. :

PROJECT:

EOR: DATE: ECN: OWN. : JOB: DWG.:

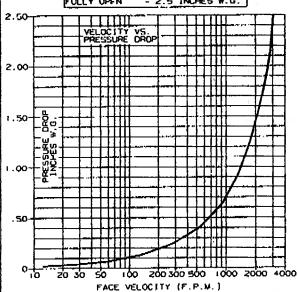
716-H-MAY-2002-1

## ARROW MODEL 366 BACKDRAFT DAMPER PERFORMANCE DATA

WITHOUT DUCTWORK DAMPÉR INSTALLED PER AMEA 500 FIG. 5.4 (FACE MOUNTED TO A PLENUM).

PRESSURE IS CORRECTED TO .075 LB./CU.FT. AIR DENSITY.

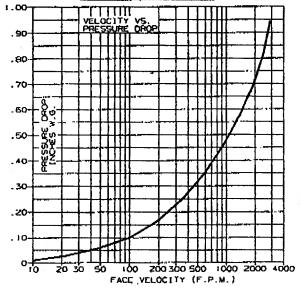
OPERATIONAL PRESSURES START TO OPEN - .01 INCHES W.C.



WITH DUCTWORK OAMPER INSTALLED PER AMCA 500 FIG. 5.3 (OUCTWORK INSTALLED UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM UF DAMPER).

PRESSURE IS CORRECTED to .075 LB./CU. FT. AIR DENSITY.

OPERATIONAL PRESSURES START TO OPEN - .01 INCHES W.G. FULLY OPEN - .96 INCHES W.G.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE FOR MODEL 366 BACKDRAFT DAMPER SIZE TESTED 42" x 42", FURNISHED WITH COUNTERWEIGHT TO ASSIST OPENING.

#### AIR LEAKAGE

AIR LEAKAGE QUANTITIES SHOWN IN THE CHART ARE RESULTS OF TESTS PER AMCA STANDARD 500 AND ARE SHOWN AT IT W.G. DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND CORRECTED TO .075 LD./CU.FT. AIR DENSITY.

TOTAL CFM AIR LEAKAGE AT ONE INCH STATIC PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL THROUGH CLOSED DAMPER.

				DAMPE	HTOIN S	(INCHE	5)	
		12*	18-	24"	30"	36"	42"	48"
1	F 12"	0.3	12.5	16.8	20.8	24.9	29.0	33.2
1	E_24-	16.6	24.9	33.2	41.5	49,8	58. 1	66.4
ı	TW 36"	24,9	37.4	49.8	62.3	74.7	87.2	99.6
	₩ <u>₩</u>	33.2	49.8	66.4	83.0	99.6	116,2	132.8
	₹~60~	41,5	62.3	83.0	103.6	124.5	145.3	166,0
	۳۶۰ 🗅	49.8	74.7	99.6	124.5	149.4	174.3	199.Z

FOR DETERMINING LEAKAGE VALUES GREATER THAN I" W.G. TO A MAXIMUM 4" W.G. USE THE MULTIPLIER CORRECTION CHART BELOW.

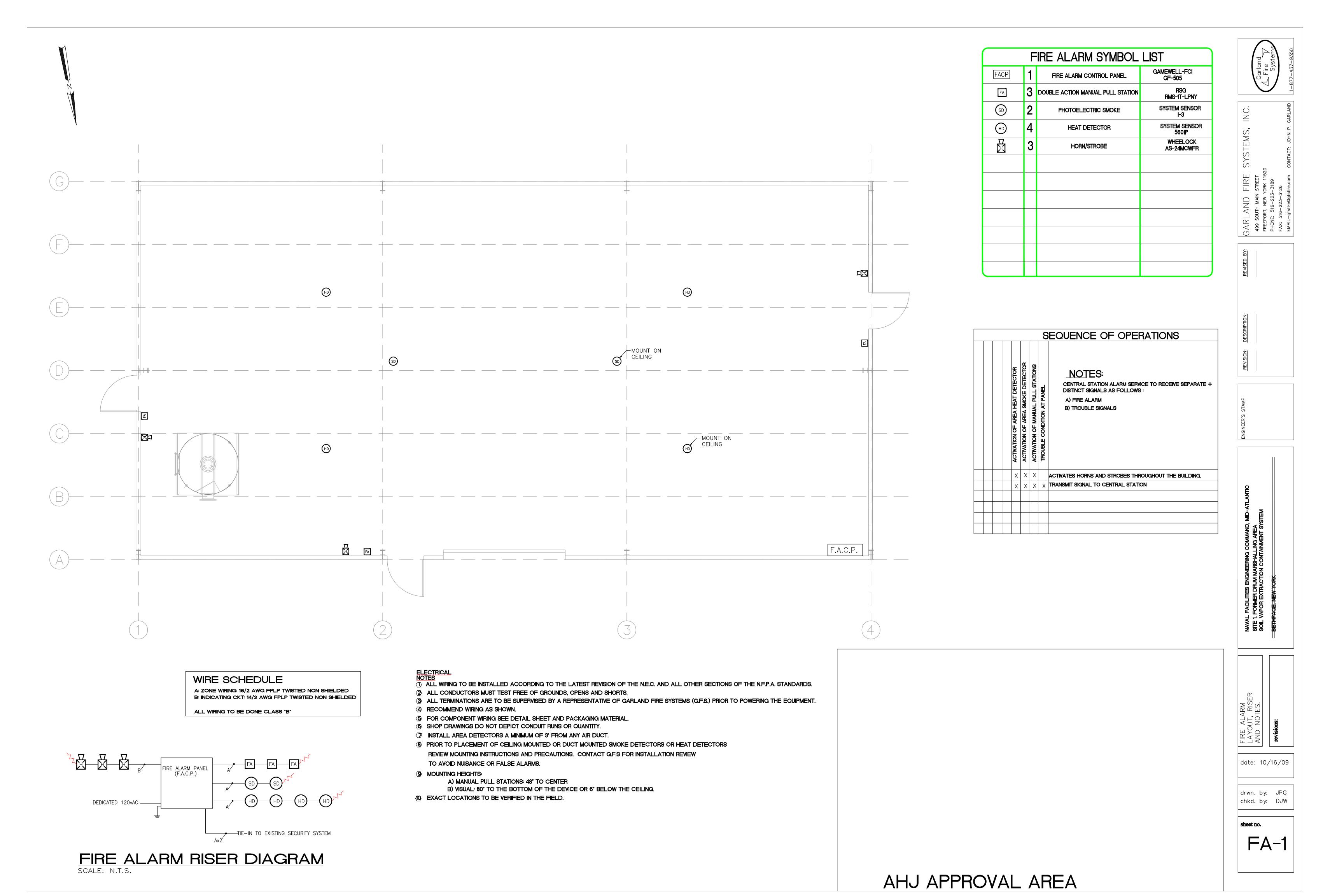
STATIC PRESSURE (IN)	2	3	4	
MULTIPLIER CONRECTION FACTOR	1,22	1.63	1.99	
MANAGERA CANEL CT	7E . T	477 4	D=	72

-MAXIMUM PANEL SIZE LIMIT 48" x 72"

AJR LEAKAGE RAYINGS ARE BASED ON AMCA STANDARD 500 USING TEST SET UP FIG. 5.4 WITH DAMPER IN THE CLOSED POSITION WITHOUT THE AID OF A COUNTERWEIGHT OR OTHER MECHANICAL MEANS TO PROVIDE CLOSING TOROUE, FOR A SIZE 42" x 42" DAMPER WITH GLADE & JAMB SEALS.

716-0-MAY-2002-2

D-16 Fire Alarm





by Honeywell

# GF505 & GF510 Series

FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANELS

**INSTALLATION, PROGRAMMING & OPERATION MANUAL** 

GAMEWELL-FCI 12 CLINTONVILLE ROAD NORTHFORD, CT 06472

P/N: 53164 03/26/07 Rev. A ECN 07-129

# **Fire Alarm System Limitations**

An automatic fire alarm system—typically made up of smoke detectors, heat detectors, manual pull stations, audible warning devices, and a fire alarm control panel with remote notification capability—can provide early warning of a developing fire. Such a system, however, does not assure protection against property damage or loss of life resulting from a fire.

The Manufacturer recommends that smoke and/or heat detectors be located throughout a protected premise following the recommendations of the current edition of the National Fire Protection Association Standard 72 (NFPA 72), manufacturer's recommendations, State and local codes, and the recommendations contained in the Guides for Proper Use of System Smoke Detectors, which are made available at no charge to all installing dealers. These documents can be found at <a href="http://www.systemsensor.com/ntml/applicat.html">http://www.systemsensor.com/ntml/applicat.html</a>. A study by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (an agency of the United States government) indicated that smoke detectors may not go off in as many as 35% of all fires. While fire alarm

systems are designed to provide early warning against fire, they do not guarantee warning or protection against fire. A fire alarm system may not provide timely or adequate warning, or simply may not function, for a variety of reasons:

Smoke detectors may not sense fire where smoke cannot reach the detectors such as in chimneys, in or behind walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors also may not sense a fire on another level or floor of a building. A second-floor detector, for example, may not sense a first-floor or basement fire.

Particles of combustion or "smoke" from a developing fire may not reach the sensing chambers of smoke detectors because:

- Barriers such as closed or partially closed doors, walls, or chimneys may inhibit particle or smoke flow.
- Smoke particles may become "cold," stratify, and not reach the ceiling or upper walls where detectors are located.
- Smoke particles may be blown away from detectors by air outlets.
- Smoke particles may be drawn into air returns before reaching the detector.

The amount of "smoke" present may be insufficient to alarm smoke detectors. Smoke detectors are designed to alarm at various levels of smoke density. If such density levels are not created by a developing fire at the location of detectors, the detectors will not go into alarm.

Smoke detectors, even when working properly, have sensing limitations. Detectors that have photoelectronic sensing chambers tend to detect smoldering fires better than flaming fires, which have little visible smoke. Detectors that have ionizing-type sensing chambers tend to detect fast-flaming fires better than smoldering fires. Because fires develop in different ways and are often unpredictable in their growth, neither type of detector is necessarily best and a given type of detector may not provide adequate warning of a fire.

Smoke detectors cannot be expected to provide adequate warning of fires caused by arson, children playing with matches (especially in bedrooms), smoking in bed, and violent explosions (caused by escaping gas, improper stor-

While a fire alarm system may lower insurance rates, it is not a substitute for fire insurance!

age of flammable materials, etc.).

Heat detectors do not sense particles of combustion and alarm only when heat on their sensors increases at a predetermined rate or reaches a predetermined level. Rate-of-rise heat detectors may be subject to reduced sensitivity over time. For this reason, the rate-of-rise feature of each detector should be tested at least once per year by a qualified fire protection specialist. Heat detectors are designed to protect property, not life.

IMPORTANT! Smoke detectors must be installed in the same room as the control panel and in rooms used by the system for the connection of alarm transmission wiring, communications, signaling, and/or power. If detectors are not so located, a developing fire may damage the alarm system, crippling its ability to report a fire.

Audible warning devices such as bells may not alert people if these devices are located on the other side of closed or partly open doors or are located on another floor of a building. Any warning device may fail to alert people with a disability or those who have recently consumed drugs, alcohol or medication. Please note that:

- Strobes can, under certain circumstances, cause seizures in people with conditions such as epilepsy.
- Studies have shown that certain people, even when they hear a fire alarm signal, do not respond or comprehend the meaning of the signal. It is the property owner's responsibility to conduct fire drills and other training exercise to make people aware of fire alarm signals and instruct them on the proper reaction to alarm signals.
- In rare instances, the sounding of a warning device can cause temporary or permanent hearing loss.

A fire alarm system will not operate without any electrical power. If AC power fails, the system will operate from standby batteries only for a specified time and only if the batteries have been properly maintained and replaced regularly.

**Equipment used in the system** may not be technically compatible with the control. It is essential to use only equipment listed for service with your control panel.

**Telephone lines** needed to transmit alarm signals from a premise to a central monitoring station may be out of service or temporarily disabled. For added protection against telephone line failure, backup radio transmission systems are recommended.

The most common cause of fire alarm malfunction is inadequate maintenance. To keep the entire fire alarm system in excellent working order, ongoing maintenance is required per the manufacturer's recommendations, and UL and NFPA standards. At a minimum, the requirements of NFPA 72 shall be followed. Environments with large amounts of dust, dirt or high air velocity require more frequent maintenance. A maintenance agreement should be arranged through the local manufacturer's representative. Maintenance should be scheduled monthly or as required by National and/or local fire codes and should be performed by authorized professional fire alarm installers only. Adequate written records of all inspections should be kept.

### **Installation Precautions**

**WARNING** - Several different sources of power can be connected to the fire alarm control panel. Disconnect all sources of power before servicing. Control unit and associated equipment may be damaged by removing and/or inserting cards, modules, or interconnecting cables while the unit is energized. Do not attempt to install, service, or operate this unit until this manual is read and understood.

**CAUTION -** System Reacceptance Test after Software Changes. To ensure proper system operation, this product must be tested in accordance with NFPA 72 after any programming operation or change in site-specific software. Reacceptance testing is required after any change, addition or deletion of system components, or after any modification, repair or adjustment to system hardware or wiring.

All components, circuits, system operations, or software functions known to be affected by a change must be 100% tested. In addition, to ensure that other operations are not inadvertently affected, at least 10% of initiating devices that are not directly affected by the change, up to a maximum of 50 devices, must also be tested and proper system operation verified.

**This system** meets NFPA requirements for indoor dry operation at 0-49° C/32-120° F and at a relative humidity of 93  $\pm 2$ % RH (non-condensing) at 32  $\pm 2$ ° C/90  $\pm 3$ ° F. However, the useful life of the system's standby batteries and the electronic components may be adversely affected by extreme temperature ranges and humidity. Therefore, it is recommended that this system and all peripherals be installed in an environment with a nominal room temperature of 15-27° C/60-80° F.

**Verify that wire sizes are adequate** for all initiating and indicating device loops. Refer to manual Specifications section for maximum allowable I.R. drop from the specified device voltage.

Adherence to the following will aid in problem-free installation with long-term reliability:

Like all solid state electronic devices, this system may operate erratically or can be damaged when subjected to lightning-induced transients. Although no system is completely immune from lightning transients and interferences, proper grounding will reduce susceptibility. Overhead or outside aerial wiring is not recommended, due to an increased susceptibility to nearby lightning strikes. Consult with the Technical Services Department if any problems are anticipated or encountered.

**Disconnect AC power and batteries** prior to removing or inserting circuit boards. Failure to do so can damage circuits

Remove all electronic assemblies prior to any drilling, filing, reaming, or punching of the enclosure. When possible, make all cable entries from the sides or rear. Before making modifications, verify that they will not interfere with battery, transformer, and printed circuit board location.

**Do not tighten screw terminals** more than 9 in-lbs. Over-tightening may damage threads, resulting in reduced terminal contact pressure and difficulty with screw terminal removal.

This system contains static-sensitive components. Always ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any circuits so that static charges are removed from the body. Use static-suppressive packaging to protect electronic assemblies removed from the unit.

Follow the instructions in the installation, operating, and programming manuals. These instructions must be followed to avoid damage to the control panel and associated equipment. FACP operation and reliability depend upon proper installation by authorized personnel.

### **FCC Warning**

WARNING: This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for class A computing device pursuant to Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

#### Canadian Requirements

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radiation noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le present appareil numerique n'emet pas de bruits radioelectriques depassant les limites applicables aux appareils numeriques de la classe A prescrites dans le Reglement sur le brouillage radioelectrique edicte par le ministere des Communications du Canada.

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#### Notes

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It is imperative that the installer understand the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) and be familiar with the standards set forth by the following regulatory agencies:

- · Underwriters Laboratories Standards
- NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code

### Before proceeding, the installer should be familiar with the following documents.



#### NFPA Standards

#### This Fire Alarm Control Panel complies with the following NFPA Standards:

NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code for Local Fire Alarm Systems and Remote Station Fire Alarm Systems (requires an optional Remote Station Output Module)



#### **Underwriters Laboratories Documents for Reference:**

- UL 38 Manually Actuated Signaling Boxes
- UL 217 Smoke Detectors, Single and Multiple Station
- UL 228 Door Closers-Holders for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 268 Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications
- UL 346 Waterflow Indicators for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 464 Audible Signaling Appliances
- UL 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 864 Standard for Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances
- UL 1971 Signaling Devices for Hearing Impaired

#### Other:

**NEC Article 250 Grounding** 

NEC Article 300 Wiring Methods

NEC Article 760 Fire Protective Signaling Systems

Applicable Local and State Building Codes

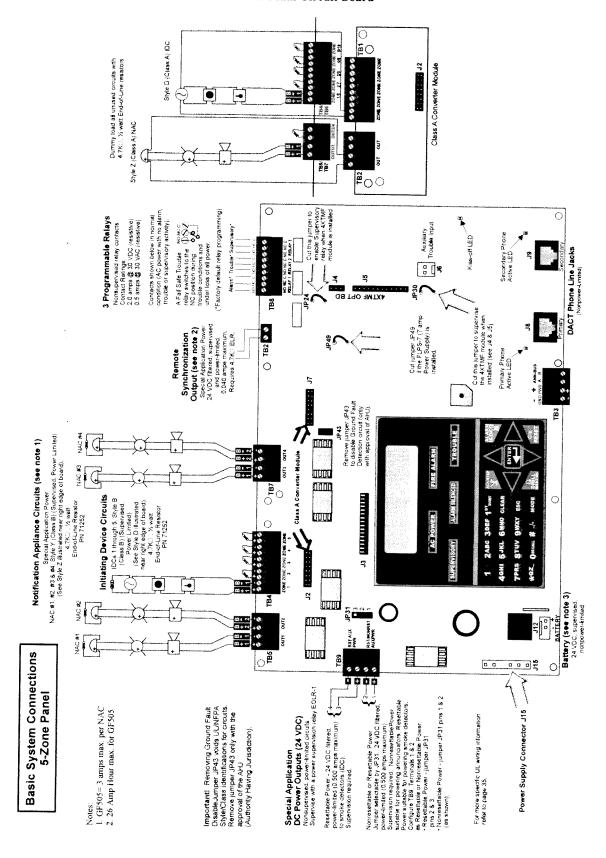
Requirements of the Local Authority Having Jurisdiction (LAHJ)

#### **Gamewell-FCI Documents**

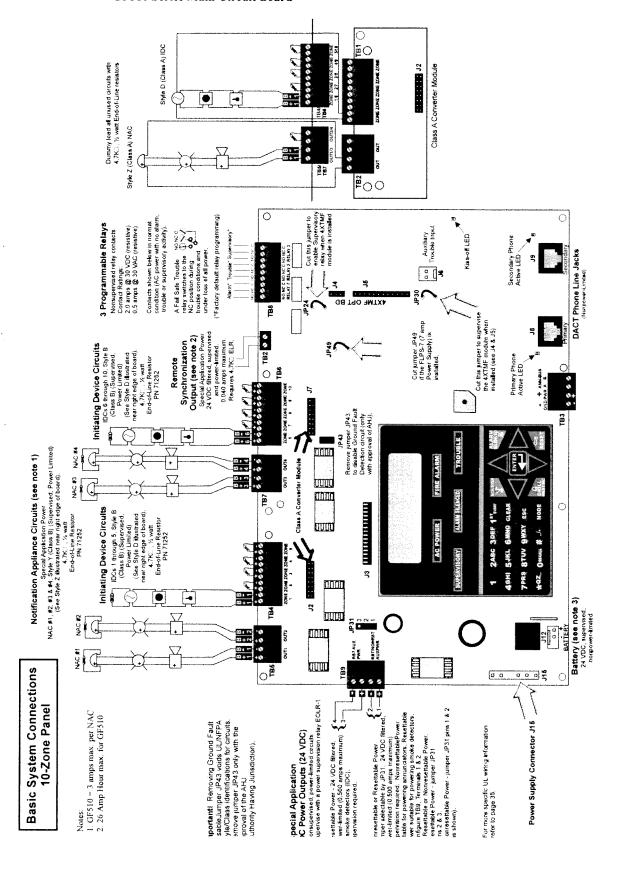
Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document #52195
411UD Manual Document #50759
411UDAC Manual Document #51073

This product has been certified to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, 9th Edition. Operation of this product with products not tested for UL 864, 9th Edition has not been evaluated. Such operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

#### **GF505 Series Main Circuit Board**



#### GF510 Series Main Circuit Board



Product Description Product Features

# SECTION 1 Product Description

The GF505 is a five zone FACP (Fire Alarm Control Panel) and the GF510 is a ten zone FACP. The information in this manual refers to both the GF505 and GF510 unless otherwise specified. The combination control and digital communicator panels provide reliable fire signaling protection for small to medium sized commercial, industrial and institutional buildings. The FACP is compatible with System Sensor's I³ detectors which are conventional smoke detectors that can transmit a maintenance trouble signal to the FACP indicating the need for cleaning and a supervisory 'freeze' signal when the ambient temperature falls below the detector rating of approximately 45° F (refer to System Sensor I³ Installation and Maintenance Instructions). In addition, the control panel is compatible with conventional input devices such as two-wire smoke detectors, four-wire smoke detectors, pull stations, waterflow devices, tamper switches and other normally-open contact devices. Refer to Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for a complete listing of compatible devices.

Outputs include four NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits), three programmable Form-C relays (factory programmed for Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory) and 24 VDC special application resettable and nonresettable power outputs. The FACP supervises all wiring, AC voltage, battery level and telephone line integrity.

Activation of a compatible smoke detector or any normally-open fire alarm initiating device will activate audible and visual signaling devices, illuminate an indicating LED, display alarm information on the panel's LCD, sound the piezo sounder at the FACP, activate the FACP alarm relay and operate an optional module used to notify a remote station or initiate an auxiliary control function.

The following versions of the GF505/GF510 are available:

FACP Version	Description
GF505	Five Zone Panel: 120 VAC with FLPS-7 power supply providing 7.0 amps total 24 VDC output current
GF510	Ten Zone Panel: 120 VAC with FLPS-7 power supply providing 7.0 amps total 24 VDC output current

Note: Unless otherwise specified, the information in this manual applies to all versions of the panels.

#### 1.1 Product Features

- Built-in DACT (Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter)
- Style B (Class B) IDC (Initiating Device Circuit)
  - ✓ GF505 five programmable IDCs
  - ✓ GF510 ten programmable IDCs
- Four Style Y (Class B) NAC (Notification Appliance Circuit) - special application power
- · Three programmable Form-C relays
- Built-in Programmer
- Touchtone/Rotary dialing
- · Programmable Make/Break Ratio
- Optional Dress Panel DP-51050 (red) or DP-51050W (white)
- Optional Dress Panel DP-51050LED or DP-51050LEDW (white): includes a GFANN-LED Annunciator module
- Optional Trim Ring TR-CE (red) or TR-CEW (white) for semi-flush mounting the cabinet
- ANN-BUS for connection to optional:



Specifications Product Description

- ✓ GFANN-80 Remote LCD Annunciator
- ✓ GFANN-I/O LED Driver
- ✓ GFANN-S/PG Printer Module
- ✓ GFANN-RLY Relay Module
- ✓ GFANN-LED Annunciator Module
- 80-character LCD display (backlit)
- · Real-time clock/calendar with daylight savings time control
- History log with 256 event storage
- Control Buttons
  - ✓ ACK (Acknowledge)
  - ✓ Alarm Silence
  - ✓ System Reset/Lamp Test
  - ✓ Drill
- · LED Indicators
  - ✓ Fire Alarm
  - ✓ Supervisory
  - ✓ Trouble
  - ✓ AC Power
  - ✓ Alarm Silence
  - ✓ Primary and Secondary Phone Line Active LEDs
- · Piezo sounder for alarm, trouble and supervisory
- 24 volt operation
- Low AC voltage sense
- · Alarm Verification
- NACs Programmable for:
  - ✓ Silence Inhibit
  - ✓ Auto-Silence
  - ✓ Strobe Synchronization (System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex, Faraday, Amseco)
  - ✓ Selective Silence (horn-strobe mute)
  - ✓ Temporal or Steady Signal
  - ✓ Silenceable or Nonsilenceable
- Automatic battery charger with charger supervision
- Silent or audible walktest capabilities
- · Optional CAC-5X Class A Converter Module for NACs and IDCs
- · Optional 4XTMF Transmitter Module

### 1.2 Specifications

#### **AC Power**

GF505 & GF510 (FLPS-7 Power Supply): 120 VAC, 60 HZ, 3.80 amps Wire size: minimum #14 AWG (2.0 mm²) with 600V insulation Supervised, nonpower-limited

#### Battery (sealed lead acid only) - J12

Maximum Charging Circuit - Normal Flat Charge: 27.6 VDC @ 1.4 amp

Supervised, nonpower-limited

Maximum Charger Capacity: 26 Amp Hour battery for GF505 & GF510 [two 18 Amp Hour batteries can be housed in the FACP cabinet.]

Minimum Battery Size: 7 Amp Hour

### Initiating Device Circuits - TB4 (and TB6 on GF510 only)

Alarm Zones 1 - 5 on TB 4 (GF505)

Product Description Specifications

Alarm Zones 6 - 10 on TB6 (GF510 only) Supervised and power-limited circuitry Operation: All zones Style B (Class B) Normal Operating Voltage: Nominal 20 VDC

Alarm Current: 15 mA minimum Short Circuit Current: 40 mA max. Maximum Loop Resistance: 100 ohms

End-of-Line Resistor:  $4.7K\Omega$ , 1/2 watt (Part #71252)

Standby Current: 2 mA

Refer to Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for listed compatible devices

#### Notification Appliance Circuit(s) - TB5 and TB71

Four NACs

Operation: Style Y (Class B) Special Application power

Supervised and power-limited circuitry Normal Operating Voltage: Nominal 24 VDC

Maximum Signaling Current: 7.0 amps for GF505 & GF510 (3.0 amps maximum per NAC)

End-of-Line Resistor: 4.7KΩ, 1/2 watt (Part #71252)

Max. Wiring Voltage Drop: 2 VDC

Refer to Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for compatible listed devices

<sup>1.</sup> Total current for resettable power, nonresettable power and Notification Appliance Circuits must not exceed 7.0 amps.

Controls and Indicators Product Description

#### Form-C Relays - Programmable - TB8

Relay 1 (factory default programmed as Alarm Relay)

Relay 2 (factory default programmed as fail-safe Trouble Relay)

Relay 3 (factory default programmed as Supervisory Relay)

Relay Contact Ratings: 2 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive), 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive)

#### Special Application Resettable Power - TB9

Operating Voltage: Nominal 24 VDC

Maximum Available Current: 500 mA - appropriate for powering 4-wire smoke detectors (see

note 1)

Power-limited Circuitry

Refer to Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for compatible listed devices

#### Special Application Resettable or Nonresettable Power - TB9

Operating Voltage: Nominal 24 VDC

Maximum Available Current: 500 mA (see note 1)

Power-limited Circuitry

Jumper selectable by JP31 for resettable or nonresettable power:

✓ Jumper pins 1 & 2 on JP31 for nonresettable power

✓ Jumper pins 2 & 3 on JP31 for resettable power

Refer to Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for compatible listed devices

#### Remote Sync Output - TB2

24 VDC nominal special application power

Maximum current is 40 mA End-of-Line Resistor:  $4.7K\Omega$ Supervised and power-limited circuit

#### **Auxiliary Trouble Input - J6**

The Auxiliary Trouble Input is an open collector circuit which can be used to monitor an external device for trouble conditions. It can be connected to the trouble bus of a peripheral, such as a power supply, which is compatible with open collector circuits.

All connections must be in conduit, less than 20 ft. (610 cm) in length in the same room.

#### 1.3 Controls and Indicators

#### **LCD Display**

The FACP uses an 80-character (4 lines X 20 characters) high viewing angle LCD display. The display includes a long life LED backlight that remains illuminated. If AC power is lost and the system is not in alarm, the LED backlight will turn off to conserve batteries.

SYSTEM ALL NORMAL 10:00A 012105

#### **Key Panel**

Mounted on the main circuit board, the key panel includes a window for the LCD display and LED indicators as listed above. The key panel, which is visible with the cabinet door closed, has 25 keys, including a 16 key alpha-numeric pad similar to a telephone keypad.

#### Function keys:

- · Acknowledge/Step
- · Alarm Silence
- Drill
- System Reset (lamp test)

#### Service/program keys:

- Keys labeled 1 to 9
- \* key
- # key
- 0 (recall) key
- · 1st Event key
- Clear key
- Escape key
- · Mode key
- Four cursor keys (up, down, left and right)
- · Enter key

#### **LED Indicators**

LEDs are provided to annunciate the following conditions:

- · Fire Alarm red LED
- Supervisory yellow LED
- AC Power green LED
- System Trouble yellow LED
- Alarm Silence yellow LED
- Primary Phone Line Active (on circuit board) red LED
- Secondary Phone Line Active (on circuit board) red LED

#### Local Piezo Sounder

A piezo sounder provides separate and distinct sounds for alarm, trouble, maintenance, process monitor and supervisory conditions as follows:

- · Alarm on steady
- Trouble pulse 1 second on and 1 second off
- Maintenance pulse ½ second on and ½ second off
- Supervisory pulse ½ second on and ½ second off
- Process Monitor pulse ¼ second on and ¼ second off



Figure 1.1 Membrane/Display Panel

### 1.4 Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter

Two modular phone jacks allow easy connection to telephone lines. Modular jacks are labeled PH1 for Primary Phone Line and PH2 for Secondary Phone Line. Two telephone line active red LEDs are provided as well as a green *Kissoff* LED. The integral digital communicator provides the following functions:

- · Line Seizure: takes control of the phone lines disconnecting any premises phones
- · Off/On Hook: performs on and off-hook status to the phone lines
- · Listen for dial tone: 440 Hz tone typical in most networks
- Dialing the Central Station(s) number: default is Touch-Tone®, programmable to rotary
- For tone burst or touchtone type formats: discern proper *Ack* and *Kissoff* tone(s). The frequency and time duration of the tone(s) varies with the transmission format. The control panel will adjust accordingly.
- · Communicate in the following formats:
  - ✓ Ademco Contact ID
  - ✓ SIA-DCS-8
  - ✓ SIA-DCS-20

### 1.5 Components

#### Main Circuit Board

The main circuit board contains the system's CPU, DACT and other primary components and wiring interface connectors. Optional modules plug in and are mounted to the main circuit board.

#### **Power Supply**

One power supply is provided standard with each FACP, mounted to a chassis.

FLPS-7 for the GF505 & GF510

#### Cabinet

The backbox measures 16.65" (42.29 cm) x 19.0" (48.26 cm) x 5.207" (13.23 cm) and provides space for two batteries (up to 18 Amp Hours). Also available are an optional dress panel (DP-51050/W) which mounts inside the cabinet and trim-ring (TR-CE/W).

#### Batteries

The cabinet provides space for two 18 Amp Hour batteries. Batteries must be ordered separately.

### 1.6 Optional Modules and Accessories

#### **CAC-5X Class A Converter Module**

The CAC-5X Module can be used to convert the Style B (Class B) Initiating Device Circuits to Style D (Class A) and Style Y (Class B) Notification Appliance Circuits to Style Z (Class A). The module connects to J2 on the GF505 and to J7 on the GF510. Note that two Class A Converter modules are required for the 10 zone panel.

#### **4XTMF Transmitter Module**

The 4XTMF provides a supervised output for local energy municipal box transmitter and alarm and trouble reverse polarity. It includes a disable switch and disable trouble LED. A module jumper option allows the reverse polarity circuit to open with a system trouble condition if no alarm condition exists. The 4XTMF mounts to the main circuit board connectors J4 & J5.

#### **GFANN-80 LCD Annunciator**

The GFANN-80 is a remote LCD annunciator which mimics the information displayed on the

#### FACP LCD display.

#### **GFANN-LED Annunciator Module**

The GFANN-LED Annunciator Module mounts in the DP-51050LED/W Dress Panel and provides three LEDs for each zone: Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory.

#### **GFANN-RLY Relay Module**

The GFANN-RLY Module, which can be mounted inside the cabinet, provides 10 Form-C relays.

#### GFANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Gateway

The GFANN-S/PG module provides a connection for a serial or parallel printer.

#### **GFANN-I/O LED Driver Module**

The GFANN-I/O module provides connections to a user supplied graphic annunciator.

#### DP-51050/W Dress Panel

A dress panel DP-51050 (red) or DP-51050W (white) is available as an option. The dress panel restricts access to the system wiring while allowing access to the membrane switch panel.

#### TR-CE/W Trim-ring

A trim-ring TR-CE (red) or TR-CEW (white) is available as an option. The trim-ring allows semi-flush mounting of the cabinet.

#### **Battery Box**

The battery box may be used to house two batteries greater than 18 Amp Hour. The battery box mounts directly below the control panel cabinet, centered to the main circuit board.

# 1.7 Telephone Requirements and Warnings

#### 1.7.1 Telephone Circuitry

Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) = 0.0B

AC Impedance: 10.0 Mega Ohm

Complies with FCC Part 68

Mates with RJ31X Male Connector

Supervision Threshold: loss of phone line voltage for 2 minutes

The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices which may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line as determined by the total RENs, contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

#### 1.7.2 Digital Communicator

Before connecting the control panel to the public switched telephone network, the installation of two RJ31X jacks is necessary. If trouble is experienced with this equipment, for repair or warranty information, please contact:

Manufacturer: Gamewell-FCl 12 Clintonville Road Northford, CT 06472 (203) 484-7161

Product Model Number: **GF505/GF510** FCC Registration Number: **1W6AL00B10UD** 

Ringer Equivalence: 0.0B

Important! The DACT must not be used to dial a phone number that is call-forwarded.

Note: This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the ACTA. On the inside of the FACP door is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format

US:AAAEQ##TXXXX. If requested, this number must be provided to the telephone company.

Alarm dialing equipment must be able to seize the telephone line and place a call in an emergency situation. It must be able to do this even if other equipment (telephone, answering system, computer modem, etc.) already has the telephone line in use. To do so, alarm dialing equipment must be connected to a properly installed RJ31X jack that is electrically in series with and ahead of all other equipment attached to the same telephone line. If there are any questions concerning these instructions, consult the telephone company or a qualified installer about installing the RJ31X jack and alarm dialing equipment. Refer to "Digital Communicator" on page 31 for an illustration of the proper installation of this equipment.

#### 1.7.3 Telephone Company Rights and Warnings

The telephone company, under certain circumstances, may temporarily discontinue services and/or make changes in its facilities, services, equipment or procedures which may affect the operation of this control panel. However, the telephone company is required to give advance notice of such changes or interruptions.

If the control panel causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company reserves the right to temporarily discontinue service. Advance notification will be provided except in cases when advance notice is not practical. In such cases, notification will be provided as soon as possible. The opportunity will be given to correct any problems and to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

DO NOT CONNECT THIS PRODUCT TO COIN TELEPHONE, GROUND START, OR PARTY LINE SERVICES.

When the control panel activates, premise phones will be disconnected.

Two separate phone lines are required. Do not connect both telephone interfaces to the same telephone line.

The control panel must be connected to the public switched telephone network upstream (as first device) of any private telephone system at the protected premises.

A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by ACTA. This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a compliant RJ31X male modular plug and compatible modular jack that is also compliant.

Backbox Mounting Installation

# SECTION 2 Installation

The cabinet can be surface mounted or semi-flush mounted. The door is removable during the installation period by opening and lifting if off the hinges. The cabinet mounts using two key slots at the top of the backbox and two additional securing holes located at the bottom.

Carefully unpack the system and check for shipping damage. Mount the cabinet in a clean, dry, vibration-free area where extreme temperatures are not encountered. The area should be readily accessible with sufficient room to easily install and maintain the panel. Locate the top of the cabinet approximately 5 feet (1.5 m) above the floor with the hinge mounting on the left. Determine the number of conductors required for the devices to be installed. Sufficient knockouts are provided for wiring convenience. Select the appropriate knockout(s) and pull the conductors into the box. All wiring should be in accordance with the National and/or Local codes for fire alarm systems.

# 2.1 Backbox Mounting



The circuit board contains static-sensitive components. Always ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any boards so that static charges are removed from the body. Use static suppressive packaging to protect electronic assemblies.

To prevent damage to the circuit board and to facilitate backbox mounting, the chassis with main circuit board and transformer can be easily removed. Loosen the two 3/8" nuts securing the top flanges of the chassis, then slide the chassis up to free it from the lower tabs. Place the chassis assembly in a protective antistatic bag in a safe location until it can be reinstalled in the backbox.



- ✓ Mark and predrill hole in the wall for the center top keyhole mounting bolt using the dimensions illustrated in Figure 2.2 on page 22
- ✓ Install center top fastener in the wall with the screw head protruding
- ✓ Place backbox over the top screw, level and secure
- ✓ Mark and drill the left and right upper and lower mounting holes Note: outer holes (closest to sidewall) are used for 16" O.C. stud mounting
- ✓ Install remaining fasteners and tighten

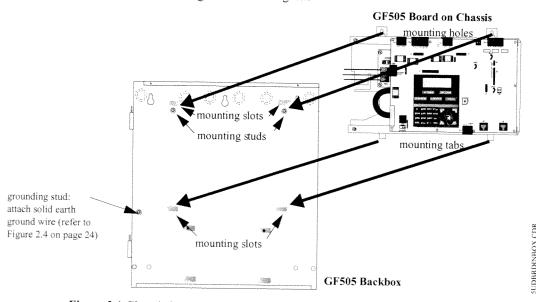


Figure 2.1 Chassis Mounting in Backbox

Installation Backbox Mounting

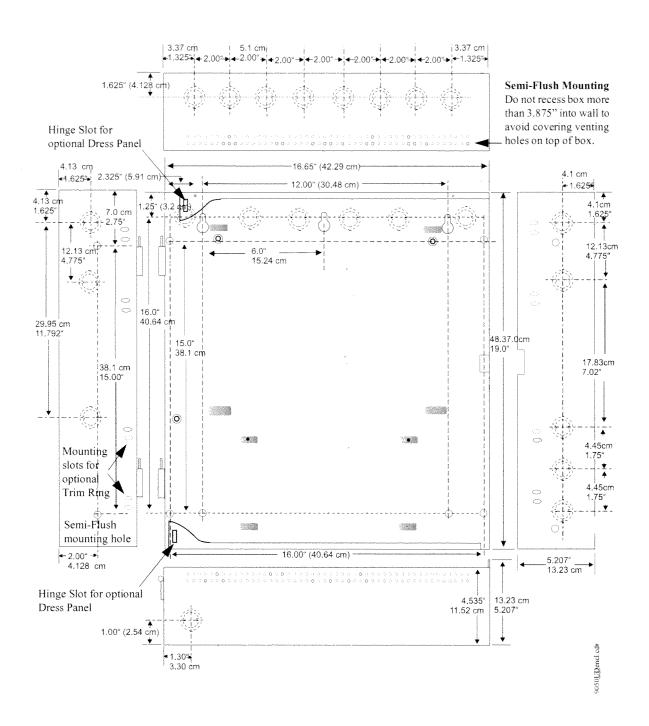


Figure 2.2 Cabinet Dimensions

Backbox Mounting Installation

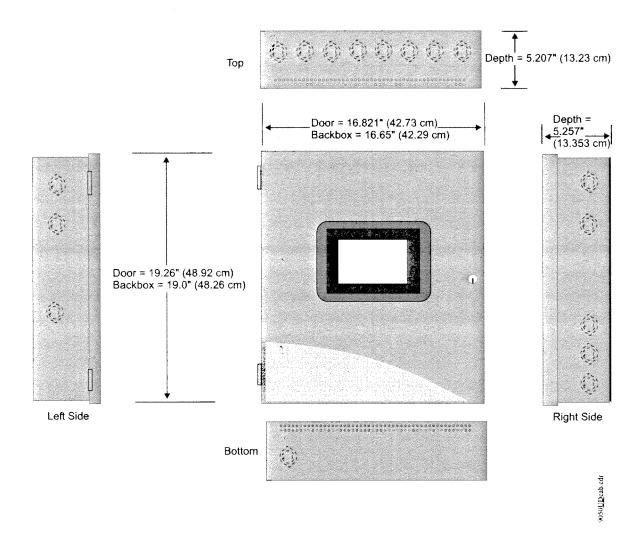


Figure 2.3 Backbox and Battery Box

# 2.2 Operating Power



WARNING: Several different sources of power can be connected to this panel. Disconnect all sources of power before servicing. The panel and associated equipment may be damaged by removing and/or inserting cards, modules or interconnecting cables while this unit is energized.

#### Primary Power Source (AC) and Earth Ground Connections

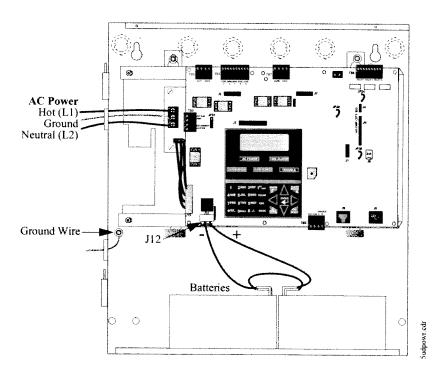
AC power connections are made inside the control panel cabinet. Refer to AC Power in the section titled "Specifications" on page 13, for power and current requirements for each FACP version. Run a pair of wires (with ground conductor) from the protected premises main breaker box to the AC terminal block TB1 on the main power supply. As per the National Electrical Code, use 14 AWG (2.00 mm², 1.6 mm O.D.) or heavier gauge wire with 600V insulation. No other equipment may be connected to this circuit. In addition, this circuit must be provided with overcurrent protection and may not contain any power disconnect devices. A separate Earth Ground connection must be made to ensure proper panel operation and lightning and transient protection. Connect the Earth Ground wire [minimum 14 AWG (2.00 mm²)] to the grounding stud in the backbox. Do not use conduit for the Earth Ground connection since this does not provide reliable protection.

#### **Secondary Power Source (Batteries)**

Observe polarity when connecting the battery. Connect the battery cable to J12 on the main circuit board using the plug-in connector and cable provided. The battery charger is current-limited and capable of charging sealed lead acid batteries. The charger shuts off when the system is in alarm.



**WARNING**: Battery contains sulfuric acid which can cause severe burns to the skin and eyes and can destroy fabrics. If contact is made with sulfuric acid, immediately flush the skin or eyes with water for 15 minutes and seek immediate medical attention.



**Figure 2.4 Operating Power Connections** 

Installation Input Circuits

# 2.3 Input Circuits

The GF505 has five IDCs (Initiating Device Circuits) and the GF510 has ten IDCs. Each circuit is compatible with System Sensor's 13 smoke detectors which generate a maintenance signal when the detector becomes dirty and a separate supervisory 'freeze' signal when ambient temperature falls below the detector rating of approximately 45°F. The maximum loop resistance limit for each IDC is 100 ohms. The maximum number of detectors per zone is 25. The field wiring for each zone is supervised for opens, shorts and ground faults. All conditions are visually and audibly annunciated.

Each circuit is configured for Style B (Class B) operation and will accept 13 smoke detectors, any normally-open contact devices as well as conventional 2-wire or 4-wire, 24 VDC smoke detectors. Refer to the Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for a list of compatible devices.

Initiating Device Circuits can be converted to Style D (Class A) by installing the optional Class A Converter module. Refer to "CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 32.

UL listed Power Supervision Relay (refer to Device Compatibility Document for list of compatible relays) UL listed compatible UL listed compatible 4-wire smoke detector 2-wire smoke detectors manual pull stations Resettable 24 VDC Dummy load all unused 4-wire smoke circuits - 4.7 KΩ, ½ watt detector power heat detectors resistor (P/N: 71245) (500 mA maximum) 999999999 TB4 **TB5** OUT1 OUT2 ZONE ZONE ZONE ZONE 2 3 ms-10UDide.edr TB9 **JP31 RST AUX PWR** RST/NONRST **AUXPWR** Figure 2.5 IDC Connections

Installation Input Circuits

#### Combination Waterflow/Supervisory Zone

A combination Waterflow/Supervisory circuit allows an FACP to distinguish between an Alarm switch (waterflow device) and a Supervisory switch (tamper) installed on the same circuit. Any circuit can be programmed as a Combo Type zone. The following figure illustrates the wiring of Zone 2 as a Style B (Class B) Waterflow/Supervisory circuit.

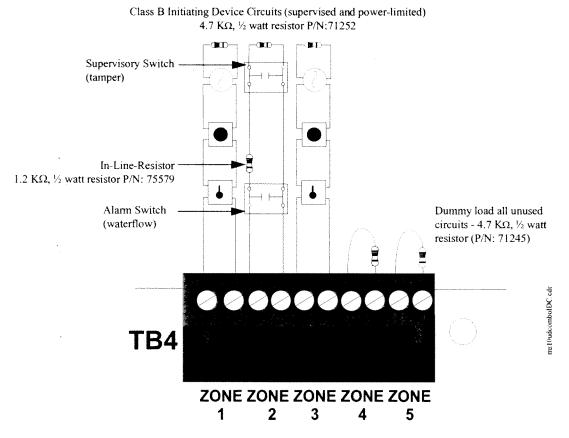


Figure 2.6 Style B Combination Circuit on Zone 2

Requirements for the Combination Waterflow/Supervisory circuit are as follows:

- ✓ The Waterflow Alarm Switch must connect to the FACP Initiating Device Circuit before the In-Line Resistor as shown in Figure 2.6
- ✓ The Waterflow Supervisory Switch must connect to the FACP Initiating Device Circuit
  after the In-Line Resistor as shown in Figure 2.6
- ✓ Program the FACP Initiating Device Circuit as a Combination circuit as described in "Input Zones" on page 56. Note that since a Waterflow Supervisory Switch is included in a Combination circuit, the waterflow delay must be taken into consideration. Refer to "Waterflow Delay" on page 71.
- ✓ Waterflow Alarm Switch activation causes the panel to latch into alarm until the alarm condition is cleared and the FACP is reset
- ✓ Supervisory Switch activation causes the panel to latch the supervisory condition if the Combo type code is selected or track (the panel will clear when the supervisory condition is cleared) if the Combo Autoresettable Supervisory type code is selected

Output Circuits Installation

# 2.4 Output Circuits

#### 2.4.1 Notification Appliance Circuits

Each of the four Style Y (Class B) Notification Appliance Circuits can output a maximum of 3.0 amps of current. Total current drawn from these as well as other DC power outputs cannot exceed 7.0 amps for the GF505 & GF510 [3.0 amps maximum per NAC] powered by the FLPS-7 power supply (refer to "Power Supply Calculations" on page 122). Each circuit is supervised, power-limited and provides special application power. Refer to the Gamewell-FCI Device Compatibility Document for a listing of compatible notification appliances.

The NACs can be converted to Style Z (Class A) by installing the optional Class A Converter module. Refer to "CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 32.

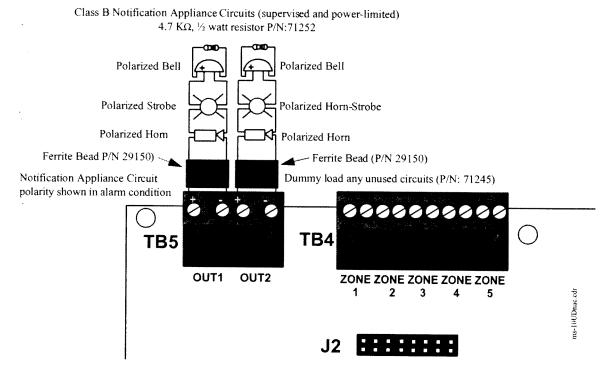


Figure 2.7 NAC Connections

Large gauge wire should be looped through bead at least once as illustrated. Smaller gauge wire can be looped more often.

Ferrite Bead in open position

Ferrite Bead in closed position

Installation Output Circuits

#### 2.4.2 Special Application DC Power Output Connections

Special Application Resettable and Nonresettable 24 VDC power is available on the GF505/GF510 control panel.

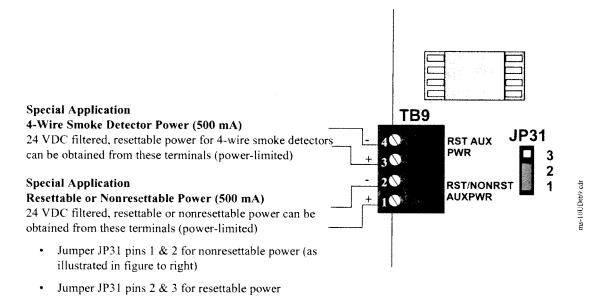


Figure 2.8 Special Application Auxiliary Power

# 2.4.3 Relays - Programmable

The GF505/GF510 control panels provide a factory default programmed alarm relay, fail-safe trouble relay and supervisory relay. Each relay can be programmed to activate for other conditions (refer to "Relays" on page 67). Each Form-C relay is rated for 2 amps @ 30VDC (resistive) and 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive).

Note that relay connections must be power-limited.

Note: Relay contacts are shown with power applied to the panel and no active troubles, alarms or supervisories.

The Trouble Relay is a fail-safe relay which will transfer on any trouble or total power failure.

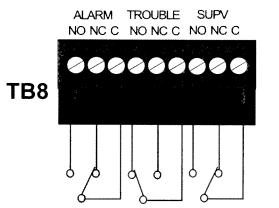


Figure 2.9 Relay Terminals

# 2.4.4 Remote Synchronization Output

Synchronization is a feature that controls the activation of notification appliances in such a way that all devices will turn on and off at exactly the same time. This is particularly critical when activating strobes which must be synchronized to avoid random activation and a potential hazard to individuals. Devices connected directly to the control panel's NAC can be synchronized as described in "Synchronized NAC Operation" on page 65.

Notification appliances connected to remote power sources may require synchronization with the FACP's devices. For the GF505 & GF510, the Remote Sync Output is <u>not</u> required. Synchronization for remote power supplies is provided directly from NAC1 (Out 1). Note that NAC1 (Out 1) must be programmed for sync operation when used for this purpose.

The Remote Synchronization Output is power-limited and supervised and requires a  $4.7K\Omega$  ELR resistor at the remote power supply end of the wiring.

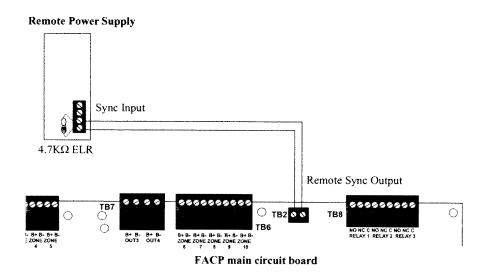


Figure 2.10 Remote Sync Output

# 2.5 Power-limited Wiring Requirements

Power-limited and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must remain separated in the cabinet. All power-limited circuit wiring must remain at least 0.25" (6.35 mm) away from any nonpower-limited circuit wiring. Furthermore, all power-limited and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must enter and exit the cabinet through different knockouts and/or conduits. A typical wiring diagram is illustrated below.

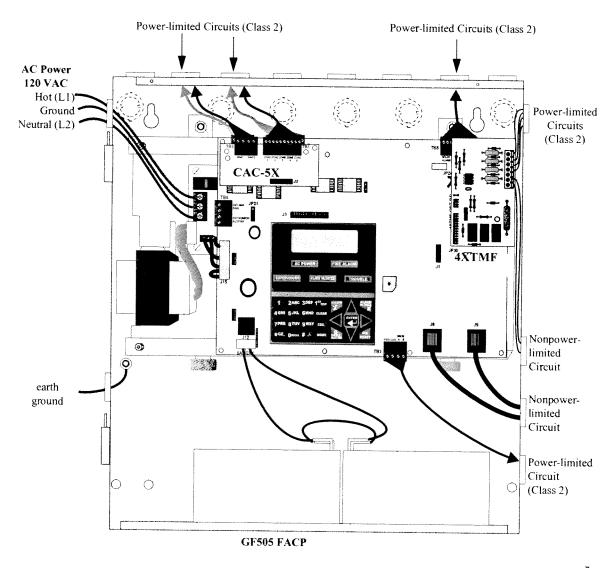


Figure 2.11 Typical UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements

Digital Communicator Installation

# 2.6 Digital Communicator

Two independent telephone lines can be connected to the control panel. Telephone line control/command is made possible via double line seizure as well as usage of an RJ31X style interconnection. Note that it is critical that the panel's digital communicator be located as the first device on the incoming telephone circuit to properly function.

Important! The DACT must not be used to dial a phone number that is call-forwarded.

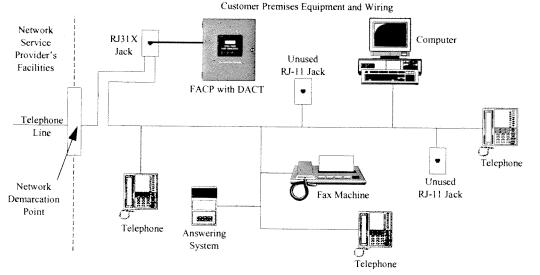


Figure 2.12 DACT Installation

The control panel's digital communicator is built into the main circuit board. Connection and wiring of two phone lines is required as shown below.

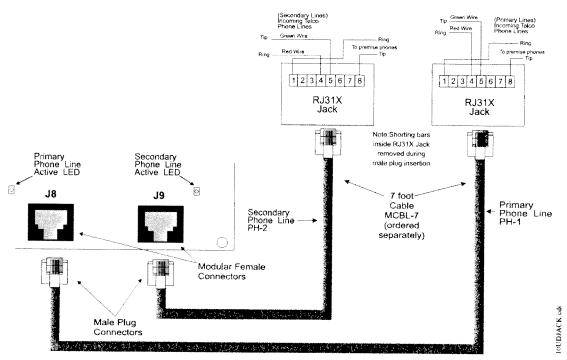


Figure 2.13 Wiring Phone Jacks

# 2.7 Installation of Optional Modules

CAUTION: Remove all power (AC and DC) before installing or removing modules or wiring.



### 2.7.1 CAC-5X Class A Converter Module

#### 2.7.1.1 Installation

The CAC-5X Module can be used to convert five Style B (Class B) Initiating Device Circuits to Style D (Class A) and the two Style Y (Class B) Notification Appliance Circuits to Style Z (Class A). The module plugs into connector J2 which is located at the top left of the GF505/GF510 main circuit board and J7 which is located at the top center of the GF510. Note that two CAC-5X modules are required to convert all NACs and IDCs on the GF510 to Class A circuits.

To install the CAC-5X in the GF505/GF510, remove the two main circuit board mounting screws and replace with the two supplied male/female standoffs in the locations indicated in the following figure. Carefully align the connector on the CAC-5X with J2 on the FACP main circuit board and press the module securely into place. Make certain the pins are properly aligned to prevent bending or breaking of any connector pins. Secure the CAC-5X to the standoffs with the screws that were just removed.

To install the second CAC-5X on J7 of the GF510, remove the main circuit board mounting screw referenced in the following illustration and replace with the supplied male/female standoff. Insert the supplied plastic standoff in the location indicated in the following illustration. Carefully align the connector on the CAC-5X with J7 and press the module securely into place. Make certain the pins are properly aligned to prevent bending or breaking of any connector pins. Secure the CAC-5X to the metal standoff with the screw that was just removed.

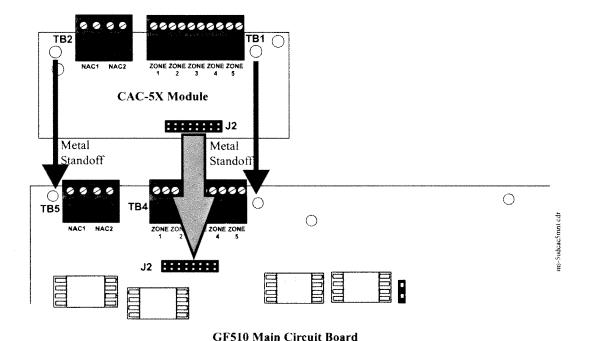


Figure 2.14 CAC-5X Module Installation

#### 2.7.1.2 Wiring NACs and IDCs for Class A

Wire the Style Z (Class A) Notification Appliance Circuits using TB5 of the GF505/GF510 and TB2 of the CAC-5X module. Wire the Style D (Class A) Initiating Device Circuits using TB4 of the GF505/GF510 and TB1 of the CAC-5X. Note that the wiring will be identical when using TB7 NAC and TB6 IDC of the GF510. Make certain to observe polarity when connecting the devices to the circuits. The B+ and A+ terminals must comprise the feed and return for the positive side of a device and the B- and A- terminals must comprise the feed and return for the negative side of a device. To configure any of the zones for Class B when the CAC-5X is installed, simply wire to the B+ and B- input on the FACP terminal(s) and install the End-of-Line Resistor after the last device on the circuit. Do not wire to the corresponding A+ and A- terminals on the CAC-5X module.

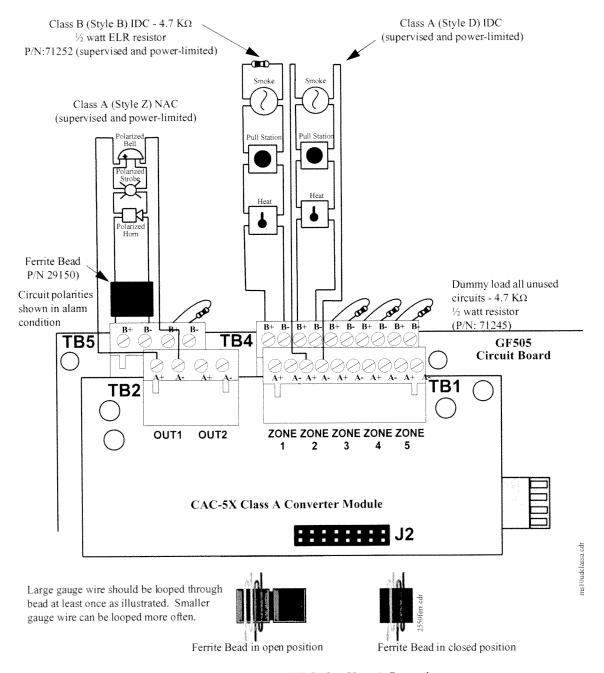


Figure 2.15 Wiring NACs and IDCs for Class A Operation

# 2.7.2 4XTMF Option Module

The 4XTMF module can be plugged into connectors J4 and J5 on the main circuit board.

The following steps must be followed when installing the 4XTMF module:

- 1. Remove all power (AC and DC) from the FACP before installing the modules
- 2. Cut jumper JP30 on the main circuit board to allow the control panel to supervise the placement of the 4XTMF option module
- 3. Install the two supplied metal standoffs in the locations indicated. These standoffs provide the required earth ground protection
- 4. Carefully plug the connectors on the option module into connectors J4 and J5 on the FACP main circuit board, being careful not to bend any pins
- 5. Secure the option module to the standoff on the main circuit board with the supplied screws
- 6. When the installation has been completed, connect the wiring to the modules as indicated in the following sections
- 7. Test system for proper operation

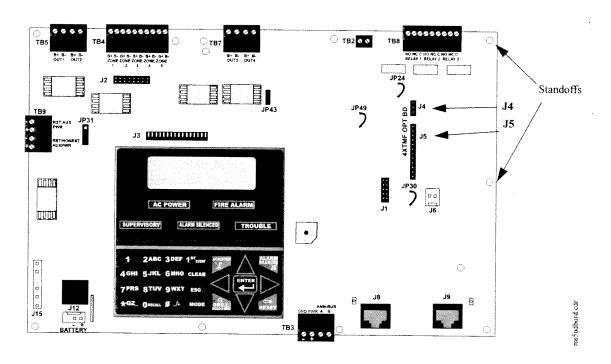


Figure 2.16 4XTMF Option Module Connection to GF505

#### 2.7.2.1 4XTMF Transmitter Module Installation

The 4XTMF provides a supervised output for a local energy municipal box transmitter in addition to alarm and trouble reverse polarity. A jumper option allows the reverse polarity circuit to open with a system trouble condition if no alarm condition exists. A disable switch allows disabling of the transmitter output during testing to prevent accidental calling of the monitoring service.

#### Local Energy Municipal Box Service (NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm Systems):

Supervisory Current: 5.0 mA

Trip Current: 350 mA (subtracted from notification appliance power)

Coil Voltage: 3.65 VDC

Maximum Coil Resistance: 14.6 ohms

Maximum allowable wire resistance between panel and trip coil: 3 ohms

Municipal Box wiring can leave the building

# Remote Station Service (NFPA 72 Remote Station Fire Alarm Systems) - Intended for connection to a polarity reversal circuit or a Remote Station receiving unit having compatible ratings:

Maximum load for each circuit: 10 mA Reverse polarity output voltage: 24 VDC

Remote Alarm and Remote Trouble wiring can leave the building

Before installing the module, place the disconnect switch to the down (disconnect) position to prevent accidental activation of the municipal box. Note that a Disconnect LED will illuminate after the module is installed in the FACP. In addition, the System Trouble LED will turn on to indicate the Disconnect condition.

# Note: 4XTMF Module is not suitable for transmitting reverse polarity supervisory signal.

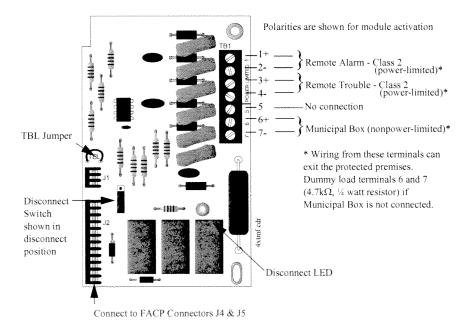


Figure 2.17 4XTMF Transmitter Module

Installation ANN-BUS Devices

#### 2.8 ANN-BUS Devices



**WARNING!** Disconnect all sources of power (AC and DC) before installing or removing any modules or wiring.

A variety of optional devices can be connected to the FACP ANN-BUS communication circuit. Compatible devices include:

- GFANN-80 LCD Annunciator
- · GFANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Module
- GFANN-I/O LED Driver Module
- GFANN-LED Annunciator Module
- · GFANN-RLY Relay Module

# 2.8.1 ANN-BUS Wiring

This section contains information on calculating ANN-BUS wire distances and the types of wiring configurations (Class B).

#### 2.8.1.1 Calculating Wiring Distance for ANN-BUS Modules

The following instructions will guide the installer in determining the type of wire and the maximum wiring distance that can be used with FACP ANN-BUS accessory modules.

To calculate the wire gauge that must be used to connect ANN-BUS modules to the FACP, it is necessary to calculate the total worst case current draw for all modules on a single 4-conductor bus. The total worst case current draw is calculated by adding the individual worst case currents for each module. The individual worst case values are shown in the following table:

Model Number	Worst Case Current Draw		
GFANN-80 LCD Annunciator	0.040 amps ·		
GFANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Module	0.040 amps		
GFANN-I/O LED Driver Module	0.200 amps		
GFANN-LED Annunciator Module	0.068 amps		
GFANN-RLY Relay Module	0.075 amps		

Note: Total worst case current draw on a single ANN-BUS cannot exceed 0.5 amp.

After calculating the total worst case current draw, Table 2.1 specifies the maximum distance the modules can be located from the FACP on a single wire run. The table ensures 6.0 volts of line drop maximum. In general, the wire length is limited by resistance, but for heavier wire gauges, capacitance is the limiting factor.

These cases are marked in the chart with an asterisk (\*). Maximum length can never be more than 6,000 feet (1,800 m), regardless of gauge used. The formula used to generate this chart is shown in the note below.

Wiring Distance: ANN-BUS Modules to FACP				
Total Worst Case Current Draw (amps)	22 Gauge	18 Gauge	16 Gauge	14 Gauge
0.100	1,852 ft.	4,688 ft.	* 6,000 ft.	*6,000 ft.
0.200	926 ft.	2,344 ft.	3,731 ft.	5,906 ft.
0.300	617 ft.	1,563 ft.	2,488 ft.	3,937 ft.
0.400	463 ft.	1,172 ft.	1,866 ft.	2,953 ft.
0.500	370 ft.	938 ft.	1,493 ft.	2,362 ft.

**Table 2.1 Wiring Distances** 

Note: The following formulas were used to generate the wire distance chart:

Maximum Resistance (Ohms)	==	6.0 Volts	
		Total Worst Case Current Draw (amps)	******
Maximum Wire Length (feet)	=	Maximum Resistance (Ohms)	*500
(6,000 feet maximum)		Rpu	

where: Rpu = Ohms per 1,000 feet for various Wire Gauges (see table below)

Wire Gauge	Ohms per 1,000 feet (Rpu)
22	16.2
18	6.4
16	4.02
14	2.54

### Wiring Distance Calculation Example:

Suppose a system is configured with the following ANN-BUS modules:

- 2 GFANN-80 Remote Fire Annunciators
- 1 GFANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Module
- · 1 GFANN-I/O LED Driver Module

The total worst case current is calculated as follows:

Total Worst Case Current Draw	7	= 0.320 amps
GFANN-I/O Current Draw	= 1 X.0.200 amps	= 0.200 amps
GFANN-S/PG Current Draw	= 1 X.0.040 amps	= 0.040 amps
GFANN-80 Current Draw	= 2 X 0.040 amps	= 0.080 amps

Using this value and referring to the Wiring Distance Table 2.1 on page 37, it can be found that the available options are:

- ✓ 463 feet maximum using 22 Gauge wire
- ✓ 1,172 feet maximum using 18 Gauge wire
- ✓ 1,866 feet maximum using 16 Gauge wire
- ✓ 2,953 feet maximum using 14 Gauge wire

#### 2.8.1.2 Wiring Configuration

Figure 2.18 illustrates the wiring between the FACP and ANN-BUS devices.

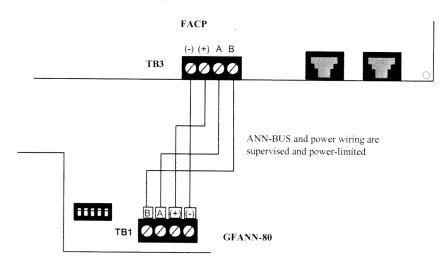


Figure 2.18 FACP wiring to ANN-BUS Device

#### 2.8.1.3 Powering ANN-BUS Devices from Auxiliary Power Supply

Figure 2.19 illustrates the powering of ANN-BUS devices from an auxiliary power supply such as the HPF24S6/8, when the maximum number of ANN-BUS devices exceeds the ANN-BUS power requirements.

TB3

Color Section 1 and Detection Jumper 517 (17ACT monitors for ground fail and Detection Jumper 517 (17AC

Cut Ground Fault Detection jumper JP1 (FACP monitors for ground faults)

Figure 2.19 Powering ANN-BUS Devices from HPF24S6/8

#### 2.8.2 ANN-BUS Device Addressing

Each ANN-BUS device requires a unique address (ID Number) in order to communicate with the FACP. A 5-position DIP switch on each device is used to set this address. The address set for these devices must also be programmed at the FACP for the specific device (refer to the programming section titled "ANN-BUS" on page 76).

A maximum of 8 devices can be connected to the FACP ANN-BUS communication circuit. Device addresses do not need to be sequential and can be set to any number between  $\theta I$  and  $\theta 8$ . Note that  $\theta \theta$  is not a valid address. The following table shows the DIP switch setting for each address.

Note: address (ID Number) DIP switches on some devices may have more than 5 switch positions. Unless otherwise specified in the documentation supplied with each device, switch positions 6 and above must be set to **OFF**.

Address	Switch 5	Switch 4	Switch 3	Switch 2	Switch 1
not valid	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
01	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
02	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
03	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
04	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
05	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
06	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
07	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
08	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

Installation ANN-BUS Devices

#### 2.8.3 GFANN-80 Remote Fire Annunciator

The GFANN-80 Annunciator is a compact, 80 character, backlit LCD remote fire annunciator which mimics the FACP display. It also provides system status indicators for AC Power, Alarm, Trouble, Supervisory and Alarm Silenced conditions. Communication between the GFANN-80 and FACP is accomplished over a two wire serial interface employing the ANN-BUS communication format. The devices are powered, via two additional wires, from either the host FACP or remote UL-listed, filtered, power supply.

#### 2.8.4 Specifications

· Operating Voltage Range: 18 VDC to 28 VDC

• Current Consumption @ 24 VDC nominal (filtered and nonresettable):

✓ Normal/Standby (no activity): 37.0 mA

✓ Trouble: 39.0 mA

✓ Alarm: 40.0 mA

✓ AC Fail (not backlit): 15.0 mA

· For use indoors in a dry location

#### 2.8.5 Installation

Ensure that all power (AC and DC) has been removed from the FACP before installing the annunciator.

#### **2.8.5.1 Mounting**

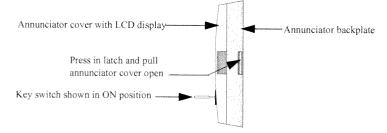
The GFANN-80 can be surface or semi-flush mounted to a single, double or 4" square electrical box. Select and remove the appropriate knockout(s), pull the necessary wires through the knockouts and mount the annunciator in or on the wall depending on the type of installation desired.

The GFANN-80 cover must be attached to the annunciator backplate before mounting the annunciator to the electrical box/wall. The cover cannot be reattached or removed after the annunciator has been mounted.

#### 2.8.5.2 Opening/Closing Annunciator

The following procedure details the steps used to open the annunciator in order to access the terminal block and DIP switches (refer to figure below):

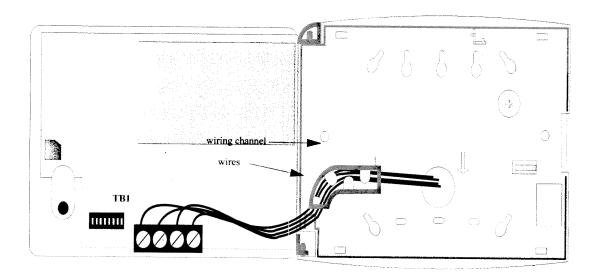
- 1. Turn the key switch to the ON (Unlocked) position by turning the key counter-clockwise
- 2. Push in the snap latch located on the right side of the unit while pulling the cover open
- 3. To close the cover, make certain the key switch is in the ON (Unlocked) position. Swing the cover closed, snapping it shut
- 4. Turn the key switch to the OFF (Locked) position by turning clockwise and remove the key



#### 2.8.5.3 Wiring GFANN-80 to FACP

The following steps can be used as a guide to wire the annunciator. Make certain all power has been removed from the FACP prior to annunciator installation.

 Route wires from hole in backplate, through wiring channel and then to GFANN-80 terminal block TB1



- 2. Remove appropriate amount of wire insulation
- 3. Connect the wiring from the FACP ANN-BUS to annunciator TB1 terminals 3 (A) & 4 (B). Make certain to connect A to A and B to B
- 4. If appropriate, connect the wiring going to the next device on the ANN-BUS to TB1 terminals 3 & 4. Make certain to connect A to A and B to B
- 5. Connect the wiring from the 24 VDC power source to annunciator TB1 terminals 1 (-) & 2 (+). Make certain to observe proper polarity
- 6. If appropriate, connect the power wiring going to the next device to terminals 1 (-) & 2 (+). Make certain to observe proper polarity
- After all connections are made, remove extra wire from inside of annunciator by dressing it
  neatly through wire channel, with any excess wire pushed back through hole into electrical
  box

Installation ANN-BUS Devices

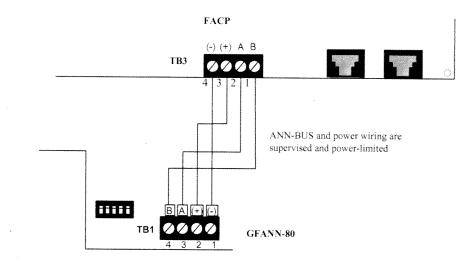


Figure 2.20 GFANN-80 Wiring to FACP

The following table shows the GFANN-80 connections to the GF505/GF510.

GF505/GF510 (TB3)	GFANN-80 (TB1)
Terminal 3 GND (-)	Terminal 1 (-)
Terminal 4 PWR (+)	Terminal 2 (+)
Terminal 2 A (ANN-BUS)	Terminal 3 (A)
Terminal 1 B (ANN-BUS)	Terminal 4 (B)

#### **Programming**

Following installation and wiring of the GFANN-80 LCD annunciator to the FACP, the annunciator must be added to the system via FACP programming. Refer to the programming section titled "ANN-BUS" on page 76 in this manual for detailed programming information. Select the LCD option for programming.

### 2.8.6 GFANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Installation

The GFANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface module allows the ancillary connection of a serial and/or parallel printer to the FACP for a real-time log of system events, detector status reports and event history. Proceed with the installation as described in the following:

- 1. Ensure that all power (AC and DC) has been removed from the FACP.
- 2. Connect the GFANN-S/PG to the FACP as illustrated in Figure 2.21

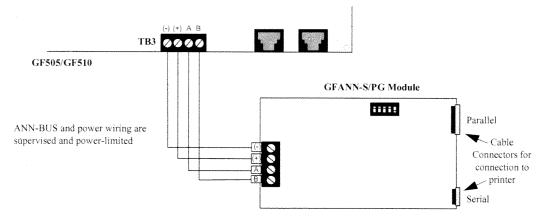


Figure 2.21 GFANN-S/PG Connection to FACP

- Using the DIP switches on the back of the GFANN-S/PG module, assign an ID number (address) to the module
- 4. Select the address and configuration options for the GFANN-S/PG module as described in the Programming section of this manual (refer to "ANN-BUS" on page 76) Note that the Auto-configure feature allows the programmer to quickly bring all installed ANN-BUS modules online (refer to "Auto-Configure" on page 77)
- Connect a printer to the GFANN-S/PG Parallel and/or Serial connectors (refer to Figure 2.21 on page 43)

#### 2.8.6.1 Specifications

- · Operating Voltage: 24 VDC
- Current (Alarm and Standby): 45 mA
- Ambient Temperature: 32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C)
- Max. Wiring Distance from FACP: 6,000 ft. (1,800 m)
- Mounting: Surface
- Dimensions: 6"W x 7-3/4"H x 1-7/16"D (15.2 cm W x 19.7 cm H x 3.7 cm D)
- · For indoor use in a dry location only

#### 2.8.6.2 PRN Printer Installation

When connected to the FACP via the GFANN-S/PG module, the PRN prints the status changes within the control panel and time-stamps the printout with the time of day and date that the event occurred. It provides 80 columns of data on standard 9" x 11" tractor-feed paper. This section contains information on connecting a printer to the control panel and setting the printer options.

Installation ANN-BUS Devices

#### 2.8.6.2.1 Connecting PRN Printer

Remote printers require a primary AC power source. If required for the fire alarm system configuration (for example, a Proprietary Fire Alarm System), a remote printer requires a secondary power source (battery backup). Since a secondary power source is not provided as a standard feature, a separate UL-listed Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) should be used. The building emergency power supply may be used, as long as it meets the power continuity requirements of NFPA 72. Refer to NFPA 72 for further details.

Connect the remote printer to the FACP via the GFANN-S/PG module using a standard DB-25 cable. One end of the cable will plug into the DB-25 connector on the PRN printer and the other end plugs into the parallel connector on the GFANN-S/PG module. Note that the 9-pin DB-9 port on the GFANN-S/PG is used to connect a serial printer. The 25-pin port is used for a Centronics parallel printer cable. Connect either a serial or parallel printer, but not both at the same time.

#### 2.8.6.2.2 Setting Printer Options

Refer to the documentation supplied with the PRN printer for instructions on using the printer menu controls. Set the printer options (under the menu area) as shown in the following table:

Option Setting Option Setting Font HS Draft CPI 10CPI LPI 6 LPI Skip 0.5 ESC Character **ESC** Emulate Epson FX-850 Bidirectional Copy ON I/O CG-TAB Graphic Buffer 40K Country E-US ASCII Serial Auto CR OFF Baud 9600 or 2400 Color Option Not Installed Format 7 Bit, Even, 1 Stop Formien Protocol XON/XOFF Lines 6LPI=60 Character Set Standard Standard Exec 10.5 SI.Zero On Auto LF On PAPER BIN 1 12/72" BIN 2 12/72" SINGLE 12/72" **PUSH TRA** 12/72" PULL TRA 12/72" PAP ROLL 12/72"

**Table 2.2 PRN Setup Options** 

#### 2.8.7 GFANN-I/O LED Driver Module

The GFANN-I/O is an LED driver module that can be used in a wide variety of applications, including as an interface with most customized graphic annunciators. The GFANN-I/O can drive up to 40 LEDs. The following sections describe hardware installation. Refer to the section titled "ANN-BUS" on page 76 for programming information.

#### 2.8.7.1 GFANN-I/O Board Layout

Figure 2.22 illustrates the GFANN-I/O board showing locations of screw terminals for connection to the FACP, pin connectors for connecting LEDs and the DIP switch for selecting the ANN-BUS ID number.

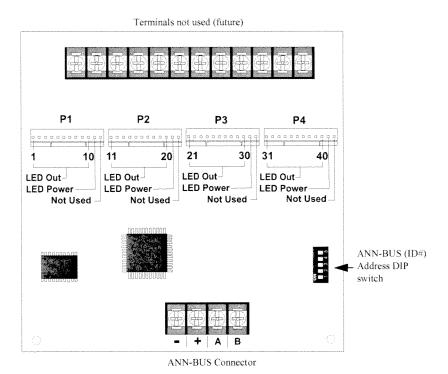


Figure 2.22 GFANN-I/O Board Layout

#### 2.8.7.2 Specifications

- Max. ANN-BUS Voltage: 28 VDC
- Max. Current:
  - ✓ Alarm: 200 mA
  - ✓ Standby: 35 mA
  - ✓ Each LED: 10 mA
- Operating Temperature: 32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C)
- · For indoor use in a dry location only

Installation ANN-BUS Devices

#### 2.8.7.3 GFANN-I/O Connection to FACP

The GFANN-I/O connects to the FACP via the ANN-BUS as illustrated in Figure 2.23. After the GFANN-I/O is connected to the panel, it must be added to the system via FACP programming.

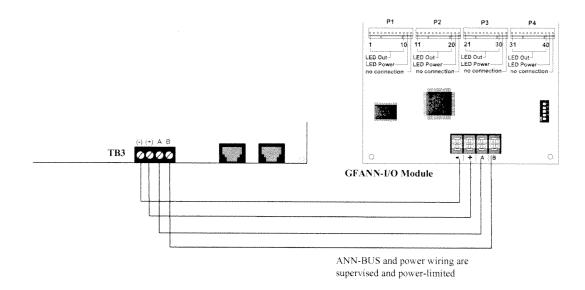
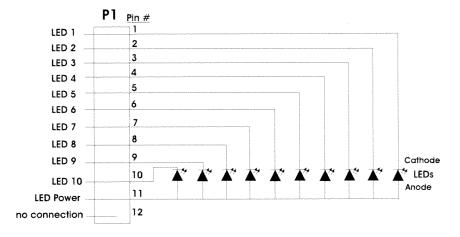


Figure 2.23 GFANN-I/O Connection to FACP

#### 2.8.7.4 GFANN-I/O Module LED Wiring

There are four 12-pin connectors on the GFANN-I/O module for connecting LEDs. Each set of 10 LEDs get their power from Pin 11 of the corresponding connector. Internal resistors are sized so that there is approximately 10 mA of current for each LED. No series resistors are required. LED outputs are mapped to output circuits. Refer to the section titled "GFANN-I/O LED Zone Assignments" on page 79 of this manual.

The LEDs are wired as illustrated in Figure 2.24. Note that the illustration depicts only connectors P1 and P2. Wiring is identical for P3 (LEDs 21-30) and P4 (LEDs 31-40).



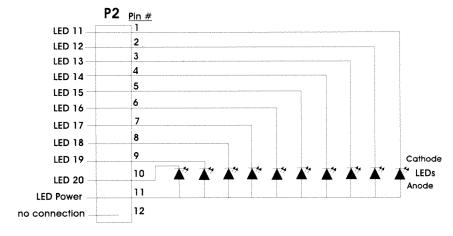


Figure 2.24 GFANN-I/O Board Layout

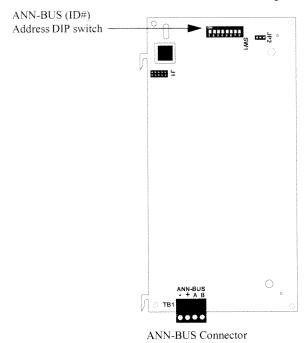
Installation ANN-BUS Devices

#### 2.8.8 GFANN-LED Annunciator Module

The GFANN-LED annunciator module provides LED annunciation of general system faults and input zones/points when used with a compatible FACP. The GFANN-LED module provides alarm (red), trouble (yellow) and supervisory (yellow) indication for up to ten input zones or addressable points.

#### 2.8.8.1 GFANN-LED Board Layout

Figure 2.25 illustrates the GFANN-LED board showing locations of screw terminals for connection to the FACP and the DIP switches for selecting the ANN-BUS ID number.



### Figure 2.25 GFANN-LED Board Layout

#### 2.8.8.2 Specifications

- Max. ANN-BUS Voltage: 24 VDC
- Max. Current:
  - ✓ Alarm: 68 mA
  - ✓ Standby: 28 mA
- Operating Temperature: 32° F to 120° F (0° C to 49° C)
- · For indoor use in a dry location only

#### 2.8.8.3 Mounting/Installation

The GFANN-LED Module is supplied mounted to the DP-51050LED/W Dress Panel. Install the dress panel as described in the documentation supplied with the DP-51050LED.

#### 2.8.8.4 GFANN-LED Connection to FACP

Figure 2.26 illustrates the GFANN-LED board wiring connections to the FACP.

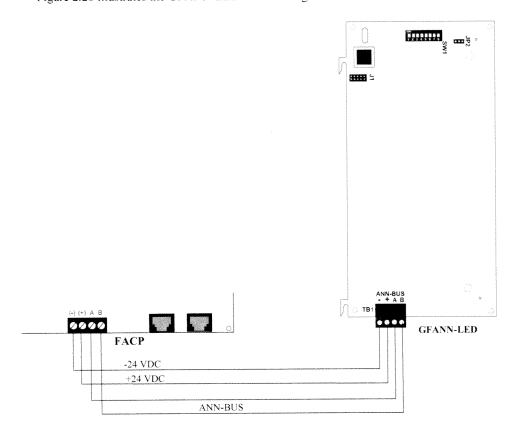


Figure 2.26 GFANN-LED Connection to FACP

Installation ANN-BUS Devices

#### 2.8.9 GFANN-RLY Relay Module

The GFANN-RLY relay module provides 10 programmable Form-C relays when used with a compatible FACP.

#### 2.8.9.1 GFANN-RLY Board Layout

Figure 2.27 illustrates the GFANN-RLY board showing locations of screw terminals for connection to the FACP and the DIP switches for selecting the ANN-BUS ID number.

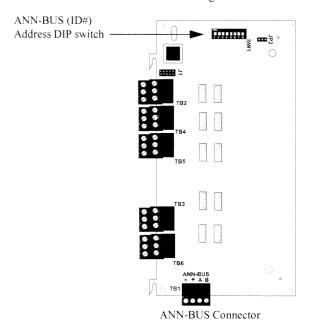


Figure 2.27 GFANN-RLY Board Layout

#### 2.8.9.2 Specifications

- Operating Voltage: 24 VDC
- Max. Current:
  - ✓ Alarm: 75 mA
  - ✓ Standby: 15 mA
- Relay Contact Ratings:
  - ✓ 2 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive)
  - ✓ 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive)
- Operating Temperature: 32° F to 120° F (0° C to 49° C)
- · For indoor use in a dry location only

#### 2.8.9.3 Mounting/Installation

The GFANN-RLY relay module can be mounted inside the FACP main circuit board chassis.

#### 2.8.9.4 GFANN-RLY Connection to FACP

Figure 2.28 illustrates the GFANN-RLY board wiring connections to the FACP.

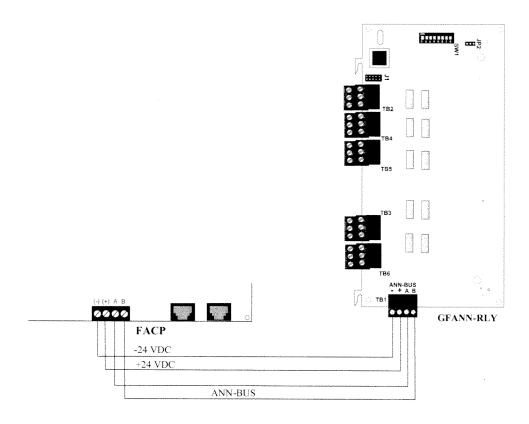


Figure 2.28 GFANN-RLY Connection to FACP

# SECTION 3 Programming

# 3.1 User Programming



The GF505/GF510 FACP is completely field programmable using the panel keypad and requires no special software skills. While programming the FACP, the fire protection capabilities of the control panel <u>are</u> enabled.

Site-specific programming may be accomplished:

· Manual programming or editing, using the FACP keypad

The *System All Normal* screen will be displayed in a programmed system with no active alarms, troubles or supervisories, as illustrated below:

# SYSTEM ALL NORMAL 10:00A 070707

Read Status mode can be entered while the panel is in <u>any</u> mode of operation. If an alarm or supervisory event exists at the panel, the event must be cleared before entering Programming mode. To access any of the programming or read status features, the *Enter* or *Mode* key must be pressed, which will cause the LCD to display the following:

# 1=READ STATUS MODE 2=PROGRAMMING MODE



Pressing *I*, while this screen is being displayed, will cause the control panel to enter the Read Status Mode which allows the user to view the programmed features and status of the control panel The Read Status feature is not password protected. Refer to "Read Status" on page 112 for a detailed description of this feature.

Pressing 2 will select user Programming Mode which may only be accomplished by an authorized person. After pressing 2, a screen will prompt for a password. After entering the correct password, the user may select from a list of programming options.

# Exit Programming and Read Status Mode

The programmer can exit any mode by repeatedly pressing the keypad ESC (Escape) key until the display reads System All Normal. Note that the data which is entered during Programming mode is not saved until the programmer exits this mode by repeatedly pressing the 'ESC' key. If the Reset key is pressed or power is lost before exiting Programming mode, all data just entered will be lost.

Initial Power-up Programming

#### **User Programming Levels**

There are two user programming levels:

 User Master Program Level 1 is used for programming panel specific data relating to device types, zoning, messages, control panel functions, etc.

 User Maintenance Program Level 2 is used by a qualified operator to access features such as Disable/Enable, View and Clear History, Walktest and System Time Change.

# 3.2 Initial Power-up

The following sections describe the initial programming procedures for a new system. The same procedures are used to modify programming in an existing system.

After completing the wiring of devices to the FACP, apply power to the control panel. If wiring has not been completed and/or End-of-Line resistors are not installed at the panel. a trouble condition will be indicated at the panel a trouble message will be displayed on the LCD. Following is an example of a possible trouble message that may be displayed.

TROUBL PULL STATION

ZONE 1 OPEN FAULT

09:03A 070707

# 3.3 Programming Screens Description

Two options are available when the *Enter* key is pressed: Read Status and Programming Mode. The Read Status and Programming options have multiple functions or features which may be chosen. To view all of the choices, it is necessary that the programmer scroll through a number of additional *subscreens*. These selections are displayed on multiple screens to make them more readable for the programmer. Refer to "Master Programming Level" on page 55, for additional information on the various screens.



The title of the main option screen will always be displayed at the top of the subscreens for the programmer's convenience. If additional subscreens exist, an Up or Down arrow will be displayed in the upper right corner of the screen being viewed. The programmer can then press the keypad Up or Down arrow key to view the new subscreen. To select one of the choices in a screen, the programmer presses the keypad numerical key corresponding to the desired choice.

Note that subscreens may also have multiple options which require viewing more than one screen. The same process, as detailed in the previous paragraphs, is followed to view all option choices.

# 3.4 Programming and Passwords

There are two factory set programming passwords which will access the Programming screens as indicated in the following examples. From either of the screens, access to specific system and device features or programming may be obtained. All user programming entries are stored in nonvolatile memory. The factory set passwords can be changed by the user as described in "Password Change" on page 97. If an invalid password is entered, the blinking cursor will return to the first password character position. To exit Programming or Read Status mode at any time, press the *ESC* (Escape) key repeatedly. Note that Programming mode must be exited using the *ESC* key in order to store the program data entered during this mode. If the *Reset* key is pressed or power is lost before exiting Programming mode, the data just entered will not be saved.



To access user Programming mode, press the *Enter* or *Mode* key. The LCD will display the following:

1=READ STATUS MODE 2=PROGRAMMING MODE

To enter the user Programming mode, press 2. The display will read as follows:

PROGRAMMING ENTER PASSWORD \*\*\*\*\*

Entering the <u>Master</u> level password (default 00000) will cause the following screen to appear:

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

If the *Maintenance* level password (default 11111) is entered, the following screen will appear:

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=HISTORY 3=WALKTEST

Note that in the two preceding screens, an arrow appears to inform the programmer that additional options can be viewed by pressing the keypad *down* arrow key.

# 3.5 Master Programming Level

When the Master Program Level password is entered, the control panel will enter user Programming mode. In this mode, the piezo sounder remains off, the trouble relay is activated and the system Trouble LED flashes until Programming mode is exited. The following display will appear:



Programming Screen #1

The down arrow which appears in the display indicates that additional programming choices can be viewed by pressing the down arrow key on the keypad. If a down and up arrow appear in the display, pressing the 'down' arrow key will display the subsequent Programming Screens as illustrated below while pressing the 'up' arrow key will display the previous screen.

PROGRAMMING 1=SYSTEM SETUP 2=OPTION MODULES 3=HISTORY

**Programming Screen #2** 

PROGRAMMING 1=WALKTEST 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PASSWORD CHANGE

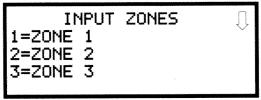
Programming Screen #3

# 3.5.1 Input Zones

The Input Zones option allows the user to initially program or change the programming for the five input zones (circuits) on the GF505 or the ten input zones (circuits) on the GF510. Pressing *I*, while viewing Programming Screen #1, will select the Input Zones option and display a screen similar to the following:

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

Programming Screen #1



Input Zone Screen #1

Pressing the down arrow key will display additional screens for Input Zones 4 through 5 in the GF505 or Input Zones 4 through 10 in the GF510. To program a specific zone, press the number key corresponding to the desired zone while viewing one of the Input Zone screens. To program Input Zone 1, press the *I* key while viewing Input Zone Screen #1. The following screens will be displayed:



Edit Input Zone Screen #1

To change the programming for the displayed zone, press the keyboard 'down' arrow key to view the Edit Zone screens.

The following examples show the editing of Input Zone 1:

INPUT ZONE 1 ()
1=ENABLED YES
2=TYPE PULL STATION
3=VERIFICATION NO

Edit Input Zone Screen #2

INPUT ZONE 1 () 1=PAS/PRE-SIGNAL DLY NO DELAY

Edit Input Zone Screen #3

INPUT ZONE 1 1 1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE 2=DESCRIPTION \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Edit Input Zone Screen #4

#### Enable/Disable Zone

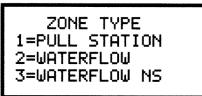
To Enable or Disable the zone, press the *I* key while viewing the Edit Input Zone Screen #2. Each press of the key will toggle the screen between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. If *Enabled No* is selected, the zone will be disabled by the control panel, preventing the circuit from reporting alarms and troubles to the panel. The control panel LCD will display the zone which has been disabled and FACP will turn on the Trouble LED.

INPUT ZONE 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE 3=VERIFICATION

Edit Input Zone Screen #2

# Type

To select the type of zone being programmed, press the 2 key while viewing the Edit Input Zone Screen #2. This will cause the control panel to display the following Zone Type Screen:



Zone Type Screen #1

Pressing the down arrow key will display additional zone types as indicated in the following table.

Zone Type	Action When Activated
Pull-Station	Fire Alarm
Waterflow	Fire Alarm Delayed (uses waterflow delay)
Waterflow Nonsilenceable	Fire Alarm (uses waterflow delay)
Combo	Fire/Supervisory (uses waterflow delay)
Combo AutoResettable Supervisory	Fire/Supervisory AR, nonlatching (uses waterflow delay)
2-Wire Detector	Fire Alarm
Normally Open Contact	Fire Alarm
Fire	Fire Alarm
Tamper	Supervisory
Supervisory	Supervisory, latching
Supervisory AutoResettable	Supervisory, nonlatching
Medic-Alert	Supervisory, latching
Hazard-Alert	Supervisory, latching
Tornado-Alert	Supervisory, latching
Proc-Mon	Piezo
Procmon-AR	Piezo, nonlatching
AC-Loss-Mon	Trouble
Ack-Switch	Acts like panel Acknowledge Key
Sil-Switch	Acts like panel Alarm Silence Key
Drill-Switch	Acts like panel Drill Key
Reset-Switch	Acts like panel Reset Key
PAS-Bypass	Positive Alarm Sequence Disable
Drill-Switch AutoResettable	Acts like panel Drill Key, nonlatching
	4

INPUT ZONE 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE 3=VERIFICATION

Edit Input Zone Screen #2

While viewing any Zone Type screen, select the type of zone being programmed by pressing the corresponding keyboard number key. The display will return to Edit Input Zone Screen #2 and indicate the selection next to the Type option.

#### Verification

Alarm verification is used to confirm that a smoke detector activation is a true alarm condition and not a false alarm. This feature is selected by pressing 3 while viewing the Edit Zone Screen #2 so that the display reads *Verification On*. Each time the 3 key is pressed, the display will toggle between *Verification On* and *Verification Off.* For a detailed description, refer to "Alarm Verification (None or One Minute)" on page 111.



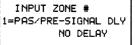
Note that verification can only be enabled for a zone that is programmed as a smoke detector type. Zones programmed for any other type will not allow the Verification feature to be enabled. *Do not use the verification feature if a mix of smoke detectors and normally open contact devices are connected to the same zone.* 

### PAS/Pre-Signal Delay

Pressing 1 while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #3 will display the following screen:



PAS/Pre-Signal Delay Screen



Edit Input Zone Screen #3

### Pre-signal

The Pre-signal option programs the zone to delay panel activation for a preprogrammed time delay of up to three minutes while allowing for visual verification by a person. Note that the alarm relay and communicator will respond to the initial alarm immediately. To enable the Presignal feature, press 2 while viewing PAS/Pre-Signal Screen. Refer to "Presignal" on page 109.

#### PAS

The PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) option will program the zone to delay panel activation (including alarm relay and communicator) for a period of 15 seconds plus a programmable time of up to 3 minutes. To enable the PAS feature, press 3 while viewing the PAS/Pre-Signal Screen. This option is available only for circuits programmed as smoke detector circuits. Refer to "Positive Alarm Sequence" on page 109.

#### Noun/Adjective

The Noun/Adjective selection allows the programmer to enter specific descriptors about the detector currently being programmed. Pressing *I* while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

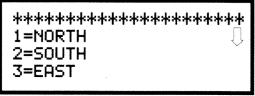
INPUT ZONE #
1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE
2=DESCRIPTION
\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Edit Input Zone Screen #4

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=FUTURE USE 4=FUTURE USE

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard *down* arrow key must be pressed to see all the Adjective screens. Press the number corresponding to the adjective that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the detector currently being programmed. When an adjective has been selected, it will appear at the top of the display as indicated by the asterisks.



Adjective Screen #1

Adjective Screen #5

Adjective Screen #2

Adjective Screen #6

Adjective Screen #3

\* 1=FLOOR4 2=FLOOR5 3=ROOM

Adjective Screen #7

Adjective Screen #4

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=FUTURE USE

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing 2 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard *down* arrow key must be pressed to see all the Noun screens. Press the number corresponding to the noun that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the detector currently being programmed. When a noun has been selected, it will appear at the top of the display as indicated by the asterisks.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=BASEMENT

2=BOILER RM

3=CLASSROOM

Noun Screen #1

Noun Screen #5

Noun Screen #2

Noun Screen #6

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=ELEVATOR

2=ENTRANCE

3=FLOOR

Noun Screen #3

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=STAIRWAY

2=STOREROOM

3=WING

Noun Screen #7

Noun Screen #4

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 1=ZONE

Noun Screen #8

#### Description

The Description selection allows the programmer to enter additional information about the detector currently being programmed. This information will be displayed as part of the device label on the display. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

INPUT ZONE # 1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE 2=DESCRIPTION

Edit Input Zone Screen #4



A flashing cursor will appear at the first asterisk to the left. The programmer can enter additional descriptive information about the device being programmed. This information will appear on the display along with the standard device label information.

A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered. To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter B, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters I, A and B. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the \*(QZ) key four times until a blank appears in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the Enter key to store the information. The display will return to the Edit Detector Screen #5, displaying the new information at the bottom of the screen.

### **Recall/Increment Function**

In addition, the user may use the Recall/Increment function at any time when the cursor is on the first letter of the Description, Adjective or Noun field as follows:

- If the zero key is pressed, a  $\theta$  is placed in the first letter position
- If the zero key is then pressed a second time with no intervening key actions, the entire field is replaced with the field entered *for the previous device programmed*, and the cursor moves to the last character of the field (Recall function). The Recalled Adjective or Noun field may now be changed letter-by-letter
- If the zero key is pressed again with no other intervening key actions and the last character in the field is a number  $\theta$ -9, the number is incremented by one. If the last character is a letter, it changes to a  $\theta$ . If the last character goes from 9 to  $\theta$  and the characters to the left of the last character are also numbers, they are also incremented (overflow)
- The above increment function may be repeated with each press of the zero key

As an example, the user could quickly enter 'FLR 3 ROOM 305' as follows:

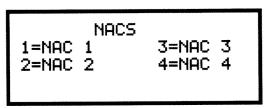
- 1. The cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective field. Press the zero key twice to display FLR 3
- 2. With the cursor on the first letter of the Noun field, press the zero key twice to recall the display *ROOM\_304*. The cursor automatically jumps from the first to the last letter of the Noun field
- 3. With the cursor on the last letter of the Noun field, press the zero key again to increment the room number to 305
- 4. Press the Enter key to store the information

# 3.5.2 NAC (Notification Appliance Circuit)

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

Programming Screen #1

The options for the NACs on the control panel main circuit board can be configured by pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #2. The following screens will be displayed:



**NAC Selection Screen** 

The Notification Appliance Circuits can be configured independently by pressing *I* for NAC 1, 2 for NAC 2, 3 for NAC 3 or 4 for NAC 4.

To program an NAC Input circuit, press the number corresponding to the NAC to be programmed. The following screens will be displayed for each selection:



NAC Screen #1

NAC # Û
1=SILENCE YES
2=AUTO SILENCE NO
3=SIL INHIBITED NO

NAC Screen #2

#### 3.5.2.1 Enabled

Pressing 1 while viewing NAC Screen #1 will cause the display to change to Enabled No. This will prevent the selected main circuit board NAC from activating its devices. Each press of the 1 key will cause the display to toggle between Enabled Yes and Enabled No.

Note that if a circuit is disabled, a trouble will be logged on the FACP until the circuit is enabled.

NAC # 1=ENABLED 2=CODING STEADY

NAC Screen #1

# 3.5.2.2 NAC Coding

The Coding feature allows the programmer to select the type of output that the main circuit board notification appliances will generate when activated. Pressing 2 while viewing NAC Screen #1 will cause the following displays to appear:



Coding Screen #1



Coding Screen #2



Coding Screen #3



Coding Screen #4

The programmer can select the notification appliance output by pressing the number corresponding to the desired output. The coding selections are:

- · Steady a continuous output with no coding
- · March Time 120 ppm (pulse-per-minute) output
- · California 10 seconds on and 5 seconds off
- Temporal ½ second on, ½ second off, ½ second off, ½ second off, ½ second off
- Two Stage 3 Minutes or 5 Minutes refer to "Two Stage Operation" on page 65 for a description of this feature
- Synchronized output for System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex, Faraday or Amseco Refer to "Synchronized NAC Operation" on page 65 for additional information

Selection of one of the above options will cause the control panel to store the information in memory and return the display to NAC Screen #1, which will display the new coding choice.

### 3.5.2.2.1 Two Stage Operation

Two Stage operation consists of the following:

- 1st stage output 20 ppm (pulse-per-minute) coding
- 2nd stage output Temporal coding as described above

If Two Stage operation is programmed as the Coding option, the following sequence of events will occur during an alarm.

- 1. The on-board NACs will activate with a 1st stage output upon activation of any alarm
- 2. If, after the programmed time of 3 or 5 minutes, the Acknowledge switch has <u>not</u> been pressed, all NACs presently in 1st stage activation will go to 2nd stage activation
- If an Acknowledge switch has been pressed, any NACs currently in 1st stage activation
  will remain in 1st stage. Pressing the Acknowledge switch does not affect NACs already
  in 2nd stage activation
- 4. If another alarm point is activated and the countdown timer is counting, the alarm point will have no effect on the NACs
- 5. If another alarm point is activated and the countdown timer has stopped counting due to the Acknowledge switch being pressed, the countdown timer will restart and the NACs will respond as outlined in step 1. NACs already in 2nd stage activation will not be affected

## 3.5.2.2.2 Synchronized NAC Operation

Synchronization is a panel feature that controls the activation of notification appliances in such a way that all devices will turn on and off at exactly the same time. This is particularly critical when activating strobes which must be synchronized to avoid random activation and a potential hazard or confusion. The FACP can be programmed to operate with a variety of manufacturer's devices.

# 3.5.2.2.2.1 Maximum Number of Strobes for Synchronization

The maximum current draw for a Notification Appliance Circuit cannot exceed 3.0 amps for models with the FLPS-7 power supply (refer to the **AC Power** section under "Specifications" on page 13). Refer to the manufacturer's documentation supplied with the Strobes to determine the maximum current draw for each strobe and ensure that the circuit maximum is not exceeded.

To ensure proper strobe and circuit operation, there is also a limit to the number of strobes that can be attached to each circuit. Following is a list of the strobes that have been tested with this FACP and the maximum number that can be connected to each NAC. Make sure that the NAC maximum current is not exceeded:

Strobe Manufacturer	FACP with FLPS-7 Power Supply: Maximum Number of Strobes
System Sensor	46
Wheelock	50
Gentex	39
Faraday	33
Amseco	34

NAC #
1=SILENCE YES
2=AUTO SILENCE NO
3=SIL INHIBITED NO

NAC Screen #2

#### 3.5.2.3 Silence

Pressing I while viewing NAC Screen #2 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

SILENCEABLE 1=SILENCEABLE 2=NON SILENCEABLE 3=SYNC MUTE

# Silenceable Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Silenceable Screen will program the selected NAC as a silenceable circuit. This will allow the NAC to be silenced by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by the Auto Silence feature.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Silenceable Screen will program the selected NAC as a nonsilenceable circuit. This will prevent the selected main circuit board NAC from being silenced by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by the Auto Silence feature.

Pressing 3 while viewing the Silenceable Screen will program the selected NAC as a synchronized mute circuit. Refer to "Synchronized NAC Operation" on page 65 for a description of synchronization.

Important: When a Notification Appliance Circuit with a mix of audible and visual devices is programmed for Sync Mute, only the audible devices will be turned off if the Silence key is pressed or if the Autosilence feature is enabled. The visual devices (strobes, etc.) will continue to operate.

#### 3.5.2.4 Auto Silence

The Auto Silence feature, when enabled, automatically silences all main circuit board silenceable notification appliances after a programmed length of time. To enable this feature and program the time delay before Auto Silence activation, press 2 while viewing NAC Screen #2. The following screens will be displayed:

PROGRAM NAC #
1=SILENCEABLE YES
2=AUTO SILENCE NO
3=SIL INHIBITED NO

NAC Screen #2



Auto Silence Screen #1



Auto Silence Screen #2



Auto Silence Screen #3

To disable the Auto Silence feature, press *I* for *No* while viewing Auto Silence Screen #1. To enable the Auto Silence feature, press the number corresponding to the time delay which will elapse before Auto Silence activates. This information will be stored in memory and the display will return to NAC Screen #1.

# 3.5.2.5 Silence Inhibited

The Silence Inhibit feature, when enabled, prevents the silencing of the selected main circuit board NAC for a period of one minute. Resetting the FACP will also be prevented for one minute while the NAC programmed for silence inhibit is activated. Pressing 3 while viewing NAC Screen #2 will cause the display to change from the factory default of Silence Inhibit No to Silence Inhibit Yes. Each press of the 3 key will cause the display to toggle between the two options.

# 3.5.3 Relays

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

Programming Screen #1

Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #1 will allow the programmer to configure the three main circuit board Form-C relays. The following screen will be displayed:

RELAYS 1=RELAY 1 ALARM 2=RELAY 2 TROUBLE 3=RELAY 3 SUPERV

Relays Selection Screen

To program Relay 1, 2 or 3, press the number corresponding to the selected relay. The following screens will appear for each relay to be programmed:

RELAY TYPE

1=ALARM

2=TROUBLE

3=SUPERVISORY

Relay Screen #1

RELAY TYPE 1=COMM FAIL 1=COMM FAIL 2=MEDICAL 3=SILENCEABLE ALARM

Relay Screen #3

RELAY TYPE 1=PROCESS MONITOR 2=AC LOSS 3=HAZARD

Relay Screen #2

While viewing the selected screen, press the number corresponding to the desired relay type to program the main circuit board relay. The choice will be stored in memory and the display will return to the Relay Type Screen which will show the programmed type choice. Press the Escape key to return to the Relays Selection Screen and repeat the preceding procedure for the remaining relays.

Note: A relay programmed with the Silenceable Alarm type will **deactivate** when the FACP Alarm Silenced LED is illuminated.

# 3.5.4 System Setup

System Setup allows the programmer to configure the following control panel features:

- Timers: This option allows the programmer to set the PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) time delay, Pre-Signal time delay and Waterflow time delay
- Banner: This option allows the user to change the top two lines of the LCD display from the
  factory default readout, which is blank, to a user defined readout when the control panel is in
  Normal condition
- *Time-Date:* This feature allows the programmer to set the time, display format (24 hr or 12 hr), date and daylight savings time feature into the FACP memory
- Trouble Reminder: This feature, when enabled, provides an audible reminder that an alarm or
  trouble still exists on the FACP after the control panel has been silenced. The control panel
  piezo sounder will pulse once every 15 seconds during an alarm and every two minutes
  during a trouble condition, after the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge key is pressed. The
  piezo will continue to sound at these rates until the alarm or trouble condition is cleared. If
  the Trouble Reminder feature is not enabled and a trouble condition is not cleared within 24
  hours, the panel will reactivate the trouble sounder and retransmit the trouble condition to the
  central station if connected
- Charger Disable: This option allows the programmer to disable the onboard battery charger in the event an external battery charger is being used

Pressing 1 for System Setup, while viewing Programming Screen #2, will cause the following screens to be displayed:

PROGRAMMING 1=SYSTEM SETUP 2=OPTION MODULES 3=HISTORY

Programming Screen #2



System Setup Screen #1

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TROUBLE REMIND NO 2=FUTURE USE 3=CHARGR DISABLE NO

System Setup Screen #2

#### 3.5.4.1 Timers

Timer delays for PAS, Pre-signal and waterflow activation can be programmed by pressing *I* while viewing System Setup Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:

TIMERS 1=PAS DELAY 120 2=PRE SIGNAL 120 3=WATERFLW DELAY 0

Timer Screen #1

TIMERS Î 1=AC LOSS DELAY 2

Timer Screen #2

TIMERS 1=PAS DELAY 120 2=PRE SIGNAL 120 3=WATERFLW DELAY 0

SYSTEM SETUP

System Setup Screen #1

1=TIMERS

2=BANNER 3=TIME-DATE

Timer Screen #1

# 3.5.4.1.1 PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) Delay

The factory default setting for PAS is 000 for no delay. To select a PAS delay of 001 to 180 seconds for all devices programmed for PAS, press *I* while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following display will appear:



**PAS Delay Screen** 

A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of three digits, such as 005 for five seconds. Upon entering the third digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

# 3.5.4.1.2 Pre-signal Delay

The factory default setting for Pre-signal delay is 000 for no delay. To select a Pre-signal delay of 001 to 180 seconds for all devices programmed for Pre-signal, press 2 while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:

PRESIGNAL DELAY RANGE 000-180 SECONDS

Pre-signal Delay Screen

A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of three digits, such as 009 for nine seconds. Upon entering the third digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

Note that the FACP can have both PAS and Pre-signal timers programmed with values but a zone can only use either the PAS or Pre-signal feature, but not both.

# 3.5.4.1.3 Waterflow Delay

A delay can be added prior to declaring a waterflow type of alarm. Be careful to include any built-in delays of the waterflow device. The factory default setting for Waterflow delay is 000 for no delay. To select a Waterflow delay of 01 to 90 seconds for all devices programmed for Waterflow delay, press 3 while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:

WATERFLOW DELAY
RANGE 00-90 SECONDS

Waterflow Delay Screen

A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of two digits, such as 25 for twenty-five seconds. Upon entering the second digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

# 3.5.4.1.4 AC Loss Delay

The reporting of a loss of AC power to a central station can be delayed by programming the length of the desired delay. Press 1 while viewing Timer Screen #2 to display the following:

AC LOSS DELAY RANGE 00–23 HOURS

AC Loss Delay Screen #1

A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the display. The factory default setting is 02 hours. Type the two digit AC loss reporting delay in hours (00 to 23 hour delay). When the second digit is entered, the display will return to AC Loss Delay Screen #1.

Note: Upon the loss of AC power at the control panel, relays programmed for AC Loss will transfer immediately, regardless of the AC Loss Delay setting. If no troubles other than AC Loss exist in the panel, the System Trouble relay will delay activation for the duration of the AC Loss Delay setting.

TIMER 1=PAS DELAY 120 2=PRE SIGNAL 120 3=WATERFLW DELAY 0

Timer Screen #1

TIMER 1=AC LOSS DELAY 2

Timer Screen #2

Programming Master Programming Level

# 3.5.4.2 Banner

The top line of the display, which appears when the control panel is in normal mode, can be changed by using the Banner option. Pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #1 will cause the following to be displayed:

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TIMERS 2=BANNER 3=TIME-DATE

System Setup Screen #1

SELECT BANNER 1=FACTORY BANNER 2=USER BANNER

Select Banner Screen

Pressing 1 while viewing the Select Banner Screen will display the following screen:

FACTORY BANNER
PRESS ENTER IF OK

User Defined Banner Screen #1

This screen allows the user to select the factory default Banner which will be displayed when the system is in Normal Mode of operation. Press the Enter key to accept this as the default display. Press the Escape key to cancel and return to the Select Banner Screen.

Pressing 2 wile viewing the Select Banner Screen will display the following screen:

USER BANNER-LINE 1
PRESS ENTER IF OK

User Defined Banner Screen

This screen allows the programmer to enter a custom banner. A flashing cursor will appear in the bottom left corner of the display. A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered into the screen. After entering up to 20 characters in the screen, press *Enter* to store the entry. To quickly clear the current banner, press the *CLR* key.

To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter B, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters I, A and B. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the \* (QZ) key four times to place a blank in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the Enter key to store the information. The display will return to the Select Banner Screen.

#### 3.5.4.3 Time-Date

The control panel time and date can be changed by pressing 3 while viewing the System Setup Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TIMERS 2=BANNER 3=TIME-DATE

System Setup Screen #1



Time-Date Screen #1



Time-Date Screen #2

#### 3.5.4.3.1 Time

To change the time, press / while viewing the Time-Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:

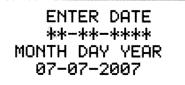


Time Screen

A flashing cursor is located toward the top left of the display. Below the cursor is the current time. To change the time, enter the two-digit hours followed by the two-digit minutes. The cursor will move one position to the right each time a digit is entered. After the last minutes digit is entered, the cursor will again move one position to the right. At this point enter *I* for AM or 2 for PM. The display will then return to the Time-Date Screen which will show the new time entry. If an error is made while entering a digit, press the *CLR* key to delete the entire entry and beginning again.

#### 3.5.4.3.2 Date

To change the date, press 2 while viewing the Time-Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



**Date Screen** 

A flashing cursor is located toward the top left of the display. Below the cursor is the current date. To change the date, enter the two-digit month followed by the two-digit day and then the two-digit year (07 for 2007, 08 for 2008, etc.). The cursor will move one position to the right each time a digit is entered. After the last year digit is entered, the display will return to the Time-Date Screen which will show the new date entry. If an error is made while entering a digit, press the *CLR* key to delete the entire entry and beginning again.

# 3.5.4.3.3 Clock Format

The clock can be configured to display 12 hour (AM & PM) or 24 hour (military) time. Pressing 3 while viewing the Time-Date screen will cause the display to toggle between 12HR and 24HR. Select 12HR for 12 hour display or 24HR for 24 hour display.

Note: If the clock is changed to 24 hour (military) format, the date will change to the European standard of **Day-Month-Year** (for display purposes only).

# 3.5.4.3.4 Daylight Savings Time

Pressing I while viewing Time-Date Screen #2 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS [ 1=ENABLED YES 2=START MONTH MAR 3=START WEEK WK 2

Daylight Savings Screen #1

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS Î 1=END MONTH NOV 2=END WEEK WK 1

Daylight Savings Screen #2

Pressing *I* while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. The control panel will automatically update the time for daylight savings time when *Enabled Yes* is selected.

Pressing 2 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will display another screen which allows the programmer to select the month that daylight savings time will begin. In this sub-screen, pressing 1 will select March, 2 will select April and 3 will select May.

TIME AND DATE 1=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS

Time & Date Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will display two sub-screens which allow the programmer to select the week of the month that daylight savings time will begin. In the first sub-screen, pressing 1 will select the first week, 2 will select the second week and 3 will select the third week, while in the second sub-screen, pressing 1 will select the fourth week and 2 will select the last week of the selected month.

Pressing 1 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #2 will display another screen which allows the programmer to select the month that daylight savings time will end. In this sub-screen, pressing 1 will select September, 2 will select October and 3 will select November.

Pressing 2 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #2 will display two sub-screens which allow the programmer to select the week of the month that daylight savings time will end. In the first sub-screen, pressing I will select the first week, 2 will select the second week and 3 will select the third week, while in the second sub-screen, pressing 4 will select the fourth week and 5 will select the last week of the selected month.

# 3.5.4.4 Trouble Reminder

The Trouble Reminder features causes the control panel piezo to sound a reminder 'beep' for alarms and troubles, after the panel has been silenced. Refer to "System Setup" on page 69, for a detailed description of this feature. Pressing *I* while viewing System Setup Screen #2 will cause the display to toggle to *Trouble Rem Yes*, which enables this feature. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Trouble Rem Yes* and *Trouble Rem No*.

Note that if the Trouble Reminder feature is not enabled, a trouble existing on the panel for more than 24 hours will cause the FACP to resound the trouble sounder.

#### 3.5.4.5 Charger Disable

Pressing 3 while viewing System Setup Screen #2 will allow the programmer to enable or disable the onboard battery charger. If an external battery charger is being used, the onboard battery charger must be disabled. Each press of the 3 key will toggle between *Chrgr Disable No* and *Chrgr Disable Yes*.

3.5.5 Option Modules

Options available for the FACP include annunciators, printer connection for acquiring hardcopy printouts of panel data and onboard DACT.

Pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #2 will display the following screen:

OPTION MODULES 1=ANN-BUS 2=ON BOARD DACT

**Options Screen** 

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TROUBLE REMIND NO 2=FUTURE USE 3=CHARGR DISABLE NO

System Setup Screen #2

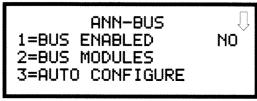


PROGRAMMING 1=SYSTEM SETUP 2=OPTION MODULES 3=HISTORY

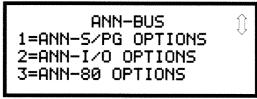
Programming Screen #2

### 3.5.5.1 ANN-BUS

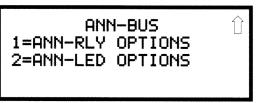
Pressing I while viewing the Option Modules screen will cause the control panel to display the following screens.



ANN-BUS Screen #1



ANN-BUS Screen #2



ANN-BUS Screen #3

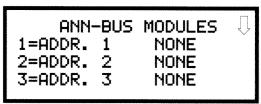
A variety of ANN-BUS option modules can be installed in the FACP. These devices communicate with the FACP over the ANN-BUS terminals on the control panel.

### 3.5.5.1.1 ANN-BUS Enabled

The ANN-BUS must be enabled if any modules are installed on the ANN-BUS terminals. To enable the ANN-BUS, press *I* while viewing ANN-BUS screen #1 so that the display reads *ANN-BUS Enabled Yes*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *ANN-BUS Enabled Yes* and *ANN-BUS Enabled No*.

#### 3.5.5.1.2 BUS Modules

If an ANN-BUS module is installed, press 2 while viewing ANN-BUS screen #1 to select ANN-BUS addresses for the module(s). The following screen will be displayed.



On Board DACT Screen #1

Pressing the down arrow key will allow the programmer to view additional screens displaying Addresses 1 - 8. Pressing the number corresponding to the desired address will display a screen with technical information about the selected module.

In the technical information screen, pressing *I* for *Type* will display the following screens:



Module Type Screen #1

ANN-BUS MODULE TYPE Î 1=ANN-S/PG 2=ANN-RLY 3=ANN-LED

Module Type Screen #2

Press the number corresponding to the module type, if any, that is installed with the selected address. *This will enable the module*.

# 3.5.5.1.3 Auto-Configure

The ANN-BUS Auto-Configure features allows the programmer to quickly bring all installed ANN-BUS modules online. The software will search for all ANN-BUS modules and automatically program the device type and address into the system. Pressing 3 while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #1 will begin the Auto-Configure process and cause the following screen to be displayed:

ANN-BUS AUTO-CONGFIGURE IN PROGRESS PLEASE WAIT

**Auto-Configure Screen** 

PROGRAMMING 1=ANN-S/PG OPTIONS 2=ANN-I/O OPTIONS

3=ANN-80 OPTIONS ANN-BUS Screen #2

### 3.5.5.1.4 ANN-S/PG Options Screen

The Printer Option allows the user to configure the optional printer. Pressing / while viewing the ANN-BUS Screen #2 will display the following screens:

ANN-S/PG OPTIONS | 1=PORT PARALLEL 2=PRINTER SUPV NO 3=OFFLINE TIMER 60

Printer Options Screen #1

ANN-S/PG OPTIONS ()
1=BAUD RATE N/A
2=DATA BITS N/A
3=PARITY N/A

**Printer Options Screen #2** 



Printer Options Screen #3

Pressing *I* for Port while viewing Printer Options screen #1 will allow the programmer to select between a Parallel and Serial Port for printer connection. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Port PAR* (parallel) and *Port SER* (serial). It is important to note that the interface selected determines which options are available to the user.

If the Parallel Port option is selected, the user has the option to supervise the printer and select an offline timer for the supervision by pressing 2 for Printer Supervision while viewing Print Options screen #1. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *Printer Supv NO* for no supervision and *Printer Supv YES* for printer supervision. Note that this option is not selectable if the Serial Port option has been selected.

If the Parallel Port option is selected, the user has the ability to select an *Offline Timer* by pressing 3 while viewing Print Options screen #1. The resultant screen allows the programmer to program the *Offline Timer* for a delay of between 0 and 255 seconds before loss of printer supervision is reported as a trouble.

If the Serial Port option is selected, the *Printer Supv* and *Offline Timer* options will not be available. The Baud Rate, Data Bits, Parity and Stop Bits options are only available when the Serial Port option has been selected.

Pressing 1 for Baud Rate while viewing Printer Options screen #2 will cause a screen to appear which allow the user to select a Baud Rate of 19200, 9600 or 2400.

Pressing 2 for Data Bits while viewing Printer Options screen #2 will cause screens to appear which allow the user to select 5, 6, 7 or 8 Data Bits.

Pressing 3 for Parity while viewing Printer Options screen #2 will cause a screen to appear which allows the user to select between No Parity, Even Parity or Odd Parity.

Pressing 1 for Stop Bits while viewing Printer Options screen #3 will cause a screen to appear which allows the user to select between 0.5, 1.0 or 2.0 Stop Bits.

# 3.5.5.1.5 GFANN-I/O LED Zone Assignments

The information displayed by LEDs on every GFANN-I/O module is not programmable and will therefore be as indicated in the following table.

LED	Zone (any address)
l	AC Fault
2	General Alarm
3	General Supervisory
4	General Trouble
5	Alarm Silenced
6	Not Used
7	Not Used
8	Not Used
9	Not Used
10	Not Used
11	Zone I Alarm
12	Zone 2 Alarm
13	Zone 3 Alarm
14	Zone 4 Alarm
15	Zone 5 Alarm
16	Zone 6 Alarm
17	Zone 7 Alarm
18	Zone 8 Alarm
19	Zone 9 Alarm
20	Zone 10 Alarm
21	Zone I Trouble
22	Zone 2 Trouble
23	Zone 3 Trouble
24	Zone 4 Trouble
25	Zone 5 Trouble
26	Zone 6 Trouble
27	Zone 7 Trouble
28	Zone 8 Trouble
29	Zone 9 Trouble
30	Zone 10 Trouble
31	Zone 1 Supervisory
32	Zone 2 Supervisory
33	Zone 3 Supervisory
34	Zone 4 Supervisory
35	Zone 5 Supervisory
36	Zone 6 Supervisory
37	Zone 7 Supervisory
38	Zone 8 Supervisory
39	Zone 9 Supervisory
40	Zone 10 Supervisory

### 3.5.5.1.6 ANN-80 Options Screen

Pressing 2 while ANN-BUS screen #2 will display the following screen:

ANN-80 OPTIONS 1=PIEZO ENABLE 2=LOCK ENABLE 3=ACK BTN ENABLE

ANN-80 Options Screen #1

ANN-80 OPTIONS 1=SIL BTN ENABLE 2=RST BTN ENABLE 3=DRL BTN ENABLE

ANN-80 Options Screen #2

The *Piezo Enable* option allows the programmer to select whether the piezo sounder on any installed GFANN-80 module will ever sound. Pressing *I* while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #1 causes the display to toggle between *Piezo Enable Yes* and *Piezo Enable No*.

The *Lock Enable* option allows the programmer to select whether or not the GFANN-80 annunciator must be unlocked by its key before any annunciator key presses will function. Pressing 2 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #1 causes the display to toggle between *Lock Enable Yes* (annunciator must be unlocked for keys to function) and *Lock Enable No* (lock position is ignored).

The Acknowledge Button Enable (ACK BTN ENABLE) option allows the programmer to select whether the Ack/Step button on any installed GFANN-80 annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing 3 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #1 causes the display to toggle between Ack Btn Enable Yes (Ack/Step button functions normally) and Ack Btn Enable No (Ack/Step button never functions).

The Silence Button Enable (*SIL BTN ENABLE*) option allows the programmer to select whether the Silence button on any installed GFANN-80 annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing *I* while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #2 causes the display to toggle between *Sil Btn Enable Yes* (Silence button functions normally) and *Sil Btn Enable No* (Silence button never functions).

The Reset Button Enable (RST BTN ENABLE) option allows the programmer to select whether the Reset button on any installed GFANN-80 annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing 2 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #2 causes the display to toggle between Rst Btn Enable Yes (Reset button functions normally) and Rst Btn Enable No (Reset button never functions).

The Drill Button Enable (*DRL BTN ENABLE*) option allows the programmer to select whether the Drill button on any installed GFANN-80 annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing 3 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #2 causes the display to toggle between *Drl Btn Enable Yes* (Drill button functions normally) and *Drl Btn Enable No* (Drill button never functions).

### 3.5.5.2 ANN-RLY Options Screen

Pressing *I* for *ANN-RLY Options* while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #3 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

ANN-RLY OPTIONS
1=RELAY 1 IN ZONE 1
2=RELAY 2 IN ZONE 2
3=RELAY 3 IN ZONE 3

PROGRAMMING 1=ANN-RLY OPTIONS 2=ANN-LED OPTIONS

ANN-BUS Screen #3

**ANN-RLY Options Screen** 

The GFANN-RLY module provides ten Form-C relays which can be programmed for various functions. The initial screen displays Relays 1 through 3. Pressing the down arrow key will display the remaining relays for this module.

To program any of the GFANN-RLY relays, while viewing the appropriate ANN-RLY Option screen, press the number key corresponding to the relay to be programmed. Following is a list of the available programming options for each relay:

- General Alarm
- General Trouble
- General Supervisory
- AC Loss
- · Waterflow Delay
- Input Zone 1
- Input Zone 2
- Input Zone 3
- Input Zone 4
- Input Zone 5
- Input Zone 6
- Input Zone 7
- Input Zone 8
- Input Zone 9
- Input Zone 10
- Silenceable Alarm
- Not Assigned

# 3.5.5.3 Onboard DACT

The Onboard DACT (Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter) provides communication to a central station. Pressing 2 while viewing the Option Module Screen will cause the following screens to be displayed:

ON BOARD DACT Î

1=PRIM PHONE TCH TNE

2=SCND PHONE TCH TNE

3=CENTRAL STATION

OPTION MODULES 1=ANN-BUS 2=ON BOARD DACT

Option Module Screen

# 3.5.5.3.1 Primary Phone

Press *I* while viewing Onboard DACT Screen to program the type of primary phone line being connected to the DACT. The following screen will be displayed:

PHONE LINE 1=TOUCHTONE 2=ROTARY 67/33 (EURO) 3=ROTARY 60/40 (U.S.)

**Primary Phone Type Screen** 

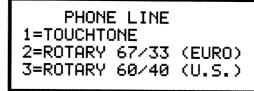
Press *I* to select Touchtone dialing, *2* to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 67/33 or *3* to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 60/40.

### 3.5.5.3.2 Secondary Phone

Press 2 while viewing Onboard DACT Screen to program the type of secondary phone line being connected to the DACT. The following screen will be displayed:

ON BOARD DACT 1=PRIM PHONE 2=SCND PHONE 3=CENTRAL STATION

Onboard DACT



Secondary Phone Type Screen

Press 1 to select Touchtone dialing, 2 to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 67/33 or 3 to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 60/40.

#### 3.5.5.3.3 Central Station

Central Station programming configures the control panel DACT for contacting the central station. Pressing 3 while viewing Onboard DACT Screen will cause the following screens to be displayed:



Central Station Screen #1

CENTRAL STATION ()
1=PRIMARY
2=SECONDARY

Central Station Screen #2

### 3.5.5.3.3.1 Reporting

To enable the DACT for reporting FACP activity to the central station, press *I* while viewing Central Station Screen #1 so the display reads *Reporting Yes*. Each press of the *I* key will toggle the display between *Reporting Yes* and *Reporting No*.

# 3.5.5.3.3.2 Report Style

The DACT can be programmed to transmit reports to primary and/or secondary central station phone numbers as a backup. Press 2 while viewing Central Station Screen #1 to display the following screen:

REPORT STYLE 1=BACKUP ONLY 2=BOTH 3=FIRST AVAILABLE

**Backup Reporting Screen** 

Press I to have all reports transmitted to the central station secondary phone number as a backup only if the primary phone line fails, 2 to transmit all reports to both the primary and secondary phone numbers all of the time or 3 to send reports to the first available phone number.

# 3.5.5.3.3.3 Central Station Primary and Secondary Phone Numbers

Pressing *I* for Primary or *2* for Secondary, while viewing Central Station Screen #2, will display the following screens.

Note that the following information must be entered for both the Primary and Secondary Central Station Phone Numbers.

CENTRAL STATION 1=PRIMARY 2=SECONDARY

Central Station Screen #2

CENTRAL STATION # 1 1=TEST TIME INT 24 2=ACCOUNT CODE 0000 3=24HR T TIME 0021

Primary/Secondary Screen #1

CENTRAL STATION 1=PHONE NUMBER

Primary/Secondary Screen #2

CENTRAL STATION
1=COMM FORMAT
ADEMCO CONTACT ID
2=EVENT CODES

Primary/Secondary Screen #3

#### **Test Time Interval**

Pressing 1 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

CENTRAL STATION 1=TEST TIME INT 2=ACCOUNT CODE 3=24HR TST TIME

Primary/Secondary Screen #1



**Test Time Interval Screen #1** 



**Test Time Interval Screen #2** 

The test report sent to the Central Station phone number may be sent once every 6, 8, 12 or 24 hours. Select the desired Test Time Interval by pressing the corresponding digit in the screens shown above.

#### **Account Code**

Pressing 2 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

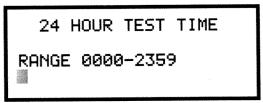


**Account Codes Screen** 

The Account Code, which is assigned by a Central Station, depends on the communication format being used. The Account Code screen will have a flashing cursor in the lower left corner. Program the supplied 4-digit account code using 0 - 9 and A - F keys. Enter the first digit, then press the right arrow key to move the cursor to the right, one position. Repeat the process until all digits are entered.

#### 24 Hour Test Time

Pressing 3 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



24 Hour Test Time Screen

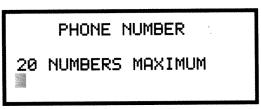
CENTRAL STATION 1=TEST TIME INT 2=ACCOUNT CODE 3=24HR T TIME

Primary/Secondary Screen #1

Use the 24 Hour Test Time screen to program the time that the DACT will transmit the 24 Hour Test to the Central Station. A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the screen. Enter a four digit number representing the test time using military time (0000 = midnight) and 2359 = 11:59PM.

# **Phone Number**

Pressing 1 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #2 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



**Phone Number Screen** 

CENTRAL STATION
1=PHONE NUMBER

Primary/Secondary Screen #2

The Phone Number screen is used to enter the Central Station phone number that the DACT will be contacting. A maximum of 20 characters can be entered with valid entries being 0 - 9 and A - F where A = \*, B = #, C = look for secondary dial tone for up to 2 seconds (then dial anyway), D = 3 second pause, E = 5 second pause and F = end of phone number (must be entered at end of phone number).

A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the screen. Enter the first digit then press the right arrow key to move the cursor to the right one position. Enter the second digit and repeat the process until all digits are entered. Press the *Enter* key to store the phone number in memory.

Enter the digits as you would like the number to be dialed. For example, if it's necessary to dial 9 before dialing a number outside the building, you may wish to pause after dialing 9. Enter 9 followed by D for a three second pause or E for a five second pause then the phone number followed by an F to indicate the end of the number.

#### **Communication Format**

Pressing I while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #3 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

CENTRAL STATION
1=COMM FORMAT

Primary/Secondary Screen #3

COMM FORMAT 1=ADEMCO CONTACT ID 2=SIA-DCS-8 3=SIA-DCS-20

The Communication Format is determined by the type of receiver that the DACT is transmitting to. Consult your Central Station for proper selection or consult our factory representatives. For any format chosen, the control panel automatically programs all of the event codes.

Select the Communication Format by pressing the corresponding number key while viewing the Comm Format screen. The following table describes each format:

**Table 3.1 Communication Formats** 

Screen Selection	Communication Format Description	
ADEMCO CONTACT ID	Contact ID, DTMF, 1400/2300 ACK	
SIA-DCS-8	Security Industry Association, 8 messages per call	
SIA-DCS-20	Security Industry Association, 20 messages per call	

#### **Event Codes**

Pressing 1 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

EVENT CODES 1=ZONE 1 ALARM 2=ZONE 2 ALARM 3=ZONE 3 ALARM

**Event Code Screen** 

CENTRAL STATION 1=EVENT CODES

Primary/Secondary Screen #4

Pressing the down arrow key allows viewing of all Events associated with the selected Communication Format. Pressing the number corresponding to the event displayed in each screen will display its default active and restoral event codes which can be customized by the programmer.

For example, if Ademco Contact ID is the selected format, pressing 3 for Zone 3 Alarm will display the following screen which allows the Event Code to be changed from the default value.

ZONE 3 ACTIVE 115 The following table lists the Zone Alarm Types that can be programmed for zones 1 through 10 and the corresponding Event Codes for Ademco Contact ID and SIA DCS Formats. Note that Table 3.3 on page 89, Table 3.4 on page 90, Table 3.5 on page 91 and Table 3.6 on page 93 list the default settings for Zone 1 through Zone 10. These can be changed to any of the Types listed in Table 3.2.

Note: The third character in the SIA-DCS Format (x in the table below) represents the zone number.

Table 3.2 Zone Alarm Type Event Codes

Zone Alarm Type	Ademco Contact ID	SIA-DCS Format	
	Active	Active	Restoral
Pull-Station	115	FAx	FHx
Waterflow	113	SAx	SHx
Waterflow Nonsilenceable	113	SAx	SHx
Combo	113	SAx	SHx
Combo AutoResettable Supervisory	113	SAx	SHx
2-Wire Detector	111	FAx	FHx
Normally Open Contact	110 ,	UAx	UHx
Fire	110	FAx	FHx
Tamper	144	TAx	THx
Supervisory	200	FSx	FVx
Supervisory AutoResettable	200	FSx	FVx
Medic-Alert	100	MAx	MHx
Hazard-Alert	150	PAx	PHx
Tornado-Alert	150 .	PAx	PHx
Proc-Mon	200	IAx	IRx
Procmon-AR	200	IAx	IRx
AC-Loss-Mon	301	ATx	ARx
Drill-Switch	604	Flx	FKx
Drill-Switch AutoResettable	604	FIx	FKx

The following tables list all of the Events and their default Event Codes for the Ademco Contact ID and SIA-DCS Communication Formats.

Note: A detector freeze condition will be reported as a Supervisory Event Code.

# Ademco Contact ID Format - Primary Central Station Phone Number

The information shown in Table 3.3 is automatically programmed for the Primary Central Station phone number Event Codes when Ademco Contact ID Format is selected. To disable event reporting, select the desired Event Code to be disabled and press  $\theta$  or *Clear* and then *Enter* to disable it. (*Enter* must be pressed to save the selection. Pressing *Escape* will not save the selection). *Note that disabling the Event Code for the Primary Central Station Phone Number Event Code will also disable that Event Code for the Secondary Central Station Phone*.

Table 3.3 Ademco Contact ID Primary # Event Codes

Event Description	Event Code Settings
	Active
Primary # Zone 1 - 10 Alarm	115
Primary # Zone 1 - 10 Disabled	570
Primary # Drill	604
Primary # AC Fault	301
Primary # Zone 1 - 10 Fault	380
Primary # Zone 1 - 10 Dirty	380
Primary # Earth Fault	310
Primary # Low Battery Fault	302
Primary # No Battery Fault	311
Primary # Telco Primary Line Fault	351
Primary # Telco Secondary Line Fault	352
Primary # NAC #1 Fault	321
Primary # NAC #2 Fault	322
Primary # NAC #3 Fault	326
Primary # NAC #4 Fault	327
Primary # NAC #1 Disable	521
Primary # NAC #2 Disable	522
Primary # NAC #3 Disable	526
Primary # NAC #4 Disable	527
Primary # Charger Fault	300
Primary # Comm Trouble Primary #	354
Primary # Comm Trouble Secondary #	354
Primary # Printer Fault	336
Primary # ANN-Bus Fault	330
Primary # Option Card Fault	333
Primary # Memory Fault	304
Future	000
Primary # System Off Normal	308
Primary # System Test Message	602
Primary # System Abnormal Test Message	608

# Ademco Contact ID Format - Secondary Central Station Phone Number

The information shown in Table 3.4 is automatically programmed for the Secondary Central Station phone number Event Codes when Ademco Contact ID Format is selected. To disable event reporting, select the desired Event Code to be disabled and press  $\theta$  or *Clear* and then *Enter* to disable it. (*Enter* must be pressed to save the selection. Pressing *Escape* will not save the selection). *Note that disabling the Event Code for the Primary Central Station Phone*Number Event Code will also disable that Event Code for the Secondary Central Station Phone.

Table 3.4 Ademco Contact ID Secondary # Event Codes

Event Description	Event Code Settings
	Active
Secondary # Zone 1 - 10 Alarm	115
Secondary # Zone 1 - 10 Disabled	570
Secondary # Drill	604
Secondary # AC Fault	301
Secondary # Zone 1 - 10 Fault	380
Secondary # Zone 1 - 10 Dirty	380
Secondary # Earth Fault	310
Secondary # Low Battery Fault	302
Secondary # No Battery Fault	311
Secondary # Telco Primary Line Fault	351
Secondary # Telco Secondary Line Fault	352
Secondary #NAC #1 Fault	321
Secondary # NAC #2 Fault	322
Secondary # NAC #3 Fault	326
Secondary # NAC #4 Fault	327
Secondary # NAC #1 Disable	521
Secondary # NAC #2 Disable	522
Secondary # NAC #3 Disable	526
Secondary # NAC #4 Disable	527
Secondary # Charger Fault	300
Secondary # Comm Trouble Primary #	354
Secondary # Comm Trouble Secondary #	354
Secondary # Printer Fault	336
Secondary # ANN-BUS Fault	330
Secondary # Option Card Fault	331
Secondary # Memory Fault	304
Future	000
Secondary # System Off Normal	308
Secondary # System Test Message	602

#### SIA-DCS Format - Primary Central Station Phone Number

The information shown in Table 3.5 is automatically programmed for the Primary Central Station phone number Event Codes when SIA-DCS Format is selected. To disable event reporting, select the desired Event Code to be disabled and press  $\theta$  or *Clear* and then *Enter* to disable it. (*Enter* must be pressed to save the selection. Pressing *Escape* will not save the selection). Note that disabling the Event Code for the Primary Central Station Phone Number Event Code will also disable that Event Code for the Secondary Central Station Phone.

Table 3.5 SIA-DCS Primary # Event Codes

Primary # Zone 1 Alarm         FA1         FH1           Primary # Zone 2 Alarm         FA2         FH2           Primary # Zone 3 Alarm         FA3         FH3           Primary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Primary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH66           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9	Event Description	Event Code Settings				
Primary # Zone 2 Alarm         FA2         FH2           Primary # Zone 3 Alarm         FA3         FH3           Primary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Primary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU1		Active	Restoral			
Primary # Zone 3 Alarm         FA3         FH3           Primary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Primary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Primary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 12 Fault         FT1         FI<	Primary # Zone 1 Alarm	FAI	FH1			
Primary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Primary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Primary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Drill         F1         FK <td>Primary # Zone 2 Alarm</td> <td>FA2</td> <td>FH2</td>	Primary # Zone 2 Alarm	FA2	FH2			
Primary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Primary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB0         FU0           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT1	Primary # Zone 3 Alarm	FA3	FH3			
Primary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Primary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2	Primary # Zone 4 Alarm	FA4	FH4			
Primary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2<	Primary # Zone 5 Alarm	FA5	FH5			
Primary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT         FT           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT         FT           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT6	Primary # Zone 6 Alarm	FA6	FH6			
Primary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT         FK           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT         FK           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT7 <t< td=""><td>Primary # Zone 7 Alarm</td><td>FA7</td><td>FH7</td></t<>	Primary # Zone 7 Alarm	FA7	FH7			
Primary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7 <t< td=""><td>Primary # Zone 8 Alarm</td><td>FA8</td><td>FH8</td></t<>	Primary # Zone 8 Alarm	FA8	FH8			
Primary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Primary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Primary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Primary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Primary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Primary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # AC Fault         AT         AR           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9	Primary # Zone 9 Alarm	FA9	FH9			
Primary # Zone 2 Disabled FB2 FU2 Primary # Zone 3 Disabled FB3 FU3 Primary # Zone 4 Disabled FB4 FU4 Primary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5 Primary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6 Primary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10 Primary # Drill FI FK Primary # AC Fault AT AR Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2 Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3 Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT5 FJ5 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6 Primary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7 Primary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 1 Diruty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Diruty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 10 Alarm	FA10	FH10			
Primary # Zone 3 Disabled FB3 FU3 Primary # Zone 4 Disabled FB4 FU4 Primary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5 Primary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6 Primary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10 Primary # Drill FI FK Primary # AC Fault AT AR Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2 Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3 Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT5 FJ5 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6 Primary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7 Primary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 10 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 10 Fault FT10 FJ10 Primary # Zone 10 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 10 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 10 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 1 Disabled	FBI	FU1			
Primary # Zone 4 Disabled FB4 FU4 Primary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5 Primary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6 Primary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10 Primary # Drill FI FK Primary # AC Fault AT AR Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2 Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3 Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4 Primary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT7 FJ7 Primary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT2 FJ2 Primary # Zone 2 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 2 Disabled	FB2	FU2			
Primary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5 Primary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6 Primary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10 Primary # Drill FI FK Primary # AC Fault AT AR Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2 Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3 Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT5 FJ5 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6 Primary # Zone 8 Fault FT7 FJ7 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT8 FJ8 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 3 Disabled	FB3	FU3			
Primary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6 Primary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7 Primary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8 Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9 Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10 Primary # Drill FI FK Primary # AC Fault AT AR Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2 Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3 Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4 Primary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5 Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6 Primary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT8 FJ8 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9 Primary # Zone 10 Fault FT10 FJ10 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 4 Disabled	FB4	FU4			
Primary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # AC Fault         AT         AR           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 5 Disabled	FB5	FU5			
Primary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Primary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Primary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # AC Fault         AT         AR           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 6 Disabled	FB6	FU6			
Primary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9  Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Primary # Drill FI FK  Primary # AC Fault AT AR  Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2  Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3  Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4  Primary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5  Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6  Primary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7  Primary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8  Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9  Primary # Zone 10 Fault FT10 FJ10  Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1  Primary # Zone 2 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 7 Disabled	FB7	FU7			
Primary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Primary # Drill FI FK  Primary # AC Fault AT AR  Primary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Primary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2  Primary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3  Primary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4  Primary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5  Primary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6  Primary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7  Primary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8  Primary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9  Primary # Zone 10 Fault FT10 FJ10  Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1  Primary # Zone 2 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 8 Disabled	FB8	FU8			
Primary # Drill         FI         FK           Primary # AC Fault         AT         AR           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 9 Disabled	FB9	FU9			
Primary # AC Fault         AT         AR           Primary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 10 Disabled	FB10	FU10			
Primary # Zone 1 Fault       FT1       FJ1         Primary # Zone 2 Fault       FT2       FJ2         Primary # Zone 3 Fault       FT3       FJ3         Primary # Zone 4 Fault       FT4       FJ4         Primary # Zone 5 Fault       FT5       FJ5         Primary # Zone 6 Fault       FT6       FJ6         Primary # Zone 7 Fault       FT7       FJ7         Primary # Zone 8 Fault       FT8       FJ8         Primary # Zone 9 Fault       FT9       FJ9         Primary # Zone 10 Fault       FT10       FJ10         Primary # Zone 1 Dirty       FT1       FJ1         Primary # Zone 2 Dirty       FT2       FJ2	Primary # Drill	FI	FK			
Primary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Primary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Primary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # AC Fault	AT	AR			
Primary # Zone 3 Fault       FT3       FJ3         Primary # Zone 4 Fault       FT4       FJ4         Primary # Zone 5 Fault       FT5       FJ5         Primary # Zone 6 Fault       FT6       FJ6         Primary # Zone 7 Fault       FT7       FJ7         Primary # Zone 8 Fault       FT8       FJ8         Primary # Zone 9 Fault       FT9       FJ9         Primary # Zone 10 Fault       FT10       FJ10         Primary # Zone 1 Dirty       FT1       FJ1         Primary # Zone 2 Dirty       FT2       FJ2	Primary # Zone 1 Fault	FTI	FJI			
Primary # Zone 4 Fault       FT4       FJ4         Primary # Zone 5 Fault       FT5       FJ5         Primary # Zone 6 Fault       FT6       FJ6         Primary # Zone 7 Fault       FT7       FJ7         Primary # Zone 8 Fault       FT8       FJ8         Primary # Zone 9 Fault       FT9       FJ9         Primary # Zone 10 Fault       FT10       FJ10         Primary # Zone 1 Dirty       FT1       FJ1         Primary # Zone 2 Dirty       FT2       FJ2	Primary # Zone 2 Fault	FT2	FJ2			
Primary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 3 Fault	FT3	FJ3			
Primary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 4 Fault	FT4	FJ4			
Primary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 5 Fault	FT5	FJ5			
Primary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 6 Fault	FT6	FJ6			
Primary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 7 Fault	FT7	FJ7			
Primary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10           Primary # Zone 1 Dirty         FT1         FJ1           Primary # Zone 2 Dirty         FT2         FJ2	Primary # Zone 8 Fault	FT8	FJ8			
Primary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1 Primary # Zone 2 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 9 Fault	FT9	FJ9			
Primary # Zone 2 Dirty FT2 FJ2	Primary # Zone 10 Fault	FT10	FJ10			
	Primary # Zone 1 Dirty	FT1	FJI			
	Primary # Zone 2 Dirty	FT2	FJ2			
	Primary # Zone 3 Dirty					

Table 3.5 SIA-DCS Primary # Event Codes (Continued)

Primary # Zone 4 Dirty	FT4	FJ4
Primary # Zone 5 Dirty	FT5	FJ5
Primary # Zone 6 Dirty	FT6	FJ6
Primary # Zone 7 Dírty	FT7	FJ7
Primary # Zone 8 Dirty	FT8	FJ8
Primary # Zone 9 Dirty	FT9	FJ9
Primary # Zone 10 Dirty	FT10	FJ10
Primary # Earth Fault	ET38	ER38
Primary # Low Battery Fault	YT0	YR0
Primary # No Battery Fault	YT0	YR0
Primary # Telco Primary Line Fault	LT1	LR1
Primary # Telco Secondary Line Fault	LT2	LR2
Primary # NAC #1 Fault	ET32	ER32
Primary # NAC #2 Fault	ET33	ER33
Primary # NAC #3 Fault	ET34	ER34
Primary # NAC #4 Fault	ET35	ER35
Primary # NAC #1 Disable	ET101	ER101
Primary # NAC #2 Disable	ET102	ER102
Primary # NAC #3 Disable	ET103	ER103
Primary # NAC #4 Disable	ET104	ER104
Primary # Charger Fault	YP	YQ
Primary # Comm Trouble Primary #	YCI	YK1
Primary # Comm Trouble Secondary #	YC2	YK2
Primary # Printer Fault	VT	VR
Primary # ANN-Bus Fault	ET61	ER61
Primary # Option Card Fault	ET	ER
Primary # Memory Fault	YF	000
Future	000	000
Primary # System Off Normal	LB	LX
Primary # System Test Message	RP	000
Primary # System Abnormal Test Message	RP99	000
Primary # Power Supply Sync Fault	OU	OV

#### SIA-DCS Format - Secondary Central Station Phone Number

The information shown in Table 3.6 is automatically programmed for the Secondary Central Station phone number Event Codes when SIA-DCS Format is selected. To disable event reporting, select the desired Event Code to be disabled and press  $\theta$  or *Clear* and then *Enter* to disable it. (*Enter* must be pressed to save the selection. Pressing *Escape* will not save the selection). Note that disabling the Event Code for the Primary Central Station Phone Number Event Code will also disable that Event Code for the Secondary Central Station Phone.

Table 3.6 Event Codes

Secondary # Zone 1 Alarm         FA1         FH1           Secondary # Zone 2 Alarm         FA2         FH2           Secondary # Zone 3 Alarm         FA3         FH3           Secondary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Secondary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Secondary # Zone 10 Alam         FA10         FH10           Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault	Event Description	Event Code Settings			
Secondary # Zone 2 Alarm         FA2         FH2           Secondary # Zone 3 Alarm         FA3         FH3           Secondary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Secondary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled </th <th></th> <th>Active</th> <th>Restoral</th>		Active	Restoral		
Secondary # Zone 3 Alarm         FA3         FH3           Secondary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Secondary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault	Secondary # Zone 1 Alarm	FA1	FHI		
Secondary # Zone 4 Alarm         FA4         FH4           Secondary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 1	Secondary # Zone 2 Alarm	FA2	FH2		
Secondary # Zone 5 Alarm         FA5         FH5           Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault         FT         FX           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Secondary # Zone 2 Fault <td>Secondary # Zone 3 Alarm</td> <td>FA3</td> <td>FH3</td>	Secondary # Zone 3 Alarm	FA3	FH3		
Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm         FA6         FH6           Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm         FA7         FH7           Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm         FA8         FH8           Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm         FA9         FH9           Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm         FA10         FH10           Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled         FB1         FU1           Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled         FB2         FU2           Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled         FB3         FU3           Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled         FB4         FU4           Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled         FB5         FU5           Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled         FB6         FU6           Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled         FB7         FU7           Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled         FB8         FU8           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB9         FU9           Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled         FB10         FU10           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FI           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Secondary # Zone 2 F	Secondary # Zone 4 Alarm	FA4	FH4		
Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm  FA7  FH7  Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm  FA8  FH8  Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm  FA9  FH9  Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm  FA10  FB1  FB1  FU1  Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled  FB2  FB2  FU2  Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled  FB3  FB3  FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled  FB4  FB5  FU4  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled  FB6  FB7  FU7  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB7  FU7  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB8  FU8  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled  FB10  FU10  Secondary # AC Fault  AT  AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault  FT1  FJ1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault  FT2  FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault  FT3  FJ3  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault  FT4  FJ4  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault  FT5  FJ5  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault  FT8  FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9	Secondary # Zone 5 Alarm	FA5	FH5		
Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm  FA8  FH8  Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm  FA10  FFH0  Secondary # Zone 10 Alam  FA10  FFH10  Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled  FB1  FU1  Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled  FB2  FU2  Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled  FB3  FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled  FB4  FU4  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled  FB5  FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB6  FU6  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB7  FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled  FB8  FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB10  FU10  Secondary # Drill  FI  FK  Secondary # AC Fault  AT  AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault  FT1  FJ1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault  FT2  FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault  FT3  FJ3  Secondary # Zone 4 Fault  FT4  FJ4  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault  FT5  FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault  FT6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT8  FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ0  FJ10	Secondary # Zone 6 Alarm	FA6	FH6		
Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm  FA9  FH9  Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm  FA10  FH10  Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled  FB1  FU1  Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled  FB2  FU2  Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled  FB3  FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled  FB4  FU4  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled  FB5  FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB6  FU6  Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled  FB7  FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled  FB8  FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled  FB10  FU10  Secondary # AC Fault  AT  AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault  FT1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault  FT2  FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault  FT3  FJ3  Secondary # Zone 4 Fault  FT4  FJ4  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault  FT5  FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault  FT6  FJ6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT7  FJ7  FJ7  FSCONDARY # Zone 10 Fault  FT7  FJ7  FJ7  FSCONDARY # Zone 10 Fault  FT7  FJ7  FJ7  FSCONDARY # Zone 10 Fault  FT10  FJ10	Secondary # Zone 7 Alarm	FA7	FH7		
Secondary # Zone 1 O Alam  Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled  FB1  FU1  Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled  FB2  FU2  Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled  FB3  FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled  FB4  FU4  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled  FB5  FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB6  FU6  Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled  FB7  FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled  FB8  FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB10  FU10  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled  FB10  FU10  Secondary # AC Fault  AT  AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault  FT1  FS1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault  FT2  FJ3  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault  FT3  FJ3  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault  FT4  FJ4  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault  FT5  FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault  FT6  FJ6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT8  FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9	Secondary # Zone 8 Alarm	FA8	FH8		
Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled FB1 FU1  Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled FB2 FU2  Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled FB3 FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled FB4 FU4  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6  Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3  Secondary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT8 FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9	Secondary # Zone 9 Alarm	FA9	FH9		
Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled FB2 FU2  Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled FB3 FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled FB4 FU4  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6  Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Secondary # AC Fault AT AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault FT4 FJ4  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault FT5 FJ5  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault FT7 FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT8 FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9  Secondary # Zone 10 Fault FT9 FJ9	Secondary # Zone 10 Alarm	FA10	FH10		
Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled FB3 FU3  Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled FB4 FU4  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled FB5 FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled FB6 FU6  Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled FB9 FU9  Secondary # Drill FI FK  Secondary # Drill FI FK  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault FT2 FJ2  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault FT3 FJ3  Secondary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9	Secondary # Zone 1 Disabled	FB1	FUI		
Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled  Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled  FB5  FU5  Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled  FB6  FU6  Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled  FB7  FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled  FB8  FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled  FB9  FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled  FB10  FU10  Secondary # Drill  FI  FK  Secondary # AC Fault  AT  AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault  FT1  FJ1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault  FT2  FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault  FT4  FJ4  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault  FT5  FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault  FT6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault  FT7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT7  FJ7  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT8  FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ9  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault  FT9  FJ10	Secondary # Zone 2 Disabled	FB2	FU2		
Secondary # Zone 5 DisabledFB5FU5Secondary # Zone 6 DisabledFB6FU6Secondary # Zone 7 DisabledFB7FU7Secondary # Zone 8 DisabledFB8FU8Secondary # Zone 9 DisabledFB9FU9Secondary # Zone 10 DisabledFB10FU10Secondary # DrillFIFKSecondary # AC FaultATARSecondary # Zone 1 FaultFT1FJ1Secondary # Zone 2 FaultFT2FJ2Secondary # Zone 3 FaultFT3FJ3Secondary # Zone 4 FaultFT4FJ4Secondary # Zone 5 FaultFT5FJ5Secondary # Zone 6 FaultFT6FJ6Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT10FJ10	Secondary # Zone 3 Disabled	FB3	FU3		
Secondary # Zone 6 DisabledFB6FU6Secondary # Zone 7 DisabledFB7FU7Secondary # Zone 8 DisabledFB8FU8Secondary # Zone 9 DisabledFB9FU9Secondary # Zone 10 DisabledFB10FU10Secondary # DrillFIFKSecondary # AC FaultATARSecondary # Zone 1 FaultFT1FJ1Secondary # Zone 2 FaultFT2FJ2Secondary # Zone 3 FaultFT3FJ3Secondary # Zone 4 FaultFT4FJ4Secondary # Zone 5 FaultFT5FJ5Secondary # Zone 6 FaultFT6FJ6Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT9FJ9	Secondary # Zone 4 Disabled	FB4	FU4		
Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled FB7 FU7  Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled FB8 FU8  Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled FB9 FU9  Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled FB10 FU10  Secondary # Drill FI FK  Secondary # AC Fault AT AR  Secondary # Zone 1 Fault FT1 FJ1  Secondary # Zone 2 Fault FT2 FJ2  Secondary # Zone 3 Fault FT3 FJ3  Secondary # Zone 4 Fault FT4 FJ4  Secondary # Zone 5 Fault FT5 FJ5  Secondary # Zone 6 Fault FT6 FJ6  Secondary # Zone 7 Fault FT7 FJ7  Secondary # Zone 8 Fault FT8 FJ8  Secondary # Zone 9 Fault FT9 FJ9	Secondary # Zone 5 Disabled	FB5	FU5		
Secondary # Zone 8 DisabledFB8FU8Secondary # Zone 9 DisabledFB9FU9Secondary # Zone 10 DisabledFB10FU10Secondary # DrillFIFKSecondary # AC FaultATARSecondary # Zone 1 FaultFT1FJ1Secondary # Zone 2 FaultFT2FJ2Secondary # Zone 3 FaultFT3FJ3Secondary # Zone 4 FaultFT4FJ4Secondary # Zone 5 FaultFT5FJ5Secondary # Zone 6 FaultFT6FJ6Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT9FJ9	Secondary # Zone 6 Disabled	FB6	FU6		
Secondary # Zone 9 DisabledFB9FU9Secondary # Zone 10 DisabledFB10FU10Secondary # DrillFIFKSecondary # AC FaultATARSecondary # Zone 1 FaultFT1FJ1Secondary # Zone 2 FaultFT2FJ2Secondary # Zone 3 FaultFT3FJ3Secondary # Zone 4 FaultFT4FJ4Secondary # Zone 5 FaultFT5FJ5Secondary # Zone 6 FaultFT6FJ6Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT9FJ9	Secondary # Zone 7 Disabled	FB7	FU7		
Secondary # Zone 10 DisabledFB10FU10Secondary # DrillFIFKSecondary # AC FaultATARSecondary # Zone 1 FaultFT1FJ1Secondary # Zone 2 FaultFT2FJ2Secondary # Zone 3 FaultFT3FJ3Secondary # Zone 4 FaultFT4FJ4Secondary # Zone 5 FaultFT5FJ5Secondary # Zone 6 FaultFT6FJ6Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT9FJ10	Secondary # Zone 8 Disabled	FB8	FU8		
Secondary # DrillFIFKSecondary # AC FaultATARSecondary # Zone 1 FaultFT1FJ1Secondary # Zone 2 FaultFT2FJ2Secondary # Zone 3 FaultFT3FJ3Secondary # Zone 4 FaultFT4FJ4Secondary # Zone 5 FaultFT5FJ5Secondary # Zone 6 FaultFT6FJ6Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT9FJ10	Secondary # Zone 9 Disabled	FB9	FU9		
Secondary # AC Fault         AT         AR           Secondary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Secondary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Secondary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Secondary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Secondary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # Zone 10 Disabled	FB10	FU10		
Secondary # Zone 1 Fault         FT1         FJ1           Secondary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Secondary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Secondary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Secondary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # Drill	FI	FK		
Secondary # Zone 2 Fault         FT2         FJ2           Secondary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Secondary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Secondary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # AC Fault	АГ	AR		
Secondary # Zone 3 Fault         FT3         FJ3           Secondary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Secondary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # Zone 1 Fault	FT1	FJ1		
Secondary # Zone 4 Fault         FT4         FJ4           Secondary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # Zone 2 Fault	FT2	FJ2		
Secondary # Zone 5 Fault         FT5         FJ5           Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # Zone 3 Fault	FT3	FJ3		
Secondary # Zone 6 Fault         FT6         FJ6           Secondary # Zone 7 Fault         FT7         FJ7           Secondary # Zone 8 Fault         FT8         FJ8           Secondary # Zone 9 Fault         FT9         FJ9           Secondary # Zone 10 Fault         FT10         FJ10	Secondary # Zone 4 Fault	FT4	FJ4		
Secondary # Zone 7 FaultFT7FJ7Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT10FJ10	Secondary # Zone 5 Fault	FT5	FJ5		
Secondary # Zone 8 FaultFT8FJ8Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT10FJ10	Secondary # Zone 6 Fault	FT6	FJ6		
Secondary # Zone 9 FaultFT9FJ9Secondary # Zone 10 FaultFT10FJ10	Secondary # Zone 7 Fault	FI7	FJ7		
Secondary # Zone 10 Fault FT10 FJ10	Secondary # Zone 8 Fault	FT8	FJ8		
	Secondary # Zone 9 Fault	FT9	FJ9		
Secondary # Zone 1 Dirty FT1 FJ1	Secondary # Zone 10 Fault	FT10	FJ10		
	Secondary # Zone 1 Dirty	FT1	FJ1		

Table 3.6 Event Codes (Continued)

Secondary # Zone 2 Dirty	FT2	FJ2
Secondary # Zone 3 Dirty	FT3	FJ3
Secondary # Zone 4 Dirty	FT4	FJ4
Secondary # Zone 5 Dirty	FT5	FJ5
Secondary # Zone 6 Dirty	FT6	FJ6
Secondary # Zone 7 Dirty	FT7	FJ7
Secondary # Zone 8 Dirty	FT8	FJ8
Secondary # Zone 9 Dirty	FT9	FJ9
Secondary # Zone 10 Dirty	FT10	FJ10
Secondary # Earth Fault	ET38	ER38
Secondary # Low Battery Fault	YT0	YR0
Secondary # No Battery Fault	YT0	YR0
Secondary # Telco Primary Line Fault	LTI	LRI
Secondary # Telco Secondary Line Fault	LT2	LR2
Secondary # NAC #1 Fault	ET32	ER32
Secondary # NAC #2 Fault	ET33	ER33
Secondary # NAC #3 Fault	ET34	ER34
Secondary # NAC #4 Fault	ET35	ER35
Secondary # NAC #1 Disable	ET101	ER101
Secondary # NAC #2 Disable	ET102	ER102
Secondary # NAC #3 Disable	ET103	ER103
Secondary # NAC #4 Disable	ET104	ER104
Secondary # Charger Fault	YP	YQ
Secondary # Comm Trouble Primary #	YC1	YK1
Secondary # Comm Trouble Secondary #	YC2	YK2
Secondary # Printer Fault	VT	VR
Secondary # ANN-Bus Fault	ET61	ER61
Secondary # Option Card Fault	ET	ER
Secondary # Memory Fault	YF	000
Future	000	000
Secondary # System Off Normal	LB	LX
Secondary # System Test Message	RP	000
Secondary # System Abnormal Test Message	RP99	000
Secondary # Power Supply Sync Fault	OU	OV

## 3.5.6 History

The History option allows an authorized user to view or erase events which have occurred in the control panel. Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #2 will display the History options as shown in the following display:

PROGRAMMING 1=SYSTEM SETUP 2=OPTION MODULES 3=HISTORY

Programming Screen #2

HISTORY 1=VIEW EVENTS 2=ERASE HISTORY

**History Screen** 

HISTORY 1=VIEW EVENTS 2=ERASE HISTORY

History Screen

#### 3.5.6.1 View Events

Pressing I while viewing the History Screen will allow the user to select the events to be viewed as illustrated in the following:

HISTORY 1=VIEW ALL 2=VIEW ALARMS 3=VIEW OTHER EVENTS

#### View Events Screen

While displaying the View Events screen, press *1* to view all events, *2* to view only alarms or *3* to view other events. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all of the displayed events.

#### 3.5.6.2 Erase History

The Erase History option allows a user to erase all events from the history file. This will provide a clean slate in order to use the history file to track future events. Pressing 2 while viewing the History Screen will display the following screen:

ERASE HISTORY
PROCEED ?
1=YES 2=NO

**Erase History Screen** 

Pressing *I* while viewing the Erase History Screen will erase all events from the History file. During this process, the display will read as follows:

ERASING HISTORY PLEASE WAIT

Erase History Wait Screen

After the History file has been erased, the display will return to the History Screen.

#### 3.5.7 Walktest

Walktest allows an individual to test the fire alarm system without the necessity to reset the control panel after each device activation. Pressing *I* while viewing the Programming Screen #3 will cause the following Walktest options to be displayed:

PROGRAMMING 1=WALKTEST 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PASSWORD CHANGE

Programming Screen #3



Walktest Screen

To perform a silent walktest which will not sound the NACs, press *I* while viewing the Walktest Screen. To perform an audible walktest, which will sound the NACs, press *2* while viewing the Walktest Screen. When either option is chosen, the panel will enter Walktest Mode and the following screen will be displayed:

UNIT IN WALKTEST

Walktest Active Screen

The user can now perform a one-person walktest by activating devices throughout the system. As each device is activated, the screen will display the information about the activated device as shown below. Note that the **colon** (:) in the time is replaced with an **asterisk** (\*) to distinguish the walktest screen from an actual alarm screen.

ALARM ZONE 1 <ADJ> <NOUN> Z01 10\*00A 010805

After completion of the Walktest, press the *Esc* (Escape) key to exit Walktest Mode and return to the Walktest Screen. The results of the Walktest can now be viewed by pressing 3 while viewing the Walktest Screen. The following screen will be displayed:

WALKTEST RESULTS

Use the up and down arrow keys to view all of the walktest results which will be displayed as illustrated in the preceding screen. Note that the Walktest log is stored in RAM. If all power (AC and DC) is removed from the FACP, the Walktest log information will be lost. This information is also overwritten when subsequent walktests are performed.

## 3.5.8 Clear Program

Pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #3, will select the Clear Program option. The control panel will provide a warning to the user by prompting with the following display:

WARNING! SYSTEM CHANGE PROCEED? 1=YES 2=NO

PROGRAMMING 1=WALKTEST 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PASSWORD CHANGE

Programming Screen #3

Pressing 1 will cause the control panel to carry out the selected clear option. Pressing 2 will prevent programming from being cleared.

# 3.5.9 Password Change

PROGRAMMING 1=WALKTEST 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PASSWORD CHANGE

Programming Screen #3

The factory set passwords, which have been programmed into the control panel, can be changed by selecting the Password Change option. Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #3 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

PASSWORD CHANGE 1=MASTER 2=MAINTENANCE

#### **Password Change Screen**

Press 1 to change the Master Programming Level password or 2 to change the Maintenance Level password. Note that the passwords will <u>not</u> be displayed on annunciators.

The following screen will appear when either change option is selected:

ENTER NEW FIVE DIGIT PASSWORD

**Enter Password Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the center of the display. Enter a new five digit password (such as 10101 for the Master Level). After the fifth digit is entered, the following screen will be displayed:



**Password Change Screen** 

The new five digit password must be re-entered to accept the change. The display will then return to the initial Password Change Screen.

# 3.6 Maintenance Programming Level

To access Maintenance Programming mode, press the *Enter* key. The LCD will display the following:



To enter the Maintenance Programming mode, press 2. The display will read as follows:



When the Maintenance level password (default 11111) is entered, the following screen will appear:



Note that in the preceding screens, an arrow appears to inform the programmer that additional options can be viewed by pressing the keypad *down* arrow key, as shown in the following screen.



## 3.6.1 Input Zones - Enable/Disable

The Zone Setup option allows the user to enable or disable desired zones. Pressing 1 for Zone Setup, while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

POINT PROGRAM

1=ZONE 1

2=ZONE 2

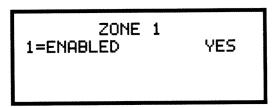
3=ZONE 3

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=HISTORY 3=WALKTEST

Maintenance Screen #1

Zone Select Screen

Pressing the down arrow key will display additional Zones (Zones 4 - 5 for GF505 and Zones 4 - 10 for GF510). Select the number corresponding to the desired zone. A screen will appear which will allow enabling or disabling of the selected zone, as illustrated in the following example:



**Enable/Disable Select Screen** 

Pressing I repeatedly will cause the display to toggle between Enabled Yes and Enabled No.

## 3.6.2 History

Pressing 2 while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



**History Screen** 

The History feature allows the operator to view control panel events which have been stored in a history file in memory and erase the contents of the history file

Pressing 1 while viewing the History screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:

HISTORY 1=VIEW ALL 2=VIEW ALARMS 3=VIEW OTHER EVENTS

To view all the events which have occurred in the control panel since the history file was last erased, press *I* while viewing the Events screen. To view only alarms which have occurred, press *2* while viewing the Events screen. To view events other than alarms, press *3*. The most recent event will be displayed on the screen. To view all of the selected events, press the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of events. If no events have occurred, the display will read *NO EVENTS IN HISTORY*.

Pressing 2 while viewing the History Screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:

ERASE HISTORY
PROCEED ?
1=YES 2=NO

**Erase History Screen** 

Pressing *I* while viewing the Erase History Screen will cause the message *ERASING HISTORY*, *PLEASE WAIT* to be displayed. The display will then return to the History Screen. Pressing *2* will cause the display to return to the History Screen without erasing the History file.

#### 3.6.3 Walktest

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=HISTORY 3=WALKTEST

Maintenance Screen #1

To perform a walktest, press 3 while viewing Maintenance Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:

WALKTEST 1=SILENT 2=AUDIBLE 3=VIEW RESULT

#### Walktest Screen

The operator can press *l* to perform a silent walktest or *2* to perform an audible walktest. The display will read *UNIT IN WALKTEST*. To end the Walktest, press the Esc (Escape) key.

Pressing 3 after the walktest has been completed, will allow the operator to view the results of the walktest.

#### 3.6.4 Time-Date

To program the time and date into the control panel, press *I* while viewing Maintenance Screen #2. The following display will appear:

PROGRAMMING 1=TIME-DATE

Maintenance Screen #2

TIME AND DATE 1=TIME 01:00 AM 2=DATE 01-01-2001 3=CLOCK FORMAT 12HRS

Time and Date Screen

To change the time, press 1 to display the following screen:

ENTER TIME AS 12HRS : 01:00 AM 1=AM 2=PM

Time Screen

A flashing cursor will appear on the left side of the display. Enter the four digit number corresponding to the time (0000 - 1259). When the fourth digit is entered, the cursor will move one position to the right. Press *I* for AM or *2* for PM to complete entering the time. The display will return to the Time and Date Screen displaying the new time.

To change the date, press 2 while viewing the Time and Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:

ENTER DATE \*\*-\*\*-\*\*\*\* MONTH DAY YEAR 01-01-2001

Date Screen

A flashing cursor will appear on the left side of the display. Enter the two digit month, two digit day and four digit year. The cursor will move one position to the right after each entry. When the fourth digit of the year has been entered, the display will return to the Time and Date Screen which will show the new date.

To change between 12 hour and 24 hour format, press 3 while viewing the Time and Date screen. Each press of the 3 key will toggle the display between 12 HR and 24 HR format.

Operating Instructions Panel Control Buttons

# SECTION 4 Operating Instructions

#### 4.1 Panel Control Buttons

## 4.1.1 Acknowledge/Step

The first press of the *Acknowledge/Step* key silences the piezo sounder, changes flashing LEDs to steady and also changes the status field on the LCD display from capital letters to small letters (*TROUBL* to *troubl*). When the piezo is silenced, an *acknowledge* message is sent to the printer and the history file. *Acknowledge* also sends a *silence piezo* command to the optional annunciators connected to the FACP. The Acknowledge key will have no effect on the Notification Appliance Circuits.

When more than one event exists, the first press of the Acknowledge/Step key functions as described in the preceding paragraph. Subsequent pressing of the key *steps* through each active event.

#### 4.1.2 Alarm Silenced

The Alarm Silenced key performs the same functions as Acknowledge/Step except it will not step through each event when multiple events are present at the panel. If an alarm exists, the Alarm Silenced key turns off all silenceable NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits) and causes the Alarm Silenced LED to turn on. It also sends an 'alarm silenced' message to the printer, history file and optional annunciators. A subsequent new alarm will resound the system NACs. The Alarm Silenced LED is turned off by pressing the Reset key, the Drill key or subsequent activation of the NACs.

Note that if Silence Inhibit has been enabled, NACs cannot be silenced for one minute following initiation of an alarm.

#### 4.1.3 Drill/Hold 2 Sec

When the *Drill* key is held for a minimum of two seconds (time required to prevent accidental activations), the FACP turns on all NAC outputs and turns off the Alarm Silenced LED if it was previously on. The *EVAC IN SYSTEM* message is shown on the LCD display. The same message is sent to the printer and history file. The *Alarm Silence* key can be used to turn off all silenceable NAC outputs following activation by the *Drill* key.

#### **4.1.4 Reset**

Pressing and releasing the *Reset* key turns off all NACs, temporarily turns off resettable power to 4-wire detectors, causes a *RESET IN SYSTEM* message to be displayed on the LCD and sends the same message to the printer and history file. It also performs a lamp test by turning on all LEDs, piezo sounder and LCD display segments after the *Reset* key is released. Any alarm or trouble that exists after a reset will resound the system.

Note that if Silence Inhibit has been enabled, the FACP cannot be reset for one minute following initiation of an alarm.

LED Indicators Operating Instructions

## 4.2 LED Indicators

The five LED indicators, which are located on the front panel, operate as follows:

#### **AC Power**

This is a green LED which illuminates if AC power is applied to the FACP. A loss of AC power will turn off this LED

#### Fire Alarm

This red LED flashes when one or more alarms occur. It illuminates steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. The Fire Alarm LED turns off when the *Reset* key is pressed. The LED will remain off if all alarms have been cleared.

#### Supervisory

This is a yellow LED that flashes when one or more supervisory conditions occur, such as a sprinkler valve tamper condition. It illuminates steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. It turns off when the *Reset* key is pressed and remains off if all supervisory alarms have been cleared.

#### Trouble

This is a yellow LED that flashes when one or more trouble conditions occur. It stays on steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. The LED turns off when all trouble conditions are cleared. This LED will also illuminate if the microprocessor watchdog circuit is activated.

#### Alarm Silenced

This is a yellow LED that turns on after the *Alarm Silence* key is pressed while an alarm condition exists. It turns off when the *Drill* or *Reset* key is pressed.

# 4.3 Normal Operation

With no alarms or troubles in the system, the display message is *System All Normal* along with the current time and date as shown below. To set the time and date, refer to the appropriate section in this manual.

# SYSTEM ALL NORMAL 10:00A 070707

The FACP performs the following functions at regular intervals in Normal mode:

- ✓ Monitors AC input voltage and battery voltage
- ✓ Monitors and reports status option cards and control panel
- ✓ Refreshes LCD display and updates time
- ✓ Scans control panel keypad for key presses
- ✓ Tests memory
- ✓ Updates and reads all communications busses (EIA-485, etc.)
- ✓ 13 smoke detectors will be polled for maintenance and freeze conditions on initial entry into Normal mode. Thereafter, each device will be polled every hour for freeze and every four hours for maintenance conditions

Note: To ensure that the system is functioning properly, the FACP will perform a freeze check five minutes after the panel is reset, followed by a maintenance check. If there is no freeze or maintenance condition, the panel will continue to monitor for freeze conditions every hour and maintenance conditions every four hours.

Operating Instructions Trouble Operation

# 4.4 Trouble Operation

With no alarms in the system, the detection of a trouble will cause the following:

- The piezo to pulse 1 second On and 1 second Off
- The system Trouble LED to flash one second On and one second Off
- · The trouble relay to activate
- TROUBL with device type, noun/adjective, address and trouble description will appear on the LCD display
- The same message, along with the time and date, is sent to the optional printer and the history buffer.
- Communicate the trouble conditions to the Central Station

Note that specific troubles will initiate additional actions; for example, loss of AC power will turn off the AC Power LED, etc.

#### Input Zone

For Input Zones, the following is a typical message that could appear on the LCD display for a device trouble:

TROUBL PULL STATION

<ADJ> <NOUN>

ZONE 10 OPEN FAULT

10:00A 070707

The information displayed in the above example provides the following information:

- First line in display:
  - ✓ The type of event; in this example *OPEN* indicating a circuit trouble
  - ✓ Device type identifier; in this example, PULL STATION indicates a manual device. Other device type identifiers which can be displayed include SMOKE for Smoke Detector, HEAT for Heat Detector, etc.
- · Second line in display:
  - ✓ <ADJ>; refers to the user programmed adjective descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
  - ✓ <NOUN>; refers to the user programmed noun descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
- Third line in display indicates Zone and the fault condition. Other possible troubles include:
  - OPEN indicating an open circuit
  - ☐ *DIRTY* maintenance alert indicating that a detector is near but below the allowed alarm limit and is in need of maintenance before the performance is compromised
- Fourth line in display:
  - ✓ Time; the current time in this example is 10:00A which represents 10:00 AM
  - ✓ Date; the current month, day and year in this example is  $\theta$ 9 for September,  $\theta$ 8 for the 8th day of the month and  $\theta$ 7 for the year 2007

Alarm Operation Operating Instructions

Pressing the Acknowledge/Step or Alarm Silence key will cause the pulsing piezo to silence and the system Trouble LED to change from flashing to on steady. This block acknowledgment occurs regardless of the number of troubles, alarms and supervisory events active in the system. When the Acknowledge/Step key is pressed and at least one new alarm or trouble exists in the system, the 'acknowledge' message is sent to the printer and history file. If the trouble clears, either before or after the Acknowledge/Step key is pressed, the 'clear trouble' message is sent to the printer and history file.

If all troubles clear and there are no supervisory or fire conditions active in the system, the system returns to normal mode operation and the *System All Normal* message is shown on the LCD display and sent to the history and printer files. The auto-restore feature will restore cleared troubles even if the troubles were never acknowledged. Note that pressing the *Alarm Silence* key when only troubles exist in the system will have the same effect as pressing the *Acknowledge/Step* key except the Alarm Silenced LED will light.

# 4.5 Alarm Operation

Alarm operation is similar to trouble operation with the following differences:

- The piezo sounder produces a steady output as opposed to a pulsed output
- · The Fire Alarm LED flashes 1 second On and 1 second Off
- The LCD displays Alarm along with the device name, type, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the alarm to the Central Station
- Alarms latch and are not allowed to clear automatically
- · Timers for Silence Inhibit, Autosilence and Trouble Reminder are started
- Alarms activate the alarm relay
- · Silenced alarms are resounded
- The trouble relay is not activated
- · Store event in history buffer

A typical alarm display would be as illustrated below:

ALARM PULL STATION <ADJ> <NOUN> ZONE 10 10:00A 070707

Note that the device type, which in this example is *PULL STATION*, can be any other programmable alarm type.

The information displayed in the above example provides the following information:

- · First line in display:
  - ✓ The type of event; in this example ALARM indicating an alarm condition
  - ✓ Device type identifier; in this example, *PULL STATION* indicates a manual pull box. Other device type identifiers which can be displayed include *SMOKE* for Smoke Detector, *HEAT* for Heat Detector, etc.
- · Second line in display:
  - ✓ <ADJ>; refers to the user programmed adjective descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
  - ✓ <NOUN>; refers to the user programmed noun descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
- Third line in display: Zone 10 indicates the zone programmed to this device which, in this example, is Input Zone 10.

- Fourth line in display:
  - ✓ Time; the current time in this example is 10:00A which represents 10:00 AM
  - ✓ Date; the current month, day and year in this example is  $\theta$ 9 for September,  $\theta$ 8 for the 8th day of the month and  $\theta$ 7 for the year 2007

# 4.6 Supervisory Operation

Supervisory operation is similar to alarm operation but with the following differences:

- The piezo sounder pulses 1/2 second On and 1/2 second Off
- The Supervisory LED flashes ½ second On and ½ second Off
- The LCD displays the status label Active Supervisory along with the device name, type, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- · Communicate the supervisory condition to the Central Station
- · The supervisory relay is activated
- The alarm relay is not activated
- Silenced alarms are <u>not</u> resounded
- · Timers are not started
- Store event in history buffer

A typical Supervisory event would be displayed as illustrated in the following:

FREEZE SUPERVISORY

<ADJ> <NOUN>

ZONE 05 FROZEN SUPRV

10:00A 070707

In the preceding example:

☐ FROZEN SUPRV - indicates zone detector is below approximately 45°F

Note that, like alarms, supervisory signals latch, except when programmed for supervisory autoresettable. Supervisory alarms do not cause resound as do other alarm conditions. Open circuits in supervisory wiring are processed by the control panel the same way as other trouble conditions. Refer to "Alarm Operation" on page 105, for a description of the information displayed on the control panel LCD.

# 4.7 Process Monitor Operation

Process Monitor operation will initiate the following events:

- · The piezo sounder pulses ¼ second On and ¼ second Off
- The LCD displays a process monitor message along with the device name, type, adjective/ noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the process monitor condition to the Central Station
- · Relays programmed for process monitoring will be activated
- The alarm relay is <u>not</u> activated
- Silenced alarms are not resounded
- · Timers are not started
- Store event in history buffer

Note that, like supervisories, process monitor signals latch, except when programmed for process monitor autoresettable.

# 4.8 Hazard/Tornado Condition Operation

Hazard/Tornado Condition operation will initiate the following events:

- The piezo sounder pulses ½ second On, ½ second Off
- The LCD displays a hazard message along with the device name, type, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the hazard condition to the Central Station
- Relays programmed for hazard will be activated
- The alarm relay is not activated
- Silenced alarms are <u>not</u> resounded
- · Timers are not started
- · Store event in history buffer
- Supervisory LED flashes ½ second On, ½ second Off

Hazard conditions latch.

# 4.9 Medical Alert Condition Operation

Medical Alert Condition operation will initiate the following events:

- The piezo sounder ½ second On, ½ second Off
- The LCD displays a medical alert message along with the device name, type, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the medical alert condition to the Central Station
- · Relays programmed for medical alert will be activated
- · The alarm relay is not activated
- Silenced alarms are not resounded
- · Timers are not started
- · Store event in history buffer
- Supervisory LED flashes ½ second On, ½ second Off

Medical alert conditions latch.

# 4.10 Disable/Enable Operation

Input zones which are disabled do not cause an alarm or any zone activation. Disabled NACs are held in the off state. All disabled zones/NACs are treated as if they were in trouble, with the exception being the status label that will be displayed is *DISABL*.

# 4.11 Waterflow Circuits Operation

If an alarm exists from a zone that is a waterflow non-silenceable type, the Alarm Silence key will not function.

#### 4.12 Detector Functions

#### **Maintenance Alert**

I<sup>3</sup> smoke detectors will be polled for maintenance and freeze conditions on initial entry into Normal mode. Thereafter, each device will be polled every hour for freeze and every four hours for maintenance conditions. All alarm and system trouble conditions are annunciated on the control panel's LCD.

Note: To ensure that the system is functioning properly, the FACP will perform a freeze check five minutes after the panel is reset, followed by a maintenance check. If there is no freeze or maintenance condition, the panel will continue to monitor for freeze conditions every hour and maintenance conditions every four hours.

Important! In order to avoid false alarms, input zones must be disabled prior to any service work being done. After service is completed, the input zones must be re-enabled.

#### I<sup>3</sup> Smoke Detector Replacement

If an I<sup>3</sup> smoke detector is to be replaced, the associated zone must be disabled prior to detector replacement to prevent any unwanted alarms. The input zone must be reenabled after maintenance has been completed. Refer to *Enable/Disable Zone* in the section titled *Input Zones* which begins on page 56.

#### **System Alarm Verification**

The control panel may be programmed to perform alarm verification to help eliminate the nuisance of false alarms. Alarm verification applies to smoke detectors only.

# 4.13 Time Functions: Real-Time Clock

The FACP includes a crystal-based clock that provides time of day, date and day of week. Time is displayed as 12 or 24 hour time with month/day/year and is stored in RAM. Daylight savings time change-over is programmable and automatic. If both AC and battery are lost, the time must be reprogrammed.

# 4.14 Coded Operation

The NAC circuits resident on the control panel main circuit board can be programmed for coded operation. The available pulse rates which can be programmed for coded operation are as follows:

Continuous: Steady output with no pulsing

March Time: Pulses at 120 ppm (pulses per minute)

Temporal Code: Pulses at ½ second On, ½ second Off, ½ second On, ½

second Off, 1/2 second On, 11/2 second Off

California Code: 10 seconds On, 5 seconds Off

• Two-Stage Pulses at 20 ppm (pulses per minute) for 3 or 5 minutes

and then changes to Temporal

Presignal Operating Instructions

# 4.15 Presignal

Presignal option programs an initiating device to delay the activation of NACs while allowing visual verification by a person. Once a detector triggers an alarm, the onboard piezo sounds immediately, but the NACs are not activated for a user programmed time duration of up to three minutes. Note that the alarm relay and communicator will respond to the initial alarm immediately.

After the programmed delay, the NACs will activate if the source of the alarm is not cleared. Note that if a second alarm occurs during the programmed time delay, the alarm will be processed immediately, causing activation of the NACs. The events which occur upon Presignal activation are as follows:

- ✓ onboard piezo sounds immediately
- ✓ control panel LCD display will indicate a presignal event and the active zone
- ✓ annunciators (if enabled) will sound the local piezo, and pulse the alarm LED and zone LED
- ✓ outputs (NACs) of associated zones will be inhibited from activating for a user programmed time delay of up to three minutes
- ✓ second alarm occurring anytime during the time delay will cause immediate activation of all associated outputs

Presignal operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.

# 4.16 Positive Alarm Sequence

PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) option will program a smoke detector to delay panel activation (including alarm relay and communicator) for a period of 15 seconds.

When a detector triggers an alarm, the onboard piezo sounds immediately, but the NACs are prevented from activating for 15 seconds. This inhibit time is factory set and cannot be changed. Pressing the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge/Step key during the 15 second inhibit time will silence the piezo sounder and start a timer which prevents activation of NACs for an additional time duration which can be user programmed for up to three minutes. After the programmed delay, the NACs will activate if the source of the alarm is not cleared. Note that if a second alarm occurs during either time delay, the alarm will be processed immediately, causing activation of the NACs. The events which occur upon PAS activation are as follows:

- ✓ onboard piezo sounds immediately
- ✓ control panel LCD display will indicate a PAS event and the active zone
- ✓ annunciators (if enabled) will sound the local piezo, and pulse the alarm LED and zone LED
- ✓ outputs (NACs) of associated zones will be inhibited from activating for a factory set duration of 15 seconds
- ✓ pressing the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge/Step key will start a timer which inhibits output activation for additional time delay of up to three minutes which is user programmable
- ✓ second alarm occurring anytime during either time delay will cause immediate activation of all associated outputs

PAS operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.

Operating Instructions Special System Timers

# 4.17 Special System Timers

#### 4.17.1 Silence Inhibit Timer

This option, if selected, prevents the *Alarm Silence* key from functioning for 60 seconds following an alarm. A new alarm during the initial 60 second period will <u>not</u> cause the timer to restart with a new 60 seconds. *Silence Inhibit operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.* 

#### 4.17.2 Autosilence Timer

If Autosilence is selected, the notification appliances, programmed as silenceable, will automatically be silenced after a programmable duration of from 5 to 30 minutes. Pressing the *Drill* key will restart the timer. *Autosilence operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.* 

#### 4.17.3 Trouble Reminder

If selected, this feature causes a reminding 'beep' every 15 seconds during an alarm (after the *Alarm Silence* key is pressed) and every two minutes during a trouble condition (after the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed). The 'beeps' from the onboard piezo sounder will occur until the alarm or fault is cleared.

Note that if Trouble Reminder feature is <u>not</u> selected and the trouble is not cleared within 24 hours, the piezo will resound, indicating that the trouble condition still exists.

#### 4.17.4 Waterflow Retard Timer

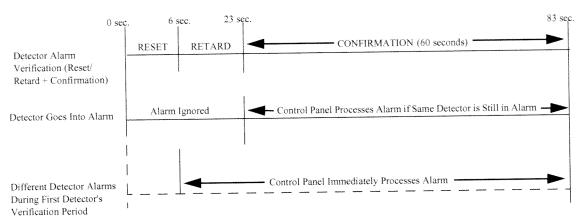
If selected, this option will delay the activation of a waterflow type alarm for a programmable time duration from 1 to 90 seconds. This delay is in addition to any time delay inherent in the waterflow device. *This feature requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction*.

110

Walktest Operating Instructions

# 4.17.5 Alarm Verification (None or One Minute)

If alarm verification is selected, a smoke detector activation will cause the FACP to reset the detector by removing power for 6 seconds. Power is reapplied and a 17 second retard period begins which allows all detectors to stabilize. If no other detectors alarm, there will be no alarm indication at the FACP during the 23 second Reset/Retard period. A Confirmation period of 60 seconds follows, during which a subsequent alarm from the same detector will cause the panel to immediately activate the appropriate outputs and indicate the alarm condition at the FACP. If a different detector zone alarms any time during the first detector's Retard & Confirmation period, the panel will immediately activate all appropriate outputs and indicate the alarm condition at the FACP. If no additional detector alarms occur within 83 seconds of the first alarm (23 second Reset/Retard plus 60 second Confirmation), the timer resets and the panel is ready to verify any new detector alarms which may occur.



Note: Alarm Verification is available only for smoke detectors.

## 4.18 Walktest

Walktest is a feature which allows one person to test the fire alarm system. An audible walktest will momentarily sound the Notification Appliance Circuits in the building and store the walktest information in a file at the panel. A silent walktest will not sound the NACs but will store the walktest information in a file which can be viewed at the panel. Disabled NAC devices will not activate during walktest. In addition, I<sup>3</sup> smoke detectors will enter their own test mode causing their LEDs to flash twice every five seconds (refer to I<sup>3</sup> specification document).

#### Alarm/Shorted Condition

When in audible Walktest, the panel responds to each new alarm and activates its programmed control outputs for four seconds, if those outputs have been programmed for silenceable activation. It also stores each alarm in the walktest history file which can be sent to an optional printer. The stored display will be the same as if the device actually activated except the colon (:) in the time stamp is replaced with an asterisk (\*).

#### **Open Condition**

Addressable devices as well as all main circuit board NACs are monitored for fault conditions during Walktest mode. When a new trouble condition occurs, the FACP will activate all NACs programmed for Walktest, then shut them off after eight seconds.

While in Walktest, the trouble relay is activated and the system Trouble LED flashes (as in all of the Program and status change operations). The alarm relay is not activated.

Operating Instructions Read Status

# 4.19 Read Status

Read Status functions do not require a password. The control panel will continue to provide fire protection while in Read Status mode. This mode can be entered while the control panel is in alarm or trouble. If a new alarm or trouble occurs during these functions, the Read Status is exited to prevent confusion.

#### Read Status Entry

When the operator presses the control panel *Enter* key, the LCD will display the following:

1=READ STATUS MODE 2=PROGRAMMING MODE

Pressing *I*, while this screen is being displayed, will cause the control panel to enter the Read Status mode which allows the user to view and print the programmed features and status of the control panel.

The following screens will be displayed:

READ STATUS 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

Read Status Screen #1

READ STATUS 1=HISTORY 2=PRINTER 3=ANN-BUS

Read Status Screen #3

READ STATUS 1=SYSTEM SETTINGS 2=TIMERS 3=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS

Read Status Screen #2

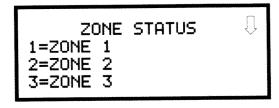
READ STATUS 1=CENTRAL STATION 2=PHONE LINES

Read Status Screen #4

Read Status Operating Instructions

## 4.19.1 Input Zones

Pressing 1 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:



READ STATUS 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

Read Status Screen #1

Pressing the down arrow key will allow the selection of Zones 4-5 for the GF505 and Zones 4-10 for the GF510.

The operator selects the zone which is to be viewed by pressing the number corresponding to the desired zone in each screen. For example, if *l* is pressed, the display will change to a screen similar to the following:

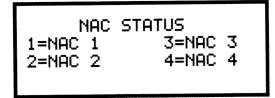


Pressing the down arrow key, while viewing the screen shown above, will allow the operator to view additional programming information about the selected device, such as:

- · Enable/Disable Status
- Device Type
- Alarm Verification On/Off (for detectors)
- PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) Yes/No (for detectors only)
- Pre-Signal Yes/No (for detectors only)
- · Adjective/Noun descriptor
- · Silenceable Yes/No

#### 4.19.2 NAC

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will display the following screen:



The operator can press *I* to view the programmed options for NAC 1, *2* to view the programmed options for NAC 2, *3* to view the programmed options for NAC 3 or *4* to view the programmed options for NAC 4.

Operating Instructions Read Status

The resulting screens will display the following information:

- Enable/Disable Status
- · Coding Selection (Temporal, Steady, etc.)
- Silenceable/Nonsilenceable
- Auto Silence Enable/Disable and time delay (in minutes)
- Silence Inhibit Enabled/Disabled

#### 4.19.3 Relays

READ STATUS 1=INPUT ZONES 2=NACS 3=RELAYS

Read Status Screen #1

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will display the following screen:



This screen allows the operator to view the programmed option for each relay.

# 4.19.4 System Settings

Pressing 1 while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screens:

READ STATUS 1=SYSTEM SETTINGS 2=TIMERS 3=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS

Read Status Screen #2





The operator can view the system settings options that have been programmed into the FACP.

Read Status Operating Instructions

#### 4.19.5 Timers

Pressing 2 while Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screen:

READ STATUS 1=SYSTEM SETTINGS 2=TIMERS 3=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS

Read Status Screen #2





These screens allow the operator to view the various timer settings.

# 4.19.6 Daylight Savings

Pressing 3 while Read Status Screen #2 will cause the following screens to be displayed:





These screens allow the operator to view settings that have been programmed for Daylight Savings Time.

Operating Instructions Read Status

#### 4.19.7 History

Pressing I while viewing Read Status Screen #3 will display the following screens:

HISTORY 1=VIEW ALL 2=VIEW ALARMS 3=VIEW OTHER EVENTS

READ STATUS 1=HISTORY 2=PRINTER 3=ANN-BUS

Read Status Screen #3

The operator can view all events which have been stored in the history file, only alarms or other events, such as troubles or supervisories, by pressing the corresponding number key.

#### 4.19.8 Print

To print program data or control panel status, press 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #3. The following screens will be displayed:



Print Screen #1



Print Screen #2

Pressing *I* while viewing Print Screen #1 allows the user to print the History file which will detail all of the system activities since the file was last cleared from memory.

Pressing 2 while viewing Print Screen #1 allows the user to print the Walktest log which will detail all of the system activations during walktest since the log was last cleared. Refer to "Walktest" on page 96 for additional information on the display.

Pressing 3 while viewing Print Screen #1 will exit the Print operation.

Pressing 1 while viewing Print Screen #2 allows the user to view the printer settings.

Read Status Operating Instructions

#### 4.19.9 ANN-BUS

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #3 will display the settings for the ANN-BUS options as shown in the following screens:

READ STATUS 1=HISTORY 2=PRINTER 3=ANN-BUS

Read Status Screen #3



ANN-BUS Screen #1

ANN-BUS 1=ANN-I/O OPTIONS 2=ANN-80 OPTION

ANN-BUS Screen #2

ANN-BUS Screen #1 indicates whether the ANN-BUS is enabled (Yes/No).

Pressing *I* while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #1 will display BUS Module addresses 1-8 and the devices, if any, located at those addresses.

Pressing 1 while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #2 will display the programmed options for the GFANN-I/O Module devices connected to the ANN-BUS.

Pressing 2 while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #2 will display the programmed options for the GFANN-80 devices connected to the ANN-BUS.

#### 4.19.10 Central Station

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #4 will display the following screens:

READ STATUS 1=CENTRAL STATION 2=FUTURE USE 3=PHONE LINE

Read Status Screen #4

CENTRAL STATION REPORTING YES REPORT STYLE BOTH

Central Station Screen #1

CENTRAL STATION 1=PRIMARY 2=SECONDARY

**Central Station Screen #2** 

Central Station Screen #1 indicates whether the Central Station Reporting is enabled or disabled, if the Reports will be sent to one or both the Primary and Secondary Central Station phone numbers and the Call Limit for DACT trouble calls within a 24 hour period. Central Station Screen #2 provides information on the Primary and Secondary Central Station programming which includes:

- Test Time Interval
- Account Code
- 24 Hour Test Time
- Phone Number
- Communication Format
- · Event Codes

#### 4.19.11 Phone Line

Pressing 1 while viewing Read Status Screen #4 will display the following screen:

PHONE LINE PRIMARY TCH TNE SECONDARY TCH TNE

This screen indicates the both the Primary and Secondary phone lines have been configured for touchtone dialing operation.

# SECTION 5 Central Station Communications

The control panel transmits zone and system status reports to Central Stations via the public switched telephone network. Two supervised telephone line connections are made to interface the control panel to the telephone lines. Two optional 7 foot telephone cords are available for this purpose and can be purchased separately.

The control panel supervises both telephone lines for proper voltage. A delay of two minutes will occur before a fault in either phone line connection is reported as a trouble. When a fault is detected, an audible trouble signal will sound, the LCD display will indicate the phone line trouble and the trouble condition will be reported to the Central Station over the remaining operational phone line.

The control panel comes with line seizure capability provided for both the primary and secondary telephone line interfaces. Any time that the control panel needs to make a call to a Central Station, line seizure will disconnect any local premises phones sharing the same telephone line.

All transmissions to the Central Stations will be sent over the primary phone line. In the event of noisy phone lines, transmissions will be sent over the backup secondary phone line.

Two phone numbers must be programmed, the primary Central Station phone number and the secondary Central Station phone number. All system reports will be transmitted to the primary Central Station phone number. Reports will automatically be sent to the secondary Central Station phone number if attempts to transmits to the primary Central Station phone number are unsuccessful. If 10 total attempts to communicate are unsuccessful, a Communicator Failure report will be displayed. Note that as an option, *all* reports may also be sent to the secondary Central Station phone number.

The FACP meets NFPA 72 National Fire Code reporting requirements for: (a) the type of signal, (b) condition and (c) location of the reporting premises. The general priority reporting structure is:

- 1. Zone Alarms and Restores
- 2. Zone Troubles and Restores
- 3. System Troubles and Restores
- 4. 24-hour Test

# 5.1 Transmittal Priorities

The integral communicator transmits highest priority events first. Events, in terms of priority, are listed below in descending order:

- 1. Alarms (highest priority level)
  - ✓ Pull stations
  - ✓ Waterflow
  - ✓ Smoke detector
  - ✓ Other alarm types
- 2. Supervisory Zone
- 3. System Troubles
  - ✓ Zone disabled
  - ✓ Fire drill
  - ✓ AC fail (after delay)
  - ✓ Zonal faults
  - ✓ Earth fault
  - ✓ Low battery
  - ✓ Telephone line fault
  - ✓ Notification Appliance Circuits fault
  - ✓ Communication trouble
  - ✓ Annunciator trouble
  - ✓ System off normal
- 4. Restoral Reports
  - ✓ Zone alarm
  - ✓ Supervisory
  - ✓ Zone(s) enabled
  - ✓ Fire drill
  - ✓ AC
  - ✓ Zone fault
  - ✓ Earth
  - ✓ Battery
  - ✓ Telephone line
  - ✓ Notification Appliance Circuits
  - ✓ Communication
  - ✓ Annunciator trouble
  - ✓ System off normal
- 5. 24 Hour Test (lowest priority)

The table below shows UL listed receivers which are compatible with the GF505/GF510.

Table 5.1 Compatible UL Listed Receivers

	Format	Ademco 685 (1)	Silent Knight 9800 (2)	Osborne Hoffman 2000E (3)	Radionics 6600 (4)	SurGard MLR2 (5)	SurGard System III (6)	FBI CP220FB (7)
0	SIA-DCS-8		V	~	1	Manager speed of the speed of t	~	V
1	SIA-DCS-20		V	V	~		V	V
2	Ademco Contact ID	~	~	V	~	V	V	V

- 1. With 685-8 Line Card with Rev. 4.4d software
- 2. With 124077V2.00 or later Receiver and 126047 Line Card Rev. M or later
- 3. With V.7301 Receiver S/W or later
- 4. With 01.01.03 Receiver S/W or later and Line Card 01.01.03 or later
- 5. With software V1.86
- 6. With software V1.6
- 7. With software V3.9

IMPORTANT! It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that the Digital Alarm Communicator/ Transmitter is compatible with the Central Station Receiver, utilized by the monitoring service, prior to installation. The Compatibility Table provides a list of compatible receivers and associated software versions for the receivers. Changes in the hardware and/or software by the receiver manufacturers may affect the receiver compatibility with the FACP DACT. After completing the installation, communication between the DACT and Central Station Receiver must be tested and verified.

# SECTION 6

# Power Supply Calculations

#### 6.1 Overview

This section contains instructions and tables for calculating power supply currents in alarm and standby conditions. This is a four-step process, consisting of the following:

- 1. Calculating the total amount of AC branch circuit current required to operate the system
- 2. Calculating the power supply load current for non-fire and fire alarm conditions and calculating the secondary (battery) load
- 3. Calculating the size of batteries required to support the system if an AC power loss occurs
- 4. Selecting the proper batteries for your system

# 6.2 Calculating the AC Branch Circuit

The control panel requires connection to a separate, dedicated AC branch circuit, which must be labeled **FIRE ALARM**. This branch circuit must connect to the line side of the main power feed of the protected premises. No other non-fire alarm equipment may be powered from the fire alarm branch circuit. The branch circuit wire must run continuously, without any disconnect devices, from the power source to the control panel. Overcurrent protection for this circuit must comply with Article 760 of the National Electrical Codes as well as local codes. Use 14 AWG (2.00 mm²) wire with 600 volt insulation for this branch circuit.

Use Table 6-1, to determine the total amount of current, in AC amperes (A), that must be supplied to the system.

**TABLE 6-1:120 VAC Branch Circuit Requirements** 

Device Type		mber of Current Draw Devices (AC amps)				Total Current per Device
GF505 or GF510	1	I	X	3.90	-	
	[	]	X		***	
	[	]	X	[ ]		
	Sum Column for AC Branch Current Required			h Current Required		

# 6.3 Calculating the System Current Draw

#### 6.3.1 Overview

The control panel must be able to power all internal and external devices continuously during the non-fire alarm condition. To calculate the non-fire alarm load on the system power supply when primary power is applied, use Calculation Column 1 in Table 6-3 on page 124. The control panel must support a larger load current during a fire alarm condition. To calculate the fire alarm load on the power supply, use Calculation Column 2 in Table 6-3 on page 124. The secondary power source (batteries) must be able to power the system during a primary power loss. To calculate the non-fire alarm load on the secondary power source, use Calculation Column 3 in Table 6-3 on page 124.

When calculating current draw and the battery size, note the following:

- · 'Primary' refers to the main power source for the control panel
- · 'Secondary' refers to the control panel's backup batteries
- All currents are given in amperes (A). Table 6-2 shows how to convert milliamperes and microamperes to full amperes.

**TABLE 6-2:Converting to Full Amperes** 

To convert	Multiply	Example
Milliamperes (mA) to amperes (A)	mA x 0.001	$3 \text{ mA } \times 0.001 = 0.003 \text{ A}$
Microamperes (μA) to amperes (A)	μA x 0.000001	300 μA x 0.000001 = 0.0003 A

# 6.3.2 How to Use Table 6-3 on page 124 to Calculate System Current Draw

Use Table 6-3 on page 124 to calculate current draws as follows:

- 1. Enter the quantity of devices in all three columns
- Enter the current draw where required. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for compatible devices and their current draw
- 3. Calculate the current draws for each in all columns
- 4. Sum the total current for each column
- 5. Copy the totals from Column 2 and Column 3 to Table 6-4 on page 125

Following are the types of current that can be entered into Table 6-3 on page 124:

- ✓ Calculation Column 1 The primary supply current load that the control panel must support during a non-fire alarm condition, with AC power applied.
- ✓ Calculation Column 2 The primary supply current load that the control panel must support during a fire alarm condition, with AC power applied.
- ✓ Calculation Column 3 The standby current drawn from the batteries in a non-fire alarm condition during a loss of AC power.

Table 6-3 contains three columns for calculating current draws. For each column, calculate the current and enter the total (in amperes) in the bottom row. When finished, copy the totals from Calculation Column 2 and Calculation Column 3 to Table 6-4 on page 125.

**TABLE 6-3:System Current Draw Calculations** 

Calculation Column 1 Primary, Non-Fire Alarm Current Device Type (amps)				ion Column 2 Fire Alarm Current	Calculation Column 3 Secondary, Non-Fire Alarm Current (amps)				
	Qty	X[current draw]=	Total	Qty	X [current draw] =	Total	Qty	X[current draw]≖	Total
Main Circuit Board GF505 GF510	Ī	X[0.080]=			X[0.112] <sup>I</sup> =		I	X[0.080]=	
CAC-5X	[ ]	X[0.001]=		[ ]	X[0.001]=			X[0.001]=	
4XTMF	[ ]	X[0.005]≃		[ ]	X[0.011] <sup>1</sup> =			X[0.005]=	
ANN-LED	[ ]	X[0.028]=		[ ]	X[0.068]=		[ ]	X[0.028]=	
2-wire Detector Heads	[ ]	X[ ] <sup>2</sup> =		[ ]	X[ ]≔	***************************************		X[ ]=	
4-wire Detector Heads	. [ ]	X[ ] <sup>2</sup>		[ ]	X[ ]=			X[ ]=	
Power Supervision Relays <sup>3</sup>	. [ ]	X[0.025]=		[ ]	X[0.025]=			X[0.025]=	
NAC #1 <sup>4</sup>				[ ]	X[ ]=				
NAC #2				[ ]	X[ ]=				
NAC #3									
NAC #4									
Current Draw from TB9 (nonalarm <sup>5</sup> )		[ ]===			[ ]=			[ ]=	
Sum each column <sup>6</sup> for totals	Primary No	n-Alarm =		Primary	Alarm =		Second	ary Alarm =	

Table Footnote

- 1. If using the Reverse Polarity Alarm output, add 0.005 amps; if using the Reverse Polarity Trouble output, add another 0.005 amps.
- 2. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for standby current.
- 3. Must use compatible listed Power Supervision Relay.
- 4. Current limitation of Terminal TB5 circuits is 3.0 amps per NAC for the GF505 & GF510
- 5. The total standby current must include both the resettable (TB9 Terminals 3 & 4) and nonresettable/resettable (TB9 Terminals 1 & 2) power. Caution must be taken to ensure that current drawn from these outputs during alarm does not exceed maximum ratings specified. Current limitations of TB9, Terminals 1 & 2 = 0.500 amps, filtered, 24 VDC +/-5%, 120 Hz ripple @ 10 mV $_{RMS}$ , nonresettable power and TB9, Terminals 3 & 4 = 0.500 amps, filtered, 24 VDC +/-5%, 120 Hz ripple @ 10mV $_{RMS}$ , resettable power.
- 6. Total current draw listed above cannot exceed 7.0 amps for GF505 or GF510.

# 6.4 Calculating the Battery Size

Use Table 6-4 to calculate the total Standby and Alarm load in ampere hours (AH). This total load determines the battery size (in AH), required to support the control panel under the loss of AC power. Complete Table 6-4 as follows:

- 1. Enter the totals from Table 6-3 on page 124, Calculation Columns 2 and 3 where shown
- 2. Enter the NFPA Standby and Alarm times (refer to 'NFPA Requirements' below)
- 3. Calculate the ampere hours for Standby and Alarm, then sum the Standby and Alarm ampere hours
- 4. Multiply the sum by the derating factor of 1.2 to calculate the proper battery size (in AH)
- 5. Write the ampere hour requirements on the Protected Premises label located inside the cabinet door

# TABLE 6-4:Total Secondary Power Requirements at 24 VDC

Secondary Standby Load (total from Table 6-3 Calculation	Required Standby Time (24 hours)	And the state of t	
Column 3)	X[ ]	===	АН
Primary Alarm Load (total from Table 6-3 Calculation Column 2)	Required Alarm Time (for 5 min., enter 0.084, for 10 min., enter 0.168)		
	X[ ]	===	AH
Sum of Standby and Alarm Ampere Hours			АН
Multiply by the Derating Factor			
Battery Size, Total Ampere Hours I	Required	=	АН

#### 6.4.1 NFPA Battery Requirements

NFPA 72 Local, Central and Proprietary Fire Alarm Systems require 24 hours of standby power followed by 5 minutes in alarm

#### 6.4.2 Selecting and Locating Batteries

Select batteries that meet or exceed the total ampere hours calculated in Table 6-4 . The control panel can charge batteries in the 7 AH to 26 AH range. The control panel cabinet is capable of housing batteries up to 18 AH. Batteries larger than 18 AH require a UL listed external battery cabinet.

# Ademco Contact ID Format Event Code Descriptions

This appendix describes the various Event Codes and their messages which are available for the Ademo Contact ID Format.

#### A.1 Transmission Format Between DACT and Receiver

The transmission string for the Ademco Contact ID Format is as follows:

#### SSSS 18 QXYZ GG CCC where

SSSS = Four digit Subscriber ID Account Code

18 = Identifies transmission as Contact ID to the receiver at the Central Station

Q = Event Qualifier where 1 = New Event and 3 = New Restore

XYZ = Event code

GG = Group number

CCC = Zone number

#### Notes:

- 1. **18**, which is used in the reporting structure to identify the transmission as Contact ID, is not printed out in the alarm and trouble report.
- 2. GG Group Number is fixed at '00' and cannot be changed.
- 3. CCC for Zone Number is transmitted as '001' for zone 1 up to '010' for zone 10

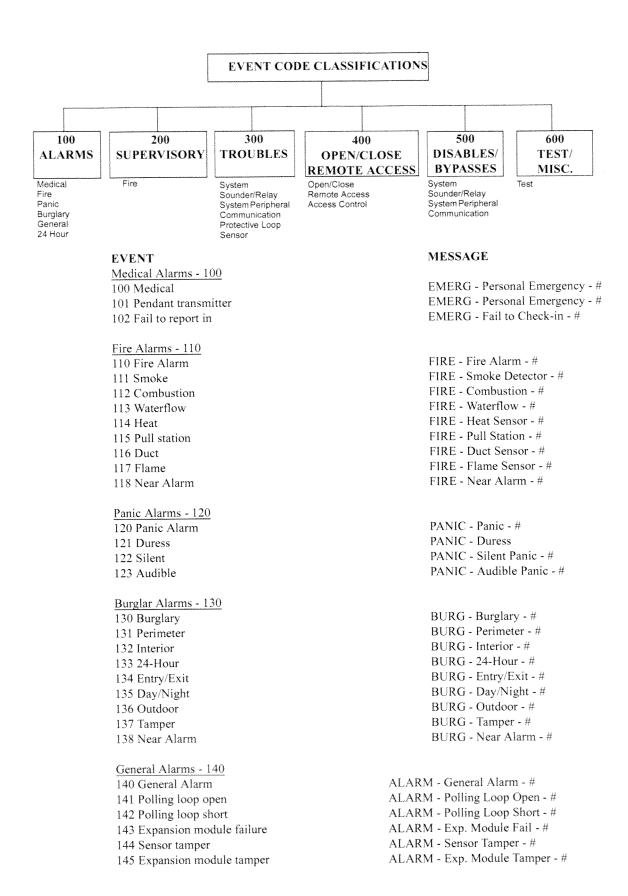
# A.2 Ademco Contact ID Typical Printout

A typical printout from a Central Station receiver (such as the Ademco 685) of alarm and trouble reports in the Ademco Contact ID Reporting Structure follows:

Time	Date	Rcvr/Line ID	SSSS	QXYZ	$\mathbf{G}\mathbf{G}$	CCCC
11:28	03/25	11	7777	E110	00	C001 - general fire alarm on zone one
11:28	03/25	11	7777	E111	00	C002 - smoke detector alarm on zone two
11:28	03/25	11	7777	E380	00	C003 - fault on zone three
11:28	03/25	11	7777	E570	00	C009 - Zone nine disabled
11:28	03/25	11	7777	R110	00	C001 - Zone one alarm restored
11:28	03/25	11	7777	R111	00	C002 - smoke detector zone two restored
11:28	03/25	11	7777	R380	00	C003 - zone three fault restored
11:28	03/25	11	7777	R570	00	C009 - zone nine reenabled
11:28	03/25	11	7777	E158	00	C006 - high temperature, zone six
11:28	03/25	11	7777	E151	00	C007 - gas detected, zone seven

#### Notes:

- 1. 11 is an example of a Receiver/Line Card, showing which receiver and line card the message was transmitted to.
- 2. **Q**, which is the Event Qualifier for the reporting structure, is printed out in the report as an **E** for New Event or **R** for New Restore.



EDS / EDS 8 (201	MECCACE
EVENT 24 Hour Non-Burglary - 150 and 16	MESSAGE
150 24-Hour Non-Burg	<u>o</u> ALARM - 24-Hr. Non-Burg - #
151 Gas detected	ALARM - Gas Detected - #
152 Refrigeration	ALARM - Refrigeration - #
153 Loss of heat	ALARM - Heating System - #
154 Water leakage	ALARM - Water Leakage - #
155 Foil break	ALARM - Foil Break - #
156 Day trouble	ALARM - Day Zone - #
157 Low bottled gas level	ALARM - Low Gas Level - #
158 High temp	ALARM - High Temperature - #
159 Low temp	ALARM - Low Temperature - #
161 Loss of air flow	ALARM - Air Flow - #
Fire Supervisory - 200 and 210	
200 Fire supervisory	SUPER Fire Supervisory - #
201 Low water pressure	SUPER Low Water Pressure - #
202 Low CO2	SUPER Low CO2
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304 ROM checksum bad	TROUBLE - Bad ROM Checksum (restore not applicable)
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310 Ground fault	TROUBLE - Ground Fault - #
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322 Bell 2	TROUBLE - Bell/Siren #2
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324 Trouble relay	TROUBLE - Trouble Relay
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327 Bell 4	TROUBLE - Bell/Siren #4
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332 Polling loop short	TROUBLE - Polling Loop Short
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334 Repeater failure	TROUBLE - Repeater Failure - #
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351 Telco 1 fault	TROUBLE - Phone Line #1		
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353 Long range radio xmitter fault	TROUBLE - Radio Tran	smitter	
354 Fail to communicate	TROUBLE - Fail to Con		
355 Loss of radio supervision	TROUBLE - Radio Supe		
356 Loss of central polling	TROUBLE - Central Rac	dio Polling	
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522 Bell 2 disable	DISABLE - Bell/Siren - #2
523 Alarm relay disable	DISABLE - Alarm Relay
524 Trouble relay disable	DISABLE - Trouble Relay
525 Reversing relay disable	DISABLE - Reversing Relay
526 Bell 3 disable	DISABLE - Bell/Siren - #3
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## APPENDIX B NFPA Standard-Specific Requirements

The GF505/GF510 has been designed for use in commercial, industrial and institutional applications and meets the requirements for service under the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards outlined in this Appendix. The minimum system components required for compliance with the appropriate NFPA standard are listed below:

#### GF505/GF510 Control Panel

Contains the main control board, cabinet (backbox and door), main power supply and transformer.

#### **Batteries**

Refer to "Power Supply Calculations" on page 122, for Standby Power Requirements.

#### **Initiating Devices**

Connected to one of the control panel's Initiating Device Circuits.

#### **Notification Appliances**

Connected to the control panel's Notification Appliance Circuits via a control module.

The following additional equipment is needed for compliance with the NFPA 72 standards listed below:

#### NFPA 72 NATIONAL FIRE ALARM STANDARDS FOR:

#### NFPA 72 Central Station Service (Protected Premises Unit) or Remote Station Service

Onboard Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter for connection to a compatible listed Central Station DACR or Protected Premises Receiving Unit. This unit must be installed as outlined in "Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter" on page 17.

#### OR

411UD may be installed as illustrated in Figure B.1, "GF505/GF510 FACP Connection to 411UD," on page 132.

#### OR

4XTMF Transmitter Module for connection to the RS82 Remote Station Receiver. See Figure B.3, "Remote Station Connection Using 4XTMF Module," on page 135, for installation instructions for this unit.

#### NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm System

4XTMF Transmitter Module for connection to a compatible listed Local Energy Municipal Box. This unit must be installed as illustrated in the section titled "4XTMF Transmitter Module Installation" on page 35 and as outlined in Figure B.2, "Municipal Box Connected to 4XTMF Transmitter Module," on page 134.

#### NFPA 72 Proprietary Fire Alarm System

GF505/GF510 Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory contacts connected to Transmitter(s). See Figure B.4, "Proprietary Protective Signaling System," on page 136, for installation instructions for this unit.

The following figure illustrates an example of Central Station/Remote Station Reporting using a 411UD. The relay contacts from the GF505/GF510 may be used to trip any dialer UL listed for Central Station/Remote Station Reporting Services.

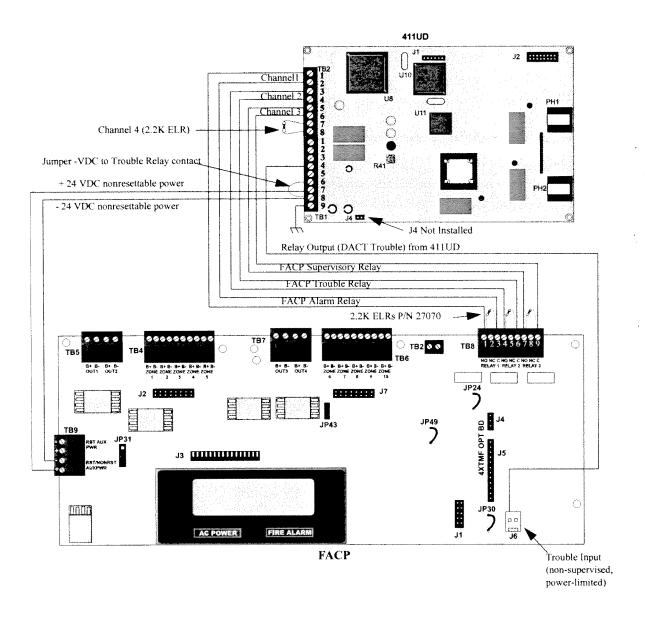


Figure B.1 GF505/GF510 FACP Connection to 411UD

The state of the s	411UD	FACP
Alarm	TB2-1	TB8-1
<b></b>	TB2-2	TB8-3
Trouble	TB2-3	TB8-4
-	TB2-4	TB8-6
Supervisory	TB2-5	TB8-7
•	TB2-6	TB8-9

Table B.1 411UD Connections to FACP

#### Notes:

- 1. Reference the 411UD Manual for additional information
- 2. Program the 411UD for slave operation
- 3. The GF505/GF510 must be programmed for AC Loss Reporting Delay This prevents the immediate transmission of a trouble on the loss of AC power
- All connections between the control panel and the 411UD must be in conduit, less than 20 feet (610 cm) in length, in the same room
- 5. Any zone of the 411UD can be wired to function as alarm, trouble or supervisory. In Figure B.1 on page 132, Channel 1/Zone 1 is wired to the control panel's alarm relay, Channel 2/Zone 2 is wired to the control panel's trouble relay and Channel 3/Zone 3 is wired to the control panel's supervisory relay
- Nonresettable 24 VDC power is supplied to the 411UD via TB9 terminals configured for nonresettable power on the FACP. Jumper J4 on the 411UD must be removed for 24 VDC power
- 7. End-of-Line resistors must terminate all 411UD circuits, including unused circuits
- 8. A -VDC from the 411UD Trouble Contacts will activate the Trouble Input J6 on the FACP

#### NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm System

All connections are power-limited and supervised. This application is not suitable for separate transmission of sprinkler supervisory or trouble conditions.

#### Notes:

- 1. 3 ohms maximum loop resistance allowed for wiring from control panel to Municipal Box.
- 2. Cut JP30 on the GF505/GF510 main circuit board to supervise placement of 4XTMF module and circuit.
- 3. Cut JP24 on the GF505/GF510 main circuit board to enable FACP Supervisory relay.
- 4. Refer to "4XTMF Transmitter Module Installation" on page 35 for detailed information.

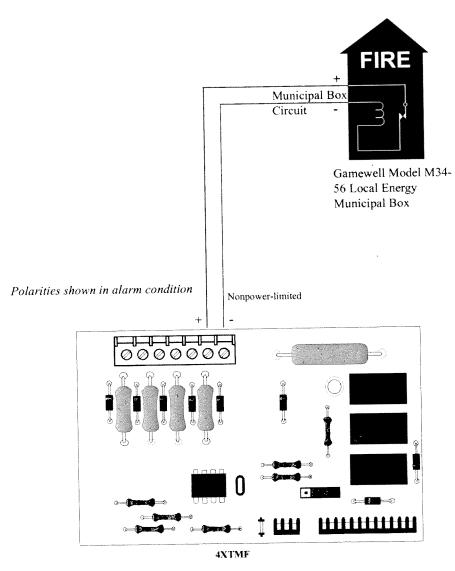


Figure B.2 Municipal Box Connected to 4XTMF Transmitter Module

## NFPA 72 Remote Station Protective Signaling System

#### Notes:

- Cut Jumper JP30 on the GF505/GF510 main circuit board to supervise placement of the 4XTMF module.
- 2. Refer to "4XTMF Transmitter Module Installation" on page 35 for detailed information.

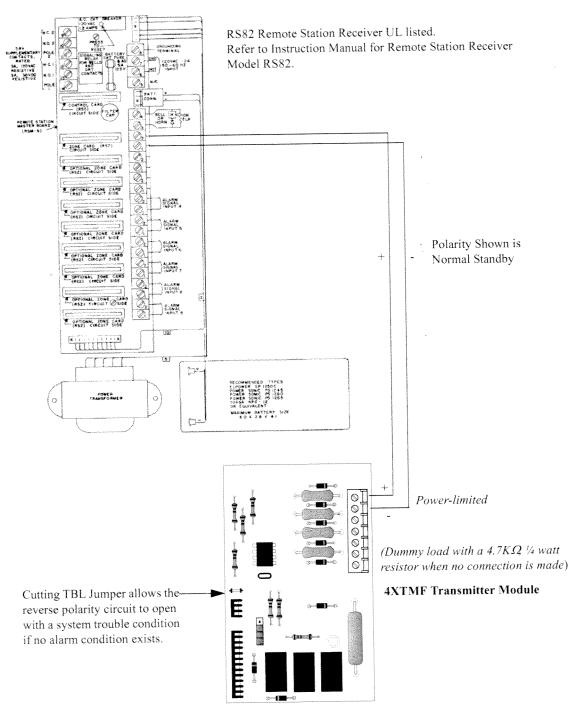


Figure B.3 Remote Station Connection Using 4XTMF Module

## NFPA 72 Proprietary Protective Signaling Systems

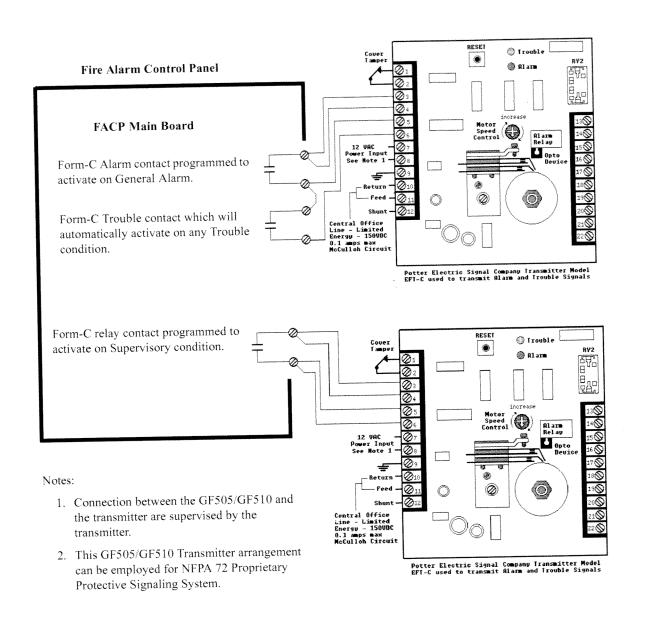


Figure B.4 Proprietary Protective Signaling System

## B.1 Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter: Connection to FACP Dry Contacts

The dry contacts of the FACP programmable relays can be used to trip a UL-864 Listed Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter. The FACP contacts must be supervised by the Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter module using End-of-Line Resistors (ELRs) with a value determined by the Transmitter manufacturer. Power is also provided by the Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter manufacturer. Refer to the Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter manufacturer's manual for details.

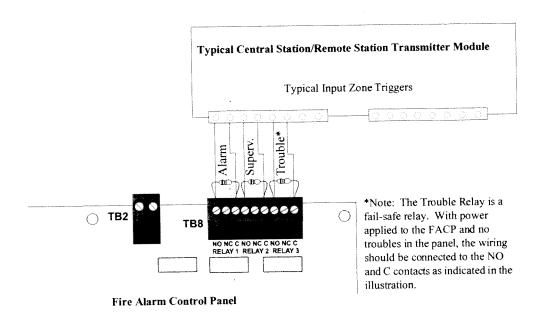


Figure B.5 FACP Dry Contacts Connection to Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter

# APPENDIX C FACP with Keltron

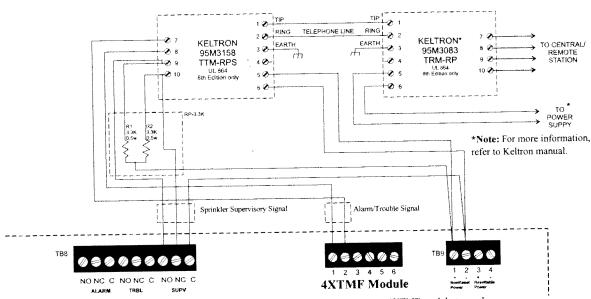
The following figure illustrates the connections between the FACP and Keltron Receiver/Transmitter.

**CAUTION!** For reasons of wiring diagram clarity, terminal designations of Keltron modules are not shown in actual order. Follow Keltron manual and module markings for exact terminal locations to prevent severe module damage!

**IMPORTANT!** All connections between the FACP and Keltron modules must be made within 20 feet and enclosed within conduit or equivalently protected against mechanical injury.

#### Keltron 95M3158 TTM-RPS

- 1. Terminals 7 and 8: Remote station alarm/trouble inputs.
- 2. Terminals 9 and 10: Sprinkler supervisory input.



Note: Cut TBL jumper on 4XTMF module to send alarm/trouble signal from the same pair or terminals.

#### Fire Alarm Control Panel

(terminal blocks are not shown in their actual positions in order to clarify wiring connections)

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D-17 Security Alarm

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# ADEMCO VISTA SERIES VISTA-20P / VISTA-20PSIA VISTA-15P / VISTA-15PSIA Security Systems

1576 946-03/2

**User Guide** 

jet for held Al

K5309-1V5 11/06 Rev. A

#### IMPORTANT!

#### PROPER INTRUSION PROTECTION

For proper intrusion coverage, sensors should be located at *every possible point of entry* to a home or commercial premises. This would include any skylights that may be present, and the upper windows in a multi-level building. In addition, we recommend that radio backup be used in a security system so that alarm signals can still be sent to the Central Monitoring Station in the event that the telephone lines are out of order (alarm signals are normally sent over the phone lines).

#### **EARLY WARNING FIRE DETECTION**

Early warning fire detection is important in a home. Smoke and heat detectors have played a key role in reducing fire deaths in the United States. With regard to the number and placement of smoke/heat detectors, we subscribe to the recommendations contained in the National Fire Protection Association's National Fire Alarm Code (NFPA 72). These recommendations can be found on page 47 of this manual

#### SYSTEM COMPATIBILITY NOTICE

Your Honeywell security system is designed for use with devices manufactured or approved by Honeywell for use with your security system. Your Honeywell security system is not designed for use with any device that may be attached to your security system's keypad or other communicating bus if Honeywell has not approved such device for use with your security system. Use of any such unauthorized device may cause damage or compromise the performance of your security system and affect the validity of your Honeywell limited warranty. When you purchase devices that have been manufactured or approved by Honeywell, you acquire the assurance that these devices have been thoroughly tested to ensure optimum performance when used with your Honeywell security system.

#### **About This Manual**

This manual is a step-by-step guide that will acquaint you with the system's features and benefits. It defines the components and their functions, describes their operation, and provides clear step-by-step instructions for normal and emergency occdures. Keep this manual in a convenient place so that you can refer to it as essary.

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## System Overview

#### Introduction

Congratulations on your ownership of a Honeywell Security System. You've made n wise decision in choosing it, for it represents the latest in security protection technology today. This system provides:

- Three forms of protection: burglary, fire\* and emergency
- At least one keypad which provides control of system and displays system stutus
- Various sensors for perimeter and interior burglary protection
- Smoke or combustion detectors\* designed to provide early warning in case of fire.

Your system may also have been programmed to automatically send alarm or stritus messages over the phone lines to a Central Monitoring Station.

\* Commercial installations and some residential systems may not include fire protection – check with your installer.

NOTE: Features and procedures described in this manual apply to the VISTA-20P/VISTA-20PSIA (VISTA-20P series) and VISTA-15P/VISTA-15PSIA (VISTA-15P series) security systems. Differences are noted where applicable.

#### **System Basics**

#### **Burglary Protection**

- Several modes of hurgiary protection: Stay, Night-Stay, Away, Instant, Maximum.
   STAY: arms perimeter zones only and entry delay is on
- INSTANT: same as STAY, except entry delay is off

NIGHT-STAY: arms perimeter zones and selected interior zones; entry delay on AWAY: arms perimeter and all interior zones, entry delay is on

MAXIMUM: same as AWAY, except entry delay is

- You can BYPASS selected zones while leaving the rest of the system armed
- CHIME mode alerts you to the opening of protected doors and windows while the system is disarmed.

#### **Fire Protection**

- Fire protection is always active (if installed) and an alarm sounds if a fire condition is detected
- If necessary, you can manually initiate a fire alarm using the keypnd of programmed).
- Refer to the Fire Alarm System section for information regarding fire protection, smoke detectors and planning emergency exit routes.

#### **Security Codes**

- You were assigned a 4-digit security code (master code) during installation.
- Use your security code when arming and disarming the system, and when
  performing other system functions.
- Other users can be assigned different security codes, each with different authority levels, which define the system functions a particular user can perform

## System Overview (cont'd)

#### **Zones and Partitions**

- The system sensing devices have been assigned to various "zones," which are specific areas of protection (e.g., front door, kitchen window, etc.).
- Zone numbers are displayed at the keypad when an alarm or trouble condition occurs on a sensor.
- Partitions (VISTA-20P Series) provide two independent areas of protection, with each partition containing a group of zones that can be armed and disarmed without affecting other zones or users.
- Partitioned systems (VISTA-20P Series) can include a common zone area, which is an area shared by users of both partitions (such as a lobby in a building).

#### Arming, Step-Arming and Disarming Burglary Protection

- The system must be armed before the burglary protection can sense intrusions.
- To arm your system, enter your user code followed by the desired arming key.
- If programmed, you can press the [#] key in place of your security code when arming the system (e.g., instead of entering your 4-digit security code + [3-STAY] to arm the system in STAY mode, you can press [#] + [3-STAY]).
- You can also use the step-arming feature if programmed, to arm the system. This
  is a function key that allows you to arm the system in one of three modes by
  simply pressing the key repeatedly.
- To disarm the system, enter your security code then press the [OFF] key.

#### Alarms

- When an alarm occurs, both the keypad and external sounders sound, and the keypad displays the zonets) consing the alarm.
- If your system is connected to a Central Monitoring Station, an alarm message is
  also sent. (Delayed Reporting Note: Message reporting is delayed 30 seconds
  by default to reduce false alarms. If desired, this delay can be removed or can be
  increased to 45 seconds. See your installer if you want the delay time changed.)
- To stop the alarm sounding, sniply disarm the system.

#### Memory of Alarm

- When an alarm condition occurs, the keypad displays the number(s) of the zone(s) that caused the problem, and displays the type of alarm.
- The message remains displayed even after discoming the system, but can be cleared with another "off" sequence.

#### **Phone Access**

- If included, a phone module permits you to across the system via a touch-tone phone, either on-premises or by call-in when away
- When you call in, the phone module amountees a status over the telephone, and you can arm/disarm the system and perform most function connaands remotely using the telephone keys.
- . Complete information for using these features is provided with the voice module.

## System Overview (cont'd)

#### **Function Keys**

- The "A," "B," "C," and "D" keys can be programmed to perform various functions.
- Functions include: activate a panic alarm, arm the system, provide step arming, switch lights on/off, send a message to a pager, display Time/Date, and start a programmed Macro sequence.

#### Paging Feature

- If programmed, the system can automatically send certain system condition messages to up to four (VISTA-20P Series) or two (VISTA-15P Series) pagers.
- The pager displays code numbers identifying the type of condition that has occurred.

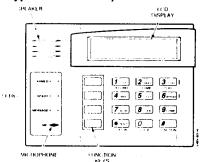
#### Scheduling

Your system can be programmed to automatically perform certain functions (e.g., arm the system) at a predetermined time each day.

#### Using the Voice Message Center (if Voice Keypad is installed)

Voice keypads feature a voice message center that lets you record and playback one message.

- The message can be up to 2.5-minutes long
- The message remains in memory until a new message is recorded.
- The volume control is adjustable.
- Refer to the procedures below when using the Message Center functions.



#### Message Center Functions

То	Press these keys	Notes
nessage	# 1 OFF LUNCTION VOICE RECORD	The red MESSAGE LED lights.  Message cemains in memory until a new message is recorded.
end recording	1 OFF RECORD	The red MESSAGE LED thishes, indiciding message waiting.
play a næssage	FUNCTION VOICE PLAY	The recorded message plays and the ced MESSAGE LED turns off.
adjust the valuage	FUNCTION VOICE VOLUME then press volume key [3] Triquac [6] Edwart	Adjusting message volume also adjusts status volume. Volume canoul be adjusted while playing.

# About The Keypads

### General Information

Your keypnds allow you to control all system functions and feature the following:

- A telephone style (digital) keypad • Liquid Crystal Displays (LCD) that show the nature and location of all occurrences
- Built-in sounder that sounds during alarms and troubles. The sounder also "beeps" during certain system functions and also when depressing any of the keys (to acknowledge the key press).
- Backlighting of the LCD display windows. Backlighting turns on when any key is pressed or when entering the premises through any assigned entry/exit door. This feature is helpful when a keypad is located in a dunly ht area.
- Some keypuds have a voice feature that announces the nature and location of all system occurrences. Voice keypads also announce any faulted entry/exit or permeter zone when Chine mode is on. Ask your installer if this option has been programmed for your system.

IMPORTANT: If the keypod beeps rapidly upon entering the premises, it indicates that an about low occurred ductor your absence and an intruder may still be on the premises. LEAVE IMMEDIATELY and CONTACT THE POLICE from a nearby safe location.

Your keypids are functionally the same, but may have different types of displays, depending on the type notalled with your system.

Alpha Display

 $2~\mathrm{hne}$ alpha display keypads feature a 2-line, 32-character alphanumeric LCD that displays system messages in friendly English. These keypads can also be programmed with custom zone descriptors.

Fixed-Word Display

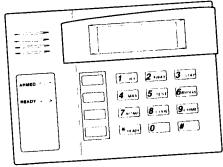
Fixed-Word display keypads are functionally identical to Alpha display keypads, but the LCD display uses predesignated words to identify the nature and location of occurrences.

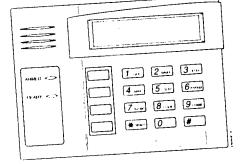
Voice Keypads

Voice Keypuls (if installed), are functionally the same as other keypads, except that these keypads can provide the following:

- Voice announcements of system status (see Checking for Open Zones section)
- · Voice chime, which can ident you to the opening of doors and windows while the system is distribed (see Voice Chime in Chime mode section)
- Message center, which lets you record and playback messages (see Using the Voice Message Center in the System Overview section).

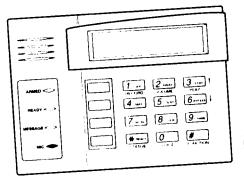
# About The Keypads (cont'd)





Standard Fixed-Word Display Keypad

Standard Alpha Display Keypad



Voice-Capable Alpha Display Keypad

## About The Keypads (Cont'd)

#### **FIXED-WORD DISPLAY KEYPAD**

AWAY: All burglary zones, interior and

perimeter, are armed.

STAY: Perimeter burglary zones, such as protected windows and doors, are

armed.

**NIGHT-STAY:** When specific interior zones are

armed and all others bypassed, the NIGHT and STAY indicators

are both on.

INSTANT: Entry delay is turned off:

Lit with STAY = Instant mode Lit with AWAY = Maximum mode

**BYPASS:** This appears when one or more burglary protection zones have been

bypassed.

NOT READY: Appears when burglary portion of the system is not ready for arming (due

to open protection zones). The system is ready to arm when this message  $% \left( z\right) =\left( z\right) +z^{\prime }$ 

**AWAY** 

BYPASS

FIRE CHECK INSTANT CANCELED

**FIXED-WORD DISPLAY** 

ALARM STAY

NIGHT NO AC

PHONE TEST

NOT READY

CHIME BAT

disappears and the READY indicator light comes on.

**NO AC:** Appears when AC power has been cut off. System is operating on hackup

battery power.

**AC:** Appears when AC power is present.

**CHIME:** Appears when the chime feature is activated.

**BAT:** Low battery condition in a wireless sensor (if zone number displayed) or

low system battery (if no zone number displayed).

**ALARM**: Appears when an intrusion has been detected and the system is armed

(also appears during a fire alarm or audible emergency alarm).

Accompanied by the protection zone in alarm.

**CHECK:** Appears when a malfunction is discovered in the system at any time, or if

an open is detected in a fire zone at any time, or a fault in a DAY/NIGHT burglary zone during a disarmed period. Accompanied by a display of

zone number in trouble.

FIRE: Appears when a fire alarm is generated. Accompanied by a display of the

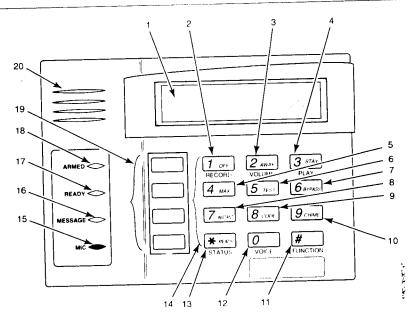
zone in alarm

A FIRE display also appears when a fire alarm is manually activated, accompanied by a display of the fire emergency key zone aumber.

**CANCELED:** Appears when an alarm has been silenced by the t'ode + OFF sequence

and will remain on until another Code + OFF sequence is keyed.

# Functions of the Keypads



Voice-capable 2-line Alpha keypad

(shown with flip-down front door removed)

#### IMPORTANT!

- Match the numerical callouts in the above graphic with the corresponding number on the following pages for a description of usage.
- When entering codes and commands, sequential key depressions must be made within 4-5 seconds of one another. If 4-5 seconds clapse without a key depression, the entry will be aborted and must be repeated from its beginning. Be sure to observe this precaution when performing any of the procedures in this manual.
- If you make a mistake while entering a **security** code, stop, press the |\*| key, and then start over. If you stop in the middle while entering a code, and then immediately start the entry over, an erroneous code might be entered.

# Functions of the Keypads (cont'd)

NOTE: The functions printed directly on the keys indicate their primary purpose; the functions printed under some of the keys (shown in brackets under the respective key), indicate their alternate or secondary purpose.

#### 1. DISPLAY WINDOW

Alpha Display Keypads: 2-line, 32-character Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) keypads that display protection point identification, system status, and messages.

#### Fixed-Word Display Keypads:

Display protection zone ID and system status messages using pre-designated words in the LCD display area.

- 2. 1 OFF Disarms burglary portion of the system, silences alarms and audible trouble indicators, and clears visual display after problem's correction.
  - **[RECORD]** On Voice keypads, used in conjunction with the FUNCTION and VOICE keys to record up to a 2.5-minute message.
- 3. 2 AWAY Arms the entire burglary system, perimeter and interior.
  - [VOLUME] On Voice keypads, used in conjunction with the FUNCTION and desired volume control keys 1 [3] or 1 [6] to adjust the volume of a recorded message or voice system status.
- 4. 3 STAY Arms perimeter portion of burglary system only. Interior protection is not armed, allowing movement within premises without causing an alarm. If pressed twice in succession, arms system in Night-Stay mode.

[PLAY] On Voice keypads, used in conjunction with the FUNCTION and VOICE keys to play the recorded message.

- [ ↑ ] On Voice keypads, used in conjunction with the FUNCTION and VOLUME keys to raise the message and voice system status volume.
- 5. 4 MAX Arms the entire burglary system, perimeter and interior, but without entry delay feature. Entering via an entry/exit door will cause an alarm.
- 5 TEST Tests the system and alarm sounder if disarmed. Refer to Testing The System section for test procedures.
- 7. 6 BYPASS Removes individual protection zones from being monitored by the system.
  - I ↓ I On Voice keypads, used in conjunction with the FUNCTION and VOLUME keys to lower the message and voice system status volume.
- 8. 7 INSTANT Arms in manner similar to the STAY mode, but without the entry delay feature.
  - Entering via an entry/exit door will cause an alarm.
- 9. 8 CODE Used to assign additional security codes and attributes for other users of the system.
- 10. 9 CHIME Turns CHIME mode on and off. When on, the opening of windows or doors while the system is disarmed will sound 3 beeps at the keypad(s).

## Functions of the Keypads (cont'd)

11. # This key can be used for "Quick Arming" of the system without use of a security code (if programmed).

[FUNCTION] On Voice keypads, enables the desired voice or volume function.

12. 0

[VOICE] On Voice keypads, enables the RECORD, VOLUME and PLAY functions.

13. \* READY Used to display all open protection zones.

istatus on Voice keypads, a momentary press of the STATUS key annunciates the current system status. Pressing the STATUS key a second time annunciates and displays system and/or zone faults (if they exist).

**14. KEYS 0-9:** Used to enter your security code(s).

15. MIC

On voice keypads, microphone for Message Center recordings.

- 16. MESSAGE LED INDICATOR: (RED)
  On Voice keypads, flashes red when
  message waiting or lights red (stendy)
  when in record mode.
- 17. READY LED INDICATOR: (GREEN)
  Lit when the system is ready to be armed (no faults present). While the system is disarmed, this indicator will go on and off as protection zones are closed and opened.
- 18. ARMED LED INDICATOR: (RED)
  Lit when the system has been armed.
- 19. FUNCTION KEYS: Keys A, B, C, D may have been programmed for a variety of functions, including panic (emergency) functions. For details, see the Function Keys section.
- 20. INTERNAL SPEAKER: The built-in speaker mimics the alarm sounder during alarms, and will also "beep during certain system functions. The speaker also provides voice playback for any recorded messages.

## Entry/Exit Delays

#### **Entry Delay**

Entry Delays give you time to disarm the system when you re-enter through the designated entrance door. There are two entry delays (if programmed). The first is for your primary entrance and the second can be used for a secondary entrance, where a longer delay is required to walk to the keypad to disarm the system.

You must disarm the system before the entry delay period ends, or an alarm will occur. The keypad beeps during the entry delay period, reminding you to disarm the system. The beeps stop when a code is entered, but will restart after about 15 seconds if an invalid code is entered.

You can also arm the system with no entry delay at all by using the INSTANT or MAXIMUM arming modes. These modes provide greater security while on the premises or while away for extended periods of time.

See your installer for your delay times.	
Partition 1	
Exit Delay: seconds	Entry Delay 1: seconds
	Entry Delay 2: seconds
NOTE: Entry/Exit times set for partition 1 also apply t	to the Common Zone of the VISTA-20P Series.
Partition 2 (on VISTA-20P Series only)	
Exit Delay: seconds	Entry Delay 1: seconds
	Entry Delny 2: seconds

#### Exit Delay

Exit delay gives you time to leave through the designated exit door(s) without setting off an alarm. Exit delay begins immediately after arming your system in any arming mode and Alpho Display keypads display the message "You May Exit Now." When "You may exit now" disappears, the system is fully armed. If programmed, a slow beeping will sound during the exit delay period until the last 10 seconds, which then changes to fast beeping (alerting you to the end of exit delay). If you cannot leave within this delay time period, you should stop, disarm the system, and start over to avoid a false alarm.

**Exit Delay Restart** (if programmed: If you wish to open the entry/exit door to let someone in after arming STAY, you can restart the *exit* time delay at any time – **simply press the** [\*| key, then let that person in. The system automatically rearms when the exit delay expires, thereby avoiding having to disarm the system and then rearm it again.

Additionally, when the system is armed AWAY, reopening and closing the entry/exit door **before** exit delay time expires (e.g., re-entering to get a forgotten item), will reset the exit delay time once

## Entry/Exit Delays (cont'd)

#### **Exit Alarms**

#### **Exit Error Conditions**

Whenever you arm the system, the exit delay begins. If an entry/exit door or interior zone is faulted before exit delay expires and remains faulted (e.g., exit door left open), the system sounds an alarm and starts the **entry** delay timer. If you disarm the system before the entry delay ends, the alarm sound stops and the message "ALARM CANCELED" or "CA" is displayed on the keypad, along with a zone number indicating the faulted zone. No message is sent to the Central Monitoring Station.

To clear the exit error condition, the open zone must be made intact; to clear the display, enter your code plus OFF.

If you do not disarm the system before the entry delay ends and the faulted zone remains open, the alarm sound continues and an "exit alarm" message is sent to the Central Monitoring Station (after the installer-programmed dial delay expires). The message "EXIT ALARM" or "EA" is displayed on the keypad, along with a zone number indicating the faulted zone. To stop the alarm, the system must be disarmed (your code plus OFF); to clear the display, enter your code plus OFF a second time

An "exit alarm" also results if an entry/exit door or interior zone is faulted within two minutes after the end of the exit delay.

our system may have been programmed for this feature to minimize false alarms sent to the Central Monitoring	
lation. Ask your installer if "Exit Alarm" is active in your system. (f so, check this box.	

VISTA-20PSIA/VISTA-15PSIA: The Exit Error condition works the same as described above, except that in addition to the "EXIT ALARM" message, a "zone alarm" message is also sent to the Central Monitoring Station. In addition, if an entry/exit door or interior zone is faulted within two minutes after the end of the exit delay, a "Recent Closing" condition occurs instead of the "exit alarm." Refer to the next paragraph for details.

#### "Recent Closing" Condition (VISTA-20PSIA/VISTA-15PSIA only)

A Recent Closing condition is similar to the Exit Error condition described above, but occurs it an entry/exit door or interior zone is faulted within two minutes **after** the initial exit delay expires. If you disarm the system within the two minutes, the alarm sound stops and the message "ALARM CANCELED" or "CA" is displayed on the keypad, along with a zone manber indirating the faulted zone. No message is sent to the Central Monitoring Station

If you do not disarm the system within two minutes and the faulted zone remains open, the adarm sound continues and a "recent closing" and a "zone alarm" message are sent to the Central Monitoring Station (after the installer-programmed dial delay expires). The alarm message along with a faulted zone number is displayed on the keypad. To stop the alarm, the system must be disarmed (your code plus OFF); to clear the display, enter your code plus OFF a second time.

## Checking For Open Zones

## Using the [\*] Key to Display and Announce System Status

Before arming your system, all protected doors, windows and other protection zones must be closed or bypassed; otherwise the keypad will display a "Not Ready" message.

Use the READY key to display all faulted zones, making it easier for you to identify and secure any open zone.

- 1. Press [\*] (do not enter code first) to display faulted
- 2. Secure or bypass the zones displayed. The keypad's READY indicator lights when all protection zones have been either closed or bypassed.
- 3. Arm the system as desired.

Alpha Display: DISARMED HIT \* FOR FAULTS Fixed-Word Display:

Zone no. and "NOT READY"

Voice Status: Voice keypads (if installed), can announce system status and faulted zones (up to 3 zone descriptors) if the Voice Status feature is turned on.

To turn the Voice Status feature on/off: # + 0 + 2 + 4

(also turns on Voice Chime mode; see Chime mode section)

To announce Status: Press [#] FUNCTION + [0] VOICE + [\*] STATUS key.

(Announces current system status; e.g., "Disarmed Ready to

Arm.")

and status:

To announce faults Press [#] FUNCTION + [0] VOICE + [\*] STATUS + [\*] again. (Announces up to three faulted zones with their zone

descriptors, if programmed.)

## Arming the System

#### STAY Mode: Arms Perimeter Only, Entry Delay On

- Used when you want to arm the system with persons staying inside (or if you have pets that are moving throughout the premises).
- The perimeter sensors are armed, but interior sensors are left disarmed.
- Exit delay begins (you can leave through the entry/exit door, if desired).
- An alarm sounds if any protected window or non-entry/exit door is opened
- You may otherwise move freely within the premises.
- · Persons entering later can enter through an entry/exit door, but they must disarm the system within the entry delay period to avoid sounding an alarm.

#### NIGHT-STAY Mode: Arms Perimeter Only, Plus Selected Zones

- Use NIGHT-STAY mode to provide increased security while staying inside.
- Arms same as STAY mode, but also arms preselected interior sensors (programmed by your installer), while other interior sensors are left disarmed.
- Persons entering later can enter through an entry/exit door but they must disarm the system and must not violate any of the programmed interior zones to avoid sounding an alarm.
- IMPORTANT: When NIGHT-STAY mode is on, the selected interior zones are armed and cause an alarm if anyone enters those areas (e.g., waking in the middle of the night). To avoid sounding an alarm, you must disarm the system before nny activity takes place in those interior zones.

#### **INSTANT Mode: Arms Perimeter Only, Entry Delay Off**

- Used when staying inside and do not expect anyone to use an entry/exit door.
- · Arms same as STAY mode.
- An alarm sounds immediately if any protected perimeter window or any door is opened, including entry/exit doors.
- IMPORTANT: Arming the system in this mode greatly increases the chance of false alarms. Use extreme care in selecting this mode of arming.

#### AWAY Mode: Arms Entire System, Entry Delay On

- Used when nobody will be staying inside (including pets).
- The entire system (interior and perimeter) is armed.
- Exit delay begins letting you leave through the entry/exit door.
- · An alarm sounds if a protected window or any door is opened, or if any movement is detected inside your premises.
- · You can re-enter through an entry/exit door, but you must disarm the system within the entry delay period to avoid sounding an alarm.

#### MAXIMUM Mode: Arms Entire System, Entry Delay Off

- Used when leaving the premises for extended periods (e.g., vacation).
- Arms same as Away mode, but entry delay is off.
- An alarm sounds same as Away mode, and sounds upon opening entry/exit doors

## Arming the System (cont'd)

#### **Arming Commands**

Before arming, close all perimeter doors and windows and make sure the Ready to Arm moceano is displayed

Mode	Press these keys	Keypad Confirms By
STAY	security code + 3 STAY	three beeps     armed STAY message displayed     red ARMED indicator lights
NIGHT- STAY	security code + 3 STAY + 3 STAY	three beeps'     NIGHT-STAY message displayed     red ARMED indicator lights
INSTANT	security code + 7 INSTANT	three beeps     armed STAY message displayed     red ARMED indicator lights Note that entry delay is turned off.
AWAY	security code + 2 AWAY	two beeps', or, if programmed, beeping for duration of exit delay  • armed AWAY message displayed  • red ARMED indicator lights Leave the premises through an entry/exit door during the exit delay period to avoid causing an alarm. The keypad beeps rapidly during the last 10 seconds of the exit delay to warn you that it is ending.
MAXIMUN	A security code + 4 MAX	same as AWAY (described above)  Note that entry delay is turned off.

Arming Ding: In addition to the keypod beeps, the external somuler emits a short "drug" sound after arming, if programmed to do so. The thing confirms that the system is acmed, and may occur manedantely after the command or be delayed (until arm/disorm report is sent or exit delay expires). Ask your installer about how this feature is set for your system

#### Quick Arming

If "Quick Arming" was programmed by the installer, the [#] key can be pressed in place of the security code when arming the system in any of the arming modes (except Night-Stay). However, the security code must always be used when manually disarming the system.

#### **Function Key Arming**

For any arming command, a function key may have also been programmed for your system. If so, you can press and hold the appropriate function key for 2 seconds to arm the system. See your installer for the designated functions (see Single Button Arming section).

Refer to the Accessing Other Partitions section for information on multi-partition arming (VISTA-20P Series only).

## Arming the System (cont'd)

#### **Single Button Arming**

The "A", "B", "C", and/or "D" keys on your keypad may have been programmed for single-button arming. Note that while it is not necessary to use a security code for arming (by using the Quick Arm method described previously), a security code must always be used when manually disarming the system.

If Single-Button Arming is programmed:

- A function key has been assigned to a specific type of arming: STAY mode. NIGHT-STAY mode, AWAY mode, or STEP-ARMING (see Step-Arming
- You DO NOT need to enter your user code before pressing the function key but you always need your user security code to DISARM the system.

Before arming, close all perimeter doors and windows

1. Press and hold the assigned function key for 2 seconds (no code is required). Function keys are shown below.

A	- t 2	<u>(3</u> )
В	4 5 -	6
С	7 8	9

D -- -- ( ) ( )

Fixed-Word Display: Green LED lit

Alpha Display:

DISARMED

READY TO ARM

2. The keypad begins beeping and displays the armed message. The red ARMED indicator also lights.

#### Alpha Display: ARMED\*\*\*AWAY\*\*\* **WON TIXE PAM DOP**

Fixed-Word Display: AWAY

#### Single Button "Step" Arming

Single-Button "Step" arming may be programmed into one of the lettered keys (A. B. C, or D). Check with your installer to see if this has been done in your system

If Step-Arming is programmed:

- · The assigned key provides a choice of three levels of security.
- · The selected key can be pressed once, twice, or three times, increasing the level of security with each press, as follows

Key	First Press	Second Press	Third Press
ſt	Û	1,	Û
A, B, C, D	Armed-STAY	Armed NIGHT STAY	Armed-AWAY
		(if programmed)	

## Keyswitch

#### Using the Keyswitch

Your system may be equipped with a keyswitch for use when arming and disarming. Red and green lights on the keyswitch plate indicate the status of your system as follows:

Green Light: Lights when the system is disarmed and ready to be armed (no open zones). If the system is disarmed and the green light is off, it indicates the system is not ready (one or more zones are open).

Red Light: Lights or flashes when system is armed in AWAY or STAY mode.

See your installer for the meanings of the lit red light:

Lit Steady = system armed AWAY or

system armed STAY and exit delay has expired

Flashing = system armed STAY and exit delay timer active

Rapid flashing = an alarm has occurred (memory of alarm).

Before arming, close all perimeter doors and windows.

#### To arm in the AWAY mode:

Turn the key to the right for 1/2 second and release. Keypads beep twice and the red indicator lights or flashes.

#### To arm in the STAY mode:

Turn the key to the right and hold for longer than 1 second, then release. Keypads beep three times and the red indicator lights or flashes.

#### To disarm the system:

Turn the key to the right and release. The red light turns off



## Disarming and Silencing Alarms

#### Using the [OFF] key

The **OFF** key is used to disarm the system, silence alarm and trouble sounds, and clear alarm memories.

IMPORTANT: If you return and the main burglary sounder is on, DO NOT ENTER, but CONTACT THE POLICE from a nearby safe location.

If you return after an alarm has occurred and the main sounder has shut itself off, the keypad will beep rapidly upon your entering, indicating that an alarm has occurred during your absence.

LEAVE AT ONCE, and CONTACT THE POLICE from a nearby safe location.



(Security Code)

The "READY" indicator light will be lit if all zones are secure, and the keypad will emit a single tone to confirm that the system is disarmed.

NOTE: If entry delay has started (you've opened the entry door), you do not need to press the OFF key – simply enter your security code. The system will disarm in about 15 seconds after the last digit of the code is entered.

#### Alpha Display:

\*\*\*\*DISARMED \*\*\*\*
READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: READY

#### 2. To Silence a Burglary Alarm and Clear a Memory of Alarm

Enter your **security code** and press the **OFF** key to silence the alarm (or warning tones of a Memory of Alarm).

Note the zone in alarm on the keypad display, and correct the problem (close door, window, etc.). After correcting the problem, enter the security code plus OFF sequence again to clear the keypad's Memory of Alarm display.

#### 3. To Silence a Fire Alarm and Clear a Memory of Alarm

Simply press the **OFF** key to silence the alarm. Then enter the **security code** plus **OFF** sequence *twice* to clear the keypad's Memory of Alarm display. See the *Fire Alarm System* section.

## **Bypassing Protection Zones**

#### Using the BYPASS Key

Use this key when you want to arm your system with one or more zones intentionally unprotected. The system must be disarmed first.

Vent Zones: Your system may have certain windows set as "vent" zones, which are automatically bypassed if left open when arming the system (you do not need to manually bypass them). However, if a vent zone window is closed after arming, it becomes protected and will cause an alarm if opened again while the system is armed.

#### When bypassing zones:

- The system must be disarmed before you can bypass zones.
- · Bypassed zones are unprotected and will not cause an alarm if violated.
- The system will not allow fire zones to be bypassed.
- · Zones are automatically unbypassed when the system is disarmed.

+ 6 BYPASS + zone numbers (see below) (Security Code)

Enter the 2-digit zone number(s) for the zone(s) to be bypassed (e.g., 06, 10, 13, etc.). Single digit zone numbers must be preceded by a zero (e.g. 05, 06).

2. When finished, the keypad will momentarily display a "Bypass" message for each bypassed zone number. Wait for all bypassed zones to be displayed. Arm the system as usual. When armed, the arming message is displayed with "ZONE BYPASSED." To display bypassed zones prior to arming, enter your security code and press the [6] BYPASS key

#### Alpha Display:

DISARMED HIT \* FOR FAULTS

Fixed-Word Display: NOT READY

#### Alpha Display:

DISARMED BYPASS READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: BYPASS

#### Alpha Display:

ARMED: STAY ZONE BYPASSED

Typical armed display after bypassing zones.

## Bypassing Protection Zones (cont'd)

#### **Quick Bypass**

If programmed, "Quick Bypass" allows you to easily bypass all open (faulted) zones without having to enter zone numbers individually. This feature is useful if, for example, you routinely leave certain windows open when arming at night.

1. | + | 6 BYPASS + |#|

(Security Code

In a few moments, all open zones will be displayed and automatically bypassed. Make sure that only those zones that you wish to leave unprotected are bypassed, and that there are no other zones unintentionally left open.

2. Wait for all bypassed zones to be displayed, then arm Alpha Display: the system as desired.

Ask your installer if "Quick Bypass" is active for your system, and if so, check here:

Alpha Display:

DISARMED HIT \* FOR FAULTS

Fixed-Word Display: NOT

DISARMED BYPASS **READY TO ARM** 

Fixed-Word Display: BYPASS

## Chime Mode

#### **Using the Chime Mode**

CHIME mode alerts you to the opening of a perimeter door or window while the system is disarmed.

When Chime mode is activated:

- Three tones sound at the keypad whenever a perimeter door or window is opened
- Interior zones do not produce a tone when they are faulted.
- Pressing the **READY** key will display the open protection points.
- · Chime mode can be used only while the system is disarmed.

l'o turi	ı Chime	Mode	on
----------	---------	------	----

- + 9 CHIME

(Security Code)

The CHIME message will appear. Perimeter zones will cause a tone when faulted.

#### To turn Chime Mode off:

- + 9 CHIME

(Security Code

The CHIME message will disappear.

#### Alpha Display:

DISARMED CHIME READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: CHIME

#### Alpha Display:

\*\*\*\*DISARMED\*\*\*\*
READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: READY

#### **Using the Voice Chime**

- 24 -

Voice keypads have a feature that works in concert with the Chime Mode called Voice Chime. Voice chime provides a voice status annunciation, chime, and display when any faulted entry/exit or perimeter zone exists. Ask your installer if this option has been enabled for your system.

To turn Voice Chime Mode on or off: # + 0 + 2 + 4

(marmal Clame mode amst be on first)

When Voice Chime is on, faulted zones cause a voice status announcement, chime and display When off, the sounder still provides chime if normal Chime mode is on.

#### Date and Time

\*\*\*\*DISARMED

TIME/DATE

READS TO ARM

12:05AM 05/09/00

SAT

Alpha Display

#### Viewing the Current Date and Time

The master users can view the system time and date setting on an alpha keypad. Other users can view the date/time if a function key has been programmed to do so

| | | | + |#| + |6||3|

(Master Code)

OR.

Press the function key (A, B, C, or D) for viewing current date and time, if programmed.

A typical time/date display is shown.

The display will remain on for about 30 seconds or until a key is pressed.

"A" "B" "C" "D"

If one of the above keys has been programmed for the date/time display feature place a check mark in the box beneath that key.

#### **Setting the Date and Time**

NOTE: All partitions must be disarmed before date/time can be set.

You can set the time and date by doing the following:

1. [] [] +|#|+ |6||3| (Master Code)

Press [\*] when the time/date is displayed.
 A cursor appears under the first digit of the hour.

To move cursor ahead, press [\*]. To go back, press [#]

- Enter the 2-digit hour setting.
- Enter the 2-digit minute setting.
- Press [1] for PM or [0] for AM.
- Enter the last two digits of the current year.
- Enter the 2-digit month setting.
- Enter the 2-digit day setting.
- To exit, press [4] when cursor is at the last digit, or wait 30 seconds.

Alpha Dispiay:

\*\*\*\*DISARMED \*\*
READS TO ARM

TIME/DATE SAT 04:04PM 10/17/00

Current time display

TIME/DATE SAT 04:04P2000/10/17

Time/date editing disp(ay

## Panic Keys

#### **Using Panic Keys**

Your system may have been programmed to use special keys to manually activate emergency (panic) functions as follows:

This Function	Sends This Signal*	With This Sounding		
Silent Alarm	silent alarm	no audible alarm; displays, "Press [*] to show faults," indicating that a silent alarm has been initiated.		
Audible Alarm	audible alarm	a loud, steady alarm at keypad(s) and at any external sounders that may be connected.		
Personal Alarm	auxiliary alarm	steady alarm sound at keypad(s), but not at external bells or sirens.		
Fire Alarm	fire alarm	temporal (pulsing) sound at external bells and sirens.		

<sup>\*</sup>All panic functions send signals to the Central Monitoring Station, if connected.

#### To activate a Panic Function:

Press and hold down for at least 2 seconds whichever lettered key on the keypad has been programmed for the desired emergency function.

OF

Press both keys of the assigned key pair at the same time.

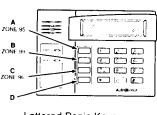


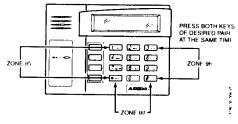
Fixed-Word Display: READY
Typical Panic Alpha Display:

ALADMO JONGO

ALARM 96 ZONE 96

Fixed-Word Display: 96 and ALARM





Lettered Panic Keys

Panic Key Pairs

See your installer and use the chart provided in the *Features Programmed in Your System* section to note the functions that have been programmed for your system.

## Macro Key Programming & Usage

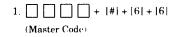
#### **About Macro Keys**

The "A", "B", "C" or "D" keys can be used to automatically activate a series of commands of up to 16 keystrokes, if programmed for this function. These keystrokes, as a group, are called "macros" and are stored in the system's memory.

- Typical macro functions can include:
  - Arming sequences: STAY, NIGHT-STAY, INSTANT, or AWAY
  - Bypassing particular zone(s)
  - Activating relay(s) for turning on (or off) lights, fans, etc.
- Up to four (VISTA-20P Series) or two (VISTA-15P Series) macros can be assigned but no more than one macro to a key.
- Macros can be activated only by users with authority levels authorized to perform the macro's function.

NOTE: The installer must activate the desired function key (using \*57 Function key Menu Mode) before macros can be assigned.

See the chart at the back of this manual for the key(s) assigned for macros.



\*\*\*\*DISARMED\*\*\*\*
READY TO ARM

Alpha Display:

- 2. Enter the macro number (1-4 for VISTA-20P Series; 1-2 for VISTA-15P Series) to be programmed at the "Select Macro?" prompt. Remember, only one macro can be assigned to each key.
- 3. If a macro has been previously defined, the keystrokes are shown on the bottom line of the display; otherwise the display is blank.

To exit this mode (and keep the existing macro definition), press any key except the [\*] key. The system returns to normal mode.

To define a macro for the selected key, press | \* | and continue with the next prompt.

Enter the first of the series of desired commands, (do not include your master code), then press/hold the "D" key for at least two seconds to complete the first command. This key terminates each command, and appears as an "F" in the keypad display.

1-4	0

SELECT MACRO

MACRO DISPLAY

MACRO PGM

# Macro Key Programming & Usage (cont'd)

The keypad beeps to acknowledge your input and displays the command you entered (followed by "F").

- 4. Enter the next command, followed by press/holding the "D" key for at least two seconds. The keypad beeps and displays the keystrokes entered so far.
- 5. Repeat until the all the desired commands (up to 16 characters including the "F"s) have been entered.

Be sure to check your keystrokes before continuing. If you made a mistake, you must start over.

6. To exit, press/hold the "D" key for at least two seconds. The display returns to system status and indicates system is ready.

#### **Example of Macro Programming**

Suppose you want to (1) bypass the two upstairs window zones, then (2) turn on an exterior light, and then (3) arm the security system in the AWAY mode. The procedures in the table that follows show you how you would program this macro:

Typical Macro Alpha Display:
MACRO PGM

60203F#701F2F

Function	Keystrokes Required	Keypad Display	
1. Bypass zimes 02 & 03	Press BYPASS [6] key, then 2-digit zone numbers 02 & 03.	60203	
2. Insert terminator	Press the "D" key for at lenst 2 seconds.	60203F	
3. Turn light on (device 01)	Press  #  and 7 key for "device ON", and   01  key for selecting device 1.	60203F#101	
4. Insert terminator	Press the "D" key for nt least 2 seconds.	60203F#701F	
5. Arm system AWAY	Press AWAY [2] key.	60203F#101F2	
6. Insert terminator	Press the "D" key for at least 2 seconds.	60203F#701F2F	

#### **Using a Programmed Macro Key**

\*\*\*\*DISARMED\*\*\*
READY TO ARM

 Press the Macro key programmed for the desired series of commands for at least 2 seconds. The "Enter User Code" prompt appears. The prompt remains displayed for up to 30 seconds.

ENTER USER CODE

 Enter your 4-digit seemity code.
 The programmed macro sequence begins automatically after the user code is entered

## **Using Device Commands**

#### **About Device Commands**

Your system may be set up so that it can control certain lights or other devices.

- Some devices may be automatically turned on or off by the system.
- You may be able to override automatically controlled devices using the commands described below.
- Some devices can be manually turned on or off using the commands described below.
- See your installer for a list of devices that may be set up for your system. A list
  of these devices is provided at the back of this manual for you to fill out.

To Activate Devices:	Alpha Display:
☐ ☐ ☐ +  # + 7 +2-digit device number	****DISARMED:***
(Security Code)	READY TO ARM
Devices associated with that device number activate.	Fixed-Word Display: READY
To Deactivate Devices:	Thou word broplay. Hereix
+  # + 8 + 2-digit device number	
(Security Code)	•
Devices associated with that device number deactivate.	

## Paging Feature

#### **About Automatic Paging**

Your system may be set up to automatically send messages to several pagers (4 pagers for VISTA-20P Series, 2 pagers for VISTA-15P Series) as certain conditions occur in your system.

- The following eyents can be programmed by your installer to be sent to the pagers: arming and disarming, alarms, and trouble conditions, (\*) reports when arming/disarming from a keypad using a security code; auto-arming/disarming, arming with assigned button, and keyswitch arming do not send pager messages.)
- You can also program the system to send in antoniatic pager message to alert you
  in the event that someone has not arrived home (disarmed the system) within a
  defined period of time (see the Scheduling section for details on programming a
  "latch key report").
- · Your installer programs the pager phone numbers and reporting events.
- The pager message consists of a 7-digit system status code that indicates the type of condition that has occurred.
- An optional, predefined 16-digit character string can precede the 7-digit system status code: these characters can consist of a PIN no., subscriber account no., or any additional data that you may wish to have sent to the pager.
- The pager display format is as follows: Optional Hestight: 3 diant Event Code

#### AAAAAAAAAAAAA - BBB ~ CCCC ← 1-digit Partition No. + 3-digit Zone No. or User No.

A =	B =	1	C =	
Optional 16 digits for	A 3 digit code that	1	A 1 digit Partition number plus a 3-digit Zone or User	1
Account numbers	a describes the event	j	number, depending on the type of event that has	ŀ
PIN numbers, or any	that has occurred		occurred, where	
rother data	ur vom svetem		<ul> <li>alarms and troubles thisplay zone number</li> </ul>	-
programmed by the	s are for evenit	1	<ul> <li>arming disarming (opens closes) display user mutilier</li> </ul>	ı
inistaller, it required	codes table below-			-

#### The 3 their Event Codes (BBB) that can be displayed are

911 =	811 =	101 =	102 =
Aluents.	Troubles.	Open	Clone
The 4 digat number	The 4 chapt number	(system disarmed).	(system armed).
CCCC (following this	SETTE Fellowing the	The 4 iligit number	The 4-digit number
vode is the partition to-	incode in the jointhforms.	CCCC) that follows	(CCCC) that fallows
and some nor than	and some of that	this code is the	this code is the
cansed the alarm	correct the trouble	partition no milaser	purlition no. and user
		<ul> <li>no that disarmed the</li> </ul>	200 Heat named the
1		system	system

Examples of typical a digit pager displays follow.

Ex. I. [### Reporting of an alarm (914) cansed by a fault on zone 4 on Pactitina 1 (1004) Ex. I. [### Reporting of a rlosing system arming (102). By user 5 in Pactition 2 (2005).

## Paging Feature (cont'd)

#### **About Manual Paging**

Your system may be set up so you can manually send a message to up to four (VISTA 201? Series) or two (VISTA-151? Series) pagers.

- Your installer programs the paging function key and the pager phone numbers.
- Pressing the paging keys sends the message 999-9999 to the selected pager
- This message could mean "call home", "call your office", or any other prearranged meaning.
- See the Paging chart at the back of this manual for details of the paging setup for your system.
- Press and hold the programmed Paging Key for at least 2 seconds (wait for beep), then press the pager number (1-4)\* representing the pager intended to receive the message.
- 2. The recipient, on seeing the 999-9999 message, will understand the prearranged meaning of this signal.
- <sup>3</sup> If no number is pressed, the message is sent to pager 1. Pagers 1-4 for VISTA-20P Series; 1/2 for VISTA-15P Series.

#### Alpha Display:

\*\*\*\*DISARMED

Fixed-Word Display: READY

999-9999 Pager Display

#### **Latch Key Paging**

You can program a schedule that causes a pager report to be sent if the system is not DISARMED by the scheduled time (see **Scheduling** section, event "03"). For example, a working parent might want a message to be sent to a pager if their child did not arrive home from school and disarm the system by a certain time.

If programmed, the message that is sent is: 777-7777

# Security Codes & Authority Levels

#### **About Security Codes**

Your installer assigned a master code that is used to perform all system functions. In addition, other security codes can be assigned for use by other users (VISTA-20P Series provides 47 additional codes; VISTA-15P Series provides 31 additional codes).

- Only the System Master and Partition Master can assign security codes to users.
- Users are identified by 2-digit user numbers and are pre-assigned to either partition 1 or partition 2 (VISTA-201) Series).
- Only the System Master can change user partitions.
- In addition to a security code, each user is assigned various system attributes.
- Security codes can be used interchangeably within a partition when performing system functions (a system armed with one security code can be disarmed by a different security codes, with the exception of the Guest and Arm Only codes described below.
- Security code programming involves these steps:
- 1. Choose a user number from the set of users assigned to the partition in which the user will be operating, and assign a 4-digit security code.
- 2. Assign an authority level to that user.
- 3. Assign other attributes as necessary (see attributes on the next page).

NOTE: The factory settings are designed to meet most normal user situations. Therefore, the only step you usually need to do when adding users is assign a user number (from the partition's pre-assigned user numbers) and a security code.

#### **Authority Level Definitions**

Authority levels define the system functions a particular user can/cannot perform

Level	Title	Explanation
NΛ	System Master (default = 1234)	Reserved for user 02. Can perform all system functions and assign codes in both partitions; can change its own code as follows  [Master code + [8] + 02 + new master code + new master code again.]
11	Standard User	Can only perform security functions in assigned partition Cannot perform system functions reserved for the master user
1	Arm Ordy	Can only arm the system. Cannot disarm or do other functions
?	Carest	Can arm the system in assigned partitions but cannot disarm the system indess the system was armed with this code. This code is typically assigned to someone (e.g., halo sitter or cleaner) which as a need to arm disarm the system only at certain times. The user of this code should not use the "Quick Arming" feature.
п	Huyes Undi	Intended for use when you are forced to disarm or arm the system under thocat. When used, the system will act normally, but can silently notify the Central Mointering Station of your situation, if that service has been provided.
1 1	Partition Mester	(VISTA 200 Series Can dereverything a standard user can do and ean assign security codes to users in their partition

# Security Codes & Authority Levels (cont'd)

## How to Assign Security Codes and User Attributes

The following lists the various command strings for adding security codes and attributes Refer to the User Setup chart at the back of this manual for factory defaults of user attributes and to keep a record of user programming.

NOTE: Partition Master codes (VISTA-20P Series only) apply only to those user numbers

Add Security Code:	System/Partition Master code + [8] + user no. + new user's security code
(Users 03/33 are preset to partition programmers but can be changed )	User 01 = installer
<b>Delete Security Code</b>	: System/Partition Master code + [8] + [user no.] + [#] [0]
	The security code and all attributes* set for this user number, including any associated RF keys, are erased from the system.  (*except assigned partition)
Authority Level:	System/Partition Master code + [8] + [user no.] + [#] [1]+ auth. level
Factory Defaults users 04 32/34-49 = 0 users 03/33 = 4	Anthority Levels (see definitions on previous page):  0 = standard user
Access Group:	System/Partition Master Code + [8] + [user no.] + [#] [2]+ group (1-8)
Factory Detailts none	You can assign users to a group, then set an access schedule that defines the times this group of users can operate the system. The system ignores these users outside the scheduled times.
User's Partition:	System Master Code + [8] + [user no.] + [#] [3] + [0] + partition(s) + [#]
(VISTA-20P only) Factory Delanils Part 1 = users 03-32 Part 2 = users 33-49	This command assigns the partitions the user can access. If more than one, enter partition numbers sequentially, then press    #    to enc    E.g., master code +  8  +  nser   mo.  +  #  3  +  0  +  1  2  +  #  gyre   the user access to partitions   1 and 2 and the common partition   Partition Entries:   1 = partition 1 and common   2 = partition 2 and common   3 = common partition only
RF User Number:	Master/Part Prog Code + [8] + [user no.] + [#] [4]+ zone no.
factory flescolls induc-	Use this command to assign a wireless button device (keyfoh) to the user (keyfob most be enrolled in system first; see installer). Zone munber: enter the zone number assigned to a button on the keyfob that will be used for naming/disarming by this user

Pager On/Off: Factory Defaults more, 0.t. 49 1 (om Master/Part Prog Code + [8] + [user no.] + [#] [5] + 0 or 1 You can program a user so that a message is sent to a pager whenever this code is used to arm or disarm the system. Paging On Off: I = allow paging: 0 = no paging for this user

## Accessing Other Partitions (VISTA-20P)

#### **About Accessing Partitions**

#### (GOTO Command and Multi-Partition Arming)

Each keypad is assigned a default partition for display purposes, and will show only that partition's information.

- If the user is authorized, a keypad in one partition can be used to perform system functions in the other partition by using the **GOTO** command. Refer to the GOTO section.
- If the user is authorized, that user can arm other partitions. Refer to the Multi-Partition Arming section.

The following table shows the relationship of the keypads in each partition when system is armed and disarmed.

	PARTITION 1		PARTITION 2		COMMON ZONE (LOBBY, etc.)	
	Arming State	Keypad Status	Arming State	Keypad Status	Arming State	Keypad Status
Condition 1 □	Disarmed	Partition 1 Only	Disarmed	Partition 2 Only	Disarmed	Common Zone Only
Condition 2 ⇒	Disarmed	Partition 1 and Common Zone	Armed	Partition 2 Only	Disarmed	Common Zone Only
Condition 3 ⇒	Armed	Partition 1 Only	Disarmed	Partition 2 and Common Zone	Disarmed	Common Zone Only
Condition 4 □	Armed	Partition 1 Only	Armed	Partition 2 Only	Armed	Common Zone Only

When both partitions are disarmed, the keypad in each partition displays zone status for its partition only. The common zone keypad shows the status in that zone only. See Condition 1 above.

When partition 1 is disarmed and partition 2 is armed, the keypad in partition 1 shows the status of partition 1 and the common zone. Partition 2 will display the status of partition 2 only. See Condition 2 above.

When partition 1 is armed and partition 2 is disarmed, the keypad in partition 1 shows the status of partition 1 **only**. Partition 2 will display the status of partition 2 **and** the common zone. See Condition 3 above.

As long as any one of the two partitions is disarmed, the common zone will always be disarmed. The common zone will be armed only when both partition 1 and 2 are armed. See Condition 4 above.

## Accessing Other Partitions (cont'd)

#### Using the GoTo Command (VISTA-20P)

If the user is authorized, a keypad in one partition can be used to perform system functions in the other partition by using the  ${\bf GOTO}$  command.

- · You must use an Alpha keypad to access another partition.
- Keypads automatically return to their original partition after 30 seconds with no keypad activity.

1.			$\Box$		+	*	+	partition	number	(0,1,	2,3
----	--	--	--------	--	---	---	---	-----------	--------	-------	-----

(Security Code; only applies if user has access to other partitions) 0 = return to keypad's original partition.

1 = partition 1; 2 = partition 2; 3 = common zone The keypad beeps to confirm the partition change.

 The keypad remains in the new partition until directed to go to another partition, or until it automatically returns to the original partition.
 The active partition number is displayed in the upper left portion of screen, if the option is selected.

#### Alpha Display:

1 DISARMED READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: Green LED lit

#### Alpha Display:

2 DISARMED READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: Green LED III

#### Multi-Partition Arming (VISTA-20P)

Some users can be given Multi-Partition arming ability by being assigned to both partitions when programming user attributes. When attempting to arm multi-partitions:

- You must use an Alpha keypad.
- The system arms only if all partitions are "ready to arm."
- If any partition is "not ready," the system does not arm at all.
- You can use the GOTO command to bypass open zones before arming
- If any partition is already armed when global arming is attempted, that partition remains in its existing armed state.

	[0] + arm command (see list l	elow)
(Security Code	f .	

#### Multi-Partition Arming Commands

- 2 = arms all partitions AWAY
- 3 = arms all partitions STAY
- 33 = arms all partitions NIGHT-STAY
- 4 = arms all partitions MAXIMUM
- 7 = arms all partitions INSTANT
- 1 = disarms all partitions

#### Alpha Display:

1 DISARMED READY TO ARM

Fixed-Word Display: Green LLD to

## Accessing Other Partitions (cont'd)

#### Common Zone Operation (VISTA-20P)

Ask your installer if a "common zone" was assigned. If so, check this box

Your system may have been set up to use a common zone, which is an area shared by users of both partitions, such as a foyer or lobby. If so, please note the following:

- The common zone will sound and report alarms only when **both** partitions are armed. If only one partition is armed, the system ignores faults on the common zone.
- Either partition may arm its system if the common zone is faulted, but once armed, the other partition will not be able to arm unless the common zone is first bypassed or the fault is corrected.
- Faults on the common zone are displayed on common partition keypads, and will also appear on another partition's keypad when the alternate partition is armed.
- Either partition can clear and restore the common zone after an alarm.
- Entry/exit time for the common zone is the same as for partition 1.

## Scheduling

Alpha Displays:

00=0UIT

1 DISARMED

READY TO ARM

ENTER EVENT

CLEAR EVENT

ENTER SCHED NO

00

#### **About Scheduling**

The system provides end-user schedules (programmable by master/installer only), which can control various types of events.

- Each schedule causes a defined event to start and stop (when appropriate) at a specified time.
- Schedules can be set to automatically repeat at various intervals.
- · Schedules can be set for random starting, if desired.
- VISTA-20P Series provides up to 16 user schedules.
- VISTA-15P Series provides up to 4 user schedules.

#### **Creating Schedules**

1. (Master Code) + |#|+[6][4]

 Enter a 2-digit schedule number from: 01-16 (VISTA-20P Series) or 01-04 (VISTA-15P Series) Press |\*| to continue.

3. Enter the desired 2-digit event number from the list: 00 = clear the scheduled event 01 = turn a programmed output on or off

tsee Using Device Commands section for a list of output device numbers used in your system:

02 = set a user access schedule for one or more users
tsee **Security Codes** section for an explanation of access groups:

03 = send a "latch-key" report to a pager if the system is not disarmed by a specified time; message sent is "777-7777."

04 = automatically arm the system in STAY mode at a specified time

05 = automatically arm the system in AWAY mode at a specified time

06 = automatically disarm the system at a specified time

07 = Display the word "REMINDER" at a specified time (if selected, the keypodheeps every 30 seconds beginning when the word "REMINDER" is first displayed, and the display alternates with the normal keypad display about every 4-5 seconds. To stop the beeps and cancel the display once it start press any key).

Press | | to continue.

4. For event number "01," enter the output number associated with this schedule.

Otherwise, this prompt is skipped.

Press [ : ] to continue to the "Start" prompt shown on the next page RELAY NUMBER

00

## Scheduling (cont'd)

5. For event number "02," enter the access group number. Otherwise, this prompt is skipped. Press [\*] to continue to the "Start" prompt below.

6. For event numbers "03-07," enter the partition number to be armed or disarmed.

0 = arm all; 1 = partition 1; 2 = partition 2; 3 = arm common

Otherwise, this prompt is skipped.

Press [\*] to continue to the "Start" prompt.

7. Enter the event's start time and days of week. Hour = 00-12; minute = 00-59

AM = 0; PM = 1

Days = Position the cursor under the desired days using the [\*] key to move forward, then press "1" to select the day.

Press [\*] to continue.

8. If applicable, enter the event's stop time and days of week (applies only to event numbers 01, 02, and 03).

Refer to step 7 for available entries.

Press [\*] to continue.

9. Enter the desired repeat option.

0 = no repeat

1 = repeat schedule weekly

2 = repeat schedule biweekly (every other week)

3 = repeat schedule every third week

4 = repeat schedule every fourth week

e.g., To make a schedule that happens everyday you would select all days with a repeat count of 1. To make a schedule that runs for one week then stops, select everyday with a repeat count of 0.

 For event number 01 (output on/off), select the randomize option, if desired.

0 = no; 1 = yes

If selected, the schedule times will vary within 60 minutes of the "hour" time. For example, if n schedule is set to start at 6:15pm, it will do so the first time 6:15pm arrives, but on subsequent days it will start anytime between 6:00 and 6:59 p.m. Press |\*| to continue.

GROUP NUMBER X

PARTITION

START SMTWTFS
HH:MMAM 1000000

STOP SMTWTFS HH:MMAM 1000000

REPEAT OPTION
0-4

RANDOMIZE 0/NO 1/9ES X

## **Event Logging Procedures**

#### **About Event Logging**

The system records various events in a history log, which can be viewed by the master user on an Alpha Display keypad.

- The Event Log holds up to 100 (VISTA-20P Series) or 50 (VISTA-15P Series) events.
- Events are displayed in chronological order, from most recent to oldest.
- When the log is full, the oldest event is replaced by the logging of any new event.

#### Viewing the Event Log

1. Master Code: + |#| + |6| + |0|

Alpha Displays:

\*\*\*\*DISARMED\*\*\*\*

READY TO ARM

001 E441 U001 P1

- 2. The system displays the most recent event as follows:
  - event number
  - type of event, identified by its corresponding code (refer to the code table that follows)
  - zone or user number (depending on type of event)
  - partition in which event occurred
  - time and date of the event's occurrence.
- Pressing |\*| displays previous events (back in time).
   Pressing [#| displays events forward in time.
- Exit the event log by pressing any key other than |\*| or |#|.

## e 12:34AM 01/02/00

#### **Understanding the Type of Event Displayed**

If the event code is preceded by an E (as in the above display), it means that the event is new and ongoing; if preceded by an R, it means the event has been restored

Code	Definition
t 10	Fire Alarm
121	Duress
122	Alarm, 24-hour Silent
123	Alarm, 24-hour Audible

Code	Definition
131	Alarm, Perimeter
132	Alarm, Interior
134	Alarm, Entry/Exit
135	Alarm, Day/Night

## Event Logging Procedures (cont'd)

Code	Definition
143	Alarm, Expansion Module
145	ECP Module cover tamper
146	Silent Burglary
150	Alarm, 24-Hour Auxiliary/Monitor zone
162	Carbon Monoxide
301	AC Power
302	Low System Battery/Battery Test Fail
305	System Reset (Log only)
321	Bell/Siren Trouble
333	Trouble, Expansion Mod. Supervision
341	Trouble, ECP Cover Tamper
344	RF Receiver Jam
351	Telco Line Fault
353	Long Range Radio Trouble
373	Fire Loop Trouble
374	Exit Error Alarm
380	Global Trouble, Trouble Day/Night
381	RF Supervision Trouble
382	Supervision Auxiliary Wire Zone
383	RF Sensor Tamper
384	RF Sensor Low-battery
393	Clean Me

Code	Definition
401	Disarmed, Armed AWAY, Armed STAY
403	Schedule Arm/Disarm AWAY
406	Cancel by User
407	Remote Arm/Disarm (Downloading)
408	Quick Arm AWAY
409	Keyswitch Arm/Disarm AWAY
441	Disarmed/Armed STAY/INSTANT. Quick-Arm STAY/INSTANT
442	Keyswitch Arm/Disarm STAY
459	Recent Closing
570	Bypass
601	Manually Triggered Dialer Test
602	Periodic Test
606	AAV to Follow
607	Walk Test Entered/Exited
623	Event Log 80% Full
<b>6</b> 25	Real-Time Clock was Changed (log only)
627	Program Mode Entry (log only)
628	Program Mode Exit (log only)
642	Latch Key (log only)
750 -789	Reserved for Configurable Zone Type report codes (check with central station when using these codes)

NOTE: Ask your installer to explain the meaning of any code you do not understand.

## Testing the System

#### **About Testing the System**

Using the Test mode allows each protection point to be checked for proper operation.

Testing should be conducted weekly to ensure proper operation.

- The keypad sounds a single beep about every 30 seconds as a reminder that the system is in the Test mode.
- Alarm messages are not sent to your Central Station while Test mode is on.
   Disarm the system and close all protected windows.

  Alpha Displays:

doors, etc. The READY indicator light should come on if all zones are intact (i.e., all protected windows, doors, etc. are closed.	****DISARMED**** READY TO ARM
2.	1 = DIAL, 0 = WALK

(Master Code) + [5] TEST then [0] (walk)

The Dial test (option "1") is intended for the installer and should not be used unless directed to do so by your Security System Representative.

3. Listen. The external sounder should sound for about 1 second then turn off. If the sounder does not sound, CALL FOR SERVICE. The "Test in Progress" display appears only on the keypad that started the test.

TEST IN PROGRESS

- 4. Fault zones. Open each protected door and window in turn and listen for three beeps from the keypad. Identification (zone number or zone description) of each faulted protection point should appear on the display. The display clears when the door or window is closed.
- 5. Walk in front of any interior motion detectors (if used) and listen for three beeps. The identification of the detector should appear on the display when it is activated. The display clears when no motion is detected. Note that if wireless motion detector are used, there is a 3-minute delay between activations. This conserves battery life.
- 6. Test all smake detectors, following the manufacturer's instructions. The identification of each detector should appear on the display when each is activated If a problem is experienced with any protection point (no confirming sounds, no display), call for service immediately.

When all protection points have been checked and are intact (closed), there should be no zone identification numbers displayed on the keypad.

7. Exit test mode:	+ 1 o
	(Security Code)

If the test mode is inadvertently left active, it automatically turns off after 4 hours. During the final five minutes, the keypad will emit n double been every 30 seconds

## **Trouble Conditions**

"Battery" Displays

"Check" and The word CHECK on the keypad's display, accompanied by a "beeping" at the keypad, indicates a trouble condition in the system.

To silence the beeping for these conditions, press any key.

1. A display of "CHECK" and one or more zone numbers indicates that a problem exists with the displayed zone(s) and requires your attention. Determine if the zone(s) displayed are intact and make them so if they are not. If the problem has been corrected, the display can be cleared if you enter the OFF sequence (security code plus OFF key) twice. If the display persists, CALL FOR SERVICE.

Note: A display of CHECK 70 on Alpha Display keypads indicates that the wiring connection to the external sounder is at fault (opened or shorted), and you should CALL FOR SERVICE. See "BELL FAILURE" on next page. A display of CHECK 90 indicates that RF interference may be impeding the operation of wireless sensors\* in the system. See "Revr Jam" on next page.

- 2. If there are wireless sensors\* in your system, the CHECK candition may also be caused by some change in the environment that prevents the wireless receiver from receiving messages from a particular sensor. CALL FOR SERVICE if this
  - \* Not all systems use wireless sensors.

IF YOU CANNOT CORRECT A "CHECK" DISPLAY, CALL FOR SERVICE.

TYPICAL "CHECK" DISPLAYS



FIXED-WORD DISPLAY KEYPAD

CHECK 06 BEDROOM WINDOW

ALPHA DISPLAY KEYPAD

## Trouble Conditions (cont'd)

Words or letters in parentheses ( ) are those that are displayed on Fixed-Word Display keypads.

#### Other Trouble Displays

Any "beeping" that accompanies a trouble display can be stopped by depressing any key on the keypad or by entering an OFF sequence (code + OFF)

\*\* Not all systems use wireless sensors.

COMM. FAILURE (or FC)	Indicates that a failure has occurred in the telephone communication portion of your system. CALL FOR SERVICE
SYSTEM LO BAT (or BAT with no zone No.)	Indicates that a low system battery condition exists. Display is accompanied by "beeping"* at the keypad. If this condition persists for

CALL FOR SERVICE.

### LO BAT + zone descriptor (or BAT with zane No.:

condition in the wireless transmitter\*\* number displayed (00 is RF keypad). Accompanied by a single "beep"\* (about once every 30 seconds) at the keypad Either replace the battery yourself, or CALL FOR SERVICE. If the battery is not replaced within 30 days, a CHECK display may occur.

Wireless part of the system is experiencing

more than one day (with AC present),

Indicates that there is a low battery

### ALARM 1xx FAULT 1xx CHECK 1xx

(or 91)

(or CHECK 90)

Revr Jam

Indicates a communication problem between the control and a connected device (e.g., RF receiver, zone expander where the "xx" indicates the device address. CALL FOR SERVICE Indicates that the control is on-line with

RF interference which may impede

reception from wireless sensors.\*\*

### MODEM COMM (or CC)

the Central Monitoring Station's remote computer The control will not report system activity while on-line. Wait a few minutes -- the display should disappear.

#### BELL FAILURE (or CHECK 70)

Indicates that the wiring connection to the external sounder is at fault (open or shorted). Accompanied by "beeping" nt the keypad. CALL FOR SERVICE.

## Trouble Conditions (cont'd)

Other Trouble Displays

(Continued)

AC LOSS (or NO AC)	The system is operating on battery power only due to an AC power failure. If only some lights are out on the premises, check circuit breakers and fuses and reset or replace as necessary. If AC power cannot be restored and a "low system battery" message appears tsee previous page), CALL FOR SERVICE.
Busy-Standby (or dI)	If this message remains displayed for more than 1 minute, system is disabled. CALL FOR SERVICE.
OPEN CIRCUIT (or OC)	The keypad is not receiving signals from the control. CALL FOR SERVICE.
Long Rng Trbl (or bF)	If part of your system, back-up Long Range Radio communication has failed. CALL FOR SERVICE.
TELCO FAULT (or CHECK 94)	The telephone line has a problem. CALL FOR SERVICE.

Total Power Failure If there is no keypad display at all, and the READY indicator is not lit, operating power (from AC and back-up battery) for the system has been interrupted and the system is inoperative. CALL FOR SERVICE.

#### In The Event Of Telephone Operational Problems

In the event of telephone operational problems, disconnect the control from the phone line by removing the plug from the phone wall jack. We recommend that your installer demonstrate this disconnection on installation of the system. Do not attempt to disconnect the phone connection inside the control. Doing so will result in the loss of your phone lines. If the regular phones work correctly after the control has been disconnected from the phone wall jack, the control has a problem and you should immediately call for service. If upon disconnection of the control, there is still a problem on the phone line, notify the Telephone Company that they have a problem and request prompt phone repair service. The user may not under my circumstances attempt any service or repairs to the security system. Repairs must be made only by anthorized service (see the LIMITED WARRANTY statement for information on how to obtain services

## Maintaining Your System

#### Taking Care of Your System

The components of your security system are designed to be as maintenance-free as possible. However, to make sure that your system is in reliable working condition, do the following: 1. Test your system weekly.

2. Test your system after any alarm occurs.

#### Silencing Low **Battery Warning** Tones at the Keypad

You can silence the keypad's warning tones by pressing the OFF key, but the keypad's low battery message display will remain on as a reminder that you have a low battery condition in one or more of your wireless sensors. When you replace the weak battery with a fresh one the sensor sends a "good battery" signal to the control as soon as the sensor is activated (opening/closing of door, window, etc.), causing the low battery display to turn off. If the sensor is not activated, the display will automatically clear within approximately 1 hour.

#### Replacing Batteries in Wireless Sensors

Wireless sensors may not have been used in your security system

#### IMPORTANT:

Use only batteries recommended by your installer as replacement

Each wireless sensor in your system has a 9-volt or 3-volt battery The system detects a low battery in wireless sensors, including smoke detectors, the personal emergency transmitter, and the portable wireless keypad and displays a low battery message\*. (A low battery in a portable wireless keypad is detected as soon as one of its keys is pressed, and displayed as **00**.). Battery-operated smoke detectors with a low battery also emit a single "chirp" sound approximately once every 20-30 seconds.

Alkaline batteries provide a minimum of 1 year of operation, and in most units and applications, provide 2-4 years of service. 3-volt lithium batteries provide up to 4 or more years of operation. Actual battery life will depend on the environment in which the sensor is used, the number of signals that the transmitter in the sensor has had to send, and the specific type of sensor. Factors such as humidity, high or low temperatures or large swings in temperature, may all lead to the reduction of actual battery life in an installation.

\* The low battery message comes on as a warning that battery replacement in indicated sensor(s) is due within 30 days. In the meantime, a sensor causing a low battery indication is still fully operational.

- **Routine Care** Treat the components of your security system as you would and other electrical equipment. Do not slam sensor-protected doors or
  - . Keep dust from accumulating on the keypad and all protective sensors, particularly on motion sensors and smoke detectors
  - The keypad and sensors should be cleaned carefully with a dry soft cloth. Do not spray water or any other fluid on the units.

## Fire Alarm System

#### THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO RESIDENTIAL SYSTEMS

General Your fire alarm system (if installed) is on 24 hours a day, for continuous protection. In the event of an emergency, the strategically located smoke and heat detectors will sound their alarms and automatically send signals to your system, triggering a loud, interrupted pulsed sound\* from the Keypad(s) and any external sounders. A FIRE message will appear at your Keypad and remain on until you silence the alarm (see below for silencing fire alarms).

\*Temporal pulse sounding is produced for Fire alarms, as follows:

3 pulses-pause-3 pulses-pause-3 pulses-pause..., repeated.

#### TYPICAL FIRE EMERGENCY DISPLAYS

FIRE 01 MASTER BEDROOM

ALPHA DISPLAY KEYPAD

ALARM FIRE

01

FIXED-WORD DISPLAY KEYPAD

AC

#### Silencina Fire Alarms and **Clearing Memory** of Alarm

- You can silence the alarm at any time by pressing the OFF key (the security code is not needed to silence fire alarms). To clear the display, enter your code and press the OFF key again (to clear Memory of Alarm).
- 2. If the Keypad's FIRE display does not clear after the second OFF sequence, smoke detectors may still be responding to smoke or heat producing objects in their vicinity. Investigate, and should this be the case, eliminate the source of heat or smoke.
- 3. If this does not remedy the problem, there may still be smoke in the detector. Clear it by fanning the detector for about 30 seconds. When the problem has been corrected, clear the display by entering your code and pressing the OFF key.

Smoke Detector Depending on the type of smoke detectors in your system, it may be **Reset** necessary to "reset" the smoke detectors after a fire alarm has been turned off. Check with your installer. This "reset" is accomplished at a keypad, as follows:

> Enter security code (except "arm only" user), then press the [1] key. NOTE: During smoke detector reset, "FAULT xx" appears (about six seconds) and should disappear if the detector is clear.

## Fire Alarm System (cont'd)

#### THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO RESIDENTIAL SYSTEMS

#### Manually 1. Initiating a Fire Alarm

- Should you become aware of a fire emergency before your smoke or heat detectors sense the problem, go to your nearest keypad and manually initiate an alarm by pressing the panic key assigned for FIRE emergency for 2 seconds (see below). If a key pair has been assigned for fire, press both keys at the same time. See the Using the Panic Keys section below for further details.
- 2. Evacuate all occupants from the premises.
- 3. If flames and/or smoke are present, leave the premises and notify your local Fire Department immediately.
- 4. If no flames or smoke are apparent, investigate the cause of the alarm. The zone number(s) of the zone(s) in an alarm condition will be displayed at the keypad.

#### Panic Key(s) Assigned for FIRE **Emergency**

Using the A key or key pair may have been assigned for manually initiating n FIRE alarm. See the *Panic Keys* section for key assignments. For convenience, indicate the key or key pair assigned for fire below

Individual Ke	y	
---------------	---	--

nauai Keys	
в с	
Press	the individual key assigned for fire for 2 second
Pairs	
1 OF I and * REAL	= tress nour keys or the
* HEADY and #	key pair assigned for fire at the same time
3 stay and #	(zone 96)
	Pairs  1 OF and * REAL  * READY and #

#### DISPLAYS FOLLOWING MANUAL INITIATION OF A FIRE ALARM

FIRE	95

ALPHA DISPLAY KEYPAD

FIXED-WORD KEYPAD

## Fire Alarm System (cont'd)

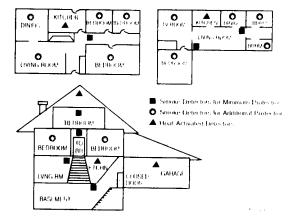
### THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO RESIDENTIAL SYSTEMS

## National Fire Protection Association Recommendations on Smoke Detectors

With regard to the number and placement of smoke/heat detectors, we subscribe to the recommendations contained in the National Fire Protection Association's National Fire Alarm Code (NFPA 72) noted below.

Early warning fire detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: A smoke detector installed outside of each separate sleeping area, in the immediate vicinity of the bedrooms and on each additional story of the family living unit, including basements and excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics.

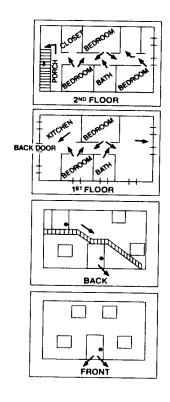
In addition, the NFPA recommends that you install heat or smoke detectors in the living room, dining room, bedroom(s), kitchen, hallway(s), attic, furnace room, utility and storage rooms, basements and attached garages.



## Fire Alarm System (cont'd)

### THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO RESIDENTIAL SYSTEMS

## Emergency Evacuation



Establish and regularly practice a plan of escape in the event of fire. The following steps are recommended by the National Fire Protection Association:

- Position your detector or your interior and/or exterior sounders so that they can be heard by all occupants.
- 2. Determine two means of escape from each room. One path of escape should lead to the door that permits normal exit from the building. The other may be a window, should your path be impassable. Station an escape ladder at such windows if there is a long drop to the ground.
- Sketch a floor plan of the building. Show windows, doors, stairs and rooftops that can be used to escape. Indicate escape routes for each room. Keep these routes free from obstruction and post copies of the escape routes in every room.
- Assure that all bedroom doors are shut while you are asleep. This will prevent deadly smoke from entering while you escape.
- 5. Try the door. If the door is hot, check your alternate escape route. If the door is cool, open it cautiously. Be prepared to slam the door if smoke or heat rushes in.
- 6. When smoke is present, crawl on the ground. Do not walk upright, since smoke rises and may overcome you. Clearer air is near the floor.
- 7. Escape quickly; don't panic.
- 8. Establish a common meeting place outdoors, away from your house, where everyone can meet and then take steps to contact the authorities and account for those missing. Choose someone to assure that nobody returns to the house many die going back.

## Quick Guide to Basic System Functions

UNCTION	PROCEDURE	COMMENTS
Check Zones	Press READY key.	View faulted zones when system not ready.
Arm System	Enter code. Press arming key desired: (AWAY, STAY, NIGHT-STAY, MAXIMUM, INSTANT)	Arms system in mode selected.
Quick Arm if programmed)	Press #. Press arming key desired: (AWAY, STAY, MAXIMUM, INSTANT)	Arms system in mode selected, quickly and without use of a code.
Bypass Zone(s)	Enter code, Press BYPASS [6] key. Enter zone number(s) to be hypassed (use 2-digit entries).	Bypassed zones are unprotected and will not cause an alarm if violated.
Quick Bypass (if programmed)	Enter code, Press BYPASS [6] key + [#].	Bypasses all faulted zones automatically.
Silence Sounders Burglary:	Enter code, Press OFF [1] key	Also disarms system. Memory of alarm remains until cleared.
Fire: "Check":	Press OFF [1] key. Press any key.	Memory of Alarm remains until cleared. Determine cause.
Disarm System	Enter code, Press OFF [1] key, (OFF need not be pressed if entry delay or an alarm is active)	Also silences sounders. Memory of alarm remains until cleared.
Clear Alarm Memory	After disarming, enter code again. Press OFF [1] key again.	Keypad beeps rapidly on entry if alarm has occorred while absent. Alarm display will remain upon disarming until cleared.
Duress (if active and connected to Central Station)	Arm or disarm "normally," but use your 4- digit Duress code to do so.	Performs desired action and sends silent alarm to Central Station.
Panic Alarms (as programmed)	Press key [A], [B], or [C] for at least 2 seconds, or key pairs 1 + *, * + #, or 3 + # respectively	See the Panic Keys section for emergency functions programmed for your system. Note: Keys "A", "B", and "C" may have been programmed for other functions.
Chime Made	To turn ON or OFF. Enter code. Press CHIME key.	The keypad will sound if doors or windows are violated while system is disacrated and chime mode is ON.
Test Mode	To turn ON: Enter code, Press TEST key, then [0]. To turn OFF: Enter code, Press OFF key	Tests alarm sounder and allows sensors to be tested
Phone Access if applicable	Consult Phone Access User's Guide that accompanies the Phone Module	Permits system access remotely, via Touch-tone phone

## Summary of Audible/Visual Notifications

### Fixed-Word Display Keypads

SOUND	CAUSE	DISPLAY
LOUD, INTERRUPTED* Keypad & Ext.	FIRE ALARM	FIRE is displayed; zone number of zone in alurm is displayed. If a fire alarm is manually activated, zone number 95 will be displayed.
LOUD, CONTINUOUS* Keypad & Ext.	BURGLARY/AUDIBLE EMERGENCY ALARM	ALARM is displayed. Zone number of zone in alarm is also displayed.
ONE SHORT BEEP (not repeated) Keypad only	a. SYSTEM DISARM b. SYSTEM ARMING ATTEMIT WITH AN OPEN ZONE. c. BYPASS VERIFY	<ul> <li>n. READY indicator light comes on.</li> <li>b. Number of the open protection zone displayed.</li> <li>c. Zone numbers of the bypassed protection zones are displayed (one beep is heard for each zone displayed). Subsequently.</li> <li>BYPASS is displayed.</li> </ul>
ONE SHORT BEEP (once every 40 secs) Keypad only	a. SYSTEM IS IN TEST MODE b. LOW BATTERY AT A TRANSMITTER c. SYSTEM WILL AUTOARM WITHIN 10 MINUTES	<ul> <li>a. Opened zone numbers will appear.</li> <li>b. BAT displayed with zone number of transmitter.</li> <li>c. No special display.</li> </ul>
TWO SHORT BEEPS Keypad only	ARM AWAY or MAXIMUM	AWAY is displayed. Red ARME1) indicator relit.
THREE SHORT BEEPS Keypad only	a. ARM STAY, NIGHT-STAY, INSTANT b. ZONE OPENED WITH SYSTEM IN CHIME MODE.	<ul> <li>a. STAY or INSTANT is displayed. Red ARMED indicator is lit.</li> <li>b. CHIME displayed, zone mumber of open protection zone will be displayed if the 1• key is pressed.</li> </ul>
RAPHD BEEPING Keypad only	a. TROUBLE h. MEMORY OF ALARM c. SYSTEM LOW BATTERY d. EXT. SOUNDER WIRING FAIL e. LAST 10 SEC of EXIT DELAY	<ul> <li>a. CHECK displayed. Zone number of troubled protection zone is displayed.</li> <li>b. FIRE or ALARM is displayed; zone number of zone in alarm is displayed.</li> <li>c. BAT displayed with no zone ID number d. CHECK 70 is displayed.</li> <li>e. No specied display.</li> </ul>
SLOW BEEPING Keypad only	a. EXIT DELAY WARNING b. ENTRY DELAY WARNING	a. AWAY is displayed. b. Exceeding the entry delay time without disprining chuses alarm.

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  If a bell is used as external sounder, fire about is  $pulsed\ rap-bace\ locy/andible\ emergency\ is\ steady\ range$ 

## Summary of A/V Notifications (cont'd)

### Alpha Display Keypads

SOUND	CAUSE	DISPLAY
LOUD, INTERRUPTED* Keypad & Ext.	FIRE ALARM.	FIRE is displayed; descriptor of zone in alarm is displayed. If a fire alarm is manually activated, zone number 95 will be displayed.
LOUD, CONTINUOUS* Keypad & Ext.	BURGLARY/AUDIBLE EMERGENCY ALARM.	ALARM is displayed. If programmed, descriptor of zone in alarm is also displayed
ONE SHORT BEEP (not repeated) Keypad only	a. SYSTEM DISARM. b. SYSTEM ARMING ATTEMPT WITH AN OFENZONE. c. BYPASS VERIFY.	<ul> <li>a. DISARMED/READY TO ARM is displayed.</li> <li>b. Number and descriptor of open protection zone is displayed.</li> <li>c. Numbers and descriptors of the bypassed zones are displayed (One beep is heard for each zone displayed). Then, the following is displayed: DISARMED BYPASS/Ready to Arm.</li> </ul>
ONE SHORT BEEP (once every 40 seconds) Keypad only TWO SHORT BEEPS	a. SYSTEM IS IN TEST MODE. b, LOW BATTERY AT A TRANSMITTER. c. SYSTEM WILL AUTOARM WITHIN 10 MINUTES ARM AWAY or MAXIMUM.	d. Opened Zone identifications will appear.      h. LO BAT displayed with description of transmitter.     c. No special display.  ARMED AWAY or MAXIMUM displayed. Red ARMED indicator lit.
Keypad only THREE SHORT BEEPS Keypad only	a. ARM STAY, NIGHT-STAY, OR INSTANT. h. ZONE OPENED WHILE SYSTEM IS DISARMED.	a. ARMED STAY or ARMED INSTANT displayed. Red ARMED indicator lit. b. CHIME displayed, descriptor of open protection zone will be displayed if the  *  key is pressed.
RAPHD BEEPING Keypud anly	a. TROUBLE. b. MEMORY OF ALARM. c. SYSTEM LOW BATTERY. d. EXT. SOUNDER WIRE FAIL e. LAST 10 SEC of EXIT DELAY	a. CHECK displayed. Descriptor of troubled protection zane is displayed. b. FIRE or ALARM—is displayed; descriptor of zone in darm is displayed. c. SYSTEM LO BAT displayed. d. BELL FAILURE is displayed. e. No special display.
SLOW BEEPING Keypad only	a. EXIT DELAY WARNING of programmed). b. ENTRY DELAY WARNING.	a. ARMED AWAY or MAXIMUM is displayed along with You May Exit Now. b. DISARM SYSTEM OR ALARM WILL OCCUR is displayed. Exceeding the delay time without disarming causes an alarm.

<sup>\*</sup> If a hell is used as external sounder, fire alarm is pulsed ring; harglary/audible emergency is steady ring.

## Regulatory Statements and Warnings

WARNING: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSIONS

#### Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Part 15

This device complies with part 45 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### Industry Canada

This Class B digital apparatos complies with Canadian (CES-003.

Cet Appareil numerique de la classe B est conforme a la norme NMB-003 du Canada

#### TELEPHONE/MODEM INTERFACE

#### FCC Part 68

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rides. On the front cover of this equipment is nabled that contains the FCC registration number and Ringer Equivalence Number (REN). You must provide this information to the telephone congains when requested

This component uses the following USOC jack, RJ34X

This equipment may not be used on telephone company-provided roin service. Connection to purty lines is subject to state tariffs. This equipment is hearing-aid compatible.

#### Industry Canad

NOTICE: The Industry Counds Label identifies certified equipment. This certification merors that the equipment meets telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirement is prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements documents. The Department does not gonzantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment most also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situation.

Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment multimetions, now restrict telecommonications company to request the user to disconnect the equipment

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system of present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in roral area.

Caution: Users should not attempt to make such connection. Thenceelves but should contact appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate

#### Ringer Equivalence Number Notice:

The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on our interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the som of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed.

## Regulatory Statements (cont'd)

#### Industrie Canada

AVIS: l'étiquette d'Industrie Canada identifie le matériel homologué. Cette étiquette certifie que le matériel est conforme aux normes de protection, d'exploitation et de sécurité des réseaux de télécommunications, comme le prescrivent les documents concernant les exigences techniques relatives au matériel terminal. Le Ministère n'assure toutefois pas que le matériel fonctionnera à la satisfaction de l'utilisateur.

Avant d'installer ce matériel, l'utilisateur doit s'assurer qu'il est permis de le raccorder aux installations de l'enterprise locale de télécommunication. Le matériel doit également être installé en suivant une méthode acceptée da raccordement. L'abonné ne doit pas oublier qu'il est possible que la conformité aux conditions enoncées ci-dessus n'empêche pas la dégradation du service dans certaines situations.

Les réparations de matériel nomologue doivent être coordonnees par un représentant désigné par le fournisseur. L'entreprise de télécommunications peut demander à l'utilisateur da débrancher un appareil à la suite de réparations ou de modifications effectuées par l'utilisateur ou à cause de mauvais fonctionnement.

Pour sa propre protection, l'utilisateur doit s'assurer que tous les fils de mise à la terre de la source d'energie électrique, de lignes téléphoniques et des canalisations d'eau métalliques, s'il y en a, sont raccordés ensemble. Cette precaution est particulièrement importante dans les régions rurales.

Avertissement: L'utilisateur ne doit pas tenter de faire ces raccordements lui-même; il doit avoir racours à un service d'inspection des installations électriques, ou à un électricien, selon le cas.

AVIS: L'indice d'équivalence de la sonnerie (IES) assigné à chaque dispositif terminal indique le nombre muximul de terminaux qui penvent être raccordes a une interface. La terminaison d'une interface téléphonique pent consister en une combinaison de quelques dispositifs, à la seule condition que la somme d'indices d'équivalence de la sommerie de tous les dispositifs n'excède pas 5.

## System Features Log

Features	Comments		
Exit Delay	Part. 1:	l'en t	25
Entry Delay 1	Part. 1:	Part	2:
Entry Delay 2	Part. 1:	Part	. 2 :
NIGHT-STAY Zones	Zones:		
Quick Arm	yes	110	
Quick Bypass	yes	110	
Automatic Paging	yes	no	users:
Keyswitch Arming	Arm AWAY	steady	flash
tcircle type of LED lighting)	Arm STAY	steady	flash

Function Keys	A	В	c	D	Comments
Single-Button Arming	1				
Step Arming		•	•		
Paging (see Paging chart)					
• Time/Date Display	•	•		1	!
• Macro Key I		•			
Macro Key 2		•			
• Macro Key 3	•	,		Ţ	
• Mucro Key 4			!	•	!
• Emergency Key Personal			!	 	*. !
• Emergency Key' : Silent Alman	;	İ			* 
• Emergency Key — Andable Alterna	1	!	,		
• Emergency Key : Five	į	•			i I
Device Activation	:	•	•	!	Hevice

' Features marked with this single asterisk apply to the VISTA 20P Series only.

\*\* Emergency Keys:  $A = \{1\} \setminus \{1\}$   $B = \{1\} \setminus \{\#\}$   $C = \{3\} \setminus \{\#\}$ 

## System Features Log (cont'd)

#### **User Setup**

The following chart will help keep track of system users. Copies should be distributed to the partition<sup>†</sup> 1 and partition<sup>†</sup> 2 (if applicable) masters for their records.

To program a user attribute:

Enter system/partition\* master code + [8] + user no. + "#" command listed in column heading.

User No.	User Name	User's Part(s).† (system master only) [#] [3] + part(s) + [#]	Security Code enter new code	Auth. Level [#] [1] + level	Access Group [#] [2] + group	RF Zone Number [#] [4] + zone no.	Pager on/off [#] [5] + 0/1
01	installer	(all)		installer			(1)
02	system master	(all)		master			(1)
03	partition 1 master	(1)		(4)			(1)
04		(1)		(0)			(1)
05		(1)		(0)			(1)
06		(1)		(0)			(1)
07		(1)		(0)			(1)
80		(1)		(0)			(1)
09		(1)		(0)			(1)
10		(1)		(0)			(1)
11		(1)		(0)			(1)
12		(1)		(0)			(1)
13		(1)		(0)			(1)
14		(1)		(0)			(1)
15		(1)		(0)			(1)
16		(1)		(0)			(1)
17		(1)		(0)			(1)
18		(1)		(0)			(1)
19		(1)		(0)			(1)
20		(1)		(0)		ļ	(1)
21		(1)		(0)			(1)
22		(1)	L	(0)			(1)
<b>2</b> 3		(1)		(0)			(1)
24		(1)		(0)	ļ		(1)
25		(1)	·	(0)			(1)
26		(1)		(0)			(1)
27			I	(0)			(1)
28		(1)		(0)		<u> </u>	(1)
29		(1)	)	(0)			(1)
30		(1)		(0)			(1)
31		(1	)]	(0)		_	(1)
32		(1)		(0)			(1)

<sup>\*</sup> Partitions apply to the VISTA-20P Series only

## System Features Log (cont'd)

### User Setup (cont'd)

Enter system/partition master code + [8] + user no. + "#" command listed in column heading.

User No.*	User Name	User's Part(s). (system master only) [#][3] + part(s) + [#]	Security Code enter new code	Auth. Level [#] [1] + level	Access Group [#] [2] + group	RF Zone Number [#][4] + zone no	Pager on/off [#] [5] + 0/
33	partition 2 master	(2)		(4)			(1
34		(2)		(0)			(1
<b>3</b> 5		(2)		(0)			(1
36		(2)		(0)			(1)
37		(2)		(0)			(1)
38		(2)		(0)			(1)
39		(2)		(0)			(1)
40		(2)		(0)			(1)
41		(2)		(0)			(1)
42		(2)		(0)			(1
43		(2)		(0)			(1)
44		(2)		(0)			(1
45		(2)		(0)			(1
46		(2)		(0)			(1
47		(2)		(0)			(1)
48		(2)		(0)			(1)
49		(2)		(0)		1	[1

Authority Levels: 0 = standard user

1 = arm only 2 = guest

3 = duress

Partitions:0 = clears partition 1 and partition 2 defaults

1 = partition 1 and common 2 = partition 2 and common

3 = common partition only Paging: 0 = no paging; 1 = allow paging

4 = partition master \* Users 34-49 apply to VISTA-20P Series only; user 33 is partition 2 master for VISTA-20P Series, and the last user for VISTA-15P Series.

#### **Paging Setup**

		Automatically Reports Upon						Func Kay
Pager Phone Number\		/close	alarm/	trouble	zone	list		Į
Prefix Characters	<b>p</b> 1	p2	p1	p2	<b>p</b> 1	p2	I	I
	1			1	-	_		
	1			1 1			j	!
							-	
7	†	1	<del>                                     </del>	1 1			1	1
							1	
	†	-	+	1 1		1	1	1
								1
		Pager Phone Number\ open	Pager Phone Number\ open/close	Pager Phone Number\ open/close alarm/	Pager Phone Number\ open/close alarm/trouble	Pager Phone Number\ open/close alarm/trouble zone		Pager Phone Number\ open/close   alarm/trouble   zone list

<sup>\*\*</sup> Pagers 3 and 4 and partitions apply to VISTA-20P Series only

## System Features Log (cont'd)

No.	Event (see list below)		Group No. for "02" events	Partition for "04-06" events enter 1, 2, or 3	Start Time/ Day	Stop Time/ Day	Repeat (1-4)	Random (yes/no)
01					na na aniin na anii			
02								
03								
04								
05								
06								
07								
80								
09					·			•
10								
11								<b>*</b>
12								
13						*		·
14		•						
15								
16								
Eventa Repeal (	00 - ctear eve 01 - device or 02 - aser acce options 0 - noon	rott (	03 - laich key rep 04 - forced STAY 05 - forced AWA' 1 - repeat every c	iort On Saru 07 Yanni ahhiri week 3 Tepes		rerainiter" utweek 4 - ra	opeal every fou	rib week
		VISTA 20P Series e		es can uno nse seu	comment (			

Device	Description	Schedule No.	Function Key
01			
02			
(13			
04			
0!-			
00			
07			
08			
09			
10			
11			
1.1			
13			
14			
15			
16			
1/		II	
18			

CARSTA 200 Series care in a describe 01. 10 APSTA 15P Series can moly metaborics 01.08 (both can use trigger describe 17.18).

OWNER'S INSURANCE	CE PREMIUM CRI	EDIT REQUEST
This form should be completed and fo premium credit.	orwarded to your homeowner's	insurance carrier for possible
A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Insured's Name and Address:		
Insurance Company:		
VISTA-20P / VISTA-15P Oth	ier	
Type of Alarm: Burglary	Fire	Both
Installed by: Name	Serviced by:	Name
Address		Address
B. NOTIFIES (Insert B = Burglary, F Local Sounding Device		Fire Dept.
Address:		
C. POWERED BY: A.C. With Recharge	eable Power Supply	
D. TESTING: Quarterly 1	Monthly Weekly	ि] Uthlier
	confinaed or ather sub-	

OWNER'S	NSURANCE P	REMIUM CRE	DIT REQUEST
	(c	ont.)	
E. SMOKE DETECTO	OR LOCATIONS		
Furnace Room	Kitchen	Bedrooms	Attic
Basement	Living Room	Dining Room	Hall
F. BURGLARY DETE	CTING DEVICE LOCA	TIONS:	
Front Door	Basement Door	Rear Door	All Exterior Doors
1" Floor Windows	All windows	Interior locatio	ns
All Associable On	enings, Including Skylight	e Air Conditioners and	Vents
			an Alakan tana saga-
4-14-1-1-1			
		D	
Signature:			ite:

## – Notes –

- Notes -

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### LIMITATIONS OF THIS SYSTEM

#### WARNING! THE LIMITATIONS OF THIS ALARM SYSTEM

While this system is an advanced design security system, it does not offer guaranteed protection against burglary or other emergency. Any alarm system, whether commercial or residential, is subject to compromise or failure to warm for a variety of reasons. For example:

- Intruders may gain across through unprotected openings or have the technical sophistication to hypass an alarm sensor or disconnect an alarm warning device.
- Intrusion detectors (e.g. passive infrared detectors), smoke detectors, and many other sensing devices will not work
  without power. Battery operated devices will not work without batteries, with dead batteries, or if the batteries are not
  put in properly. Devices powered solely by AU will not work if their AU power supply is cut off for any reason, however
  hiriefly.
- Signils sent by wireless transuntters may be blocked according to the signal path has been recently checked diving a weekly test, blockage can occur if a metal object is moved into the path.
- A user may not be able to reach a pame or emergency button quickly enough.
- While smake detectors have played a key role in reducing residential fire deaths in the United States, they may no activate or provide early warring for a variety of reasons in as many in 35% of all fires according to data probleshed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency Some of the reasons smake detectors used in conjunction with this System may not work are as follows. Smoke detectors may have been improperly installed and positioned. Smoke detectors may not sense in chimneys, in walls, or roots or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors also may not sense a fire on mother level of a residence or hidding. A second floor detector, for example, may not sense a fire on mother level of a residence or hidding. A second floor detector, for example, may not sense a first floor or basement fire. Moreover, smoke detector have sensing limitations. No smoke detector can sense every kind of fire every time. In general, detectors may not always warm about fires caused by craclessness and safety hazards like smoke for it led, violent explosions, escuping as, improper storage of Hammable materials, overloaded electrical circuits, children playing with matches, or absorbed ending upon the nature of the fire and or the locations of the smoke detectors, the detector, even if it operate a outcomed, may not provide sufficient warring to allow all occupants to escape in unit to previde architector intervilled and companies to escape in much prevention for death.
- Passive Infrared Motion Detectors can only detect intrusion within the designed ranges as diagrammed to the e-installation annual Passive Infrared Detectors do not provide volumetric area protection. They do create multiple beams of protection, and intrusion can only be detected in undistructed areas covered by those beams. They cannot detect motion or intrusion that take—place behind walls, ceilings, floors, closed doors, glass partitions, gla—door—or windows.

Mechanical tampeting masking pointing of spraying of mix material on the mirrors, windows of any part of the optosystem can reduce their detection ability. Passive Infrared Detectors sense changes in temperature however as 0 similarity temperature of protected area approaches the temperature range of 90. To 105 F, the detection pectors of rancherous

- Alarm warning device: such in strends, bells or horns may not alert people or wake up sleeper of the acceleration of the earlier people of wake up sleeper of the readers. To see the bedrooms, then they are less likely to waker or idert people triside the bedrooms. Even persons who are awarte one of heart the warning if the alarm is muffled from a sterior, radio, an condition or or other appliance or by page 50, 0000. Finally, alarm warning devices, bowever and, may not warn hearing imparted people or waker deep deeper.
- Telephone lines needed to transmit alarm signals from a premise, to a central monitoring station may be our server or temporarily out of service. Telephone lines are also subject to compound a to sophisticated introdo.
- Even if the system responds to the emergency as intended, however occupant, may have neutronist tree to perfect themselves from the emergency situation. In the case of a monitorest atom, vision, authorities never to a paper principle.
- This equipment, like other electrical devices, is subject to compose a tachoos. Each through the equipment is do so hist as long as 10 years, the electronic components could had at any troo.

The most common rause of an alarm system not functioning when an intense or the occur is nonlogare or extensibility than system should be tested weekly to make sine all sensor, and to account or work or, project.

Installing an alarm system may make one eligible his lower transmission to be an area of some activation of insurance. Homeowners, property owners and renter should contain to be produced by persons the major transmission by some frequency of the property.

We continue to develop new and improved protection device. The continues a term was a term over a term of a land the story ones to learn about these development.

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D-18 Control Panel



20 Just Road Fairfield, NJ 07004 Phone: (973) 808 8550 Fax: (973) 808 2923 E-mail: info@advantechcorp.com

## SITE 1 AREA NAVAL WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL RESERVE PLANT BETHPAGE, NEW YORK

## **Control Devices and Panel Drawings**

## SUBMITTAL

**October 7, 2009** 

Contractor:

Tetra Tech EC, Inc.

Bucks Town Corporate Campus 820 Towne Center Dr. Ste. 100

Langhorne, PA 19047

Integration Services

Provided by:

AdvanTech Corporation

20 Just Road

Fairfield, New Jersey 07004 Phone: (973) 808 8550 Fax: (973) 808 2923

AdvanTech Corporation Job No. - TT4164 Contractor Job No. - N62473-07-D-3211



20 Just Road Fairfield, New Jersey 07004

Tel: 973-808-8550 Fax: 973-808-2923

E-mail: info@advantechcorp.com

## **Submittal**

# 10/07/09

Project Title:

Site 1 Area Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve

Plant; Bethpage, New York

Project Customer:

U.S. Navy NAVFAC SW RAC V

Contract No.:

N62473-07-D-3211

AdvanTech Job No:

4164

Contractor:

Tetra-Tech EC, Inc.

### Relays

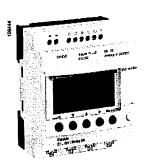
Description	Manufacturer	Part No.	Qty.
Zelio Logic Smart Relay	Schneider Electric	SR3B261FU	1
120 VAC Relay	Weidmüller	8533771001	2

Notes:

Approved by:	Date:

## Zelio Logic smart relays

### Modular smart relays



SR3 B101BD



SR2 SFT01





SR2 PACKeee

Supply \( \simeq 24 \text{ V} \) 10 6 0 4 0 Yes SR3 B101B 0 0	Number of I/O	Discrete inputs	including == 0-10 V analogue		Transistor outputs	Clock	Reference	Weight
10 6 0 4 0 Yes SR3 B101B 0  26 16 0 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261B 0  Supply ~ 100240 V  10 6 0 4 0 Yes SR3 B101FU 0  26 16 0 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261FU 0  Supply := 12 V  26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261JD (2) 0  Supply := 24 V  10 6 4 4 0 Yes SR3 B101BD 0  26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B101BD 0  27 SR3 B102BD 0  28 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261BD 0  29 SR3 B261BD 0  20 10 Yes SR3 B262BD 0  21 Yes SR3 B262BD 0  22 SR3 B262BD 0  23 SR3 B262BD 0  24 Yes SR3 B262BD 0  25 SR3 B262BD 0  26 SR3 B262BD 0  27 Selio Soft 2" software for PC  Description Application Reference We We Nindows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories  Connection accessories  Description Application Length Reference We Connecting cable Between the PC (USB connector) and the Zeilo Logic smart relay								kg
Supply ~ 100240 V  10 6 0 4 0 Yes SR3 B101FU  26 16 0 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261FU  26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261JD (2)  Supply ::: 24 V  10 6 4 4 0 Yes SR3 B101BD  26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B101BD  26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B102BD  27 Selio Soft 2" software for PC  Description Application Reference We  Programming software "Zelio Soft 2", multHanguage For PC, supplied on CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories  Connection accessories  Description Application Length Reference We  Connecting cable Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (0)  Between the PC (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay			0	4	0	Yes	SR3 B101B	0.25
10   6   0   4   0   Yes   SR3 B101FU   Colored	26	16	0	10 (1)	0	Yes	SR3 B261B	0.40
10   6   0   4   0   Yes   SR3 B101FU   Colored	Supply	√~ 100.	240 V					
Supply == 12 V				4	0	Yes	SR3 B101FU	0.25
26	26	16	0	10 (1)	0	Yes	SR3 B261FU	0.40
Supply == 24 V 10 6 4 4 0 Yes SR3 B101BD C  0 4 Yes SR3 B102BD C  26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261BD C  0 10 Yes SR3 B262BD C  "Zello Soft 2" software for PC  Description Application Reference We  Programming software "Zelio Soft 2", multi-language For PC, supplied on CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories  Connection accessories  Description Application Length Reference We  Connecting cable Between the PC (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay	Supply	/ <del></del> 12 V						
10   6   4   4   0   Yes   SR3 B101BD   C	26	16	6	10 <i>(1)</i>	0	Yes	SR3 B261JD (2)	0.40
26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B102BD 0  10 10 Yes SR3 B261BD 0  "Zelio Soft 2" software for PC Description Application Reference We Programming software "Zelio Soft 2", multi-language For PC, supplied on CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories Connection accessories Description Application Length Reference We Connecting cable Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay								
26 16 6 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261BD (1) 10 (1) 0 Yes SR3 B261BD (1) 10 Yes SR3 B262BD (1) 10	10	6	4	4	0	Yes	SR3 B101BD	0.25
"Zello Soft 2" software for PC Description Application Reference We Programming software "Zelio Soft 2", multi-Hanguage For PC, supplied on CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories Connection accessories Description Application Length Reference We Connecting cable Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay				0	4	Yes	SR3 B102BD	0.22
"Zello Soft 2" software for PC  Description Application Reference We  Programming software "Zelio Soft 2", multi-language CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories  Connection accessories  Description Application Length Reference We  Connecting cable Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay	26	16	6	10 (1)	0	Yes	SR3 B261BD	0.40
Programming software "Zeilo Soft 2", multi-language  For PC, supplied on CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories  Connection accessories  Description  Application  Length  Reference  We  Connecting cable  Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (USB connector) and the Zeilo Logic smart relay				0	10	Yes	SR3 B262BD	0.30
Programming software "Zeilo Soft 2", multi-language  CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories  Connection accessories  Description  Application  Length  Reference  We  Connecting cable  Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (USB connector) and the Zeilo Logic smart relay	"Zelic	o Soft	2" softwa	are for l	PC	127		
"Zeilo Soft 2", multi-language CD-ROM (3), c ompatible with Windows 98, NT, 2000, XP  Accessories Connection accessories Description Application Length Reference We  Connecting cable Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 (USB connector) and the Zeilo Logic smart relay	Descrip	tion		Applica	ition		Reference	Weight kg
Connection accessories  Description Application Length Reference We  Connecting cable Between the PC (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay				CD-ROI	M <i>(</i> 3),c ompa		SR2 SFT01	0.20
Description Application Length Reference We  Connecting cable Between the PC 3 m SR2 USB01 ( (USB connector) and the Zelio Logic smart relay	And the street of the State	er and a district of the second second	\$F850£1756057#3146047				- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
(USB connector) and the Zello Logic smart relay			cessories	Applica	ation	Length	Reference	Weight kg
				(USB co and the smart re	onnector) Zelio Logic elay	3 m	SR2 USB01	0.10
Other accessories: see pages 14102/22 and 14102/23						00000000000000000000000000000000000000	z dijiliyan katemi kaninin kan na ma	
Modular "discovery" packs  Number Pack contents: Reference We	<ul><li>中、自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自己的自</li></ul>	The state of the s	en entre en en en en en en en en en en en en en	" packs	5			Weigh

- Cable SR2 USB01 for connection to PC (4) Description of compact smart relay with display

(1) Including 8 outputs at maximum current of 8 A and 2 outputs at maximum current of 5 A.
 (2) Can only be used with "Zelio Soft 2" software version ≥ V 3.1.
 (3) CD-ROM comprising "Zelio Soft 2" software, an application fibrary, a self-training manual, installation instructions and a user's manual.

(4) Replaces cable SR2 CBL01 which is still available separately, as an accessory (see page

Note: The Zelio Logic smart relay end its associated extensions must have an identical voltage.

Supply ~ 100...240 V

Supply == 24 V

SR3 B101FU

SR3 8261FU

SR3 B101BD

SR3 B261BD

10

26

10 26 kg

0.700

0.850

0.700

0.850

**SR3 PACKFU** 

SR3 PACK2FU

**SR3 PACKBD** 

SR3 PACK2BD

# Zelio Logic smart relays Compact and modular smart relays

Туре	characteristics	inse erikkens	SR2A/SR2B/SR2D/SR2E/SR3B/SR3XTee1ee
rype Product certifications	ĺ		UL, CSA, GL, C-Tick, GOST
Conformity with the ow voltage directive	Conforming to 2006/95/EC		EN (IEC) 61131-2 (open equipment)
Conformity with the EMC directive	Conforming to 2004/108/EC		EN (IEC) 61131-2 (Zone B) EN (IEC) 61000-6-2, EN (IEC) 61000-6-3 (1) and EN (IEC) 61000-6-4
Degree of protection	Conforming to IEC/EN 60529		IP 20 (terminal block), IP 40 (front panel)
Overvoitage category	Conforming to IEC/EN 60664-1		3
Degree of poliution	Conforming to IEC/EN 61131-2		2
Ambient air temperature	Operation	°C	- 20+ 55 (+ 40 in non-ventilated enclosure)
around de device conforming to IEC 60028-2-1 and IEC 60068-2-2	Storage	°C	-40+70
Maximum relative humidity	Conforming to IEC/EN 60068-2-30		95% without condensation or dripping water
Maximum operating aititude	Operation	m	2000
. <del>-</del>	Transport	m	3048
Mechantcal resistance	Immunity to vibration		IEC/EN 60068-2-6, test Fc
	Immunity to mechanical shock		IEC/EN 60068-2-27, test Ea
Resistance to electrostatic discharge	immunity to electrostatic discharge		IEC/EN 61000-4-2, level 3
Resistance to HF interference (immunity)	immunity to electromagnetic radiated fields		IEC/EN 61000-4-3
	Immunity to fast translents in bursts		IEC/EN 61000-4-4, level 3
	Immunity to shock waves		IEC/EN 61000-4-5
	Radio frequency in common mode		IEC/EN 61000-4-6, level 3
	Voitage dips and breaks (∼)		IEC/EN 61000-4-11
	immunity to damped osciliation waves		IEC/EN 61000-4-12
Conducted and radiated emissions	Conforming to EN 55022/11 (Group 1)		Class B (1)
Connection capacity to screw terminals	Flexible cable with cable end	mm²	1 conductor: 0.252.5, cable: AWG 24AWG 14 2 conductors: 0.250.75, cable: AWG 24AWG 18
	Semi-solid cable	mm²	1 conductor: 0.22.5, cable: AWG 25AWG 14
	Solid cable	mm²	1 conductor: 0.22.5, cable: AWG 25AWG 14 2 conductors: 0.21.5, cable: AWG 24AWG 16
	Tightening torque	N.m	0.5 (tightened using Ø 3.5 mm screwdriver)
Processing characte	ristics		
Number of control scheme lines	With LADDER programming		120
Number of function blocks	With FBD programming		Up to 200
Cycle time	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ms	690
Response time		ms	Input acquisition time + 1 to 2 cycle times
Backup time	Day/time		10 years (lithium battery) at 25 °C
(in the event of power failure)	Program and adjustments in the Zeilo Logic smart relay and in EEPROM memory cartridge SR2 MEM0•		10 years
Program memory checking			On each power-up
Frogram memory checking			
Clock drift			12 mln/year (0 to 55 °C) 6 sec/month (at 25 °C and calibration)

<sup>(1)</sup> Except for configuration SR3 BeeeBD + SR3 MBU01BD + SR3 XT43BD or SR3 BeeeBD + SR3 NET01BD + SR3 XT43BD class A (class B: use in a metal enclosure).

(iii) Telemecanique

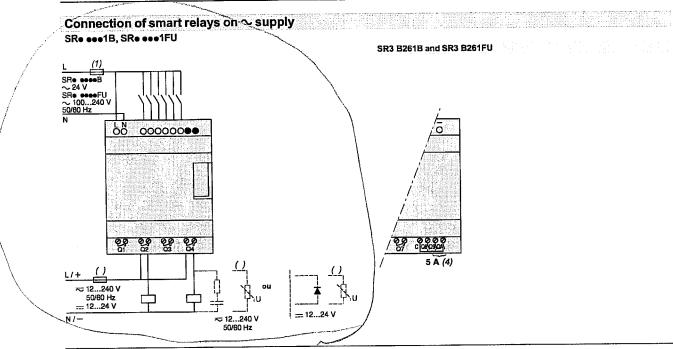
# Zelio Logic smart relays Compact and modular smart relays

Sunnly cl	naracterist	ics ~ 100	240 V prod	ucts					/
Туре					SR20001FU	SR2 •201F	u sra B	101FU /	SR3 B261FU
					SR2 •121FU	St. Literature		11.	
iominal voita	ge			V	~ 100240		<u>-</u>		
oitage limits/				٧	∼85264			1.	
lominai frequ	ency			Hz	50-60			1	
lominai input	current	Without extens	sions	mA	80/30	100/50	80/30		100/50
		With extension	าร	mA	<u> -</u>		80/40	1	80/60
ower dissipa	ited	Without exten	sions	VA	7	11	7	<u> </u>	12
		With extension		VA_	<u> -</u>		12		17
Micro-breaks		Permissible di	uration	ms	10				
ms insulation	n voltage			٧	~ 1780			1	
Language entropy of	a egas a trudo estabalente presidente.				and total series series in the Shirt	undara series series	erratitier vateroses	01.00°41/01.00°100°100°44 \	
Discrete	input chara	acteristics,	<b>~100240</b>	v pro	The second secon				
Туре	al sa ta Affilia				SRe esseFU			Mille III 认	
lominal value	e of inputs	Voltage		٧	~ 100 240				<del></del>
		Current		mA	0.6				
	A to	Frequencles		Hz	4753 and 57	.63			
nput switchir	ng limit values	At state 1	Voltage	V	≥ ~ 79				
		41.4.5	Current	mA	> 0.17				
		At state 0	Voltage	V_	≤ ~ 40			1	
			Current	mA	< 0.5			1	
nput impedai	LADDER	Pinte Ote 4 /	ENIEN H-1	KΩ	350 50				
Response time	language	State 0 to 1 (	<del></del>		50			1	
FBD	State 1 to 0 (		ms		x. (in increments	of 10\	1		
	language	State 1 to 0 (		ms		x. (in increments			
solation	9-35		ply and inputs	IIIS	None	ix. (iii iiici etileilis	01 10)		
		<del></del>	pry and inputs	!	TROTTE				4
isolauon		Batwaan inn	ite	1	None				)
		Between inpe		1	None Yes (control ins	tructions not exec	uted)		Sim year
			uts sion of terminals			tructions not exec	cuted)		San San San San San San San San San San
Protection	fout charac	Against invers	sion of terminals	V prod	Yes (control ins	tructions not exec	uted)		
Protection Relay ou	tput charac	Against invers		V prod	Yes (control ins			SR3 YT61F	:U   SR3 XT141
Protection	tput charac	Against invers	sion of terminals	V prod	Yes (control ins	sr2 •201FU	suted) SR3 B261FU	SR3 XT61F	FU SR3 XT141
Protection Relay ou	tput charac	Against invers	sion of terminals	V prod	Yes (control ins	SR2 •201FU		SR3 XT61F	U   SR3 X1141
Protection Relay ou Type		Against invers	sion of terminals		Yes (control ins	SR2 •201FU		SR3 XT61F	U SR3 XT141
Protection Relay ou Type Operating lim		Against invers	sion of terminals	V prod	Yes (control ins   UCTS   SR2 ●101FU   SR2 ●121FU   SR3 B101FU   SR3 XT101FU   	SR2 •201FU		SR3 XT61F	SR3 XT141
Protection Relay ou Type Operating lim Contact type	it values	Against invers	sion of terminals	[v	Yes (control ins LUCTS SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 530, ~24 N/O	SR2 •201FU	SR3 B261FU		
Protection Relay ou Type Operating lim Contact type	it values	Against invers	sion of terminals		Yes (control ins   UCTS   SR2 ●101FU   SR2 ●121FU   SR3 B101FU   SR3 XT101FU   	SR2 •201FU	SR3 B261FU	SR3 XT61F	A 4 outputs: 8
Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre	ilt values ent	Against inven	sion of terminals	[v	Yes (control ins IUCTS SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 	SR2 •201FU	SR3 B261FU		
Protection  Relay ou  Type  Operating lim  Contact type Thermal curre  Electrical dure 500 000 opera	ent ability for ating cycles	Against invers	sion of terminals ~ 100240	V A	Yes (control ins LUCTS SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 530, ~24 N/O	SR2 •201FU	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou  Type  Operating lim  Contact type Thermal curre  Electrical dur  500 000 opera  Conforming to	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation	sion of terminals ~ 100240	V A V	Yes (control ins IUCTS SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU ::: 530, ~ 24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A ::: 24	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre 500 000 opera Conforming to	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation	ion of terminals 100240	V A	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU: 530, ~ 24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A: 24 1.5	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre 500 000 opera Conforming to	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation	ion of terminals 100240	V A V	Yes (control ins IUCTS SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre 500 000 opera Conforming to	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation	DC-13	V A V A	Yes (control ins IUCTS: SR2 ●101FU SR2 ■121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU : 530, ~ 24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A : 24 1.5 : 24 (L/R = 10 0.6	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre 500 000 opera Conforming to	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation	DC-13	V A V A V	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU == 530, ~ 24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A == 24  1.5 == 24 (L/R = 10 0.6  ~ 230	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre 500 000 opera Conforming to	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12	A V A V A	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU: 530, ~24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A: 24 1.5: 24 (L/R = 10 0.6	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to LEC/EN 60947	ent ability for ating cycles	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation category	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15	A V A V A V A V	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU: 530, ~24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A: 24 1.5: 24 (L/R = 10 0.6	SR2 •201FU 250 8 outputs: 8 A	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to IEC/EN 60947	ent ability for ating cycles -5-1	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation category	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15	V A V A V A	Yes (control ins  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU530, ~24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A 24 1.5 24 (L/R = 10 0.6	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou  Type  Operating lim  Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dure 500 000 opera Conforming to IEC/EN 60947	ent ability for ating cycles '-5-1 tching	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation category	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15	V A V A V A	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to IEC/EN 60947	ent  ability for ating cycles  '-5-1  tching witching contact	Against inverse Against invers	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15	V A V A V A M M A	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to IEC/EN 60947	ent  ability for ating cycles  '-5-1  tching witching contact	Against inverse Against invers	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 oltage	V A V A W A MA	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~ 24  N/O  4 outputs: 8 A 24  1.5 24 (L/R = 10  0.6  ~ 230  1.5  ~ 230  0.9  10  12 V - 10 mA	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to EC/EN 60947	ent  ability for ating cycles  -5-1  tching  witching  contact  erating rate	Against inverse Against inverse Against inverse Against inverse Against inverse Against Against Against Against Inverse Agains	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 oltage	V A V A V A M M A	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A 24 1.5 24 1.5 224 (L/R = 10 0.6	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to EC/EN 60947	ent  ability for ating cycles  -5-1  tching  witching  contact  erating rate	Against inverse Against inverse Against inverse Against inverse Against inverse Against Against Against Against Inverse Agains	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 oltage	V A V A W A MA	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~ 24  N/O  4 outputs: 8 A 24  1.5 24 (L/R = 10  0.6  ~ 230  1.5  ~ 230  0.9  10  12 V - 10 mA	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to EC/EN 60947  Minimum swi capacity Low power sy reliability of co Maximum operation	ent ability for ating cycles -5-1 tching witching contact erating rate fe	Against inverse Against inverse Cteristics,  Utilisation category  At minimum v of 12 V  No-load At le (operation millions of controls ontrols of controls o	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 oltage	V A V A V A MA MA Hz	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A 24 1.5 24 1.5 224 (L/R = 10 0.6	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to EC/EN 60947  Minimum swi capacity Low power sureliability of co Maximum operation Mechanical il Rated impuls withstand vo	ent  ability for atting cycles  7-5-1  tching witching contact erating rate  ife	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation category  At minimum v of = 12 V  No-load At ie (operation millions of category)	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 collage	V A V A V A MA MA Hz	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 ●101FU SR2 ●121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to EC/EN 60947  Minimum swi capacity Low power sureliability of co Maximum operation Mechanical il Rated impuls withstand vo	ent  ability for atting cycles  7-5-1  tching witching contact erating rate  ife	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation category  At minimum v of == 12 V  No-load At le (operation millions of conforming to and IEC/EN 6 Set	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 collage	V A V A V A MA MA Hz	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~ 24  N/O  4 outputs: 8 A 24  1.5 24 (L/R = 10  0.6 230  1.5 230  1.9  10 12 V - 10 mA  10 0.1 10 4	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre S00 000 opera Conforming to Electrical dur S00 000 epera Conforming to Elec/EN 60947  Minimum swi capacity Low power sur esilability of c Maximum opi Mechanical il Rated impuis withstand vo Response tim	ent rability for atting cycles 2-5-1 tching witching contact erating rate fe	Against inverse Cteristics,  Utilisation category  At minimum v of = 12 V  No-load At le (operation in millions of cand lEC/EN 6 Set Reset	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 oltage onal current) operating cycles ol IEC/EN 60947-1	V A V A V A V A Hz Hz	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~24 N/O 4 outputs: 8 A 24 1.5 24 (L/R = 10 0.6 ~230 1.5 ~230 0.9 10 12 V - 10 mA 10 0.1 10 4	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8
Protection  Relay ou Type  Operating lim Contact type Thermal curre Electrical dur 500 000 opera Conforming to LEC/EN 60947	ent rability for atting cycles 2-5-1 tching witching contact erating rate fe	Against inverse cteristics,  Utilisation category  At minimum v of == 12 V  No-load At le (operation millions of conforming to and IEC/EN 6 Set	DC-12 DC-13 AC-12 AC-15 oltage onal current) operating cycles olEC/EN 60947-1 ol664-1	V A V A V A V A Hz Hz kV	Yes (control ins  IUCTS  SR2 •101FU SR2 •121FU SR3 B101FU SR3 XT101FU 5 30, ~ 24  N/O  4 outputs: 8 A 24  1.5 24 (L/R = 10  0.6 230  1.5 230  1.9  10 12 V - 10 mA  10 0.1 10 4	SR2 •201FU  250   8 outputs: 8 A   ms)	SR3 B261FU		A 4 outputs: 8

Presentation:	
pages 14102/2	to 14102/5

(E) Telernecanique

# Zelio Logic smart relays Compact and modular smart relays

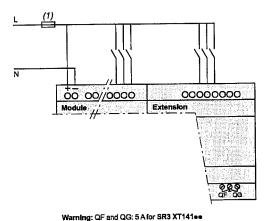


- (1) 1 A quick-blow fuse or circuit-breaker. (2) Fuse or circuit-breaker.

- (3) Inductive load. (4) Q9 and QA: 5 A (max. current in terminal C: 10 A).

#### With discrete I/O extension module

SR3 BeeeB + SR3 XTeeeB, SR3 BeeeFU + SR3 XTeeeFU



(1) 1 A quick-blow fuse or circuit-breaker.

## **SR3B261FU**

Relay, Zelio Logic 2, Supply Voltage: 120/240VAC

List Price \$486.00 USD

Availability Stock Item: This item is normally stocked in our distribution facility.

#### **Technical Characteristics**

Approvals	UL Listed - CSA Certified
Connection Type	Screw Clamp
Marketing Trade Name	Zello Logic 2
Width	124.6mm
Type	SR3
Depth	59.5mm
Height	107.6mm
Number of input/Outputs	16 Discrete Inputs - 10 Relay Outputs
Weight	0.400 Kilogram
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +55 Degrees C; (+40 in enclosure); coforming to IEC 60068-2-1 and IEC 60068-2-2
Clock	Yes
Display	Yes
Supply Voltage	120/240VAC
Module Type	Modular
Body Type	Modular

#### **Shipping and Ordering**

Category	22378 -
Discount Schedule	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
GTIN	00785901571896
Package Quantity	1
Weight	0.85 lbs.
Availability Code	Stock Item: This item is normally stocked in our distribution facility.
Returnability	Y
Country of Origin	FR
and the following of the control of the control of the	

As standards, specifications, and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this document.





## **PLUGSERIES**

#### 1 change-over contact

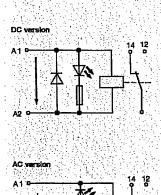
Construction kit consists of

- · Relay-socket for mounting-rail
- LED-indicator / RC-combination
- Retaining bracket
- Pluggable relay

Cross-connection of the coll connections and change-over contacts of the relay with pluggable cross-connection ZQV 2.5N







Output	
Max, switching voltage AC/Continuous current	250V/10A
Min. switching power	10V/100mA
Response time / Release time	5.8ms/6.9ms
Contact base material	AgNi 90/10
Mechanical endurance	30x10^6 switching cycles
Mex. switching frequency st rated load Rated data	0.1Hz
Status Indicator/Free wheel clods/Reverse volt. prot.	LED green/Yes/not available
Ambient temp., fitted w. distance	-25 °C+50 °C
Storage temperature	-40 "C+50 "C
Climate	40°C/93% rel. humidity without condensation
Approvals	CE, cURus
insulation coordinates (EN 50 178)	
Standards	EN 5017B
Rated voltage	250V
Impulse withstand voltage	6 kV
Creepage and clearance peth input - output	>8mm
Overvoltage category	11
Pollution severity	2
Secure separation ecc. to VDE 0106 Part 101	Yes

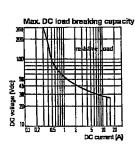
Dimensions
Clamping range frating-/min./mex.) mm
Length x width x height mm

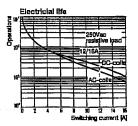
Screw cornection 2.5 / 0.5 / 2.5 92.0 / 15.3 / 95.0

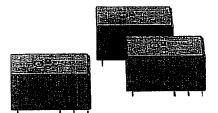
Tension clamp connection 2.5 / 0.5 / 2.5 92.0 / 15.3 / 87.0

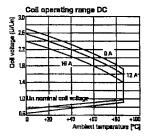
#### **Applications**

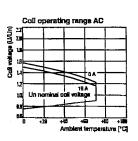












## **PLUGSERIES**

#### 1 change-over contact



rdering data	12VDC 1CO	24VDC 1CO (	115VDC 1CO	24VAC 1CO
put eted voltage ated current AC	12 Vdc +/- 20 %	24 Vdc +/- 10 %	115 Vdc +/- 10 %	24 Vac +/- 10 % 32mA
ated current DC ower rating	33mA 400mW	16mA 400mW	3.5mA 400mW	0.75VA 17V/3.6V
per/drop-out volt. AC-coll iper/drop-out volt. DC-coll ull-in cum./release cum. AC-coll ull-in cum./release cum. DC-coll	8.4V/1.2V	16.8 V / 2.4 V	76 V / 11 V	11.4/2,04
Ordering data Complete module				
crew connection Type Order No.	PRS 12Vdc LD 1CO	PRS 24Vdc LD 1CO	PRS 115Vdc LD 1CO	PRS 24Vac LD 1CO 8536530000
ension clamp connection Type Order No.	PRZ 12Vdc LD 1CO 85365/1001	PRZ 24V0C110 TCO 8530691001	PPZ 115Vdc LD 1CO 8536610000	PRZ 24Van LD 1CO 8536651001
Ordering data Spare relay, pluggable				
Type Order Na.	RCL 314012 12Vdc-Rel1U 4058470000	RCL 314024 24Vdc-Reh1U 4058480000	PGL 314110 110Vdc-Rel1U 4058500000	RCL 315524 24Vac-Rel1U
	and the second contract th	The second secon		
information				
	120VAC 1CO	230VAG 1CO		
Ordering data Input Rated voltage Rated current AC	120VAC 1CO	230VAC 1CO 230 Vac +/- 10 % 3.2mA		四半四条 老年 李正 生芳子 任之 私 张 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ordering data Input Rated voltage	120 Vac +/- 10 %	230 Vac +/- 10 %		
Ordering data Input Rated voltage Rated current AC Rated ourrent DC Power rating Oper/drop-out volt. AC-coil Oper/drop-out volt. DC-coil Pull-in our./release curr. AC-coil Ordering data	120 Vac +/- 10 % 6.6mA 0.75VA	230 Vac +/- 10 % 3.2mA 0.75VA		
Ordering data Input Rated voltage Rated current AC Rated ourrent DC Power rating Oper/drop-out volt. AC-coil Oper/drop-out volt. DC-coil Pull-in our./release curr. AC-coil Ordering data Complete module Screw connection Type	120 Vac +/- 10 % 6.6mA 0.75VA	230 Vac +/- 10 % 3.2mA 0.75VA		[四][四][[][[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][
Ordering data Input Rated voltage Rated current AC Rated ourrent DC Power rating Oper/drop-out volt. AC-coil Oper/drop-out volt. DC-coil Pull-in our./release curr. AC-coil Ordering data Complete module	120 Vac +/- 10 % 6.6mA 0.75VA 86.3V/17.3V PRS 120Vac LD 1CO	230 Vao +/- 10 % 3.2mA 0.75VA 171 V / 34 V		中华国际主席中国 中国 中国 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影 电影
Drdering data Input Rated voltage Rated current AC Rated current AC Rated current DC Power rating Oper/drop-out volt. AC-coil Oper/drop-out volt. DC-coil Pull-in curr/release curr. AC-coil Ordering data Complete module Screw connection Type Order No.  Tension clamp connection Type Order No.  Ordering data Spare relay, pluggable	120 Vac +/- 10 % 6.6mA 0.75VA 86.3V/17.3V  PRS 120Vac LD 1CO 8530641001 PRZ 120Vac LD 1CO 8530710000	230 Vac +/- 10 % 3.2mA  0.75VA 171 V / 34 V  PRS 230Vac LD 1CO  8530671001  PRZ 230Vac LD 1CO		
Drdering data Input Rated voltage Rated current AC Rated current AC Rated current DC Power rating Oper/drop-out volt. AC-coil Oper/drop-out volt. DC-coil Pull-in curr/release curr. AC-coil Pull-in curr/release curr. DC-coil  Ordering data Complete module Screw connection Type Order No.  Tension clamp connection Type Order No.  Ordering data	120 Vac -4'- 10 % 6.6mA 0.75VA 86.3V/17.3V  PRS 120Vac LD 1CO 8530641001 PRZ 120Vac LD 1CO 8530710000	230 Vao +/- 10 % 3.2mA 0.75VA 171 V / 34 V PRS 230Vac LD 1CO 8530671001		



20 Just Road Fairfield, New Jersey 07004 Tel: 973-808-8550

Fax: 973-808-2923

E-mail: info@advantechcorp.com

## <u>Submittal</u>

## **10/07/09**

Project Title:

Site 1 Area Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve

Plant; Bethpage, New York

**Project Customer:** 

U.S. Navy NAVFAC SW RAC V

Contract No.:

N62473-07-D-3211

AdvanTech Job No:

4164

Contractor:

Tetra-Tech EC, Inc.

### Enclosure

Description	Manufacturer	Part Number	Qty.
Enclosure	Saginaw	SCE-483608LP	1
Back Panel	Saginaw	SCE-48P36	1

Notes:

Approved by:	Date:	
• -		



Your Enclosure Sources

**Contact Information** 

Custom Enclosures

Installation Manual

Technical Information

Career Opportunities

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CAD Drawings

**CSE Program** 

Product Lines

# Part Information - SCE-483608LP

#### What's New? Part Details - SCE-483608LP

Part Number: SCE-483608LP Description: LP Enclosure Height: 48.00 inches Width: 36.00 inches Depth: 8.00 inches Page Number: 62 List Price: \$589.41 Panel: SCE-48P36

**Product Code: A3** Est. Shipweight: 129.00 lbs.

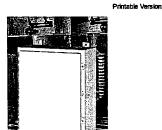
NEMA Rating: 12



- 0.075 In. carbon steel.
- Seams continuously welded and ground smooth, no holes or knockouts.
- · Door clamps are quick and easy to operate.
- Hasp and staple for padlocking.
- Oil resistant gasket.
- · Collar studs for mounting optional panels.
- · Ground stud on door.
- · Removable print pocket furnished if height and width of enclosure is 24 In. or more.
- Flange trough collar around all sides of door opening.
- Concealed Hinge
- Removable and interchangeable doors.

#### Similar Part Numbers -

- SCE-362406LP
- SCE-362408LP
- SCE-362410LP SCE-362412LP
- SCE-362416LP
- SCE-363006LP
- SCE-363008LP
- SCE-363010LP
- SCE-363012LP
- SCE-363016LP
- SCE-363020LP
- SCE-363608LP
- SCE-363612LP
- SCE-363616LP SCE-422408LP
- SCE-423008LP
- SCE-423010LP
- SCE-423012LP
- SCE-423016LP
- SCE-423608LP
- SCE-423610LP
- SCE-423612LP SCE-423616LP
- SCE-482408I P
- SCE-483008LP
- SCE-483010LP
- SCE-483016LP
- SCE-483610LP
- SCE-483612LP
- SCE-483616LP
- SCE-483620LP
- SCE-603608LP SCE-603610LP
- SCE-603612LP
- SCE-603616LP
- SCE-603620LP



CAD Package (STP, PDF, DWG)

Having trouble downloading drawings? Click Here for help.

#### Application -

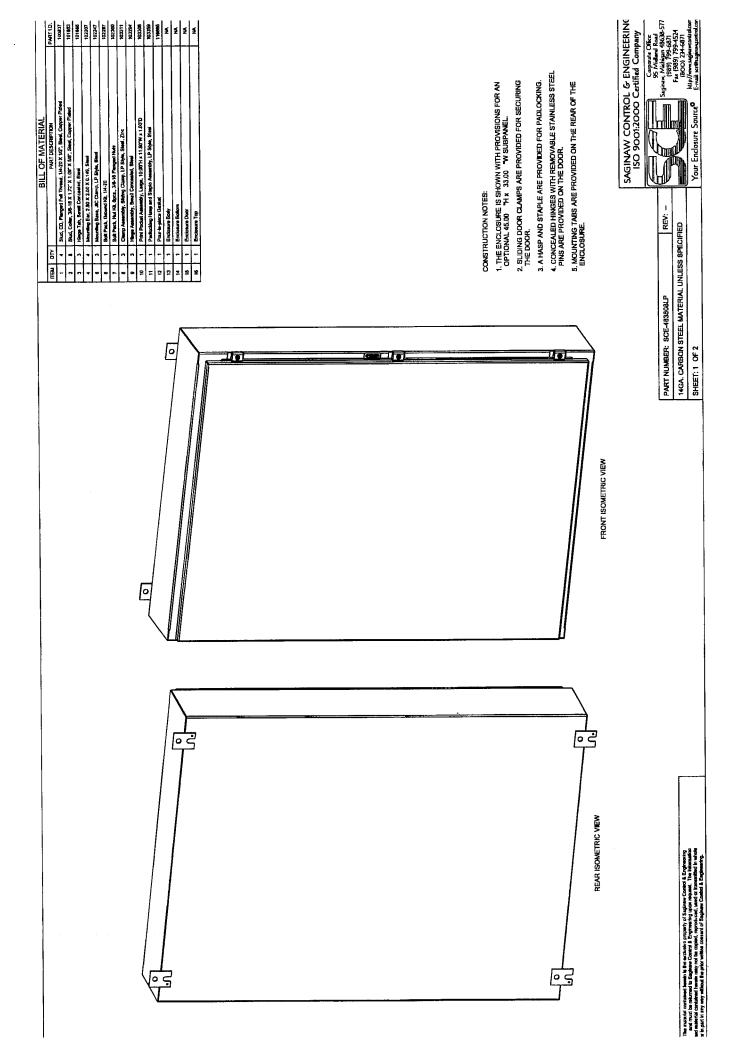
Designed to house electrical and electronic controls, instruments and components. Provides protection from dust, dirt, oil and water.

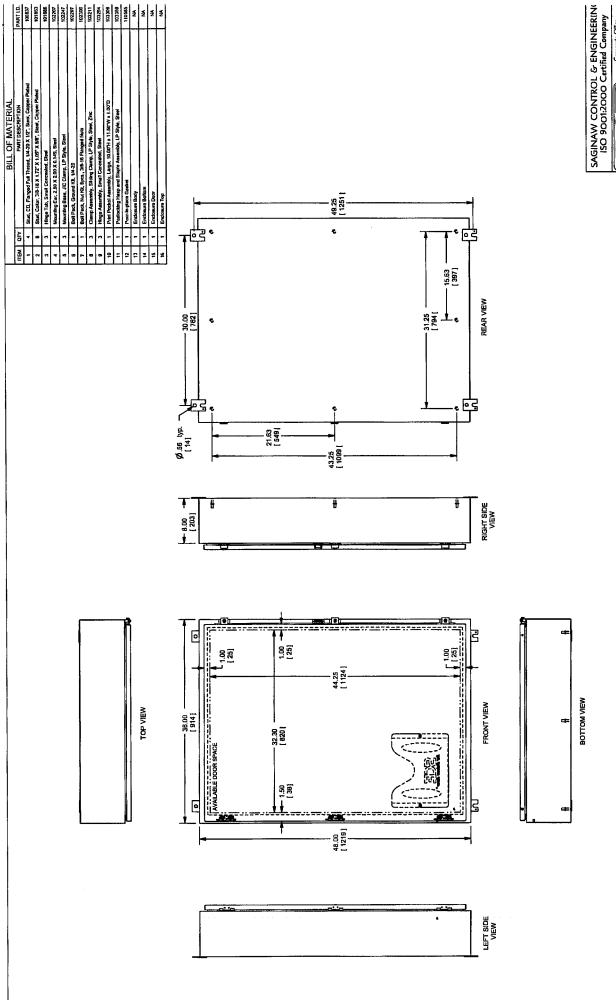
ANSI-61 gray powder coat inside and out. Optional Subpanels are powder coated white.

#### Industry Standards -

NEMA Type 12, UL, CSA, TUV & IEC Approved

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REV: 14GA. CARBON STEEL MATERIAL UNLESS SPECIFIED SHEET: 2 OF 2 PART NUMBER: SCE-463608LP



20 Just Road Fairfield, **New** Jersey 07004 Tel: 973-808-8550

Fax: 973-808-2923

E-mail: info@advantechcorp.com

## **Submittal**

# 10/07/09

Project Title:

Site 1 Area Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve

Plant; Bethpage, New York

Project Customer:

U.S. Navy NAVFAC SW RAC V

Contract No.:

N62473-07-D-3211

AdvanTech Job No:

4164

Contractor:

Tetra-Tech EC, Inc.

### **Terminal Blocks**

Description	Manufacturer	Part Number	Qty.
Terminal Block	Entrelec	115 116.07	BOM
End Block	Entrelec	103 002.26	BOM
End Section	Entrelec	118 368.16	BOM
Fun End Section	Entrelec	116.951.15	BOM

N	otes	٠.
ΤA		э.

Approved by:	Date:	

### Standard terminal blocks

DIN 1 - 3

Compression clamp



#### Test connector: see section connectors

End stop th. 9 mm ==	BADIL VO	ISNA 399 903 R0200
End stop th. 9,1 mm	BAM V2	18NA 103 002 R2600
End stop Th. 9.1 mms Rail 35 x 7.5 x 1		15NA 189 366 R0300 15NA 174 300 R1700
Red 1 35 x 16 x 2,3	PR4	15NA 168 500 R1200
Rei 35 x 16 x 1,5	PRS	1SNA 168 700 R2200
Rail 32 x 15 x 1,5		15NA 163 050 R0400

### Characteristics \_\_\_\_\_

تئاتات:	
Wire	siza

	ļ	NFC DIN	, ol	S
Compression	Solid wire	0,2-4 mm²	22-10 AWG	22-10 AWG
clamp	Structed wire	0,22-4 mm²	22-10 AWG	22-10 AWG
				·

1.00%###Y08/1 800%##G898/1907/1904

Voltage			
Rated	B00 V	600 V	600 V
Pulse	8 kV		
Pollution degree	3	<u> </u>	

Current			
Rated	32 A	30 A	25 A

Rated / Gauge	4 mm²/A	4 10 AWG	10 AWG
Wire strip. Jength	Recomm. Screwdriver	Recomm. torque	Protection
9,5 mm	4 mm	0,5-0,8 Nm	IP 20
37*	.157°	4.4-7.1 lb.ln.	NEMA 1

#### Notes

The use of some accessories may decrease the block's voltage rating. For more information, consult us.

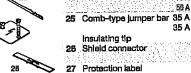
BJDP1 permits the interconnection with a terminal block series "M" specing 16 mm.

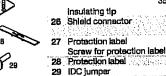
BJDP3 permits the interconnection with a terminal block series "M" specing 12 mm.

BJDP4 permits the interconnection with a terminal block series "D" specing 8 mm or a terminal block series "M" spacing 8 or 10 mm. 10

M 4/6	Colour		Type III	Part numbers
er in Aufer in Aufertage gegen der Aufere in Auser auch er	Standard	blocks	Respire es e administrativas Asiale Debi	SA TO SEESTING ASSESSED.
Spacing 6 mm + 0,05 (-238*)	Grey	α	M 4/6 1SN	IA 115 116 R0700
44,5 1.75*	Blue	CI CI		IA 125 116 R0100
विका हिल्हें	Orange	а а	contract the second	IA 105 002 R2000
	Yellow Green	₽ 2	the comment is the managed profit with the control over the section of a section of	IA 105 116 R1600 IA 105 001 R2700
	ŭ	e.		NA 105 032 R1500
	Plank	M	M 4/6 1SI	VA 105 031 R1400
Section 1 1 2 2		Ξ	Harring and continued from	VA 105 051 R2000
	Brown			VA 105 209 R1400
1 7001	Beige Vi   Blue V0		e and an an	NA 195 116 R0000   NA 199 002 R2600
canter of rail C   18 .709"   23 .906"	1000			***************************************
Standard 6 mm block 1SNA 115	448 D0700			
	1 - 1			
20 G G G B B D 全面 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Service Service			
Accessories	Туре			Part members
1 1 End section	grey FEM6 blue FEM6			1SNA 118 368 R1600 1SNA 128 368 R1000
2	orange FEM6		th. 2,8 mm	1SNA 103 126 R1600
	yellow FEM6 green FEM6			1SNA 103 062 R2100 1SNA 103 125 R1500
The state of the s	green FEM6 white FEM6			1SNA 103 312 R2000
4 3 3	beige FEM6 V		th. 2,6 mm	1SNA 198 388 R1700
	blue   FEM6 Vi	-	th. 2,8 mm th. 2,8 mm	1SNA 199 302 R0700 1SNA 199 305 R0200
2 End section	grey FEM61		th: 3,0 mm	1SNA 114 776 R2300
3 End section	grey FEM6C	(3) *******************************	th. 3,0 mm	1SNA 114 777 R2400 1SNA 113 003 R1000
	blue SCM6	<b>第35号和</b>		1SNA 123 003 R1200
5 Separator end se	beige SCM6 Votion grey SCF6	Detail VO	th. 3,0 mm	15NA 193 008 R1100 15NA 118 707 R0300
1 1/2 /	blue SCF6		th. 3,0 mm	1SNA 128 707 R0500
	beige   SCF6 V	D VO	th. 3,0 mm	1SNA 198 707 R0400 1SNA 114 202 R2500
6 Separator end se		(3)	th. 3,0 mm	1SNA 114 825 FI0500
8 Separator end se			th. 2,4 mm th. 2,4 mm	1SNA 103 619 F10400 1SNA 103 620 R0100
8 Separator end se 10 Separator end se			th, 30 nan	1SNA 116 795 R1100
(for cover CPV)	beige SCFCV	1-2 V0(3)V0		1SNA 196 795 R1200
11 Protective cover	CPM CPV1-2		, SCF6(VO) and SCFM6) CFCV1-2)	1SNA 167 312 R1400 1SNA 176 816 R1200
13 Test socket	AL2	(1)	DIA, 2 mm	1SNA 163 043 R2100
14 Test device	AL3	(1)	DIA. 3 mm vellow	1SNA 163 261 R0000 1SNA 173 059 R0300
15 Test plug	FC2	نگ فرهها والندس سه	DIA. 2 mm	1SNA 007 865 R2600
0 16 Assembled jumper by	FC4 32.A BJM8	aC a 8 (1) R	DIA. 4 mm 2 poles	1SNA 167 850 R0100 1SNA 168 516 R2500
14 15 (willings IP20 protect	lon) 32A BJM6	(1)	3 poles	1SNA 168 517 R2600
1 3 1	32 A   BJM6	(n) - (n)	4 poles 5 poles	1SNA 168 516 R0700 1SNA 168 519 R0000
	32 A BJM6 32 A BJM6	8	10 poles	1SNA 168 973 R0700
18 17 Assembled lumper b	er 32 A BJIMI6	(1)	2 poles 3 poles	1SNA 178 663 R0000 1SNA 178 664 R0100
(with IP20 protection	) 32 A BJM16 32 A BJM16	(1) (1)	a poles 4 poles	1SNA 176 665 R0200
with P20 protection	32 A BJM16	(1)	5 poles	1SNA 176 668 R0300
18 Jumper bar not asse	32 A BJM16 mbled 32 A BJS6	(1) (1)	10 poles 20 poles	1SNA 176 667 R0400 1SNA 174 784 R2000
20 Post + screw + wast	er EV6			1SNA 168 604 R1600
19 Connector plate 20 Scrawless jump	35 A EL6 er bar 32 A BJE6.2	(4)	2 poles	1SNA 173 627 R2100 1SNA 298 694 R0400
22 Oct swiess jump	32 A BJE6.5	(4)	3 poles	1SNA 299 695 R0500
	32 A BJE6.4 32 A BJE8.5		4 poles 5 poles	1SNA 299 696 R0600 1SNA 299 697 R0700
	32 A BJE6.		10 poles	1SNA 299 702 R1400
21 Jumper	BJB			1SNA 199 466 R2300 1SNA 174 413 R1400
25 24 22 Pivoting jumper 23 Alternated jump		(1)	10 poles	1SNA 116 541 R1200
24 Universal lumps		(1)(2) 908		1SNA 179 623 F10300







Universal jumper bar

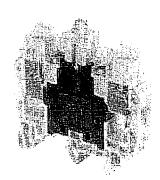
(1)(2) spacing 6 <> spacing 16 70 A BJDP9 (1)(2) spacing 6 <-> spacing 12 1SNA 179 625 R0500 BJDP4 (1)(2) spacing 6 <> spacing 8 or 101SNA 174 781 R2500 50 A 15NA 113 546 R1400 15NA 113 548 R2600 2 poles PC8 10 poles 1SNA 113 550 R2400 FIP CBM5 th. 0,5 mm 1SNA 178 745 R1400 CBM8 th. 0,8 mm 1SNA 178 746 R1500 1SNA 163 427 R1700 EP8 VSP8 1SNA 163 433 R1500 1SNA 107 036 R2500 EPU6 1SNA 114 205 R2000 AD2,5

section on markers method (1) (2)
(1) A circuit separator SC may be required with the use of these accessories.
(2) See \*Notes\* (3) End sections and separators snapped on rails. R See section on markers method Note: (4) See section : "Accessories" for other configurations of poles.

## Heavy duty switch terminal blocks with push-turn knob with self-cleaning contacts

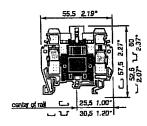
Screw clamp

**DIN 1 - DIN 3** പ



	M6/8.STP.CG
acing 8 i	mm - 0,05 (.315*)

Sp



Switch terminal block by a yellow push-turn knob (1/4 turn), can be sealed in the open position. Block equipped with 2 test sockets DIA. 4 mm / .16".

CE

300 V

Part numbers

Colour		Туре	Part numbers
Grey		M6/8.STP.CQ	1SNA 206 543 F0700
ivory		ES8CG	1SNA 400 015 R2000
Green	9	ES8CG	ISNA 400 014 R2700

## End stop 1 h 9 mm 2 BAO VI 15VA 390 903 2027) End stop 1 h 9 mm BAM V2 15VA 103 002 72670)

FUC SIGN CENTER IN THE BARRANT AND THE TOP AND THE STATE OF THE STATE	
Rai 1/35.7/5.11 PR3.22 SNA 174 300 R1700. Rai 1/35.15.23 PR4 SNA 168 500 P1200	Sc
Rail - 35 x 15 x 2.3 PR4 SNA 168 500 F1200	da
RATE STATE OF THE REST OF THE	
Rail 12 x 15 x 15 PR1.Z2 S44 163 050 70400	
Other and stops, rails and accessories; see section on accessories.	v

**Notes** 

The use of some accessories may decrease the block's voltage rating. For more information, consult us.

- Self-cleaning contacts when opening and closing.
   Corrosion-proof compression clamp \*
- Disturbed environment
- Specific for low level

Characteristics
-----------------

Florible

Wire s	ize			
		IEC	UL	CSA
		947-7-1		
icaew	Rigid	0,5-10 mm²		

0,5-8 mm²

Voltage		
Rated	B00 V	600 V
Impuise withstand		

Current	
Rated	32 A

Pollution degree

Type

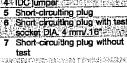
Wire size			-	
Rated / Gauge		8 mm²	8 AWG	8 AWG
Wire stripping length	-	Recomm. crewdriver	Recomm. torque	Protection
11 mm 4 mm		4 mm .157°	0,8-1 Nm 7,1-8,9 lb.in	IP 10

* NC screw	clamps	on ivory and	l Green versions.

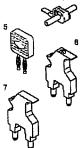
Accessories					
A	1 2 3				

1	End section	grey	PEMIT		2,6 mm				
-		ivory	FEMT1	th.	2,8 mm	ISIVA	193	137	R0300
2	Test plug	SWE	FC4	JIA.	4 mm	ISIN	167	860	R0100
3	Comb type jumper bar	50 A	PC8	2	poles	13HA	116	538	R1700
-	3,000,000,000	50 A	PC6	3	poles	1SNA	116	539	R1000
			PC8	4	poles	1SNA	116	540	R2500
			PC8	10	poles	1SIVA	163	313	R2400
4	IDC limner			757	<b>有型形型</b>	1SNA	114	205	R2000





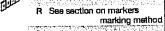
50 A I	PUB	4 pore	תיובו ש	110 340	nzow j
50 A	PC8	10 pale		163 313	
IDC jumper	AD2,5		1SNA	114 205	R2000
Short-circulting plug	BPB.A4		1SNA	173 888	H2000
Short-circuiting plug with test		light ivory		196 792	
socket DIA. 4 mm/.16"-	BNSTP1	OLEAN .	1SIVA	196 793	R1000
Short-circuiting plug without	BNSTP2	red	ISIVA	196 789	R2400
test	BNSTP2	grey	1514	196 790	R2100
SAPERTSCHAME COCH SHARA	THE STREET SEA		aterieni		1400
			Makalati		
(ALSO DANCE AND EXPENSE OF NAME OF PERSONS ASSOCIATION OF A SECTION OF	***************************************				





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### FE End sections

When assembled on the mounting track, terminal blocks cover each other's open side. At the end of an assembly, or when the size of the blocks change in an assembly, an end section must be used to isolate the open side of the block. End sections are available for all terminal blocks and are sometimes available in colors. Colored end sections can offer an easy and economical way to separate circuits for identification.

Туре

#### Snap-on end sections for blocks

End sections below are aligned with the profile of the block and snap on the open side of the block.





## Specific end sections for A.D.O. terminal blocks

	A.D.O. 1	terminal b	locks
	Туре	Thickness	nga regional or .
P/N	Blocks	Color	P/N
	FEDAD1	3 mm .118*	
199 876.26	D 2,5/5ADO	grery	0199 336.20
	D 4/6ADO	yellow -	0199.339.03
199 879.01	D 6/8ADO D 6/8ADO3		
	FEDAD4	2 mm .079°	
1198 388.17	200 - 100 Cartin Control (1997)		0199 352.00
199 302 07	D 4/6.SADO D 4/8.SADO	gray	018830200
199 305.02	FEDAD6	2 mm .079°	
	D 1.5/6.SADO	grey	0199 354.02
	D 2.5/8.SADO	gy	
196 576.16	FEDAD8	1,5 mm .059°	
	D 4/8.SFADO	gray	0199 356.04
1196 629,23	D 4/8.SNNADO	)	
5460400000701 8740408	FEDAD7	1,5 mm .059°	
1194 894.00	D 1,5/8.SADO	grey	0199 382.27
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	D 2,5/8.SADO2		
1198 499 24	FEMAD3	3 mm .118"	
1100 433.24	D 1/5ADO	gray .	0199 341.05
	0 1,5/6ADO D 2,5/8ADO	yellow	0199 343,07
0193 027.00	D 4/8ADO		
	FED2AD1	5 mm . 196*	
	D 4/6.D2.ADO	grey	0199 417-12
0193 373.27	D 4/8.D2.ADO.1		
	FED2AD2	5 mm .196°	
	D 1,5/6.D2.ADO	grey	0199 476.25
0194 328.23			-01219012160010E
0198 913.00	/āī		
	1 199		

	. Thickness		à
	Thickness	eropentale optivision	į,
Blocks	Color	P/N	25.00
	2,6 mm .110°		-
MA 2,5/5 except D MAV6 except D and G		0118 388.150 0103 312.20	
	blue	0128 368.10	15
M 4/6.H and M1	yellow .	0103 052.21	
M 1,5/6.HH and ADV		0103 125,15	2
MTC 6	orange	0103 126.16 0107 005.25	١.
M 6/8 and M 10/10		0107 003.23	1
FEM86	3 mm .118"	0113 885.01	ı
MS 4/6	grey blue	0123 885.03	
	yellow	0103 300.11	3
	orenge .	0103 292 25	2
FEMS8	3 mm .118"		ė
MS 6/8	gray	0114 195.06	1
	blue	0124 196.00	l
	yellow	0103 301.06	1
PERSONAL PROPERTY.	oranga	0103 30201	٦
FEMSA	3 mm .118"		ľ
M 4/6,3A	gray blue	0116 576.15 0126 576.17	l
	yaliow	0103 862.20	L
FEM4A	3 mm .118*		ľ
M 4/8.4A	grey	0116 629.22	ı
M 4/6.SNBT.4A	blue	0126 829.24	l
	yellow	0103 863.21	L
FEM6D	1 mm <i>.039</i> °		
MA 2,5/5.D	grey	0118 499.23	l
M 4/6.D M 4/6.D2.H	blue	0128 499.25	ŀ
M 4/6.D2.HH			ı
M 4/6.D2.M			1
FEM61D	3 mm .118°		ŀ
M 4/6.D2.G and 2G	i onev	0114 815.03	ŀ
FEM62	3 mm .118°		ı
M 4/6.SB	grey	0114 994.07	ı
M 4/6.SNB	orange	0103 612.25	i.
FEM52D	3 mm .118°		L
MS 4/6.D2.2G	grey	0114 429,10	ı
FEMBG	2,5 mm .098		1
M 2,5/8.2G	gray	0113 027.07	1
M 4/8.G and 2G	blue	0123 027.01	
FEMB	3 mm .118°		1
M 6/8.S and SB	grey	0113 373.26	١
M B/B.SN	orange	0103 230.02	1
FEMBD2S	1,5 mm .059	- 100 Sept. (100 Sept.)	١
M 4/8.D2.SF	gray	0116 913.07	1
FEM88	1,5 mm .059		J
M 4/8.SF	grey	0116 951.15	1
M 4/8.SN M 4/8	orange	0103 923.15	1
FEM9	3 mm .118°		
M 8/9.EE	gray	0113 057.17	1
FEM12	3 mm .118°		1
M 16/12	gray	0116 618.01	
miwia	bjus bjus	0128 616.03	1
1	yellow	0103 065.24	1
			1
			- 1

Туре	Thickness		ľ
Blocks	Color	P/N	ľ
FEM12F	3 mm .118"		1
M 8/12.FF	white	0114 023.04	
FEM12N	1 mm .039*		l
M 18/12.NT	blue	0128 616.21	ľ
FEM128	3 mm .118°		7
MB 10/12.8F	grey	0117 628.22	ŀ
FEM13U	1,5 mm .059°		ı
ML 10/13.8F	black	0199 835.24	ì
ML 10/13.SN			l,
MU 10/13.SF			
FEM13F	1 mm .039°		ŀ
M 6/13.FF	grey	0118 977.17	١
FEM18	3 mm .118°		l
M 35/16	gray	0118 233.27	ŀ
	blue	0128 233.21	ŀ
TOWNSTERN RECKOR	yallow	0103 061.20	ŀ
FEM22	3 mm .118*		ŀ
M 70/22	grey yeliow	0113 085.15 0103 881.14	l
FEMG	1,5 mm .059°		1
M 4/6.3G	gray	0114 144.12	l
M 4/6.5.3G	Prol		ı
M 2,5/6.4G			ı
M 2,5/6,5.4G			ł
FEMR10	2,5 mm .098°	1,000	1
M 10/10.RS	gray	0114 434.05	1.
FEMT1	2,8 mm .110°		ľ
M 6/8.STP	grey	0113 137.02	1
FEMT2	1 mm .039"		1
M 6/8.ST	grey	0113 629.27	:1
FEMT3	2,5 mm .0981	•	:1
M 4/6.ST	gney	0114 328.22	١
FEMT4	3 mm .118°		: [
M 6/8.5TA	grey	0114 778.05	1
FEMSTA	3 mm .118°		١
M 6/8.STA	gray	0116 979.21	1
FEMR8	2,8 mm .110°		١
M 6/8.RS	grey	0116 987.02	
FEMRET	2,8 mm .110		١
M 6/B.STP.RS	grey	0116 991.06	
FEMBD1	1 mm .039"		1
M 6/8.D	grey	0116 656.25	1
FEMBD2	4 mm . 157*		1
M 6/8.D	orev	D116 657.26	1
FEM12N	1 mm .039*		1
M 18/12.NT	blue	0128 616.21	
FEMS6D	1 mm .039'		:
M 4/6.D2.SNBT	grey	0116 591,05	1
FEMTS	2.5 mm .098	- 100 Park (100 Park 100 Park	
M 10/10.SLSn	grey	0116 781.13	
FED3E	3 mm .118°		1
D 2,5/6.D		0116 771.20	
	<i>grey</i> 1 mm .039*	J. 1077 1.20	
FED6 D 4/6		0116 964.12	1
D 4/6	grey	V110 304.12	

PEDA8

D 4/6.A...

1 mm .039°

grey

0116 965.13

M 10/10 ST.Sn

beige

Blocks	Color	P/N	E
FEM3AP VO	3 mm .118*		F
M 4/6.3A.P VO	yallow	0199 876.26	E
FEM4AP VO	3 mm .118*		Ē
Arms deleterations on the arms		0199 879.01	
M 4/8.4A.P VO	yellow	0189 0/301	2
FEM6 VO	2,5 mm .098*		F
M 4/6 VO	beige	0198 388.17	Ē
M 6/8 VO	blue	0199 302 07	Ī
M 10/10 V0	yellow	0199 305.02	F
MA 2,5/5 VO			
FEM3A VO	3 mm .118°		lä
M 4/6.3A VD	belga	0196 576.16	7
FEM4A VD	3 mm .118°		i di
M 4/6.4A VO	belge	0196 629.23	
M 4/6.SNET.4A VI	ם כ		
FEMB2 VO	3 mm .118°		
M 4/8.SB VO	belge	0194 894.00	Į
FEMBO VO	1 mm .039°		
		0198 499.24	
M 4/6.D V0 MA 2.5/5.D2 V0	beige	U186 493.24	I
	0.5 0001		9
FEMISG VD	2,5 mm .098°		!
M 2,5/8.2G.2G VC	) baige	0193 027.00	
M 4/6.2G VC			1
FEM8 VO	3 mm .118*		1
M 8/8.S VO	belge	0193 373.27	[
M 6/8.SN VO			ું
FEMT3 VO	2,5 mm .098°		Į i
M 4/8.5T	belge	0194 328.23	ı
FEM8D2S VO			┡
M 4/8.D2.SF	belge	0196 913.00	
FEMR8 VO	2,8 mm .110°		ļ
M 6/8.RS VO	beige	0196 987.03	ı
	-		1
FEMRET VO	2,8 mm .110°		1
M 8/8.STP.RS VO	beige	0198 991.07	ı
FEMR10 VO			1
M 10/10.RS VO	beige	0194 434.06	s
FEMBS VO	1,5 mm .059°		١٩
M 4/6.SF VD	belge	0196 951.16	ı
M 4/8.SN VD	•		1
FEM12 V0	3 mm .118"		1 3
M 16/12 VD	beige	0198 B1B.02	1.4
M 18/12.N VO	blue	0199 303.00	ı
FEM12F VO	3 mm .1 <i>18</i> °		l
M 6/12.FF V0	belas	0114 023,04	1
FEM13F VO	1 mm .039*		L
200 particular and a second and a second as a second			1.5
M 6/13.FF V0	b <b>elge</b>	0196 977.17	ŀ
FEM16 VO	3 mm .118°		12
M 35/16 VO	beige	0198 233.20	1
M 35/18.N VO	blue	0199 304.01	1
FEM22 VO	3 mm .118°		1
M 70/22 VO	beige	0193 085.18	1.
FEMT2 VO	1 mm .039°		Т
M 6/8.ST V0	beigs	0193 629.20	1
FEMIS6 VO	3 mm .118"		10
A prompted to the control of a		0193 885.02	Г
MS 4/6	beige	U183 880.UZ	
FEMBD1 VO	1 mm .039"		
M 6/8.D2	beige	0196 856.26	1
FEMT8 VO	2,5 mm .098		1
MARMORTON	bolon	0108 781 14	

Thickness



## Specific end sections for spring connection terminal blocks

ED1T A0	1,5 mm .059°	
OR 2,5/52L	gray	0291 301.02
OFI 2,5/104L OS 2,5/52L	on <b>ange</b>	0291 302.03
0S 2,5/104L		
ED5.2L V0	2,5 mm .098°	
) 2,5/62L	grey	0291 081.24
0 4/82L	orange	0281 062.25
ED5,3L VO	2,5 mm .098°	
2,5/53L	grey	0291 051.22
	orange	0291 052.23
FEDS.4L VO	2,5 mm .098°	
0 2,5/54L	gray .	0291 041.20
D 2,5/5.2L.2L	oranga	0291.042.21
FED8.2L V0	2,5 mm .098°	
D 6/82L	gray	0291 161.25
orania.	orange .	0291 162.28
FED8SF.2L VO	3 mm .118°	
D 2,5/8.S2L	grey	0291 131.17
	orange	0291 132.10



20 Just Road Fairfield, New Jersey 07004 Tel: 973-808-8550

Fax: 973-808-2923

E-mail: info@advantechcorp.com

# **Submittal**

# 10/07/09

Project Title:

Site 1 Area Naval Weapons Industrial Reserve

Plant; Bethpage, New York

Project Customer:

U.S. Navy NAVFAC SW RAC V

Contract No.:

N62473-07-D-3211

AdvanTech Job No:

4164

Contractor:

Tetra-Tech EC, Inc.

### **Door Devices**

Description	Manufacturer	Part Number	Qty.
Red Pilot Light, Push to test	Square D	9001SKT7R31	3
Amber Pilot Light, Push to test	Square D	9001SKT7A31	4
Push Button, Black	Square D	9001SKR1BH5	1

N	$^{\circ}$	tes	٠
ΤŊ	v	いしら	٠.

Approved by:	Date:

## 9001SKT7R31

Pilot Light, Push-To-Test, Type: K, Size: 30mm

List Price \$197.00 USD

Availability Non-Stock Item: This item is not normally stocked in our distribution

facility.

#### **Technical Characteristics**

Approvals	UL File Number E42259 CCN NKCR - CSA File Number LR24590 Class 3211-03 - CE Marked	
Bezel Material	Black Plastic	
Enclosure Type	Water tight, Dust tight, Oil tight and Corrosion Resistant (Indoor/Outdoor)	
Enclosure Rating	NEMA 1/2/3/3R/4/4X/6/12/13	
Head Type	Round	
Lens Type	Plastic (Fresnel)	
Lens Color	Red	
Light Module Supply Voltage	220/240VAC@50/60Hz	
Light Module Type	Transformer	
Operator Type	Push-To-Test	
Size	30mm	
Terminal Type	Screw Clamp	
Туре	K	

### **Shipping and Ordering**

Category	21429 - Push Buttons, Corrosion Resistant, Type SK & SKY	
Discount Schedule	CP1	
GTIN	00785901348085	
Package Quantity	1	
Weight	0.5 lbs.	
Availability Code	Non-Stock Item: This item is not normally stocked in our distribution facility.	
Returnability	Y	
Country of Origin	MX	

As standards, specifications, and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this document.



## 9001SKT7A31

Pilot Light, Push-To-Test, Type: K, Size: 30mm

List Price \$197.00 USD

Availability Non-Stock Item: This item is not normally stocked in our distribution

facility.

#### **Technical Characteristics**

Approvals	UL File Number E42259 CCN NKCR - CSA File Number LR24590 Class 3211-03 - CE Marked	
Bezel Material	Black Plastic	
Enclosure Type	Water tight, Dust tight, Oil tight and Corrosion Resistant (Indoor/Outdoor)	
Enclosure Rating	NEMA 1/2/3/3R/4/4X/6/12/13	
Head Type	Round	
Lens Type	Plastic (Fresnel)	
Lens Color	Amber	
Light Module Supply Voltage	220/240VAC@50/60Hz	
Light Module Type	Transformer	
Operator Type	Push-To-Test	
Size	30mm	
Terminal Type	Screw Clamp	
Туре	K	
the Table 1997 and the second of the second		

### **Shipping and Ordering**

Category	21429 - Push Buttons, Corrosion Resistant, Type SK & SKY	
Discount Schedule	CP1	
GTIN	00785901348078	
Package Quantity	1	
Weight	0.5 lbs.	
Availability Code	Non-Stock Item: This item is not normally stocked in our distribution facility.	
Returnability	Y	
Country of Origin	MX	
Country of Origin	MX	

As standards, specifications, and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this document.



### 9001SKR1BH5

Pushbutton , Non-Illuminated, Momentary, Type: K, Size: 30mm, 10A, 600V

List Price \$66.00 USD

Availability Stock Item: This item is normally stocked in our distribution facility.

#### **Technical Characteristics**

Ampere Rating	10A
Approvals	UL File Number E42259 CCN NKCR - CSA File Number LR24590 Class 3211-03 - CE Marked
Bezel Material	Black Plastic
Button/Cap Color	Black
Button Type	Standard Pushbutton
Guard Type	Full Guard (Black Plastic)
Contact Configuration	1 NO
Contact Block Code	H5
Contact Type	Standard (Fingersafe)
Enclosure Type	Water tight, Dust tight, Oil tight and Corrosion Resistant (Indoor/Outdoor)
Enclosure Rating	NEMA 1/2/3/3R/4/4X/6/12/13
Head Type	Round
Light Module Supply Voltage	л/a
Light Module Type	n/a
Markings	None
Maximum Voltage Rating	600V
Mounting Type	Panel
Number of Operators	1
Number of Positions	2
Operator Action	Momentary
Operator Type	Non-Illuminated
Size	30mm
Terminal Type	Screw Clamp
Туре	κ
Utilization Category	AC15 - DC13

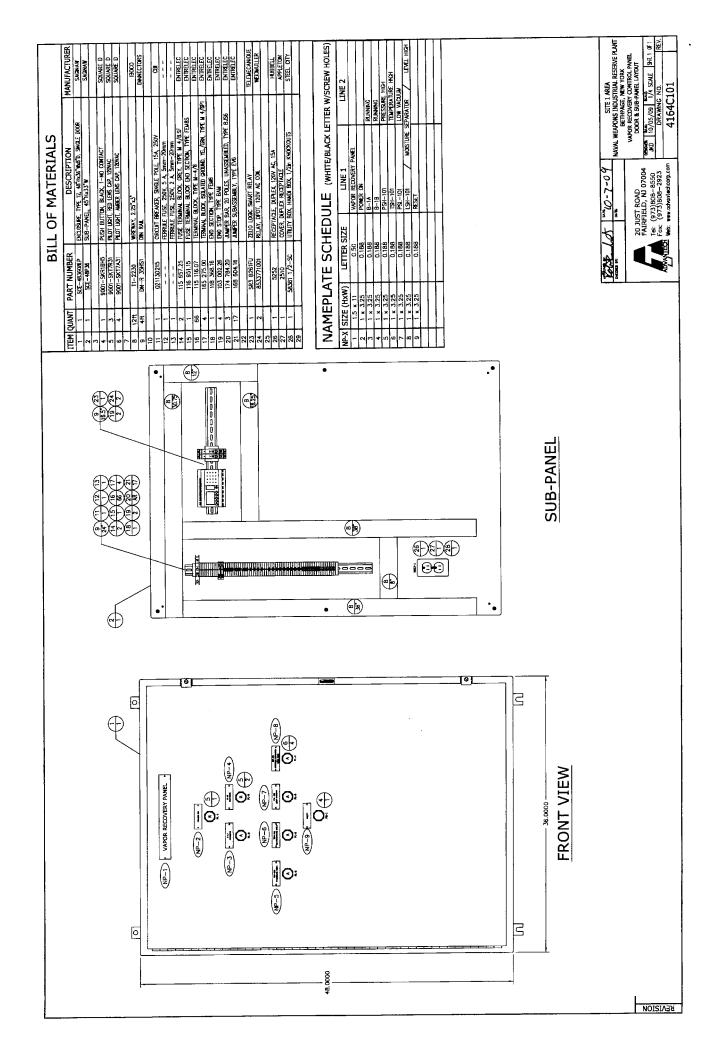
#### **Shipping and Ordering**

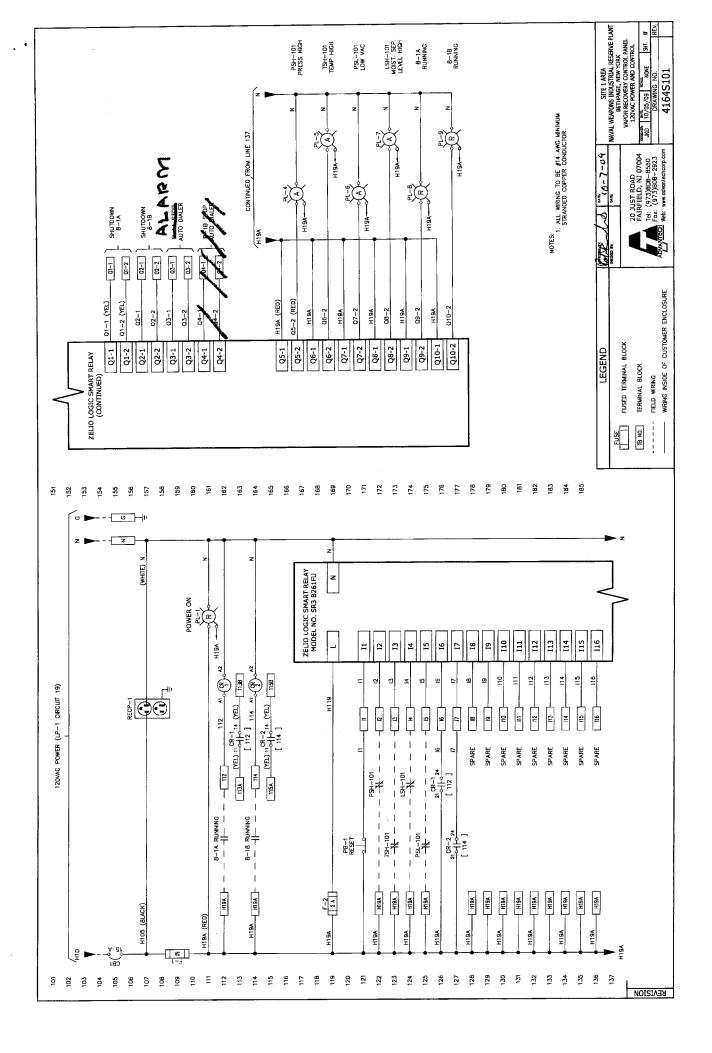
Category	21429 - Push Buttons, Corrosion Resistant, Type SK & SKY
Discount Schedule	CP1
GTIN	00785901041979
Package Quantity	1
Weight	0.15 lbs.
Availability Code	Stock Item: This item is normally stocked in our distribution facility.
Returnability	Υ
Country of Origin	MX

As standards, specifications, and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this document.

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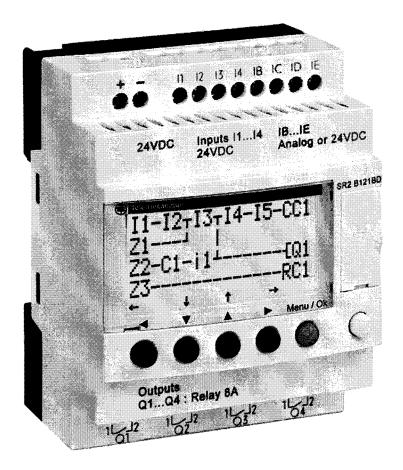




### Zelio Logic 2 Smart Relay User Manual

SR2MAN01

11/2007







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### **Safety Information**



#### **Important Information**

#### NOTICE

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a Danger or Warning safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists, which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

### **A** DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

### **WARNING**

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **can result** in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **A** CAUTION

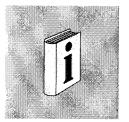
CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **can result** in injury or equipment damage.

#### **PLEASE NOTE**

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

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#### **About the Book**



#### At a Glance

#### **Document Scope**

This manual describes the use of functions accessible from the front panel of the smart relay.

This document is divided into 5 parts and addresses the following topics:

- Part I: Powering up and Discovering the Smart Relay
  - General presentation of the smart relay
- Part II: Functions Accessible from the Front Panel
  - · Description of the interface and the menus of the smart relay
- Part III: LD Language
  - Description of automation functions available for programming in LADDER
- Part IV: Creating, Debugging and Saving an Application
  - · Example of programming
  - · Presentation of tools for debugging and saving an application
- Part V: Diagnostics
  - Help for finding solutions to operating problems

#### **Validity Note**

The information in this manual applies only to smart relays of the Zelio 2 series.

#### **User Comments**

We welcome your comments about this document. You can reach us by e-mail at techpub@schneider-electric.com

### **Initial Power up and Discovering**



#### **Presentation**

## Subject of this Section

This section presents the operation and main characteristics of the smart relay.

## What's in this Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
1	Initial Power up and Discovering	13

### **Initial Power up and Discovering**



#### **Presentation**

## Subject of this Chapter

This chapter presents the operation and main characteristics of the smart relay.

## What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Safety	14
Presentation of the Smart Relay Front Panel	17
Characteristics and Connections	19
Control Keys on the Front Panel of the Smart Relay	20
Examples	23

#### Safety

### Preliminary Advice

Preliminary advice and general safety precautions relating to installing smart relays:

- Remember that only qualified personnel are authorized to implement the smart relay.
- Read this instruction sheet and the User Guide to learn the procedures prior to installing, wiring, operating, maintaining of controlling the smart relay.
- The end user should keep this User Guide and the product instructions sheet.
- Install the smart relay by following the instructions in the instruction bulletin and the User Guide. Improper installation may result in failure or malfunction of the smart relay.
- Make the necessary ground and short circuit the connections.
- Check the operating conditions, as described in the User Guide. If you are unsure
  of the technical characteristics, contact Schneider Electric.
- Fluctuations or variations in the power supply voltage should not exceed the tolerance thresholds stated in the technical characteristics, as they may lead to operating failures and potentially dangerous situations.
- Take any steps necessary to ensure that an application interrupted by a power failure continues to operate correctly after restoring power and make sure also that no dangerous situation whatsoever arises.
- Take any steps necessary to prevent involuntary activation of the relay.
- Automation and control devices must be installed in areas where they are protected against any risk of involuntary activation.
- Ensure that all connections to the control system meet applicable safety standards.
- Ensure that you comply with all applicable standards for emergency stop systems in order to avoid potentially dangerous situations. Ensure that releasing the emergency stop system does not cause the automated system to suddenly restart.
- Install the smart relay only in environments described in the User Guide. Do not
  use the smart relay in environments subject to excessive temperatures, elevated
  relative humidity, condensation, corrosive gases, or excessive shocks.
- The smart relay should be used in "Pollution level 2" environments. This level defines the effect of pollution on the insulation.
- Definition of level 2 Pollution: Only non-conductive pollution arises, except for occasional temporary conductivity caused by condensation. Do not use smart relays in environments lower than those specified in IEC Standard 60664-1.
- Use appropriate wires according to current and voltage requirements. Tighten the screws of the terminal according to the specified torque.
- Use an IEC 60127 approved fuse, in conformity with the requirements for current and voltage, to protect the power line and output circuits. This is not required when a device including a smart relay is intended for Europe.
- Use an EU-approved switch. This is not required when a device including a smart relay is intended for Europe.

### **A** DANGER

#### RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ELECTRIC ARCING

Power off the smart relay prior to installing, removing, wiring, maintaining or inspecting a smart relay system.

Failure to follow this Instruction will result in death or serious injury.

### **▲** WARNING

#### **RISK OF EXPLOSION**

#### Precautions:

- Compliant with standard CSA C22.2 No 213: This equipment is designed for use in Class 1, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D or in non-dangerous locations only. Replacement of components may compromise the suitability to this specified environment.
- Ensure that the power voltage and its tolerances are compatible with those of the smart relay.
- Do not disconnect the equipment as long as the power supply has not been cut off or the zone is not safe.
- This product contains a battery. Do not place the smart relay in fire.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **A** WARNING

#### RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR FIRE

#### Precautions:

- The smart relay is solely intended for installation in an enclosure. Do not install the smart relay outside of an enclosure.
- Ensure that no metal fragment or wiring material falls into the enclosure of the smart relay. Foreign bodies may lead to fire, material damage or malfunction.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **A WARNING**

#### INVOLUNTARY OPERATION OF EQUIPMENT

#### Precautions:

- Power off the smart relay prior to installation, deinstallation, wiring, maintenance or operation of the unit.
- The emergency stop and the locking circuits should be configured in the software program of the smart relay.
- In the event of failure of the relays or transistors in the output modules of the smart relay, the outputs should remain activated or deactivated. For output signals that might lead to serious accidents, install a control circuit external to the smart relay.
- Install the modules according to the environmental operation conditions specified in the instruction bulletin.
- Do not attempt to dismantle, repair or modify the smart modules.
- Use an IEC 60127 approved fuse, in conformity with the requirements for current and voltage, to protect the power line and output circuits.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **A WARNING**

#### **RISK OF UNEXPECTED OPERATION**

Special case of the use of the SR2COM01 modem communication extension. Sending commands may lead to modification of the status of smart relay outputs or accidental enabling of controlled equipment.

It is important to:

- Know how the commands will affect the process or the controlled equipment,
- Take any preventive measures necessary to ensure safety when making modifications.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

#### **Presentation of the Smart Relay Front Panel**

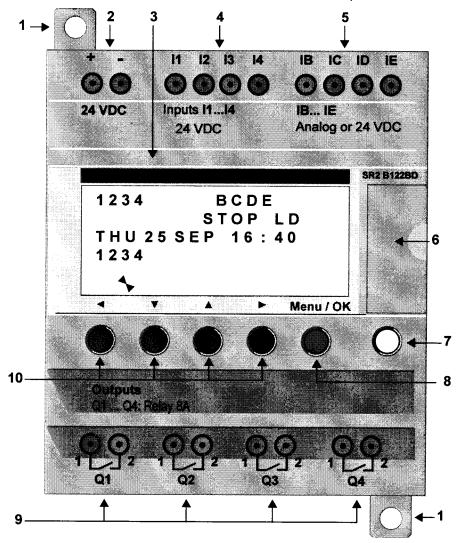
#### Introduction

Smart relays are designed to simplify the electrical wiring of intelligent solutions. A smart relay is very simple to implement. Its flexibility and its high performance allow users to save significant amounts of time and money.

This User's Guide is intended for people who do not have an in-depth knowledge of automation systems and who would like to be able to implement smart relays.

#### Description of the Smart Relay Front Panel

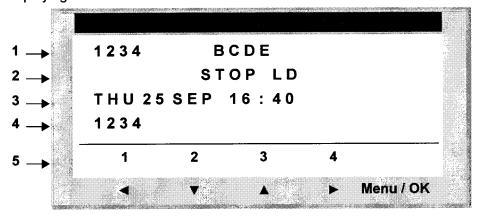
The illustration below presents the elements of the front panel of the smart relay:



Prompt	Element	
1	Retractable mounting feet.	
2	Screw terminal block for the power supply.	
3	LCD display, 4 lines, 18 characters.	
4	Screw terminal block for discrete inputs.	
5	Screw terminal block for analog inputs. 0-10 Volts, usable in discrete input mode depending on model.	
6	Slot for backup memory or PC connection cable.	
7	Shift key (white).	
8	Menu/OK key (green) for selection and confirmation.	
9	Relay output screw terminal block.	
10	Navigation keys (gray) or after configuring Z pushbuttons.	

## Description of the LCD

The illustration below presents an example of LCD display elements when displaying the INPUT-OUTPUT screen:



Prompt	Element		
1 Input status* display (BE represent the analog inputs, also may be use DISCR).			
2	Display of the operating mode (RUN/STOP) and programming mode (LD/FBD).		
3	Display of the date (day and time for products with clock).		
4	Output status display.		
5	Contextual menus / pushbuttons / icons indicating the operating modes.		

<sup>\*</sup> An ACTIVE input or output is displayed in reverse video.

#### **Characteristics and Connections**

#### Introduction

Here is detailed information on the characteristics of DC smart relay connections.

### Recommended connection

It is recommended to connect the smart relay to a regulated DC power supply:



### Possible Connection

It is possible to connect the smart relay to a rectified filtered regulated power supply:



Provided that it verify the following characteristics, according to the type of smart relay:

SR2 BD	SR2 JD
U max < 30 V	U max < 14,4 V
U min > 19.2 V	U min > 10.4 V

## Prohibited Connection

It is prohibited to connect the smart relay to a rectified non-filtered power supply:

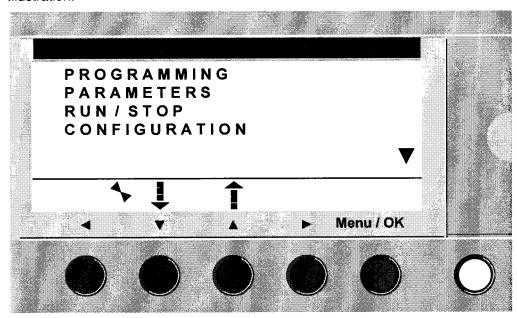


#### **Control Keys on the Front Panel of the Smart Relay**

#### Description

The keys located on the front panel of the smart relay are used to configure, program and control the application and monitor the application's progress.

Illustration:



**Note:** The LCD screen is lit for 30 seconds when the user presses any of the buttons on the front panel.

#### **Shift Key**

The **Shift** key is the white key located on the right side of the LCD screen.

When the **Shift** key is pressed, a contextual menu is displayed above the Z keys (Ins, Del, Param, etc.).

#### Menu/OK Key

The Menu/OK key is the green key located below the LCD screen on the right side. This key is used for all confirmations: Menu, sub-menu, program, parameter, etc.

#### Zx Keys

The Zx keys are the gray keys aligned from left (Z1) to right (Z4) and located under the LCD. The arrows indicating the movement direction associated with navigation are marked above the keys.

The navigation keys are used to move left or right, down or up.

The position on the screen appears as a flashing zone:

- Square for a position that corresponds to a contact (only in programming mode),
- Round for a link (only in programming mode).

**Note:** When the keys may be used for other actions apart from navigation, a contextual menu bar is displayed (e.g.: 1, 2, 3 and 4 as Zx-type keys).

#### Contextual Menus

When the cursor is placed on a modifiable parameter, if the **Shift** key is pressed, a contextual menu appears.

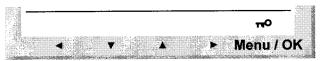
#### Illustration:



Using the contextual menu functions:

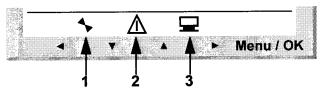
- +/-: Used to scroll through the various possible values of the selected field (types of inputs, outputs, automation functions, numbers, numerical values, etc),
- Ins.: Inserts a line.
- **Del.**: Deletes the selected element, or the entire line if it is empty,
- **Param.**: Displays the specific parameter screen for the automation function (visible only if the automation function contains a parameter),
- ← ↑ ↓ →: Direction of the connection (visible only if the cursor is placed over a link box),
- 1 2 3 4: This line appears when the keys are used as Zx key-type inputs in a program.

#### Illustration:



The key indicates that the program is password-protected.

#### Illustration:



- 1: Indicates the state of the smart relay. In RUN it is in motion, in STOP it is immobile.
- 2: Indicates that faults have appeared (see FAULT menu).
- **3:** The smart relay is physically connected to the programming software.

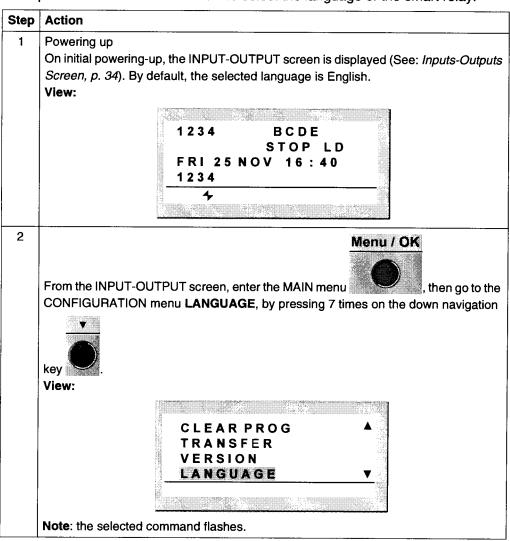
#### **Examples**

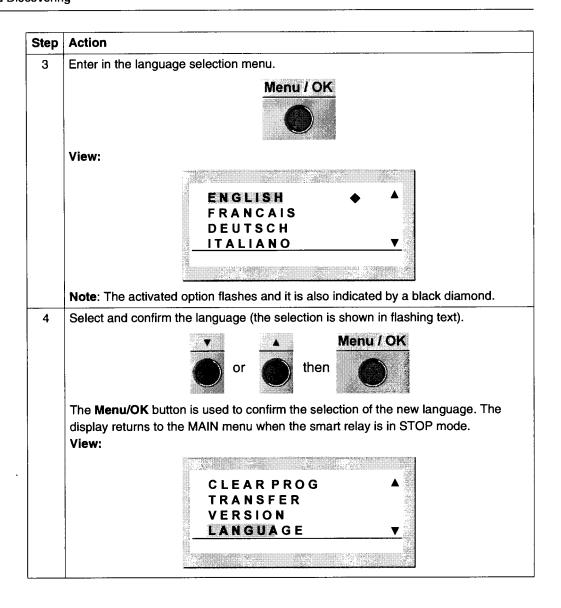
#### Introduction

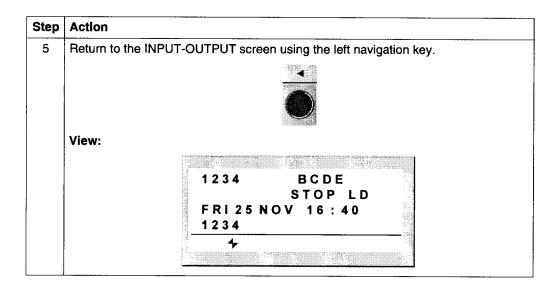
We will now see two examples of how to use the smart relay's keys.

### Language Selection

Example 1: Here are details on how to select the language of the smart relay:

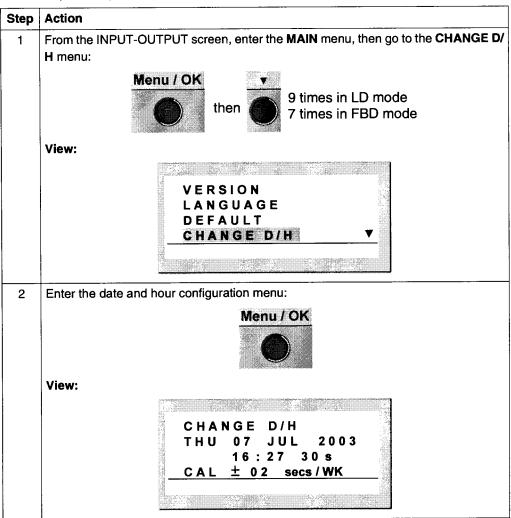


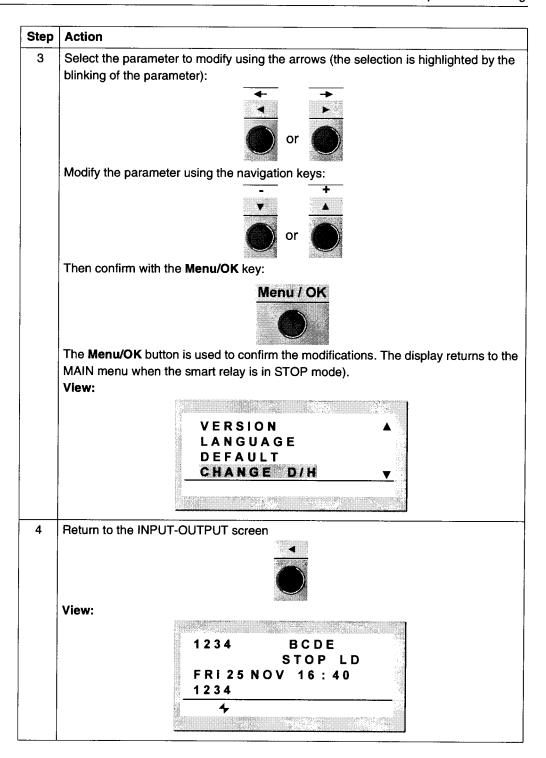




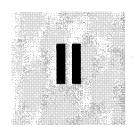
#### Modification of Date and Hour

Example 2: Here are details on procedure to follow to modify the date and time of the initial power up or following a long lasting power failure.





# **Functions Accessible from the Front Panel**



#### At a Glance

## Subject of this Section

This section describes the functions that can be accessed from the front panel of the smart relay.

## What's in this Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
2	Overview of the Functions Accessible from the Front Panel	31
3	Input/Output Screen	33
4	PROGRAMMING Menu	39
5	PARAMETERS Menu	51
6	MONITORING Menu	53
7 .	RUN/STOP Menu	55
8	CONFIGURATION Menu	57
9	CLEAR PROGRAM Menu	65
10	TRANSFER Menu	67
11	VERSION Menu	73
12	LANGUAGE Menu	75
13	DEFAULT Menu	77
14	CHANGE DATE/TIME Menu	81
15	CHANGE SUMMER/WINTER Menu	83

# Overview of the Functions Accessible from the Front Panel

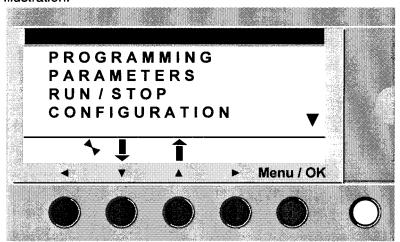
#### **Functions Accessible from the Front Panel of the Smart Relay**

#### **Description**

From the front panel of the smart relay, you may:

- Program (in LD mode),
- · Configure,
- · Control the application,
- Monitor the performance of the application.

#### Illustration:



The line flashes to indicate where you are positioned.

The up triangle ▲ on the right side of the LCD screen indicates that possible up options exist. The down triangle ▼ indicates that possible down options exist.

To return to the previous menu, press left navigation key.

**Note:** The LCD screen is lit for 30 seconds when the user presses any of the buttons on the front panel.

#### **Managing Menus**

The inputs-outputs screen is displayed by default whether the mode be LD or FBD.

Pressing the **Menu/OK** key switches the display from the inputs-outputs screen to the main menu.

The menu on the first row which is selected by default (flashing). The and analogation keys can be used to place the cursor over the other menus.

Press the green **Menu/OK** key to display the screen corresponding to the selected menu or to move onto the first sub-menu.

# Differences Between LD and FBD Modes

Certain menus are specific to either LD or FBD mode.

Menu		LD	FBD
PROGE	RAMMING	<b>✓</b>	
MONIT	ORING	· ·	
PARAM	AMETERS		<b>V</b>
RUN/S	STOP	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
CONFI	GURATION	<u> </u>	·
	PASSWORD	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
	FILTER	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
	Zx KEYS	<b>✓</b>	
	WATCHDOG CYCLE	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
CLEAR	PROG.		
TRANS	FER	<b>✓</b>	
VERSION		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
LANGU	AGE	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
FAULT		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
CHANGE D/T		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
CHANG	GE SUMM/WINT		<b>V</b>

## Configuring Extensions

Extensions added to the smart relay may only be configured from the programming software. See on-line help of the programming software for more information.

### Input/Output Screen



#### At a Glance

## Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the characteristics of the input-output screen.

## What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Inputs-Outputs Screen	34
TEXT and DISPLAY screen	36

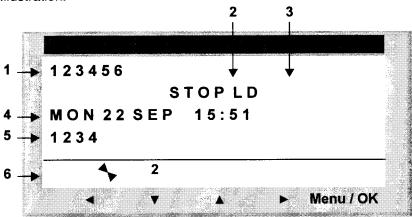
#### **Inputs-Outputs Screen**

#### **Description**

The inputs-outputs screen is the highest-level interface. It is displayed by default, when no (**TEXT** or **DISPLAY**) display function is active and regardless of:

- The programming type: LD or FBD,
- the mode: STOP or RUN.

#### Illustration:



The inputs-outputs screen can be used to view:

- 1. the state of the inputs: 1 to 9, A to P,
- 2. The mode used: LD/FBD,
- 3. The Operating mode: RUN / STOP,
- 4. The date and time for products with a clock,
- 5. the state of outputs: 1 to 9, A to G,
- 6. Z push buttons: 1 to 4.

In Simulation mode or Monitoring mode when the program is in **RUN**, the active states of the inputs and outputs are indicated in reverse video.

### Access to the Main Menu

Pressing the **Menu/OK** key switches the display from the inputs-outputs screen to the main menu:

- PROGRAMMING (LD STOP mode),
- MONITORING (LD RUN mode),
- PARAMETERS,
- RUN / STOP,
- CONFIGURATION (STOP mode),
- CLEAR PROG. (LD STOP mode),
- TRANSFER (STOP mode),
- VERSION,
- LANGUAGE,
- FAULT,
- CHANGE D/T,
- CHANGE SUMM/WINT.

The display automatically returns to the inputs-outputs menu on exiting all other menus and sub-menus.

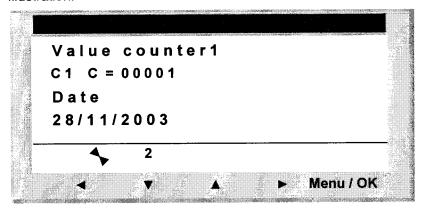
#### **TEXT and DISPLAY screen**

#### **Description**

The display functions are used to display text or numerical values (current value, preset value, etc.) on the LCD display instead of the **INPUTS-OUTPUTS**:

- In LD mode: A TEXT function is active,
- in FBD mode: A DISPLAY function is active.

#### Illustration:



If several display functions are active simultaneously:

- In **LD** mode: The highest block number is displayed. There are 16 TEXT-type blocks numbered from 1 to 9 then from A to G,
- In FBD mode: The superposition of all of the FBD DISPLAY screens is displayed, for up to 32 blocks. If more than 32 FBD DISPLAY blocks are active, the screens of the 32 FBD DISPLAY blocks with the lowest numbers are superposed.

**Note:** The display functions are programmable only from the programming software (see the on-line help for the programming software for more information).

#### Switching Between the Screens

Switching between the screens

It is however possible to go from the TEXT (LD) or DISPLAY (FBD) screen to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen and vice-versa.

To do this, proceed as follows:

Step	Step	
Action	Press and hold down the <b>Shift</b> key and press the <b>Menu/OK</b> key.	

## Modify Displayed Values

In **RUN** mode, when the TEXT / DISPLAY screen is displayed, it is possible to modify, from the front panel, the displayed values whose modification was authorized in the block function parameters window.

To do this, proceed as follows:

Step	Step		
Action	Press the <b>Shift</b> key (white key) to display the contextual menu. <b>Result: Param</b> is displayed at the bottom of the screen.		
2	Press the ▶ key (without releasing the <b>Shift</b> key) to display the contextual menu. <b>Result</b> : The parameter which can be modified flashes and the following contextual menu is displayed:		
	<b>←                                    </b>		
3	Select the parameter to be modified using the navigation keys ◀ and ▶ from the contextual menu (the value which are available for modification flash).		
4	Modify the parameter value with the + (▲) and - (▼) keys from the contextual menu.		
5	Confirm the changes by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen or the TEXT / DISPLAY screen.		

#### **PROGRAMMING Menu**



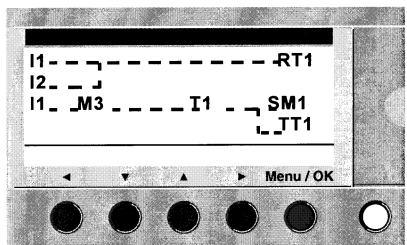
#### **Presentation**

## Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the characteristics of the **PROGRAMMING** menu specific to **LD mode** / smart relay in **STOP** mode.

This function lets the user enter the ladder diagrams that will work on the smart relay. This program is written only using a ladder diagram LD.

Illustration:



**Note:** The smart relays to which have been added an Input/Output extension are programmable only in **FBD mode** from the programming software. See on-line help of the programming software for more information.

## What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

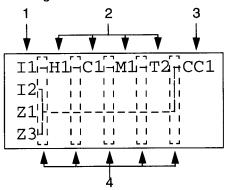
Topic	Page	
Rules for Entering Ladder Diagrams	41	
Method for Entering a Contact or Coil	43	
Entering a Link	45	
Entry of Function Block Parameters	47	
Deletion and Insertion of Diagram Lines	49	

## **Rules for Entering Ladder Diagrams**

#### **Description**

A smart relay allows you to enter 120 line Ladder diagrams.

The smart relay's display screen is used to display these lines, 4 at a time, in the following manner:



Prompt	Element
1	Column reserved for contacts (conditions).
2	Column reserved for contacts (conditions) and for links.
3	Column reserved for coils (actions).
4	Column reserved for links.

Each line comprises 5 fields each with 2 characters reserved for contacts (conditions). The 4 central columns can also accept links. The last three-character column is reserved for coils (actions).

Links must be entered between the contact and coil columns.

A ladder diagram is entered into the smart relay using the front panel keys (see Control Keys on the Front Panel of the Smart Relay, p. 20).

## **Data Entry Rules**

Make sure you respect the following rules when you enter a ladder diagram:

Rules	Incorrect	Correct
Each coil must only be entered once in the right hand column	I1[Q1 I2-I3TT1 T1[Q1 Z1•	I1 T1       I2-I3TT1       Z1●
Elements used as contacts may be entered as many times as necessary in the 5 left hand columns.		I1[Q1 T1[M2 I1-M2[Q2]
Links must always run from left to right.	[11-I2-I3] [] [14-I5-I6-[Q1]	I1-I2-I3[M1 M1I4-I5-I6-[Q1
If <b>S</b> coils (SET) are used in a diagram, also use an <b>R</b> (Reset) coil.	If no R (Reset) coils are used, the corresponding coil will always be set to 1.	An R (Reset) coil must be used for reset purposes.

Note: Smart relays run programs from top to bottom and from left to right.

### Method for Entering a Contact or Coil

#### **Description**

Note: Accessible only in LD mode / smart relay in STOP mode.

This section describes the procedures for performing the following operations:

- · Entering an element,
- · Modifying an element,
- Deleting an Element.

This is valid for: contact or coil elements, whether the parameters can be set or not.

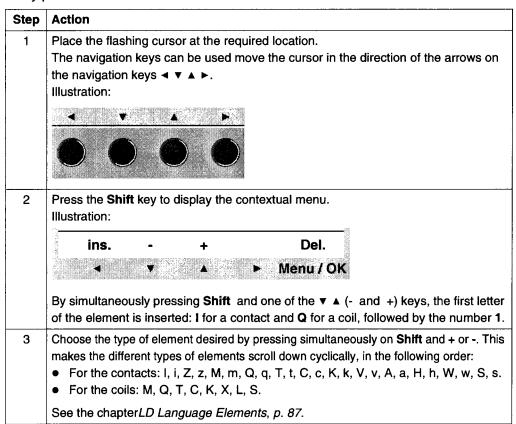
#### Entering an Element

When entering an element, the following rules must be observed:

- Contact: In any column except the last,
- Coil: Only in the last column.

The presence of a square, flashing cursor means an element can be inserted.

#### Entry procedure:



Step	Action	
4	Release the <b>Shift</b> key to have access to the navigation keys: ◀ ▼ ▲ ▶.  Pressing the ▶ key places the cursor over the corresponding number 1.	
5	Simultaneously hold down the <b>Shift</b> and <b>+</b> keys to increment the number of the element (2, 3, 4,, 9, A, etc.). <b>Note:</b> The numbers for functional blocks are limited to the number of blocks of the type available in the smart relay. In the case of extensible smart relays, the inputs and outputs numbers are used to program the extension to maximum size. In entering a contact, once this step is completed, the entry is terminated. In entering a coil, you must additionally select the function of the coil.	
6	Release the Shift key to have access to the navigation keys: ◀ ▼ ▲ ▶.	
7	Steps 7 to 9 are only necessary when entering a coil.  Position the cursor on the function of the coil by pressing twice on the ◀ key.	
8	Select the desired function by pressing simultaneously on the <b>Shift</b> key and the + or - key. This will scroll through the different coil functions available.	
9	Release the <b>Shift</b> key to have access to the navigation keys: ◀ ▼ ▲ ▶.	

**Note:** Confirming some function block coils will bring-up a function block parameter setting screen.

# Modifying an element,

To modify an existing control diagram element, simply:

- Position the pointer over the element to modify: Step 1 in the previous table,
- Select the desired new element: Steps 3 to 6.

#### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- A contact in normally-open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- A contact in normally-closed mode (reverse state) is active,

#### Deleting an Element

To delete an element, simply:

- Place the cursor over the element to delete: Step 1,
- Simultaneously press the Shift and Menu/OK keys.

Two scenarios are possible, depending on the position of the cursor at the time of the deletion:

- Cursor over an element: the element is deleted,
- Cursor over an empty position of the line: the whole line is deleted.

Note: Generally, the deleted element must be replaced by a link.

## **Entering a Link**

#### **Description**

Note: Accessible only in LD mode / smart relay in STOP mode.

This section describes the procedures for performing the following operations:

- Entering links between elements,
- Deleting links between elements,
- Replacing a link with a contact.

#### **Entering a Link**

Links are entered exclusively using the round flashing cursor.

#### Entry procedure:

Step	Action	
1	Place the flashing cursor at the required location.  The navigation keys can be used move the cursor in the direction of the arrows on the navigation keys	
2	Press the <b>Shift</b> key to display the contextual menu.  Illustration:  →  →  →  Del.  →  Menu / OK	
3	Trace connections by simultaneously pressing the <b>Shift</b> key and the navigation keys: $\leftarrow \uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow$ . <b>Shift</b> and $\rightarrow$ to trace a connection to the position of the next contact or to the coil at the end of the line. <b>Shift</b> and $\uparrow \downarrow$ to trace perpendicular connections to the previous or next line.	
4	Release the <b>Shift</b> key to have access to the navigation keys: ◀ ▼ ▲ ▶.	
5	Repeat the operation as many times as necessary to link the elements together according to your requirements.	

#### Modifying a Link

To modify an existing link, simply:

- Place the cursor over the link to modify: step 1
- Modify the link: Steps 2 to 5.

#### **Deleting a Link**

To delete a link, simply:

- Place the cursor over the element to delete: step 1.
- Simultaneously press the Shift and Menu/OK keys.

Two scenarios are possible, depending on the position of the cursor at the time of the deletion:

- Cursor over a link: The link is deleted,
- Over an empty position of the line: The whole line is deleted.

# Replacing a Link with a Contact

To replace a link with a contact, simply:

- Place the cursor (flashing square) over the link to transform: step 1.
- Follow the element entry (see *Method for Entering a Contact or Coil, p. 43*) procedure: Steps **3** to **6**.

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### **Entry of Function Block Parameters**

#### **Description**

Note: Accessible only in LD mode / smart relay in STOP mode.

When entering a control diagram, the parameters of the configurable automation functions must be completed.

The automation functions with parameters are the following:

- Auxiliary relays (see Auxiliary Relays, p. 93) (latching),
- Discrete Outputs (see Discrete (DISCR) Outputs, p. 98) (latching),
- Clocks (see Clocks, p. 134),
- Analog Comparators (see Analog Comparators, p. 129),
- Timers (see Timers, p. 101),
- Counters (see Counters, p. 111),
- Fast counters (see Fast Counter, p. 118).

# Accessibility of parameters

Function block parameter setting can be accessed:

- When entering the command diagram line,
- From the **PARAMETERS** menu if the block has not been padlocked.

#### Entering Parameters on Creation of the Block

Parameters are entered in the same way, whatever the parameters screen:

Step	Action	
1	Enter the desired automation function: Step 1 of the element entry (see <i>Method for Entering a Contact or Coil, p. 43</i> ) procedure.  When the function has parameters, <b>Param</b> appears in the contextual menu (when the <b>Shift</b> key is pressed).  Illustration:	
	ins + Param Del.  ✓ ✓ ▲ ► Menu / OK	
2	Press and hold down the <b>Shift</b> key and press on <b>Param</b> (key ▶). <b>Result</b> : The function's parameter screen appears.	
3	Use the navigation keys to move to the cursor over the modifiable parameters: ◀ ▶.	
4	Modify the value of the parameter using the + and - keys, holding down Shift.	
5	Confirm the modifications by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> , which will open the confirmation window. Confirm again by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> key to save.	

#### Modifying the Parameters of Existing Blocks

To modify the parameters of an existing element, simply:

Step	Action
1	Use the navigation keys to move the cursor over the element to modify: step 1 of the element entry (see <i>Method for Entering a Contact or Coil, p. 43</i> ) procedure.
2	At the same time, hold down Shift and the Param key to open the parameter window.
3	Carry out steps 3 to 5 above.

## **Deletion and Insertion of Diagram Lines**

#### **Deletion**

Note: Accessible only in LD mode / smart relay in STOP mode.

Diagram lines are deleted line-by line. The procedure is the following:

Step	Action	
1	Place the cursor over the line to delete.	
2	Delete all the elements in the line (see <i>Method for Entering a Contact or Coil, p. 43</i> ): (Links, contacts and coils) to obtain an empty line.	
3	Press the <b>Shift</b> key to display the contextual menu. Illustration:	
	ins + Del.  → ✓ ▲ ► Menu / OK	
	Simultaneously pressing Shift and Del opens the confirmation window.	
4	Confirm by pressing Menu/OK.	

**Note:** It is possible to delete all diagram lines contained in the smart relay. In order to do this, select the **CLEAR PROG.** option from the main menu, and confirm the deletion of all the control diagram lines.

#### Insertion

The procedure is the following:

Step	Action	
1	Place the cursor over the line located immediately below the line to create.	
2	Press the <b>Shift</b> key to display the contextual menu.	
3	Press the Ins key (while holding down the Shift key) to create the line.	

## **PARAMETERS Menu**

#### **PARAMETERS Menu**

#### **Description**

This menu is used to enter and modify the application parameters directly on the screen using the smart relay keys. This function can be accessed in the two modes: **LD** and **FBD**, but the contents will be specific to the mode used.

If there are non-locked parameters to display they are listed in the window; otherwise a **NO PARAMETER** message appears.

#### LD mode

Functions with parameters in LD mode:

- Auxiliary relays (see Auxiliary Relays, p. 93) (latching),
- Discrete Outputs (see Discrete (DISCR) Outputs, p. 98) (latching),
- Clocks (see Clocks, p. 134),
- Analog Comparators (see Analog Comparators, p. 129),
- Timers (see Timers, p. 101),
- Counters (see Counters, p. 111),
- Fast counter (see Fast Counter, p. 118).

Only those functions used in the program and with parameters are listed in the **PARAMETERS** menu.

#### FBD mode

Functions with parameters in FBD mode:

- Numerical Constant-Type Inputs,
- · Clocks,
- Gain,
- Timers: TIMER A/C, TIMER B/H, TIMER Li,
- Counters: PRESET COUNT,
- Fast counter,
- CAM block.

To access the parameters of the FBD blocks, you must know end enter the block number. This number appears in the programming software on the wiring sheet at the top right corner of the block.

Only those functions used in the program and with parameters are listed in the **PARAMETERS** menu.

#### Parameter Modification

#### Parameter modification procedure:

Step	Action	
1	Place the cursor over the <b>PARAMETERS</b> menu in the main menu (PARAMETERS flashing) and confirm by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> button. <b>Result</b> : The parameters window opens to the first parameter.	
2	Select the function to modify.  To access the required function, scroll through the function block numbers (navigation keys ▼ and ▲) until you reach the right one.	
3	Select the parameter to modify.  The ◀ and ▶ keys are used to place the cursor over the parameter to modify.	
4	Modify the parameter using the + and - keys (▲ and ▼) of the contextual menu.	
5	Confirm the modifications by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> , which will open the confirmation window.	
6	Confirm again twice by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> to save. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode and to the MAIN menu in STOP mode.	

# Parameters in RUN Mode

It is therefore possible to modify parameters in RUN mode dynamically as long as they are not locked.

The modifications can be made:

- From the **PARAMETERS** (see *PARAMETERS Menu, p. 51*) menu,
- From the **MONITORING** (see *MONITORING Menu, p. 53*) (LD) menu: Move the pointer over the function to be modified using the navigation keys and open the parameters window from the contextual menu (**Shift** key).

## **MONITORING Menu**

#### **MONITORING Menu**

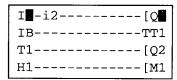
#### **Description**

Note: Accessible only in LD mode / smart relay in RUN mode.

**MONITORING** mode can be used to obtain a dynamic view of the state of the smart relay inputs/outputs.

In this mode the wiring diagram appears as it does in the PROGRAMMING (see *PROGRAMMING Menu, p. 39*) menu (smart relay in STOP mode), but appear in reverse video when inputs or outputs are activated (white on black background).

#### Illustration:



This mode is also used to dynamically modify the values of automation function parameters if these are not locked.

# Parameter Modification

## To modify the parameters, proceed as follows:

Step	Action
1	Use the navigation keys to move the cursor over the element to modify: Step 1 of the element entry (see <i>Method for Entering a Contact or Coil, p. 43</i> ) procedure.
2	At the same time, hold down <b>Shift</b> and the <b>Param</b> key to open the parameter window.
3	Use the navigation keys to move to the cursor over the modifiable parameters: ◀ ▶.
4	Change the parameter value using the keys + and
5	Confirm the modifications by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> , which will open the confirmation window. Confirm a second time by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> to save.
6	Confirm again with <b>Menu/OK</b> . <b>Result</b> : Return to the parameter screen.
7	Confirm again with <b>Menu/OK</b> . <b>Result</b> : Return to the LD diagram screen.

## **RUN/STOP Menu**



#### **RUN/STOP Menu**

#### **Description**

This function is used to start or stop the program in the smart relay:

- In STOP mode: The program is stopped and the outputs disabled,
- In **RUN** mode (with or without initialization of latching parameters): The program is executed.

#### Startup

In STOP mode, when accessing the RUN/STOP menu, the interface proposes the following three choices for starting the program:

- WITH LATCHING INIT: All current values (counters, timers, etc.) are reset to zero before the program starts (default selection),
- WITHOUT LATCHING INIT: Current values for which the Latching option has been activated are kept,
- NO: The program has not been started.

#### Illustration:



The navigation keys ▼ ▲ are used to change the selection.

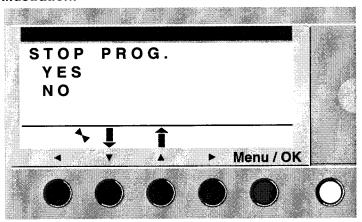
When the mode has been validated with the **Menu/OK** key, the display moves to the **INPUT-OUTPUT** screen.

#### Off

In RUN mode, when accessing the RUN/STOP menu, the interface asks the user to confirm the request to stop the program:

- YES: The program stops (selected by default),
- NO: The program does not stop.

#### Illustration:



The navigation keys ▼ ▲ are used to change the selection.

When the mode has been confirmed with the **Menu/OK** key, the display moves to the **INPUT-OUTPUT** screen.

#### Smart Relays Without Screen

For smart modules without screen, a green LED located on the front panel of the module is an indicator light:

- If the LED flashes slowly (3 Hz), the module is in RUN mode (even if there is non-blocking fault).
- If the LED flashes rapidly (5 Hz), the module is in STOP mode with fault.
- If the LED stays lit, the module is powered-up and in STOP mode.

Note: On power up, the smart relay is in RUN mode, unless there is a blocking fault.

Note: To release a blocking fault, power off the module, then power it up again.

## **CONFIGURATION Menu**



#### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Chapter

The CONFIGURATION menu provides access to the following 4 functions:

- PASSWORD,
- FILTER.
- Zx KEYS,
- WATCHDOG & CYCLE

This chapter describes the characteristics of these functions.

Note: Use the navigation key to return to the main menu ∢.

**Note:** If the program is password-protected, (key displayed in the contextual menu), the user must enter the password before any action can take place in the sub-menus.

Note: The CONFIGURATION menu is only available in STOP mode.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page	
PASSWORD Menu	58	
FILTER Menu	61	
Zx KEYS Menu	62	
WATCHDOG CYCLE Menu	63	

#### **PASSWORD Menu**

#### **Description**

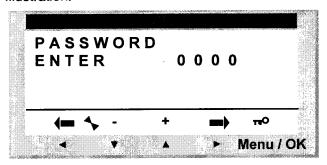
If the program is password-protected (key icon appears), the user must enter the password to perform certain operations.

The password protects access to the following menus:

- PROGRAMMING (LD STOP mode),
- MONITORING (LD RUN mode),
- CONFIGURATION (STOP mode),
- CLEAR PROG. (LD STOP mode),
- MODULE TRANSFER > MEM (STOP mode).
- MEM TRANSFER > MODULE (LD STOP mode depending on the choice of the programmer <sup>(1)</sup>, FBD STOP mode).

**Note:** <sup>(1)</sup> The programmer can configure the application to protect access to this menu in LD mode. .

#### Illustration:



Activating the password also involves usage limitations in the programming software:

- Modification of the program contained in the smart relay,
- Rereading of the program contained in the smart relay,
- Destruction by transferring another program.
- Monitoring,

**Note:** If you lose a password, the solution is to overwrite the program from the programming software; see the on-line help of the programming software.

- Transferring/Clearing the program,
- Module/Update module Firmware, for more information about the compatibility
  of the firmware, see Compatibility between the version of the programming
  software and the version of the firmware on the smart relay, p. 234.

**Note:** It is possible to quit the screen without entering a password by using a combination of the **Shift** key (white key) and the **Menu/Ok** key (green key).

**Note:** To return to the main menu from the CONFIGURATION menu, use the navigation key  $\blacktriangleleft$ .

# Entering Password

Initially, the key is not displayed and each digit is set to 0.

The ENTER message appears in the window.

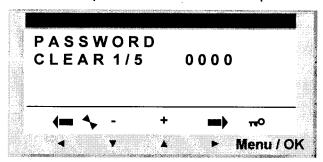
#### Entry procedure:

Step	Action
1	Use the navigation keys to select the digit to enter: ◀ ▶.
2	Select the value of the digit using the + and - keys of the contextual menu.
3	Confirm the password with the <b>Menu/OK</b> key, which opens the confirmation window.
4	Confirm again with the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the MAIN menu.

**Note:** Henceforth the key is displayed in the contextual menu line.

# Removing Password

To cancel the password, follow the same procedure used to enter it.



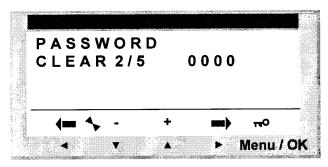
Initially, the key icon is displayed, meaning: Smart relay protected.

The message CLEAR and the number of attempts 1 / 5 appear in the window.

The following scenarios may arise:

- Password correct: The password is then inhibited, and the smart relay returns to the PASSWORD menu,
- Password incorrect: The CLEAR counter is incremented.

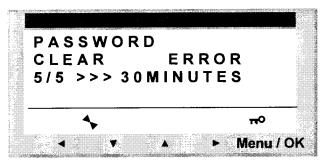
#### Illustration:



If an incorrect password is entered **5** times consecutively, the security function is locked for 30 minutes.

During this period, if the power supply to the smart relay fails, the downcount will start again on power up.

#### Illustration:



#### Modifying Password

To modify the password, simply cancel the old password and enter a new one.

#### **FILTER Menu**

#### **Description**

This function is used to detect more quickly any changes in states of Discrete inputs. Two choices are available:

- Fast.
- Slow.

Response time:

Filtering	Commutation	Response time	
Slow	$ON \rightarrow OFF$	5 milliseconds	
	$OFF \to ON$	3 milliseconds	
Fast	$ON \rightarrow OFF$	0.5 milliseconds	
	$OFF \to ON$	0.3 milliseconds	

This selection can only be made when the smart relay is in STOP. By default, the smart relays are configured in SLOW.

**Note:** This function is available on smart relays with a direct voltage power supply.

**Note:** to return to the main menu from the CONFIGURATION menu, use the navigation key ◀.

# Filter-Type Selection

The current type is indicated by the selection symbol (black diamond).

Procedure for selection of filter type:

Step	Action
1	Select the type of filtering using the ▼ ▲ keys (the selection will flash).
2	Confirm with Menu/OK.  Result: the display returns to the MAIN menu.

#### Zx KEYS Menu

#### **Description**

Note: Only accessible in LD mode.

The **Zx KEYS** option is used to activate or deactivate the use of the navigation keys as pushbuttons.

Different functions can be obtained depending on the state of this option:

- **Inactive**: The keys are only available for setting, configuring and programming the smart relay.
- Active: they can also be used in a control diagram.
   In this configuration, they operate as pushbuttons: Zx keys (see Zx Keys, p. 91), without the need to use a terminal input contact.

**Note:** To return to the main menu from the CONFIGURATION menu, use the navigation key **◄**.

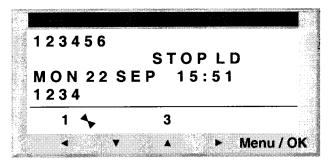
# Zx Keys in RUN Mode

By default, the Zx keys are used as navigation keys.

In RUN mode, when the inputs-outputs screen, TEXT screen or DISPLAY screen is active, the numbers of the Zx keys used in the program are displayed in the contextual menu line.

To activate the key, simply select the required key ◀ ▼ ▲ ▶.

Illustration:



**Note:** The function is inactive in Parameters mode, Monitoring and all the function block parameter and configuration screens.

#### **WATCHDOG CYCLE Menu**

#### **Description**

The duration of a program cycle depends on its length and complexity: In particular, the type and number of inputs-outputs and the number of extensions.

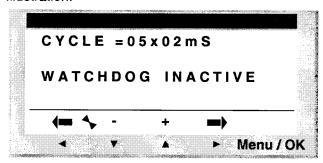
The program is executed periodically at regular time intervals. This time interval is called the **cycle** time.

The program will only execute completely if the cycle time is greater than the program execution time.

The cycle period is configurable in the : **CONFIGURATION**  $\rightarrow$  **CYCLE WATCHDOG** menu. This period may be set from 6 to 90 milliseconds in 2-millisecond steps.

The default value of the cycle period is 10 milliseconds.

Illustration:



Note: Make sure that:

- Input variations that are too rapid are not masked by cycle time that is too slow,
- The speed of output variations is compatibles with system commands.

If the duration of the execution cycle of the program and the embedded software functions exceeds the cycle time value selected by the programmer, the WATCHDOG can be used to operate a specific action.

**Note:** In certain dialog phases, the cycle times are increased by the communication times between the PC and the smart relay. No guarantee can be made concerning the real cycle times during this operating mode. The WATCHDOG is always inhibited in this smart relay operating mode.

**Note:** To return to the main menu from the CONFIGURATION menu, use the navigation key ◀.

#### **Actions**

The WATCHDOG can perform the following different actions:

- INACTIVE: normal operating mode,
- ALARM: A warning state is set and the warning number corresponding to Cycle time overrun is accessible in the FAULT menu,
- **ERROR**: the program stops (STOP mode) and the error number corresponding to: **Cycle time overrun** is accessible in the **FAULT** menu.

#### **Cycle Time**

The cycle time may be set from 6 to 90 milliseconds in 2-millisecond steps.

To adjust this period, adjust the step multiplier factor by 2 milliseconds using the + and - keys of the contextual menu. This factor is between 3 and 45.

$$CYCLE = 05 \times 02 \text{ mS}$$

The multiplier factor is adjusted depending on the shortest sampling period of the inputs.

# WATCHDOG Configuration

#### Procedure:

Step	Action
1	Configure the CYCLE parameter using the + and - keys of the contextual menu.
2	Confirm the entry using one of the keys: ◀ or ►.  Result: The CYCLE parameter is confirmed and the WATCHDOG parameter is selected (it flashes).
3	Configure the WATCHDOG parameter using the + and - keys of the contextual menu.
4	Confirm your changes by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the MAIN menu.

## **CLEAR PROGRAM Menu**



#### **CLEAR PROG Menu.**

#### **Description**

Note: Accessible only in LD mode.

This function is used to clear the entire program.

**Note:** If the program is protected (key displayed), the user must enter the password (see *PASSWORD Menu*, *p. 58*) before being able to delete the program.

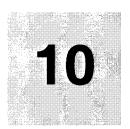
# Clearing the Program

On opening, NO is selected by default.

#### Procedure:

Step	Action
1	Select the YES choice using the navigation keys ▼ and ▲.
2	Confirm the clear command by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : the display returns to the MAIN menu.

## **TRANSFER Menu**



#### **TRANSFER Menu**

#### **Description**

This function is used to:

- Load the firmware and the application contained in the smart relay into the backup memory.
- load firmware and application from the backup memory to the smart relay.

This backup memory can then be used to load the firmware and the application into another smart relay.

Illustration:



Note: The backup memory is provided as an option.

**Note:** Insertion and extraction of the backup memory may be performed even when the smart relay is powered up.

For smart relays without screens, detection of the memory may only be performed on power up of the smart relay, if the memory is inserted when the smart relay is powered on, it will not be acknowledged.

**Note:** If the application is protected (key icon displayed), the user must enter the password before being able to save the program.

**Note:** if an application is already present in the backup memory, it will be overwritten by the new transfer (no test is performed to check the memory is free).

**Note:** It is not possible to directly transfer an application created with version V2 of the programming software from the SR2 MEM01 memory to the smart relay if this latter contains version V3 firmware.

In this case, see what action you should take in the section Program incompatible with firmware of the module (see *Application incompatible with firmware on the smart relay, p. 70*).

For more information about the compatibility of the memory cartridges, see Compatibility between the memory cartridges and the version of the firmware on the smart relay, p. 195.

# Module → Backup Memory Transfer

Procedure for transferring the application, from the smart relay to the backup memory:

Step	Action
1	Insert the EEPROM cartridge (SR2 MEM02) into the slot provided.
2	Select the transfer type: <b>MEMORY&gt;ZELIO</b> using the navigation keys ▼ ▲.
3	Confirm the transfer command with the <b>Menu/OK</b> key.  (Enter the password if the program is password-protected).
4	Wait for the transfer to end.  Display: >>> MEMORY then TRANSFER. OK when it is complete.
5	Confirm again by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> key to exit the menu. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode and to the MAIN menu in STOP mode.

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# Backup Memory → Module Transfer

Procedure for transferring the application, from the backup memory to the smart relay, for a **smart relay with LCD and keyboard**:

Step	Action
1	Insert the EEPROM cartridge (SR2 MEM02) with the program to be transferred into the slot provided.
2	Select the transfer type: <b>MEMORY&gt;ZELIO</b> using the navigation keys ▼ ▲.
3	Confirm the transfer command with the Menu/OK key.
4	Wait for the transfer to end.  Display: > > MODULE then TRANSFER. OK when it is complete.
5	Confirm again by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> to exit the menu. <b>Result</b> : the display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode and to the MAIN menu in STOP mode.

Procedure for transferring the application, from the backup memory to the smart relay, for a **smart relay without LCD or keyboard**:

Step	Action
1	Since the smart relay <b>is not powered-on</b> , insert the EEPROM cartridge (SR2 MEM02) into the slot provided.
2	Power up the smart relay.  During the transfer, the LED display is off.
3	Wait for the transfer to end.  During the transfer, the LED display is off, then at the end of the transfer the LED flashes.
4	<ul> <li>If the flashing is slow (3 Hz), the transfer has been successful, the smart relay is in RUN, remove the EEPROM cartridge (SR2 MEM02).</li> <li>If the flashing is rapid (5Hz), the transfer has failed due to incompatibility between the configuration necessary for the program to be transferred and that of the smart relay.</li> </ul>

**Note:** When the smart relay is in STOP mode, the LED display is lit and does not flash.

#### **Possible Errors**

Below are the possible errors and, for each case, the messages that are displayed:

Absence of backup memory

Error message:

TRANSFER ERROR: NO MEMORY

• Configurations of the hardware and program to transfer incompatible Error message:

TRANSFER ERROR: CONFIG INCOMPAT (hardware or software reference numbers).

Refer to the DEFAULT Menu, p. 77 chapter to consult the error number and clear it.

**Note:** The transfer of one module program to another via a memory card is only possible between smart relays with the same reference. For example, it is impossible to transfer a program from a module with a clock to a module that does not have one.

# Application incompatible with firmware on the smart relay

If the application stored in backup memory SR2 MEM01 was created with a version of the programming software that is incompatible (see *Compatibility between the memory cartridges and the version of the firmware on the smart relay, p. 195*) with the firmware of the target smart relay, proceed as follows:

Step	Action
1	Load the application from the backup memory to a smart relay with compatible firmware.  Note: If no smart relay has firmware that is compatible with the application, use the programming software version that was used to create the application to load compatible firmware into the target smart relay:
2	Use the version of the programming software that was used to create the application to load it from the smart relay toward the PC.
3	Save the application uploaded in step 2.
4	Launch the latest version of the programming software.
5	Open the application saved in step 3.  Result: The programming software converts the application.
6	Load the converted application and the associated firmware to the target smart relay.

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#### Use of SR2 MEM01 and SR2 MEM02

On SR2 MEM01, only the program is loaded whereas on SR2 MEM02 the program and the corresponding firmware is loaded.

#### Consequently:

- With the SR2 MEM01 memory cartridge, you can perform:
  - A smart relay to memory transfer if the version of the firmware on this relay is strictly lower than 3.09.
  - A memory to smart relay transfer if the program contained in the SR2 MEM01 memory cartridge is loaded from a smart relay that has the same version of firmware as the smart relay to which you want to load the cartridge.
- With the SR2 MEM02, memory cartridge, you can perform:
  - A smart relay to memory transfer if the version of the firmware on this relay is equal to or higher than 3.09.
  - A memory to smart relay transfer if the version of the firmware on the relay to which you want to load the cartridge is higher than 3.09.

For more information about the compatibility of the memory cartridges, see Compatibility between the memory cartridges and the version of the firmware on the smart relay, p. 195.

## **VERSION Menu**



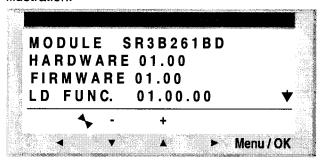
#### **VERSION Menu**

## **Description**

This function is used to precisely identify the version of each system component:

- Type of hardware,
- Firmware,
- LD functions,
- FBD functions.

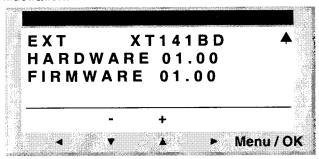
#### Illustration:



This information is available for the smart relay, but also for the connected extensions.

The ▼ symbol is present in the bottom right, indicating the existence of extensions connected to the smart module.

#### Illustration:



To quit, press the **Menu/OK** button, the display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode and to the MAIN menu in STOP mode.

## **LANGUAGE Menu**

#### **LANGUAGE Menu**

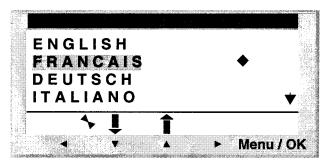
#### **Description**

This function is used to select the language used by the smart relay.

All messages may be viewed in 6 languages:

- English,
- French,
- German,
- Italian,
- Spanish,
- Portuguese.

#### Illustration:



# Language Selection

The current language is indicated by the selection symbol (black diamond). Language selection procedure:

Step	Action
1	Select the language using the navigation keys: ▼ and ▲ (the selection flashes).
2	Confirm with the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode and to the MAIN menu in STOP mode.

## **DEFAULT Menu**



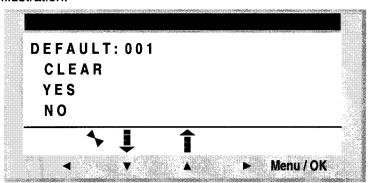
#### **FAULT Menu**

#### **Description**

This function is used to:

- Display on the LCD screen the type of fault detected by the firmware of the smart relay (error or warning: Watchdog overrun, see WATCHDOG CYCLE Menu, p. 63, cycle time too high, etc.),
- Reset the fault counter to zero.

#### Illustration:



# Reset to Zero of the Fault Counter

To reset the fault counter to zero, proceed as follows:

Step	Action
1	Select the YES choice using the navigation keys ▼ and ▲.
2	Confirm the clear command by pressing the Menu/OK key.
	Result: The display returns to the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode and to
	the MAIN menu in STOP mode.

# Fault Types Below, the description of possible faults:

Number	Type of fault
000	No faults
001	Fault in writing to EEPROM  This fault defines the transfer problems between the memory cartridge and the smart relay. If this fault occurs frequently, contact the after-sales service.
002	Clock write fault  If the fault occurs frequently, contact the after-sales service.
004	Overload on solid state relay outputs  Once a transistor output reaches a temperature of 170°C, the group of 4 outputs to which it belongs is deactivated. To make this group of outputs operational, the cause of the over current (short-circuit, etc.) must first be deleted, and then the fault cleared from the FAULT menu (see FAULT Menu, p. 77).
050	Smart relay firmware is damaged Reload the firmware on the smart relay and the user application. If this problem persists, contact the after sales service.
051	Watchdog overflow  Warning or error according to the selection made in the menu (smart relay display) or in the configuration window (programming software).  The cycle time in the smart relay is too short compared with the application program execution time programmed in the smart relay.  If the application requires cycle time or strict sampling of the smart relay inputs/outputs, lengthen the application cycle time in the smart relay. To do this, either set the parameters in the CONFIGURATION menu (smart relay display) or in the configuration window (programming software).  If the application does not require the cycle time, you must choose: No WATCHDOG Action, in the CONFIGURATION menu.
052	The smart relay has executed an unknown operation  If the fault is permanent, reload the firmware on the smart relay and the user application. If this problem persists, contact the after-sales service.
053	Link fault between smart relay and bus-type extension Check operation of the extension (connection, power supply, fault).
054	Link fault between smart relay and input/output-type extension Check operation of the extension (connection, power supply and fault).
058	A fault has been detected in the firmware (software specific to the smart relay) or on the smart relay hardware. If the fault is permanent, reload the firmware on the smart relay and the user program. If this problem persists, contact the after-sales service.
059	At the beginning of RUN on the smart relay application: The application cannot switch to RUN because it is incompatible with the smart relay physically connected to the power supply.  If this problem occurs, contact the after-sales service.
060	At the beginning of RUN on the smart relay application: Program incompatible with the bus extension physically connected to the power supply.  If this problem occurs, contact the after-sales service.

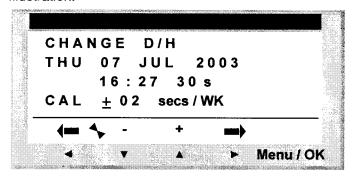
Number	Type of fault
061	At the beginning of RUN on the smart relay application: Program incompatible with the Input/ Output extension physically connected to the power supply. If this problem occurs, contact the after-sales service.
062	Version (or build number) incompatibility when loading a program from the backup memory If this problem occurs, contact the after-sales service.
063	Hardware configuration incompatibility when loading a program from the backup memory If this problem occurs, contact the after-sales service.

## **CHANGE DATE/TIME Menu**

#### **CHANGE DATE/TIME Menu**

#### **Description**

This function is used to configure the date and time of the smart relays that have a clock. Illustration:



The modifiable parameters are:

- Day / week / month / year,
- Hour, minutes, seconds,
   Values are recorded by pressing the Menu/Ok key; if you wish to specify the time more accurately, you should complete the entry of modifications with minutes and seconds.
- CAL: Calibration of the internal clock of the smart relay in seconds per week.

#### **Clock Calibration**

The quartz that controls the real-time clock of the smart relay has a variable monthly drift depending on the environmental conditions of the smart relay.

The maximum value for this drift is approximately one minute per month.

To estimate this drift, proceed by observing the drift on the smart relay clock with respect to a standard reference clock for a few weeks or more.

#### Example:

If you wish to compensate this drift, you can for example make a -15 second correction per week to compensate for a + 60 second drift per month. This compensation is executed on Sunday at one O'clock in the morning.

**Note:** This correction serves no purpose if the smart relay is subject to long power interruptions or major variations in temperature.

# Clock Configuration

#### Procedure:

Steps	Description		
1	Select the parameter to modify using the navigation keys ◀ and ▶.  Result: The selected parameter flashes.  (When you enter this mode, the day value is selected)		
2	Modify the value of the parameter.  The + and - keys of the contextual menu can be used to change the current value.		
3	Confirm the changes by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the MAIN menu.		

**Note:** The smart relay contains a software module that determines the day of the week when the user selects the day of the month in the year.

**Note:** You are not allowed to modify the hour by a product between 2:00 and 3:00 AM for the days of the change from summer to winter time (at 3:00 it is 2:00)

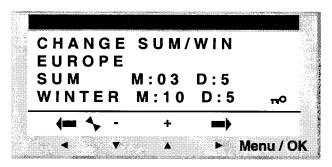
# **CHANGE SUMMER/WINTER Menu**

#### **CHANGE SUMMER/WINTER Menu**

## **Description**

This function is used to change the time range automatically: Summer/winter, for smart relays with a clock.

Illustration:



The following operating modes are possible:

- NO: no change,
- Automatic: The change takes place automatically, the dates are preset according to the geographic zone:
  - EUROPE: Europe,
  - USA.
- OTHER ZONE: (MANUAL) the change takes place automatically, but you must specify, for summer and winter:
  - The month: M,
  - The Sunday: **D** (1, 2, 3, 4 or 5) when the change takes place.

# Configuration of the Time Change

To configure automatic time change, proceed as follows:

Step	Action		
1	Select the parameter to modify using the navigation keys ◀ and ▶.  Result: The selected parameter flashes.		
2	Modify the parameter value.  The + and - keys of the contextual menu are used to change the current value.		
3	Confirm the changes by pressing the <b>Menu/OK</b> key. <b>Result</b> : The display returns to the MAIN menu.		

# **LD Language**



# At a Glance

# Subject of this Section

This section describes the use of LD (Ladder Diagram) programming language for the smart relay.

# What's in this Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
16	LD Language Elements	87

# **LD Language Elements**

# At a Glance

# Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the different automation functions of the LD language.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Introduction	88
Discrete Inputs	89
Zx Keys	91
Auxiliary Relays	93
Discrete (DISCR) Outputs	98
Timers	101
Counters	111
Fast Counter	118
Counter Comparators	128
Analog Comparators	129
Clocks	134
Texts	138
LCD Screen Backlighting	140
Change to Summer / Winter Time	141
Modbus Inputs/Outputs	143
Message	144

#### Introduction

#### **Description**

In **LD** programming mode, an application can be created from the interface of the front panel of the smart relay.

Here is detailed information on all possible elements of a ladder diagram in **LD** mode that are recognized and used by smart relays.

To better understand the functions performed by each element, where necessary a directly usable example is included.

# Composition of Ladder Diagrams

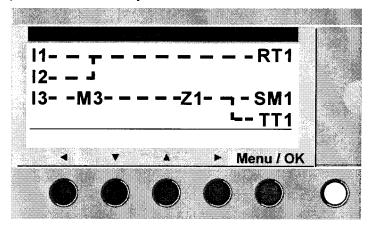
Smart relays accept 120-line diagrams.

- Each line is comprised of a maximum of 5 contacts.
- Contacts must be attached to one coil, and the coil is not necessarily on the same line.

**Note:** When an application requires more than five contacts to activate an action, the auxiliary relays may be used.

# Sample Ladder Dlagram

Below is an example of a ladder diagram, as it appears on the display of the front panel of a smart relay:



# **Discrete Inputs**

#### **Description**

The **Discrete Inputs** can be used exclusively as contacts in the program.

These contacts represent the status of the input for the smart relay connected to a sensor (push button, switch, sensor, etc.).

The contact number corresponds to the number of terminals of the associated input: 1 to 9, then A to R (except for letters I, M and O) according to the smart relay and the possible extension.

#### Use as a Contact

This contact may use the direct state of the input (normally open mode) or its inverse state (mode normally closed), see below.

#### Normally open mode:

Symbol of a normally open contact:



A normally open contact corresponds to the use of the **direct** state of the input. If the input is **supplied**, the contact is said to be **conducting**.

Example: Using a pushbutton to switch a lamp on and off.

If input 1 is supplied, contact 11 is closed, and coil Q1 is activated.

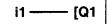
#### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of a normally closed contact:



A normally closed contact corresponds to the use of the **reverse** state (logical complement of the direct state) of the input. If the input is **supplied**, the contact is said to be **non-conducting**.

Example: Controlling a lamp using an input in reverse state.



If input 1 is supplied, contact i1 is open, and coil Q1 is non-activated.

# Modification of the state of a contact

To modify a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window is displayed on the screen), simply:

- Place the cursor over the letter of the contact,
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph *Modifying an element,, p. 44*, to scroll through the possible contact types (I for a normally open contact, I for a normally closed contact).

### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- The direct state is inactive,
- The reverse state is active.

# Zx Keys

#### **Description**

The navigation keys behave exactly like the I physical inputs (Discrete inputs). The only difference is that they do not correspond to smart relay connection terminals, but to the four gray buttons on the front panel.

They are used as pushbuttons, and can only be used as contacts.

#### **Use as a Contact**

This contact may use the direct state of the key (normally open mode) or its inverse state (mode normally closed), see below.

#### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact, representing a key:

Z-

The **normally open** mode corresponds to the use of the direct state of the key. If the key is **pressed**, the corresponding input is said to be **conducting**.

#### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the normally closed contact, representing a key:

Z-

The **normally closed** mode corresponds to the use of the reverse state (logical complement of the direct state) of the key. If the key is **pressed**, the corresponding input is said to be **non-conducting**.

#### Example

Creating a switch operated by the **Z1** key and **Q1** output:

Each time the Z1 key is pressed, the Q1 output changes state.

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# Deactivation of Zx Keys

By default the **Zx Keys** are active. They may be deactivated in one of the following ways:

- From the smart relay front panel: Using : CONFIGURATION → Zx KEYS menu, see Zx KEYS Menu, p. 62
- From the programming software: See on-line help of the programming software for more information.

**Note:** When the smart relay is in RUN mode, if the **Zx Keys** have been deactivated, they cannot be used for inputs in the program, but can be only used for navigating the menus.

## Modification of the State of a Contact

To modify a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window is displayed on the screen), simply:

- Place the mouse over the letter representing the contact,
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph *Modifying an element,, p. 44*, to scroll through the possible contact types (**Z** for a normally open contact, **z** for a normally closed contact).

#### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- Normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- Normally closed mode (reverse state) is active.

# **Auxiliary Relays**

#### **Description**

**Auxiliary relays** marked **M** behave in exactly the same way as **Q Discrete outputs** (see *Discrete (DISCR) Outputs, p. 98*), but do not have an electrical output contact. They can be used as internal variables.

There are 31, numbered from 1 to 9 and from A to Y except for letters I, M, O.

All auxiliary relays can be used, in the program, indifferently either as a coil or contact. They can be used to latch a state to be used in the form of the associated contact.

#### Use as a Coil

To use an auxiliary relay as a coil, 4 modes are available:

- · Contactor mode,
- Impulse relay mode,
- · Latch mode.
- Unlatch mode.

#### Contactor mode:

Symbol of an auxiliary relay, used as a coil in contactor mode:



The relay is energized if the contacts to which it is connected are conducting. Otherwise it is not energized.

#### Impulse relay mode:

Symbol of an auxiliary relay, used as a coil in impulse relay mode:



Pulse energization, the coil changes state on each pulse it receives.

#### Latch mode:

Symbol of an auxiliary relay, used as a coil in latch mode:

SM-

The **SET** relay, also called the latch relay, is energized as soon as the contacts to which it is connected are conducting, then stays set even if later the contacts are no longer conducting.

This behavior is identical to that of an RS logic flip-flop.

#### Unlatch mode:

Symbol of an auxiliary relay, used as a coil in latch mode:

RM-

The **RESET** relay, also called the unlatch relay, is deactivated when the contacts to which it is connected are conducting. It remains deactivated even if later the contacts are no longer conducting.

**Note:** for reasons of increasing compatibility for programs operating with Zelio 1, the four types of mode for any given Q output coil or M auxiliary relay can be used in the same wiring diagram in Zelio 2.

#### Use as a Contact

Auxiliary relays can be used as contacts as many times as necessary.

This contact may use the direct state of the relay (normally open mode) or its inverse state (mode normally closed), see below.

#### Normally open mode:

Symbol of an auxiliary relay, used as a contact in normally open mode:



A relay used as **normally open contact** corresponds to the use of the direct state of the relay. If it is **powered**, the contact is said to be **conducting**.

#### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of an auxiliary relay, used as a contact in normally closed mode:

m-

An auxiliary relay used as a **normally closed contact**, corresponds to the use of the reverse state (logical complement of the direct state) of the relay. If it is **powered**, the contact is said to be **non-conducting**.

#### Example

In the following example turning on and off a lamp is conditioned by the \_\_\_\_\_ 6 following inputs: I1, I2, I3, I4, I5 and IB.

The is on when:

• The I1, I4, I5 and IB inputs are set to the state 1,

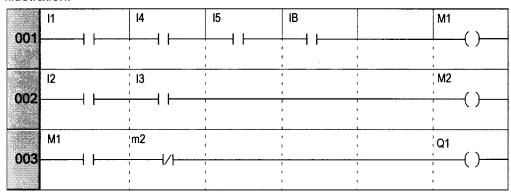
#### and

• The I2, I3 are set to state 0.

Because the smart relay does not allow more than five contacts on a line, auxiliary relays are used to control the lamp.

You choose to memorize the state of inputs I1, I4, I5 and IB using the auxiliary relay M1 and memorize the state of inputs I2 and I3 using the auxiliary relay M2. The lamp is controlled by relays M1 and M2, used respectively as normally open contact and as normally closed contact.

#### Illustration:



# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the cursor on the symbol representing the coil mode or on the letter of the contact.
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 44, to scroll
  through the possible modes for a coil or contact types possible (M for normally
  open contact, m for a normally closed contact).

#### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- Normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- Normally closed mode (reverse state) is active.

# Latching

By default, after a power failure, the relay is in the state that corresponds to program initialization.

To restore the state of the output backed up during power loss, the latching must be activated:

• From the front panel: From the **PARAMETERS** (see *PARAMETERS Menu*, p. 51) window,

or

• In the programming software: Enable the **Latching** option in the parameters window associated with the relay.

# **Discrete (DISCR) Outputs**

#### Description

**Discrete Outputs** correspond to the smart relay output relay coils (connected to the actuators). These outputs are numbered from 1 to 9, then from A to G, according to the smart relay and any extensions.

Any Discrete output can be used, in the program, indifferently either as a coil or a contact.

#### Use as a Coil

To use a Discrete output as a coil, four modes are available:

- Contactor mode,
- Impulse relay mode,
- · Latch mode,
- Unlatch mode.

#### Contactor mode:

Symbol of a Discrete output, used as a coil in contactor mode:



The coil is energized if the contacts to which it is connected are conducting. Otherwise it is not energized.

#### Impulse relay mode:

Symbol of a Discrete output, used as a coil in impulse relay mode:

Pulse energization, the coil changes state on each pulse it receives.

Example: Switching a lamp on and off with a pushbutton:

A push button is connected to input **I1** and a lamp to output **Q1**. Every time the button is pressed, the lamp switches on or off.

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#### Latch mode:

Symbol of a Discrete output, used as a coil in latch mode:

SQ-

The **Set** coil, also called the latch coil, is energized as soon as the contacts to which it is connected are conducting, then stays set even if later the contacts are no longer conducting.

This behavior is identical to that of an RS logic flip-flop.

<u>Example:</u> Switching a lamp on and off with two pushbuttons: See Latching Mode below.

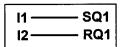
#### Unlatch mode:

Symbol of a Discrete output, used as a coil in unlatch mode:

RQ-

The **RESET** coil, also called the unlatch coil, is deactivated when the contacts to which it is connected are conducting. It remains inactive even if later the contacts are no longer conducting.

Example: Switching a lamp on and off with two pushbuttons: See Unlatch Mode



BPI1 is connected to input I1. BPI2 to input I2. The lamp is controlled by output Q1. The lamp turns on when pushbutton BPI1 is pressed, and it turns off when pushbutton BPI2 is pressed.

Note: Output use rule:

- An output may only be used at one single point in the program as a coil.
- If a SET coil is used for a Discrete output, it is advisable to provide a RESET coil
  for this output. The RESET coil takes priority over the SET coil.
   The use of a Set coil on its own is only justified for activating an alarm signal that

can be reset only by an INIT + ON action from the program.

**Note:** For reasons of upward compatibility for programs operating with Zelio 1 smart relays, the four types of modes for any given Q output coil or M auxiliary relay can be used in the same wiring diagram in Zelio 2.

In this case, the operating mode is determined by the coil activated first.

#### **Use as a Contact**

An output can be used as an auxiliary contact as many times as necessary.

This contact may use the direct state of the output (normally open mode) or its inverse state (normally closed mode), see below.

#### Normally open mode:

Symbol of a Discrete output, used as a contact in normally open mode:



An output used as a **normally open** auxiliary contact corresponds to the use of the direct state of the output. If it is **powered**, the contact is said to be **conducting**.

#### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of a Discrete output, used as a contact in normally closed mode:



An output used as a **normally closed** auxiliary contact corresponds to the use of the reverse state (logical complement of the direct state) of the output. If it is **powered**, the contact is said to be **non-conducting**.

## Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the mouse on the symbol representing the coil output mode or on the letter of the contact representing the output,
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph *Modifying an element,, p. 44*, to scroll through the possible modes for coils or contact types possible (**Q** for normally open contact, **q** for a normally closed contact).

#### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- Normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- Normally closed mode (reverse state) is active.

#### Latching

By default, after a power failure, the relay is in the state that corresponds to program initialization.

Activate latching to restore the state of the output backed up during power loss:

• From the front panel: from the **PARAMETERS** (see *PARAMETERS Menu*, p. 51) window,

or

• In the programming software: Enable the **Latching** option in the parameters window associated with the output.

#### **Timers**

#### **Description**

Use the **Timers** function to delay, prolong and control actions over a predetermined period. Durations can be set using one or two preset values, according to the type of timer.

There are 11 types of timers:

- On delay (A),
- On delay, stop by reset (A),
- Off delay (C),
- On pulse one shot: Pulse calibrated on the command input (B) falling edge.
- Timing after pulse: calibrated on falling edge of the command input (W),
- Flasher unit, control held down synchronously (D),
- Flasher unit, Press to start/stop, Synchronous (D),
- Time on addition (T),
- A/C,
- Flasher unit, control held down asynchronously (L),
- Flasher unit, Press to start/stop, Asynchronous (I),

Refer to the Timing Diagrams paragraph for the description of different types of timers.

The smart relay has 16 timer function blocks, numbered from 1 to 9 then from A to G. Each block has a reset input, a command input and an output used to indicate timer time-out.

#### **Use of Coils**

Two coils are associated with each timer:

- Coil TT: Command Input,
- Coil RC: Reset Input,

The use of these coils is described below.

## **Command input:**

Symbol of the Command input coil of a timer:

TT-

Each type involves a specific operation, which can be used to manage all possible scenarios in an application.

## Reset input:

Symbol of the Command input coil of a timer:

RT-

Energization of the coil causes a reset of the current timer value: contact T is deactivated and the function is ready for a new timer cycle.

Note: this coil is only necessary for pulse start/stop type timers.

#### Use as a Contact

The contact associated with the timer indicates whether the timer has stopped.

It may be used as many times as necessary in the program. It may be used according to 2 modes: normally open or normally closed, described below.

# Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact associated with a timer:



A normally open contact corresponds to the use of the direct state of the output of the Timer function block If this output is **active**, the contact is said to be **conducting**.

#### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the normally closed contact associated with a timer:



A normally closed contact corresponds to the use of the reverse state (logical complement of the direct state) of the output of the Timer function block. If this output is **active**, the contact is said to be **non-conducting**.

# Configuration from Front Panel

The block's parameter settings can be accessed either when entering the command line or from the **PARAMETERS** menu if the block has not been padlocked.

The parameters to enter are the following:

- Timer type,
- Preset value(s),
- Time unit.
- Parameter lock,
- Latching.

#### Type of timer:

This parameter allows you to choose the type of timer function from among the 11 types available. Each type is represented by a letter:

- A: Active, control held down,
- a: Active, Press to start/stop,
- C: Off delay
- A/C: Combination of A and C,
- B: On pulse one shot: Pulse calibrated on the command input rising edge,
- W: Timing after pulse: Pulse calibrated on the command input falling edge,
- D: Flasher unit, control held down synchronously,
- d: Flasher unit, Press to start/stop, Synchronous,
- L: Flasher unit, control held down asynchronously,
- I: Flasher unit; Press to start/stop, Asynchronous
- T: Time on addition.

#### Preset value:

Depending on the type of timer, there can be 1 or 2 preset values:

1 only preset value (types: A, a, C, B, W, D, d and T):
 t

☐ : on-delay or off-delay according to type.

• 2 only preset value (types: A/C, L and I):

: Timer on-delay in the case of A/C type; active state in the case of flasher units L and I.

: Timer off-delay in the case of A/C type; inactive state in the case of flasher units L and I.

#### Time unit:

This is the time unit for the preset value. There are five possibilities:

Unit	Symbol	Form	Maximum value
1/100 of a second	s	00.00 s	00.00 s
1/10 of a second	S	000.0 s	00.00 s
Minutes : Seconds	M:S	00 : 00	99 : 99
Hour : Minute	H : M	00 : 00	99 : 99
Hours Only for type T.	Н	0 000 h	9,999 h

#### Parameter lock:

Symbol of the Parameter Lock parameter:

Δ	Verrouillé	 Non verrouillé
	verrounie	Mon venoume

Locking prevents the modification of locked parameters from the front panel of the smart relay via the PARAMETERS menu.

#### Latching:

By default, if a power break occurs while a timer function block is running, any information on time already elapsed is lost. When the supply voltage returns, the time function block is reinitialized and ready for a new operating cycle.

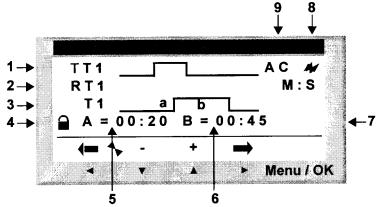
If the application requires it, the time elapsed before the power break can be memorized using the **Latching** parameter.

Symbol of the Latching parameter:



This function is used to save the state of the timer's current values and memorize the elapsed time in the event of a power break.

Illustration: Configuring a counter from the front panel of the smart relay:



#### Description:

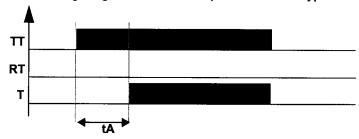
Number	Parameter	Description
1	Command input	Command input timing diagram.
2	Reset input	Reset input timing diagram.
3	Timer output	Timer output timing diagram.
4	Parameter lock	This parameter is used to lock the counter parameters. When the block is locked, the preset value no longer appears in the PARAMETERS menu.
5	Timer on-delay	Timer on-delay of the A/C timer.
6	Timer off-delay	Timer off-delay of the A/C timer.
7	Time unit	Time unit for the preset value.
8	Latching	Backup of state of the current counter value in the event of a power cut.
9	Timer type	Type of timer used.

## **Timing Diagrams**

Timing diagrams are provided here to illustrate the various behaviors of the Timer function block, according to the type of timer chosen:

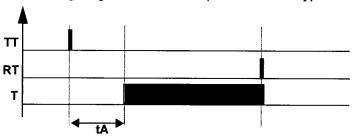
# Active, control held down (type A):

The following diagram shows the operation of the type A timer:



# Active, Press to start/stop (type a):

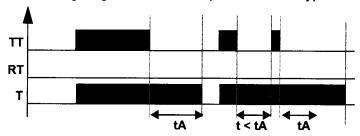
The following diagram shows the operation of the type a timer:



Note: each pulse on the TTx input resets the current timer value to 0.

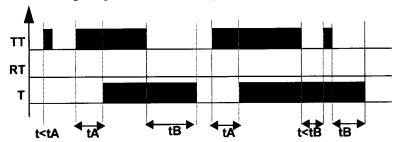
# Off delay (type C):

The following diagram shows the operation of the type C timer:



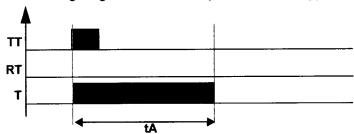
# A/C: Combination of A and C,

The following diagram shows the operation of the type A/C timer:



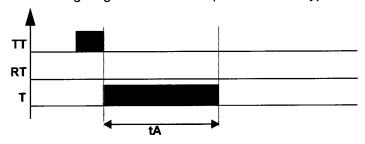
# On pulse one shot (type B):

The following diagram shows the operation of the type B timer:



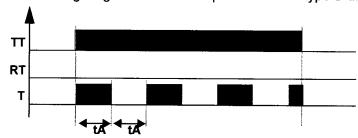
# Timing after pulse (type W):

The following diagram shows the operation of the type W timer:



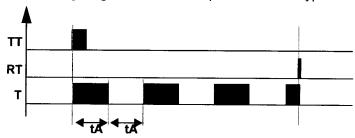
# Flasher unit, control held down synchronously (type D):

The following diagram shows the operation of the type D timer:



# Flasher unit, Press to start/stop, Synchronous (type d):

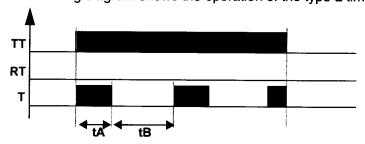
The following diagram shows the operation of the type d timer:



Note: each pulse on the TTx input resets the current timer value to 0.

# Flasher unit, control held down asynchronously (type L):

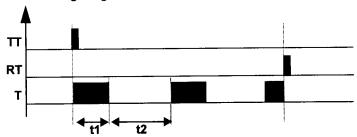
The following diagram shows the operation of the type L timer:



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# Flasher unit, Press to start/stop asynchronously (type I):

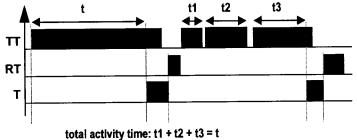
The following diagram shows the operation of the type I timer:



Note: each pulse on the TTx input resets the current timer value to 0.

## Time on addition (type T):

The following diagram shows the operation of the type T timer:



With addition type, the preset value can be reached:

- In one step: t,
- In several steps: t1 + t2 + ... + tn.

# Modifying the Mode of a Coll or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the cursor on the symbol representing the coil mode or on the letter of the contact,
- proceed as described in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 44, to scroll
  through the possible modes for a coil or contact types possible (T for normally
  open contact, t for a normally closed contact).

#### Initialization

State of the contacts and current values on initialization of the program:

- The normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- the normally closed mode (inverse state) is active,
- the current value(s) is (are) zero(s).

#### Example 1

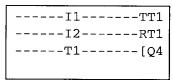
Creating a timer device for a stairway.

The stairway light should remain on for two minutes and thirty seconds when one of the push buttons is activated.

On each floor, the buttons are linked to the I1 input of the smart relay.

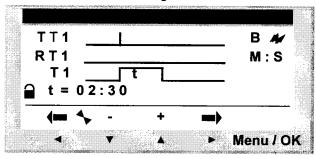
The stairway light is linked to the Q4 output of the smart relay.

You would write the following program:



To obtain the desired operation, you should use a type B timer (On pulse one shot), and configure the duration of the timer for 2 minutes 30 seconds. To thus configure the timer duration, choose the time units  $\bf M$ :  $\bf S$  and enter the value  $\bf 02:30$  for the preset value  $\bf t$ .

Illustration: Timer's configuration screen:



#### **Counters**

#### **Description**

The **Counters** function is used to upcount or downcount pulses. The smart relay has 16 timers, numbered from 1 to 9 then from A to G.

The **Counters** function can be reset to zero or to the preset value (depending on the chosen parameter) during use.

It may be used as a contact to find out whether:

- The preset value has been reached (upcounting mode TO),
- The counter has reached 0 (downcounting FROM).

#### **Use of Coils**

Each timer has 3 associated coils:

- Coil CC: Counting Pulse Input,
- Coil RC: Reset Initial Counter State Input,
- Coil DC: Counting Direction input.

The use of these coils is described below.

#### Counting pulse input:

Symbol of the Counting Pulse Input coil of a timer:

CC-

When used as a coil in a control diagram, this element represents a counting input for the function. Every time the coil is energized, the counter is incremented or decremented by 1 according to the counting direction chosen.

Example: Input counting pulses delivered by counter no. 1.

I1 ---- CC1

Every time input I1 is energized, the counter no. 1 is incremented by 1.

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#### **Reset Initial Counter State input:**

Symbol of the Reset Initial Counter State Input coil:

RC-

When used as a coil in a control diagram, this element represents an input that resets the counting function to its initial state.

Energizing the coil has the following effect:

- Reset the current count value to zero if the count type is TO (up-counting from the preset value),
- Reset the current value to the preset value if the count type is FROM (down-counting from the preset value).

Example: Counter no. 1 reset to zero by pressing Z1 key.

Z1 ----- RC1

Every time key Z1 is pressed, the counter starts from 0.

## **Counting direction input:**

Symbol of the Counting Direction Input coil of a timer:

DC-

This input determines the counting direction according to its status. It:

- · Downcounts if the coil is energized,
- Upcounts if the coil is not energized.

Note: By default, if this input is not wired, the automation function counts.

Example: Up/downcounts, depending on the status of smart relay input 12.

12 -----DC1

If the 12 input is active, the automation function downcounts.

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#### Use as a Contact

The contact associated with the counter indicates whether the preset value (**TO** mode) or zero (**FROM** mode) has been reached.

It may be used as many times as necessary as many times as necessary in the program. It may be used according to 2 modes: normally open or normally closed, described below.

#### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact associated with a counter:



#### The contact is conducting when:

- The current counter value has reached the preset value, if the counter is in TO mode (upcounting mode),
- The current counter value **is equal to 0**, if the counter is in **FROM** mode (downcounting mode),

### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the normally closed contact associated with a counter:



## The contact is conducting as long as:

- The current counter value **has not reached** the preset value, if the counter is in **TO** mode (upcounting mode).
- The current counter value **is not equal to 0** if the counter is in **FROM** mode (downcount mode).

Example: Lighting a LED connected to counter no. 1 output (**TO** mode).



When the preset value has been reached: The LED is lit; otherwise it is off.

# Configuration from Front Panel

The block's parameter settings can be accessed either when entering the command line or from the **PARAMETERS** menu if the block has not been padlocked.

The parameters to enter are the following:

- Type of counting,
- · Preset value,
- · Parameter lock.
- · Latching.

### Type of counting:

Symbol of the Type of counting parameter:



This parameter is used to select the operating mode of the counter:

- TO: upcounting towards the preset value.
   When the counter's current value is equal to the preset value, contact C of the counter is conducting.
- FROM: downcounting from the preset value.

  When the counter current value equals 0, counter contact C is conducting.

#### Preset value:

Symbol of the Preset Value parameter:



This value is between 0 and 32,767, and represents:

- The value to reach in the counting mode to the preset value (TO mode),
- the initial value in the downcounting mode from the preset value (FROM mode).

#### Parameter lock:

Symbol of the Parameter lock parameter:



Locking prevents the modification of locked parameters from the front panel of the smart relay via the PARAMETERS menu.

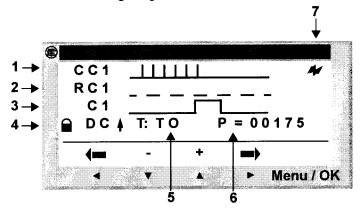
# Latching:

Symbol of the Latching parameter:



This function is used to save the status of the counter's current values in the event of a power failure.

Illustration: Configuring a counter from the front panel of the smart relay:



#### Description:

Number	Parameter	Description	
1	Command input	Control input timing diagram (following pulse).	
2	Reset input	Counter reset input timing diagram.	
3	Counter output	Counter output timing diagram.	
4	Parameter lock	This parameter is used to lock the counter parameters. When the block is locked, the preset value no longer appears in the PARAMETERS menu.	
5	Type of counting	Up-counting towards the preset value: TO mode or up-counting from the preset value: FROM mode.	
6	Preset value	Counter preset value.	
7	Latching	Backup of state of the current counter value in the event of a power failure.	

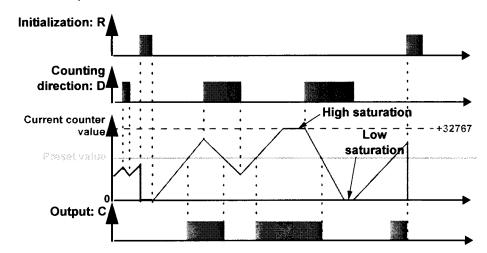
# Current Counter Value

The current value is the value at any given time resulting from the successive up/down counting actions that have occurred since the last time the counter was reset to its initial state.

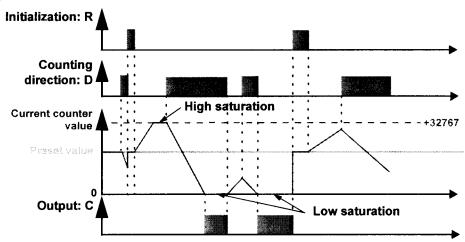
This value is between 0 and 32767. Once these values have been reached, a down count will leave the value 0 and an upcount will leave the current value at + 32767.

#### **Timing Diagrams**

In the timing diagrams the blue curves represent the current value of the counter: The following figure shows the operation of the counter in up-counting mode with toward the preset value: **TO** mode:



The following figure shows the operation of the counter in upcounting mode from the preset value: **FROM** mode:



# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the cursor on the symbol representing the coil mode or on the letter of the contact,
- proceed as indicated in the paragraph *Modifying an element,, p. 44*, to scroll through the possible modes for a coil or contact types possible (**C** for normally open contact, **c** for a normally closed contact).

#### Initialization

Status of the contacts and current value on initialization of the program:

- The normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- The normally closed mode (inverse state) is active,
- The current value is zero.

# **Examples**

Below, three simple examples of the use of a counter (configured in upcounting mode toward the preset value):

Screen	Description
I1CC1 I2RC1	11-1
I1CC1 DC1 I2RC1	Downcounting and Resetting: The counter is decremented each time input I1 is activated. The counter is reset each time the I2 input is activated.
I1 <sub>13</sub> I3DC1       I2RC1	Upcounting, Downcounting and Resetting: The counter is incremented each time input I1 is activated. The counter is decremented each time the I3 input is activated. The counter is reset each time the input I2 is activated.

#### **Fast Counter**

#### **Description**

The Fast Counter function is used to count pulses up to a frequency of 1 kHz.

Use of the K1 contact indicates:

- The preset value has been reached (upcounting),
- The value 0 has been reached (downcounting).

The Fast counter inputs are implicitly connected to the I1 and I2 smart relay inputs:

- A pulse (rising edge) on the I1 input increments the counter,
- A pulse (rising edge) on the **I2** input decrements the counter.

These inputs should not be used on the wiring sheet.

The Fast Counter function can be reset to zero during use by the RK1 coil. It is reset to:

- 0 if it is in up-count mode towards the preset value
- the preset value if it is in down-count mode from the preset value.

The counter only operates if the TK1 confirmation coil is active.

Repetitive mode can be used with a time-delay value.

Note: Limit overrun:

- If the current value of the counter exceeds the upper limit: + 32,767, it is set to 32,768,
- if the current value of the counter exceeds the lower limit: -32,767, it is set to +32,768.

Note: This function block cannot be simulated.

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### **Use of Coils**

Two coils are associated with the fast counter:

- coil TK1: Enable function input,
- coil RK1: Reset initial counter state input.

The use of these coils is described below.

### **Enable function input:**

Symbol of the Enable Function Input coil of the fast counter:

TK1

This element is used to confirm the counter. When this coil is active, each pulse on the **I1** input will increment the **Fast counter** and each pulse on the **I2** input will decrement it.

### Reset initial counter state input:

Symbol of the Reset Initial Counter State Input:

RK1

This input resets the counter function to its initial state.

Energizing the coil has the following effect:

- reset the current count value to **zero** if the **count type** is **TO** (up-counting from the preset value).
- reset the current value to the preset value if the count type is FROM (down-counting from the preset value).

Example: Counter reset by pressing on the Z1 key:

Z1 —— RK1

Each time the Z1 key is pressed, the counter is reinitialized.

### Use as a Contact

The contact associated with the fast counter indicates whether the preset value (**TO** mode) or zero (FROM mode) has been reached.

It may be used as many times as necessary as many times as necessary in the program. It may be used according to 2 modes: normally open or normally closed, described below.

### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact associated with the fast counter:



The contact is conducting when:

- the current value of the counter has reached the preset value (TO mode),
- the current value of the counter has reached the 0 value (FROM mode).

### Normally closed mode:

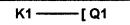
Symbol of the normally closed contact associated with the fast counter:



The contact is conducting as long as:

- the current counter value has not reached the preset value, if the counter is in TO mode.
- The counter current value has not reached 0, if the counter is in FROM mode,

Example: Lighting a LED connected to fast counter no. 1 output (TO mode).



When the preset value has been reached: The LED is lit; otherwise it is off.

# Configuration from Front Panel

The block's parameter settings can be accessed either when entering the command line or from the **PARAMETERS** menu if the block has not been padlocked.

The parameters to enter are the following:

- · Cycle type,
- Duration of pulse,
- Preset value,
- Type of counting,
- · Parameter lock,
- Latching.

### Cycle type:

This parameter determines the behavior of the fast counter when it reaches the preset value (when it is in **TO** mode), or when it reaches the value zero (when it is in **FROM** mode):

The cycle type may be:

- Single: Reaching the preset value (TO mode) or the zero value (FROM mode) does not affect the current value of the counter.
  - The current counter value changes on an on-going basis. The output is activated when the current value is greater than the preset value (**TO** mode) or when the current value is less than the preset value (**FROM** mode).
- Repetitive: In the TO mode, the current value is reinitialized when it reaches the preset value and in FROM mode, it is reset to the preset value when it reaches zero. The output is enabled following this reinitialization and remains active for a time that may be configured with the parameter: **Duration of pulse** (from 1 to 32,767 times 100 ms).

### **Duration of pulse:**

Symbol of the **Duration of pulse** parameter:



This parameter is only displayed if the cycle is repetitive. It determines the duration during which the fast counter remains active when the current value reaches the preset value (when it is in **TO** mode), or when it reaches the value zero (when it is in **FROM** mode).

This value must be between 1 and 32,767 (x 100 ms).

### Preset value:

Symbol of the **Preset value** parameter:



This value is between 0 and 32,767, and represents:

- The value to reach in the counting mode to the preset value (**TO** mode).
- the initial value in the down-count mode from the preset value (FROM mode).

# Type of counting: Symbol of the Type of counting parameter: T This parameter is used to select the operating mode of the counter: • TO: up-counting towards the preset value.

- IO: up-counting towards the preset value.
   When the counter's current value is greater than or equal to the preset value, contact K1 of the fast counter is conducting.
- FROM: down-counting from the preset value.
   When the counter's current value is less than or equal to 0, contact C of the counter is conducting.

### Parameter lock:

Symbol of the **Parameter Lock** parameter:

Verrouillé

Non verrouillé

Locking prevents the modification of locked parameters from the front panel of the smart relay via the PARAMETERS menu.

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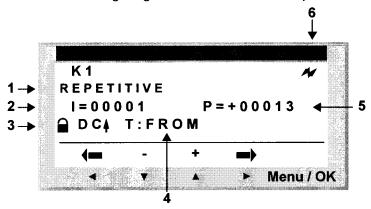
### Latching:

Symbol of the Latching parameter:



This function is used to save the status of the fast counter's current values in the event of a power failure.

**Illustration**: configuring a counter from the front panel of the smart relay:



### Description:

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Cycle type	Single/Repetitive
2	Duration of pulse	Only if the cycle is repetitive
3	Parameter lock	This parameter is used to lock the counter parameters. When the block is locked, the preset value no longer appears in the PARAMETERS menu.
4	Type of counting	Counter configuration: Counting to the preset value (TO) or from the preset value (FROM).
5	Preset value	Counter preset value.
6	Latching	Backup of state of the current counter value in the event of a power cut.

# Current Counter Value

Value at any given instant resulting from successive up/down counts since the last counter reset to its initial state.

If the current value of the counter exceeds the upper limit: +32,767, it is set to -32,768. If the current value of the counter exceeds the lower limit: -32,767, it is set to +32,768.

### **Timing Diagrams**

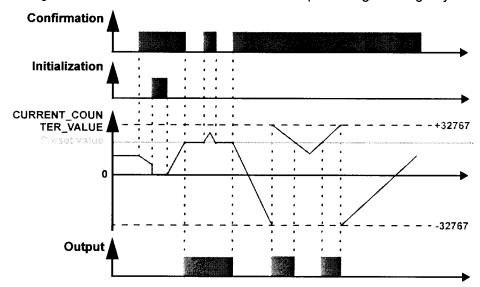
Timing diagrams are provided here to illustrate the various behaviors of the fast counter according to its parameters:

- up-counting function TO, in single cycle mode,
- down-counting function FROM, in single cycle mode,
- up-counting function TO, in repetitive cycle mode,
- down-counting function **FROM**, in repetitive cycle mode.

For the following 4 charts, the blue curve represents the current value of the counter. When it increases, it is because of pulses on I1 and when it decreases, it is because of pulses on I2.

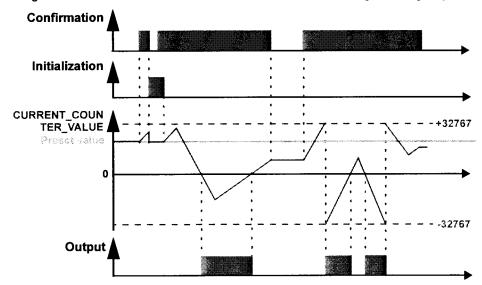
### **Up-Counting in Single Cycle Mode:**

The figure below illustrates the counter function in up-counting and single cycle mode:



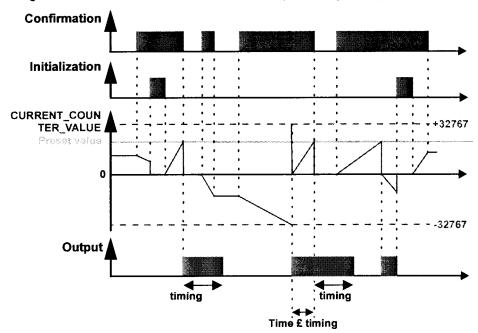
### **Down-Counting in Single Cycle Mode:**

The figure below illustrates the counter function in down-counting and single cycle mode:



### **Up-counting in Repetitive Cycle Mode:**

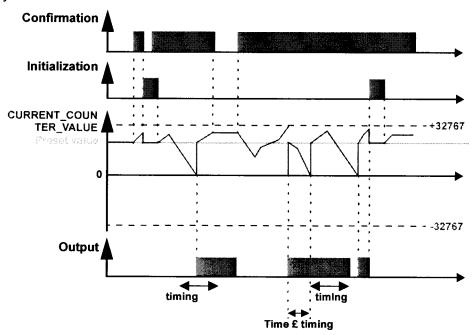
The figure below illustrates the counter function in up-counting and repetitive cycle mode:



The output switches to the **Inactive** state when the predefined pulse duration value has run out. If the switch condition is Active before the switch to the Inactive state, the output pulse is extended by the **Duration of pulse** (Timing).

### **Down-Counting in Repetitive Cycle Mode:**

The figure below illustrates the counter function in down-counting and repetitive cycle mode:



The output switches to the **Inactive** state when the predefined pulse duration value has run out. If the switch condition is Active before the switch to the Inactive state, the output pulse is extended by the **Duration of pulse** (Timing).

# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the cursor on the symbol representing the coil mode or on the letter of the contact,
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 44, to scroll
  through the possible modes for a coil or contact types (K for normally open
  contact, k for a normally closed contact).

### Initialization

Status of the contacts and current value on initialization of the program:

- The normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- the normally closed mode (inverse state) is active,
- The current value is zero.

### Example

Below, an example of using a fast counter: output Q1 is set to 1 when the fast counter is set to 1; the counter is activated by input I3 and reset to 0 by input I4.

K1[Q1
I3TK1
I4RK1

### **Counter Comparators**

### **Description**

This function is used to compare the current counting values of two counters or of a counter and a constant value.

**Note:** The **Counter Comparators** function block can only be configured from the programming software in **Ladder Entry** mode.

See on-line help of the programming software for more information.

### Use as a Contact

The counter comparator indicates whether the chosen condition is verified. It is used as a contact, in normally open mode or in normally closed mode.

### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the counter comparator, in normally open mode:

V1

The contact is **conducting** when the condition is **verified**.

### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the counter comparator, in normally closed mode:

v1

The contact is **conducting** when the condition **is not verified**.

# Configuration from the Front Panel

The **Counter Comparators** function block cannot be configured from the front panel of the smart relay. This function must be configured from the programming software.

See on-line help of the programming software for more information on configuration.

# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the cursor on the symbol representing the coil mode or on the letter of the contact,
- Proceed as described in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 44, to scroll
  through the possible modes for a coil or possible contact types (V for normally
  open contact, v for a normally closed contact).

### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- Normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- Normally closed mode (reverse state) is active.

### **Analog Comparators**

### **Description**

The Analog Comparators function block is used to:

- Compare a measured analog value with an internal reference value.
- Compare two measured analog values.
- Compare two measured analog values with hysteresis parameter.

The result of this comparison is used in the form of a contact.

Analog automation functions can be used for smart relays with a real time clock and DC power supply, and with mixed DISCR/Analog inputs.

The following indicate the existence of mixed Discrete/Analog inputs:

- The existence of inputs numbered from IB to IG (maximum configuration). These
  inputs are used to receive analog signals from 0.0 V to 9.9 V inclusively.
- The presence of the **Analog Comparators** function in the toolbar of the programming software.

These smart relays have 16 **Analog Comparators** function blocks, numbered from 1 to 9 then from A to G.

### Use as a Contact

The contact shows the position of a measured analog value in relation to a reference value or to another measured value.

It may be used as many times as necessary in the program. It may be used according to 2 modes: normally open or normally closed, described below.

### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact associated with a, Analog Comparator:



The contact is **conducting** when the comparison condition is **verified**.

### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the normally closed contact associated with an analog comparator:



The contact is **conducting** when the condition **is not verified**.

# Configuration from Front Panel

The simple comparison formula is as follows:

The comparison formula, for a comparison with hysteresis:

$$x1 - H \le x2 \le x1 + H$$

The parameters to enter are the following:

- Values to compare,
- · Comparison operator,
- Reference value,
- Hysteresis parameter,
- Parameter lock.

### Values to compare:

Symbol of values to compare:

These variables are chosen from among the following:

- Numbered analog inputs from IB to IG (maximum configuration),
- Reference value R

### Comparison operator:

The comparison operator is chosen using the number in the upper right-hand side of the screen.

The table below provides the correspondence between this number and the comparison formula that will be used:

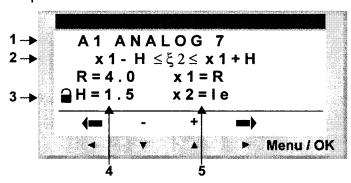
Number	Comparison formula
1	x1 > x2
2	x1 ≥ x2
3	x1 = x2
4	x1 ≠ x2
5	x1 ≤ x2
6	x1 < x2
7	comparison with hysteresis: x1 - H ≤ x2 ≤ x1 - H

# Reference value: R The reference value is a constant to which a measured value may be compared. It must be between 0 and 9.9. Hysteresis parameter: Symbol of the hysteresis parameter: H The hysteresis parameter is a constant used to define an interval in which the 2x variable should be found for the comparator to be active. Its value must be between 0 and 9.9. Parameter locking: Symbol of the Parameter lock parameter:

Locking prevents the modification of locked parameters from the front panel of the smart relay via the PARAMETERS menu.

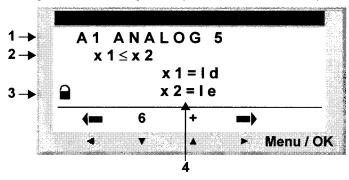
### Illustration:

Configuration from the front panel of the smart relay, of the hysteresis-type comparator with constant reference value:



In this case: The comparison condition is verified when the power to the input terminal le is between 2.5 Vand 5.5 V.

Configuration of a single comparator from the front panel:



(If neither x1 nor x2 are not set to R, parameter R does not appear.

### Description:

Number	Parameter	Description
1	Type of comparison	The number that follows ANALOG corresponds to the selected comparison operator.
2	Comparison formula	Formula used for comparison.
3	Parameter lock	Locking prevents locked parameters from being modified from the front panel of the smart relay using the PARAMETERS menu.
4	Parameters of the comparison formula	Parameters of the comparison formula.

# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window is displayed on the screen), simply:

- Place the cursor over the letter of the contact.
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 44, to scroll
  through the possible contact types (A for a normally open contact, a for a normally
  closed contact).

### Initialization

Status of the contacts and current value on initialization of the program:

- The normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- The normally closed mode (inverse state) is active.

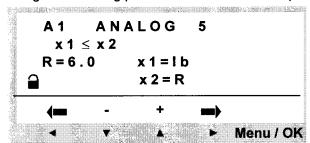
### Example

A heating resistance is to be triggered by the smart relay **Q1** output when the temperature is below 20° C.

A temperature probe is used, providing a 0 to 10 volt signal for a -10° to +40° C temperature range. A temperature of 20° C corresponds to a voltage level of 6 volts on the probe.

You would write the following Ladder program:

Using the following parameters for the A1 comparator:



The comparison operator no. 5 is chosen, that is  $\leq$ .

The values to compare are chosen: The analog input IB (to which the temperature probe is connected) for the first, the reference value R for the second.

The reference value is set to 6.

The analog comparator is thus active when the power measured on the analog input IB is less than or equal to 6 V. This is when the probe measures a temperature less than or equal to  $20\,^{\circ}$ C.

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### **Description**

Use the **Clocks** function to validate the time ranges during which actions can be executed.

The smart relay has 8 **Clocks** function blocks numbered from 1 to 8. Each of these has four programming ranges and behaves like a weekly programmer. The **Clocks** function blocks are used like contacts.

### Use as a Contact

This contact may use the direct state of the Clock function block (normally open mode) or its inverse state (mode normally closed), see below.

### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact, representing a clock:

**9**- Н-

The contact is **conducting** when the clock is in a validity period.

### Normally closed mode:

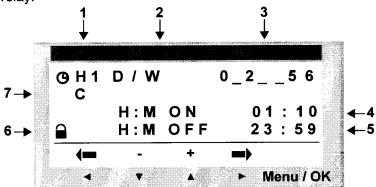
Symbol of the normally closed contact, representing a clock:

9- h-

The contact is **conducting** when the clock is **not** in a validity period.

# Configuration from Front Panel

Configuration screen of a Clock function block from the front panel of the smart relay:



Number	Parameter	Description
1	Clock module number	8 clocks available, numbered 1 to 8.
2	Type of date configuration	D/W: Days of the Week,
3	Validity day (D/W type)	Validity day:  • 0: Monday,  • 1: Tuesday,  •  • 6: Sunday.
		Unselected days are indicated by a
4	Start time (D/W type)	This is the operation start time, in Hour: Minute format (00.00 to 23:59).
5	Stop time (D/W type)	This is the operation end time, in Hour: Minute format (00.00 to 23:59).
6	Parameter lock	Locking prevents locked parameters from being modified from the front panel of the smart relay using the PARAMETERS menu.
7	Operating ranges	4 operating ranges are available: A, B, C, D. In operation, these ranges are cumulative: The block is valid over all selected ranges.

If the clock is set to ON on Monday at 23:00 and set to OFF on Monday at 1:00, then it does not change to OFF on Tuesday at 1:00 but effectively on the following Monday at 1:00. Moreover, if no other command has been made, the clock remains positioned at ON all other days of the week.

# Combining Modes

Programming modes can be mixed for the same clock.

Example: Using the four clock ranges with different modes.

Range	Program
A: time range	Every day from Monday to Friday, start at 8.00 and end at 18.00.
B: Day/Night	Every day from Tuesday to Thursday: start at 22.00 and end the following day at 6.00.
C: interval	Start on Friday at 20.00.
D: Interval	End on Monday at 03.00.

### Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Place the cursor over the letter of the contact,
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 44, to scroll through the possible contact types (H for a normally open contact, h for a normally closed contact).

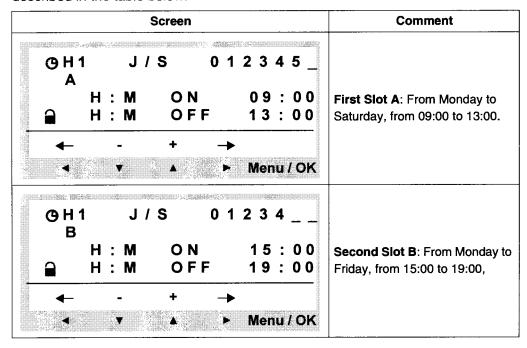
### **Example**

You wish to control a device connected to the Q2 output of the smart relay. You want it to be active on the following two clock ranges:

- from Monday to Saturday, from 09:00 to 13:00.
- from Monday to Friday, from 15:00 to 19:00,

For this, the H1 Clock block is used and the following wiring diagram is created:

When entering the H1, Clock block, configure the operational ranges **A and B** as described in the table below:



### **Texts**

### **Description**

The **Text** automation function is used to display texts and/or digital values (current value, preset value, etc.) on the LCD instead of the inputs-outputs screen.

The smart relays have 16 **Text** blocks, numbered from 1 to 9 then from A to G. These function blocks are used as coils.

The maximum number of variables that can be displayed per Text block is 4.

Up to 16 **Text** blocks may be used (TX1 to TXG) simultaneously in one program, but only the block with the highest number is displayed.

Pressing the **Shift** and **Menu/OK** keys in order and simultaneously, switches the display from the **Text** screen to the inputs-outputs screen.

Pressing the two keys again simultaneously returns the display to the Text screen.

**Note:** The **Text** blocks are only programmable from the programming software (see the on-line help for the programming software for more information).

### Used as a Coil

Two coils are associated with each Text block:

- Display Activation coil,
- Display Deactivation coil.

The use of these coils is described below.

### **Display Activation**

Symbol of the Display Activation coil of a **Text** function block:



This coil displays on the screen the text and/or the values of the associated **Text** block when the contacts that are connected are conducting.

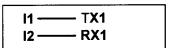
### **Display deactivation**

Symbol of the Display Deactivation coil of a **Text** function block:



This coil deactivates the display of the text and/or the values of the associated **Text** block when the contacts that are connected are conducting. The display returns to the inputs-outputs screen.

### Example:



Activation of input **I1** displays the text on the LCD. Activating input **I2** makes the text disappear.

### **Parametering**

The **Text** function blocks are only programmable from the programming software, see the on-line help for the programming software for more information.

### **LCD Screen Backlighting**

### **Description**

The **LCD screen backlighting** output is used to control the backlighting of the LCD by a program.

In STOP and RUN modes, the LCD screen is lit for 30 seconds when the user presses any of the buttons on the front panel.

### **Used as a Coil**

Used as a coil, it lights up the LCD when the contacts to which it is connected are conducting.

Symbol of the coil of the LCD screen Backlighting function:

TL1

The screen is lit if this coil is active.

### **Change to Summer / Winter Time**

### Description

The output of this function is in an OFF state over the entire duration of winter time, and switches to ON for the entire duration of summer time.

By default, there is no change in winter / summer time. This function must be activated, either from the programming software, or from the front panel of the smart relay.

To activate this function, from the programming software, proceed as follows:

- display the Program configuration window: :Edit → Program Configuration menu,
- Select the Date format tab,
- Check the Activate Summer/Winter Time Change box,
- Define the time change dates:
  - Either using one of the predefined geographic zones,
  - Or by manually configuring the date (month/Sunday).

To activate this function from the front panel of the smart relay, proceed as described in chapter *CHANGE SUMMER/WINTER Menu*, p. 99.

Note: This function is only available for smart modules that contain a real-time clock.

### Access

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function is accessible from the LD function bar.

### Use as a Contact

When used as a contact, this element indicates the current season.

It may be used as many times as necessary in the program. It may be used according to 2 modes: normally open or normally closed, described below.

### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact associated with a Change summer / winter time function block:

W 1

The contact is active for the entire duration of summer time.

### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the normally closed contact associated with a Change summer/winter time function block

w 1

The contact is active for the entire duration of winter time.

### **Parameters**

The following operating modes are possible:

- No: no change,
- Automatic change: Dates are preset according to geographic zone:
  - EUROPE: Europe,
  - USA.
- OTHER ZONE: The change is automatic, but you must specify the month: M and the Sunday: S (1, 2, 3, 4 or 5) on which the summer/winter change takes place.

# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

In the programming software, to modify the state of a contact, simply position the cursor on it, then:

- With the mouse: right-click to display a list of possible states (left-click to validate),
- With the space bar: Scroll through all possible states.

To modify a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Place the cursor over the letter of the contact,
- Proceed as indicated in the paragraph Modifying an element,, p. 51, to scroll
  through the possible contact types (W for a normally open contact, w for a
  normally closed contact).

### Initialization

State of the contacts and current value on initialization of the program:

- The normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- The normally closed mode (inverse state) is active.

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### **Modbus Inputs/Outputs**

### Description

A Modbus **SR3 MBU01BD** extension module may be added onto an extensible smart relay.

In **LD** mode, the application cannot access the four 16-bit data exchange words. Data transfer between master and slave is implicit and completely transparent.

Note: The Modbus module only operates in Modbus slave mode.

### **Parameters**

The Modbus module can be configured only from the programming software (see the on-line help of the programming software for more information).

# Words to be sent to master

Writing these words to the master is automatically performed by duplication of the status of the discrete I/Os as follows:

### Modbus Address(Hexa) IG IF ΙE ID IC IB IA 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 0x0014 0x0015 0 0 IK U 0 0 0 0 0 0 IR 11-4 0 0 0 0 0 0 QA Q9 Q8 **Q7** Q6 Q5 Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1 0x0016 QG QF QE QD QC QB 0x0017 0 0 0 0 0

Most significant byte

Least significant byte

I1 to IG: discrete input states for the SR3 B261BD base.

IH to IR: discrete input states for the SR3 XT141BD extension.

Q1 to QA: Discrete output states for the SR3 B261BD base.

QB to QG: Discrete output states for the SR3 XT141BD extension.

# Words sent by the master.

The words sent by the master are not processed by the smart relay.

These 4 16-bit words have the following addresses (Hexa): 0x0010 / 0x0011 / 0x0012 / 0x0013.

### Message

### Description

When activated, the **Message** function block can be used to:

- Send alarm messages to mobile phones, the Zelio Logic Alarm alarm operations tool or Email addresses via the SR2COM01communication interface
- Provide remote access to a DISCR and/or a digital variable for reading or modifying them.

There are 28 Message function blocks numbered from S1 to S9, then from SA to SV.

**Note:** The **Message** function is only available on smart relays with clocks and when a SR2COM01 communication interface is added.

For further information on the configuration of the SR2COM01 communication interface, see the programming software on-line help.

### Use of the Coil

### **Command input**

Symbol of the Command Input coil of a Message function block:

TS-

This coil sends the configured alarm message in the associated **Message** function block, when it is activated.

Depending on the configuration of the **Message** function block, the coil may be activated during detection on its input, by a transition:

- From Inactive to Active State (by default),
- From Active to Inactive State.

See on-line help for the programming software for more information on configuring the **Message** function block.

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### Use as a Contact

The contact associated with the **Message** function block indicates whether the function block is activated.

It may be used as many times as necessary as many times as necessary in the program. It may be used according to 2 modes: normally open or normally closed, described below.

### Normally open mode:

Symbol of the normally open contact associated with a **Message** function block:



The contact is **conducting when** the function block **is activated**.

### Normally closed mode:

Symbol of the normally closed contact associated with a Message function block:



The contact is conducting as long as the function block is not activated.

Example: Lighting-up of a LED connected to the **Message** No.1 function block output

When function block no. 1 is activated, the associated alarm message is sent and the LED lights up, otherwise it is off.

# Modifying the Mode of a Coil or a Contact

To modify the operating mode of a coil or a contact from the front panel of the smart relay (the programming window displayed on screen), simply:

- Position the cursor on the symbol representing the coil mode or on the letter of the contact,
- Proceed as described in the paragraph *Modifying an element,, p. 44*, to scroll through the possible modes for a coil or contact types possible (**S** for normally open contact, **s** for a normally closed contact).

# Configuration from the Front Panel

The **Message** function block cannot be configured from the front panel of the smart relay. This function must be configured from the programming software.

See on-line help of the programming software for more information on configuration.

### Initialization

Status of contacts on program initialization:

- The normally open mode (direct state) is inactive,
- The **normally closed** mode (inverse state) is **active**.

# **Creating and Debugging an Application**



### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Section

This section describes, using detailed examples, how to create, debug and save an application.

# What's in this Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
17	Implementing a Basic Application	149
18	Debugging an Application	165
19	Backup and Transfer of Ladder Diagrams"	175
20	Sample Application	177

## **Implementing a Basic Application**

### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes in detail the implementation of a basic application from the front panel of the smart relay.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Presentation of Ladder Diagrams	150
Using the Reverse Function	152
Notation Used by the Smart Relay	155
Application: Implementing a Two-way Switch	157

### **Presentation of Ladder Diagrams**

### **Description**

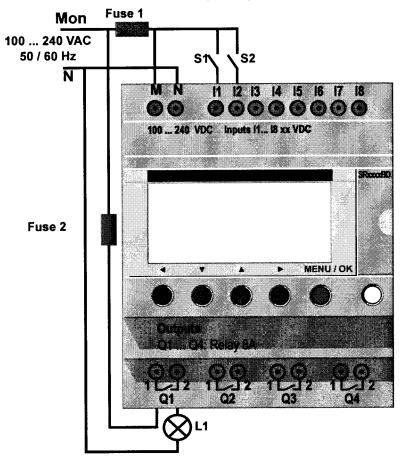
In this section, we will use a simple example to understand how a ladder diagram works: A two-way switch.

Normal electrical diagram	Ladder diagram	
VV1	I1-i2 <sub>J</sub> [Q1 i1-I2 <sup>J</sup>	
The two position switches VV1 and VV2 control turning lamp L1 on and off.	I1 and I2 are two contacts representing inputs 1 and 2 on the smart relay. Q1 is a coil that corresponds to output 1 from the smart relay.	

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### **Module Wiring**

Below, an illustration of smart relay wiring:



# Application Operation

Using a smart relay means that ordinary switches (with open or closed positions) can be used in place of two position switches.

The switches are identified as **S1** and **S2** in the wiring diagram above.

S1 and S2 are connected to inputs i1 and i2 on the smart relay.

The operating principle is as follows: Each time the status of inputs **i1** and **i2** changes, the status of output **Q1** also changes which controls the lamp **L1**.

The ladder diagram uses basic functions, for example placing contacts in parallel and in series, as well as the reverse function identified as **i1** and **i2** (see *Using the Reverse Function, p. 152*).

**Note:** The implementation of a two-way switch is optimum when impulse relay coils are used (see *Discrete (DISCR) Outputs, p. 98*).

### **Using the Reverse Function**

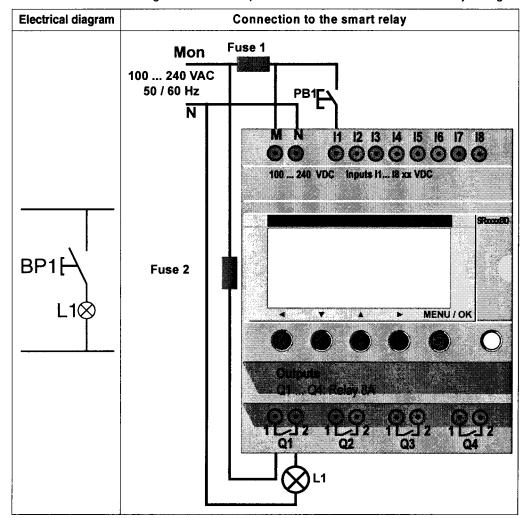
### **Description**

The reverse function, noted **i** in the smart relay is used to obtain the reverse state of input **I** wired on the smart relay.

To illustrate how this function works, we shall use a simple example:

# Practical Example

Below is the electrical diagram of the example and an illustration of the smart relay wiring:



Depending on the ladder diagram, two solutions are possible:

Ladder diagram 1: Light off when idle	Ladder diagram 2: Light on when idle
I1[Q1	i1[Q1
I1 corresponds to the true image of BP1, pressing BP1 activates input I1, so that the Q1 output is activated and the lamp L1 turns on.	i1 corresponds to the reverse image of BP1, pressing BP1 activates input I1 and therefore contact i1 is disabled, output Q1 is disabled and the lamp L1 turns off.

### **General Case**

The table below illustrates the operation of a pushbutton connected to the smart relay. Pushbutton **BP1** is connected to input **I1** and lamp **L1** is connected to output **Q1** on the smart relay.

	Off delay		Operating	
	Electrical diagram	Smart relay symbols	Electrical diagram	Smart relay symbols
Pushbutton normally open	BP1 E\ L1⊗	l1 = 0 i1 = 1	BP1 L1⊗	l1 = 1 i1 = 0
Pushbutton normally closed	BP1 L1⊗	l1 = 1 i1 = 0	BP1 L1⊗	l1 = 0 i1 = 1

**Note:** The reverse function may be applied to all of the contacts in a ladder diagram, whether they represent outputs, auxiliary relays or function blocks.

### **Notation Used by the Smart Relay**

### **Description**

The smart relay has a four line display used to show ladder diagrams.

**Note:** The programming software allows you represent ladder diagrams in three different formats:

- Electrical symbols,
- Ladder symbols,
- Smart relay symbols,

### Equivalencies Between Notations

In the table below are the equivalencies between representations of the most common elements of the ladder language, in the 3 formats:

Electrical symbol	Ladder symbol	Smart relay symbols
£  24	11 	l1 or i1
"O" "C"	11	l1 or i1
A2   A1	Q1 —( )-	[Q1
Set coil (SET)	Q1 —(s)—	SQ1
Reset coil (RESET)	Q1 (R)	RQ1

### **Other Elements**

Other elements are also available using a smart relay, such as:

- **Timer function block**: Used to delay, prolong and control and action for a set length of time,
- Counter function block: Used to count the pulses received on an input,
- Clock function block: Used to trigger or release actions on precise days or at precise times,
- Analog comparator function block: Used to compare an analog value with a reference value or with another analog value after allowing for a hysteresis factor,
- Auxiliary relays: These are used to save or relay the status of the smart relay,
- Zx keys: After confirming this function, Z keys may be used as pushbuttons,
- Fast counter function block: The fast counter function is used to count pulses up to a frequency of 1 kHz.
- LCD screen back-light function block: This is used to control the backlighting
  of the LCD by a program,
- Summer/winter time change function block: The output of this function is in an OFF state over the entire duration of winter time, and switches to ON for the entire duration of summer time,
- Counter Comparator block: This function is used to compare the current counting values of two counters,
- Text block: This is used to display text or numerical values (current value or preset value).

**Note:** Blocks **Counter Comparator** and **Text** are not programmable from the front panel.

**Note:** For the list of all ladder diagram elements available when using smart relays, as well as details on their functions and parameters, see the chapter entitled *LD Language Elements*, *p.* 87.

### **Application: Implementing a Two-way Switch**

#### **Description**

In the text that follows you will find detailed information on the procedure for entering a ladder diagram for a two-way switch.

You should proceed as follows:

- Go to the programming screen,
- Enter the contacts in the first line,
- Enter the coil in the first line and join it to the contacts,
- Enter the contacts in the second line,
- Join the second line to the first,
- Launch the program.

From the main screen (the one shown on power-up), follow the instructions in the **Action** column and press the specified button.

The Screen column shows what the user will see on the smart relay display screen.

The Comments column provides some additional information on entry and display actions.

#### Go to the Programming Screen

To access the screen from which we will program the two-way switch, proceed as follows:

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
1	Menu / OK	PROGRAMMING PARAMETERS RUN/STOP CONFIGURATION	Position the cursor on PROGRAMMING; it will flash when selected.
2	Menu / OK	LINE 2 LINE 3 LINE 3	After briefly displaying: LINE 1 (for approx. two seconds), a flashing cursor is displayed.
3	O	ins - + Del.	Pressing and holding down the Shift key (white) will make a contextual menu appear that is used for programming the contacts and the coils.

# Entering the Contacts in the First Line

To enter the contacts in the first line, proceed as follows:

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
1	<b>O</b> + <b>O</b>	<b>1</b> 1	The ■ flashing cursor is positioned on the I. The smart relay prompts you to select the type of contact.
2		I1	The 1 flashes. The user has implicitly selected a contact assigned to an input (I), the smart relay now prompts the user to select the input number.
3		11•	The ● flashes, indicating a link point for linking connections.
4	Ö	11 ■	The ■ flashes. You just confirmed entry of the contact associated with the input I1. The ■ is positioned for entering the second contact.
5	0+0	I1- <b>I</b> 1	The right side I will begin flashing. The smart relay prompts you to select the type of contact.
6	+ O+	I1- <b>H</b> 1	The i flashes. You have just selected the reverse contact assigned to an input.
7		I1-i <b>1</b>	The 1 on the right flashes.  Now enter the input number.

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
8	<b>O</b> + <b>O</b>	I1-i <b>2</b>	The <b>2</b> flashes.

# Entering the Coil and Joining it to the Contacts

To enter the coil in the first line and connect it to the coils, proceed as follows:

Step	Action	Screen		Comment
1	11 fois	I1-i2● I1-i2 ■ then I1-i2		The cursor flashes in succession:  • At a link point: •,  • At a contact point: ■.  Until positioned at the end of the line ready to enter the coil.
2	+	I1-i2	[M1	The [ flashes.
3		I1-i2	[ <b>M</b> 1	The <b>M</b> flashes.
4	+	I1-i2	[Q1	The <b>Q</b> flashes.
5	2 fois	I1-i2	•[Q1	The cursor ● is displayed.
6	O	( <b>- !</b> î	***	Pressing and holding down the <b>Shift</b> key (white) will make a contextual menu appear that is used for programming the connections.
7	4	I1-i2•	-[Q1	The link is created.

# Entering the Contacts in the Second Line

To enter the contacts in the second line, proceed as follows:

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
1	as many times as necessary until positioned at the start of the line.	I1-i2[Q1 ■	The <b>■</b> is at the start of the following line.
2	+ 0+ 0	I1-i2[Q1	The I located on the second line flashes.
3	+	I1-i2[Q1 i1	The i located on the second line flashes.
4		I1-i2[Q1 i1	The 1 located on the second line flashes.
5	2 fois	I1-i2[Q1 i1 ■	The <b>■</b> flashes.
6	0+0	I1-i2[Q1 i1-I1	The I located on the second line flashes.

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
7		I1-i2[Q1 i1-I	The second 1 in the second line flashes.
8		I1-i2[Q1 i1-I <b>2</b>	The <b>2</b> located on the second line flashes.

### Joining the Second Line to the First

### To join the second line to the first, proceed as follows:

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
1		I1-i2[Q1 i1-I2•	The ● flashes. This shows that it is possible to connect a link at this point.
2		I1-i2 i1-I2	The ● has changed into a   which creates the link between the two lines.

# Launching the Program

To launch the program, proceed as follows:

Step	Action	Screen	Comment
1	Menu / OK	VALIDER MODIFS.? OUI NON	Now confirm the changes. YES flashes.
2	Menu / OK	PROGRAMMATION PARAMETRES RUN/STOP CONFIGURATION	The main menu re-appears.  PROGRAMMING is selected (flashes).
3	2 fois	PROGRAMMATION PARAMETRES RUN/STOP CONFIGURATION	RUN/STOP is selected (flashes).
4	Menu / OK	RUN PROG ? OUI NON	Now start the program.
5	Menu / OK	1234 BCDE RUN LD JEU 25 SEP 16:40 1234	The main menu re-appears.

#### The Basic Points

This simple application example teaches the user how to enter a ladder diagram.

The following points should be remembered:

- When a or a is flashing, use the **Shift** button to add an element (contact, coil or graphic link element),
- When an element is flashing (I, Q, No., etc.), it is possible to use the Shift + Z2 and Z3 arrows on the arrow keypad to select the required element,
- It is also possible to use the **Z1** to **Z4** arrows on the arrow keypad to move around the ladder diagram.

## **Debugging an Application**

### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Chapter

This chapter presents the tools available for debugging an application loaded in the memory of the smart relay.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Introduction	166
Dynamic Mode Ladder Diagrams	168
Dynamic Mode Function Block Parameters	170
Dynamic Mode Menus	171
Smart Relay Reaction to a Power Failure	172

#### Introduction

## Module in RUN Mode

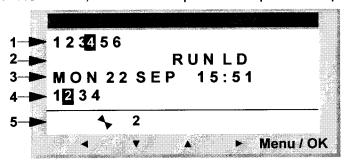
Once an application has been entered in ladder diagram form, debugging tests still must be run.

The first step is to set the smart relay to RUN. To do this, in the RUN/STOP option in main menu and select RUN.

From this moment on, the smart relay handles the physical inputs and outputs according to the instructions entered in the ladder diagram.

#### **Viewing Status:**

In RUN mode, the states of inputs and outputs are displayed on the main screen:



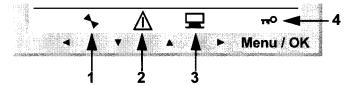
Prompt	Element
1	Display input status
2	Display run mode (RUN/STOP) and mode in use.
3	Displays date and time for products with clocks.
4	Output status display.
5	Contextual menus / pushbuttons / icons indicating operating modes.

When inputs or outputs are activated, they appear in reverse video (using white on a black background).

This concept is referred to as the dynamic operation of smart relay functions. The terms **RUN** and **dynamic** have a similar meaning in the remainder of this document.

#### Contextual Menus

Below is an illustration of the icons in the contextual menu when the smart relay is in RUN mode:



Prompt	Element
1	Status of the smart relay: In RUN it is in motion, in STOP it is immobile.
2	Indicates that faults have appeared (see FAULT Menu, p. 77).
3	Indicates that the smart relay is connected to the programming software.
4	The key indicates that the program is password-protected.

#### **Dynamic Mode Ladder Diagrams**

# Viewing Ladder Diagrams

Note: This function can be accessed only in LD/ RUN mode.

The smart relay can dynamically display the performance of a ladder diagram. To do this, simply call up the **MONITORING** menu and position the cursor over the lines to display using the navigation keys.

Each conducting contact or energized coil is displayed in reverse video mode (white on black):

To change smart relay performance, the user may change or view some of the function block parameters.

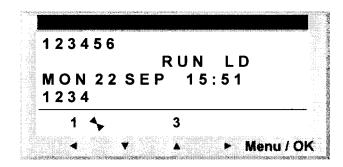
# Changing Ladder Diagrams

It is ABSOLUTELY IMPOSSIBLE to change ladder diagram lines in RUN mode. It is however possible to change function block parameters in **MONITORING** mode.

#### Using Z Keys as Pushbuttons

On the INPUTS-OUTPUTS screen in RUN mode, the numbers of the Z keys used in the program are displayed in the contextual menu. Press and hold down the **Shift** key to display this menu.

To enable a Z key, press on the button located under the number. Illustration:



**Note:** The **Zx keys** function is disabled in **PARAMETERS** and **MONITORING** modes and in all of the function block parameter screens and configuration screens.

### **Dynamic Mode Function Block Parameters**

#### Presentation

In RUN mode a function block preset value may be changed dynamically if it is not locked.

Functions with parameters in LD mode:

- · Auxiliary relays (latching),
- Discrete Outputs (latching),
- Clocks
- Analog comparators,
- Timers
- Counters
- Fast counters.

Functions with parameters in FBD mode:

- Numerical constant-type inputs,
- Clock,
- Gain,
- Timers: TIMER A/C, TIMER B/H, TIMER Li,
- Counter: PRESET COUNT / UP DOWN COUNT,
- H-SPEED COUNT fast counter,
- PRESET H-METER hour counter,
- CAM block.

# Accessing / Modifying parameters

Parameters may be accessed from the following screens:

- PARAMETERS: See PARAMETERS Menu, p. 51,
- MONITORING: on the ladder diagram.

To modify the parameters of an element from the MONITORING screen, proceed as follows:

Step	Action
1	Position the cursor on the element you would like to modify using the navigation keys.
2	At the same time, hold down <b>Shift</b> and the <b>Param</b> key to open the parameter window.
3	Position the cursor on the modifiable parameter fields using the navigation keys: ◀ ▶.
4	Modify the value of the parameter using the ▲ and ▲ (+ and -) keys, holding down Shift.
5	Confirm the modifications by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> , which will open the confirmation window. Confirm a second time by pressing <b>Menu/OK</b> to save.

**Note:** Only the parameters of unlocked blocks may be modified.

### **Dynamic Mode Menus**

#### Dynamic Mode Menus

Some menus are accessible when the smart relay is in RUN mode, while others are not. Here is a summary table.

Menu		LD	FBD
PROGI	RAMMING		
MONIT	ORING	<b>✓</b>	
PARAN	METERS	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
RUN /	STOP	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
CHANG	GE D/H	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
CHANG	GE SUMM/WINT	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
CONFI	GURATION		
	PASSWORD		
	FILTER		
	Zx KEYS		
	WATCHDOG CYCLE		
CLEAR	PROG.		
TRANS	FER		
VERSION		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
LANGUAGE		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
FAULT		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>

### **Smart Relay Reaction to a Power Failure**

#### **Description**

A power failure may cause the smart relay to restart and lose any data not saved.

Smart relays have the ability to save the current time for at least 10 years.

In addition, it is also possible to back up the variables configured with the **Latching** option defined in the parameters window.

#### Latching

The **Latching** function is used to save the state of the counter's current values in the event of a power failure.

The blocks that have this function are the following:

- In LD mode:
  - · Auxiliary relays,
  - Discrete outputs,
  - Timers
  - Counters
  - Fast counter,
- In FBD mode:
  - · AC, BH, Li timer,
  - Cam programmer function CAM BLOCK,
  - PRESET COUNT, UP DOWN COUNT counter,
  - PRESET H-METER hour counter,
  - Data archiving function ARCHIVE,
  - · Fast counters.

#### **Safety Mode**

If the result of losing the time setting is to lock coil control, then simply use a clock contact without a stop order in series with the action coils.

Example of a non-locked coil:

The contact line for coil Q1 will be active even if the time and date setting is lost.

Example of a locked coil:

With the clock function block 1 configured as follows:

ФН1	D/W		0123456
Α			
	H:M	ON	07:00
	H:M	ON	:

The contact line for coil Q2 will only be active after setting the clock.

# **Backup and Transfer of Ladder Diagrams**"

### **Saving and Transferring Ladder Diagrams**

#### **Description**

It is possible to transfer a ladder diagram from the smart relay toward a backup memory (optional) and vice-versa.

#### This allows:

- To backup an application, then restore it later on if necessary,
- To make a copy of an application for loading it in several smart relays.

# Transferring an Application

Transferring an application from a smart relay to the backup memory, or from the backup memory to the smart relay, is performed using the menu: **TRANSFER**.

The procedure is described in detail in the chapter **TRANSFER Menu**, see *TRANSFER Menu*, p. 67.

### **Sample Application**

#### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Chapter

In this chapter we'll use the example of an underground car park control. From given specifications, we will develop the application to program in the smart relay.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Specifications	178
Specification Analysis	179
Implementing the Solution	181

#### **Specifications**

#### **Objective**

We wish to complete and centralize the control of the underground car park of an administrative building.

#### **Automatic Gate**

The entrance and the exit of the car park are controlled by an ordinary automatic gate.

The gate has the usual basic features such as:

- Gate timing (opening and closing) by passing vehicles,
- Ticket payment management,
- Safety telephones,
- External control for locking in closed position, etc.

## Counting Vehicles

In addition, we would like to keep track of vehicles parked in the facility.

We would thus be able to control a lighted panel that informs drivers when all parking spaces are occupied and prevents access by locking the gate in the closed position. Drivers would then know to look for a parking space elsewhere.

It must also be possible to override this function when necessary to allow access for emergency services (fire department, emergency medical service, etc.).

#### **Open Time**

We would also like to prevent access to the facility when the building is closed.

Security personnel should be allowed to prevent the gate from locking in non-ordinary circumstances. The hours of opening are the following: Monday to Friday from 8:30 am to 5:30 pm, Saturday from 9:30 am to 12:00 noon and closed all day Sunday.

## Removal of Toxic Gasses

For safety reasons, it is also necessary to remove toxic emissions such as carbon dioxide by using a fan when the measured concentration levels exceed permissible levels.

A specialized sensor will be used that provides an output value between 0 and 10V.

#### Lighting

There is also a requirement to control lighting, triggered by a vehicle arriving and via pushbutton switches placed near all of the pedestrian access points.

To save energy, lights will turn off after 10 minutes. This is the length of time generally observed for someone to park and exit their vehicle and take the elevator, or return to their vehicle and exit the park facility.

#### **Manual Counting**

In addition, a manual action should be able to provide current information on the number of vehicles parked in the facility. Someone should be able to manually increase or decrease the number of vehicles known by the smart relay.

### **Specification Analysis**

#### **Description**

Analysis of the specifications includes listing inputs, buttons, outputs and function blocks necessary to complete the application.

#### Inputs

Below is the list of inputs that the application will use:

Smart relay label	Name	
Input I1	Vehicle entry detection.	
Input I2	Vehicle exit detection.	
Inputs I3 and I4	Pushbuttons at pedestrian access points. They are used to light the facility. One for the elevator and one for the stairway (no pedestrian access is allowed via the vehicle entrance).	
Analog input IB	CO <sub>2</sub> level sensor.	

#### **Button**

Below is the list of buttons that the application will use:

Smart relay label	Name
Function key Z1	Manually increments the number of vehicles in the car park.
Function key <b>Z2</b>	Resumes automatic entry control.
Function key <b>Z3</b> Manually decrements the number of vehicles in the car park.	
Function key <b>Z4</b>	Manually releases the entrance barrier.

#### **Outputs**

Below is the list of outputs that the application will use:

Smart relay label	Name	
Output Q1 Indicates when the car park facility is full.		
Dutput <b>Q2</b> Locks the entry barrier (inhibits entry barrier opening) when the car p is full or outside of opening hours.		
Output Q3	Manually releases the entrance barrier.	
Output Q4	Controls the polluted air extraction fan control.	

# Special function blocks

Below is the list of special function blocks that the application will use:

Smart relay label	Name	
Counter C1	Counts the number of vehicles in the car park (93 maximum).	
Clock function block H1	Manages car park access hours.	
Timer function block T1	Lighting timer (10 minutes).	
Analog function block <b>A1</b> , the authorized threshold value corresponds to 8.5 Volts.	Compares the CO2 level measured with the allowable threshold.	
Timer function block <b>T2</b>	Fan timer (15 minutes).	

**Note:** To implement this solution, a smart relay with analog inputs, clock function blocks and at least 4 discrete inputs and outputs.

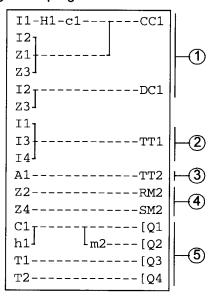
### Implementing the Solution

#### **Description**

Presented here are the control diagrams to program, as well as the parameters to use for the function blocks.

# Implementing the Ladder Diagram

Below is the control diagram to program:



Prompt	Element	
1	Counting vehicles in, subtracting vehicles out and manually updating the number of vehicles actually in the car park.	
2	Starting the lighting timer.	
3	Starting the fan timer.	
4	Handling the manual release function.	
5	Outputs command: Car park full indicator, blocking the input, lighting the car park and running the extraction fan.	

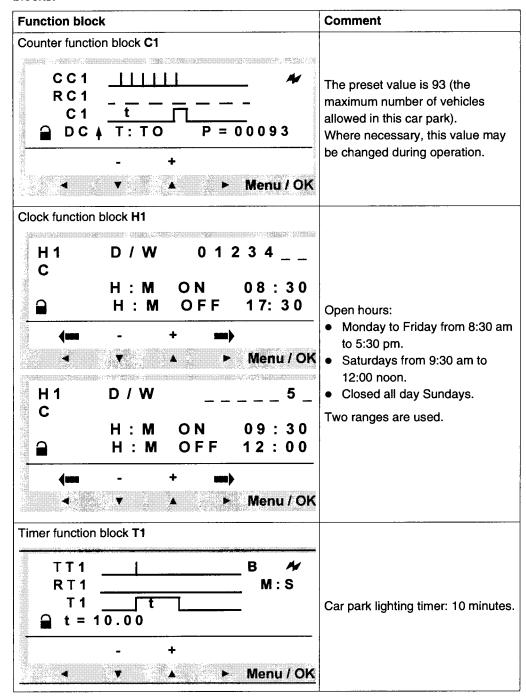
When upcounting and downcounting, the counter locks up when the car park becomes full (no spurious detection or counting actions take place if vehicles are allowed to enter by manual release).

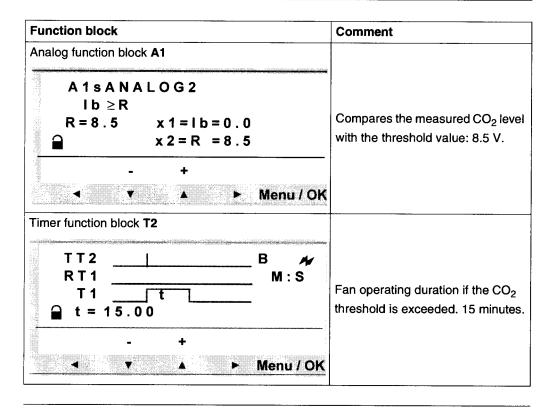
**Note:** For a given counter, the coils **CC** and **DC** should only appear once in a ladder diagram.

In addition, output **Q2** is activated when entry into the car park is not allowed. This leads to the use of an auxiliary relay to manually lock or unlock the access gate using the navigation keys.

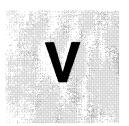
## Configuring the Function Blocks

The table below provides details on the parameters to use for each of the function blocks:





## **Diagnostics**



### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Section

This chapter will help you find solutions to operating problems.

# What's in this Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
21	Diagnostics	187

## **Diagnostics**

21

### **Presentation**

# Subject of this Chapter

This chapter will help you find solutions to operating problems.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Smart Relay Messages	188
Frequently Asked Questions	189

### **Smart Relay Messages**

#### **Description**

Here is detailed information on the error messages that are returned by the smart relay, their possible causes and how to remedy the problem.

#### **Error Messages**

The table below lists the error messages that a smart relay could return. These messages generally indicate incompatible actions requested by the user.

Message	Cause	Corrective action
NO PARAMETER	The user has requested to access the <b>PARAMETERS</b> option when no parameter is available (the diagram does not include any elements with parameters).	
TRANSF.ERR.	A transfer was in progress and the link with the PC was unexpectedly interrupted.	See the documentation for the programming software.
TRANSFER ERROR: NO MEMORY	A transfer to the EEPROM was requested and the EEPROM is not present or incorrectly located.	Check the presence and correct location of the EEPROM.
TRANSFER ERROR: that does not match the characteristics of the target smart relay, for example: Clock, analog input, software version.		Check the origin of the program to transfer and choose a program that is compatible with the appropriate smart relay.
TRANSFER ERROR: VERSION. INCOMPAT  This error appears if one of the versions of the smart relay does not correspond to: Firmware, LD or FBD functions		Check the firmware version used.
Outputs are displayed flashing on the main screen  One or more static outputs have shorted or overloaded.		Troubleshoot, then stop the smart relay to end the blinking before selecting RUN mode again (automatic reset).

### **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **Description**

To assist the user in understanding the smart relay, the most frequently asked questions are listed here.

# Frequently Asked Questions

Here below are the most frequently asked questions and their answers:

Question	Answer
I cannot access some parameters.	Some parameters are not accessible. See the documentation to find out whether these elements can be changed. Example of an element that cannot be changed: Counter function block counting direction. This element is only accessible by wiring in a ladder diagram line.
I still cannot access some parameters.	To access the parameters, you must use the navigation keys ◀ and ▶ to position the cursor above them. The ▼ and ▲ are used to change these values. Then press Menu/OK to confirm the changes.
I cannot RUN my smart relay even though I enable the RUN/STOP option in the main menu using the <b>Menu/OK</b> key.	CAUTION, make sure that the error symbol (!) is not displayed in the contextual menu line. Correct the error in order to RUN the smart module.
I would like to change my diagram lines but the <b>Menu/OK</b> key no longer works.	Ensure that the smart relay is indeed stopped. Changes in RUN mode are not allowed.
When I try to change my diagram lines, the smart relay shows me a screen with only line numbers (LINE No.). Have I lost all my work?	Not necessarily, this situation may occur when 4 consecutive blank lines have been inserted at the start of the ladder diagram or between the command lines.
I have a ladder diagram that uses the Z key (◀, ▼, ▲, ►) for a pushbutton. I would like to test it but when I display the diagram dynamically, my Z key is no longer operational. Can I make it work?	No this is impossible.
I generated a ladder diagram on a smart relay with a clock. Can I use a backup memory to transfer it to a smart relay without clock?	No this is impossible.
When entering a ladder diagram, the clock function blocks do not appear when choosing the contacts. Is this normal?	It is quite possible that the smart relay is one without a clock. Consequently, the clock function blocks are not accessible. Check the product reference numbers.
When entering a ladder diagram, the analog function blocks do not appear when choosing the contacts. Is this normal?	It is quite probable that the smart relay does not have analog inputs. Consequently, the analog function blocks are not accessible. Check the product reference numbers.

## **Appendices**



### At a Glance

#### Introduction

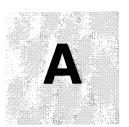
This section contains product-related appendices.

# What's in this Appendix?

The appendix contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
Α	Compatibility	193

### Compatibility



### At a Glance

# Subject of this Chapter

This appendix provides information on the compatibility between the versions of the firmware, the versions of the programming software and the different memory cartridges.

# What's in this Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Compatibility between the version of the programming software and the version of the firmware on the smart relay	194
Compatibility between the memory cartridges and the version of the firmware on the smart relay	195

# Compatibility between the version of the programming software and the version of the firmware on the smart relay

#### Introduction

The section below describes the compatibility between the versions of the programming software and the versions of the firmware on the smart relay.

In the Case of a Transfer of the Program from the PC to the Smart Relay In the case of a transfer of the PC program to the smart relay, all the versions of the programming software are compatible with all the versions of the firmware on the smart relay.

During transfer of the PC program to the smart relay, the firmware associated with the version of the programming software is transferred to the smart relay.

In the Case of a Transfer of the Program from the Smart Relay to the PC In the case of a transfer of the program from the smart relay to the PC, compatibility between the version of the programming software and the version of the firmware on the smart relay is as follows:

		Smart relay firmware version		
		V2.xx	V3.xx	V4.xx
Version of the	V2.4	Compatible	Incompatible	Incompatible
programming software	V3.1	Incompatible	Compatible	Incompatible
	V4.1	Incompatible	Incompatible	Compatible

# Compatibility between the memory cartridges and the version of the firmware on the smart relay

#### Introduction

The section below describes the compatibility between the memory cartridges and the versions of the firmware on the smart relay.

#### Compatibility of the Memory Cartridge with the Version of the firmware

The table below describes the compatibility of the memory cartridges with the version of the firmware:

Type of memory cartridge	Version of firmware compatible	
SR2 MEM01	LD Language: V2.19 or lower. FBD Language: V2.18 or lower.	
SR2 MEM02	V3.0.9 or higher.	

Transferring a Program from the SR2 MEM01 Memory Cartridge to the Smart Relay In the case of a transfer of the program from the SR2 MEM01 memory cartridge to the smart relay, compatibility is as follows:

		Smart relay firmware language	
		LD	FBD
Memory cartridge program language	<b>-</b>	Compatible if the versions of the memory cartridge and smart relay match.	The LD firmware version must be transferred to the smart relay.
		The FBD firmware version must be transferred to the smart relay.	Compatible if the versions of the memory cartridge and smart relay match.

Transferring a
Program from
the SR2 MEM02
Memory
Cartridge to the
Smart Relay

In the case of a transfer of the program from the SR2 MEM02 memory cartridge, compatibility is always true:



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### APPENDIX E

Preventative Maintenance Matrix

### Site 1, Former Drum Marshalling Area Soil Vapor Extraction Containment System NWIRP Bethpage, NY

### PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE MATRIX

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION	ITEM	ACTIVITY	FREQUENCY
Flow Monitoring Station	Valves	Check for leaks, inspect condition of handles	Monthly
	Gauges	Check and clean	Monthly
	Port Seals	Check for leaks and replace if necessary	Monthly
Moisture Separator Tank M-1	High Level switch	Check, clean, and verify calibration	Quarterly
	Tank insides	Clean bottom and tank walls if necessary	Semi-annually
Air Filters F-1 and F-2	Filter elements	Check if clean and replace as necessary	Monthly
Differential Pressure Gauge DPI-101	Instrument	Check if functioning properly	Monthly
Blowers B-1A and B-1B	Fan		Annually
	Motor and	Clean motor frame and shaft	Monthly
	Bearings	Replace automatic electronic lubricator	Quarterly or as required based
		when empty as per manufacturer's instructions	on visual indication
Condensate Pump P-1	Pump	Inspect impeller and clean	Annually
·	Motor and	Clean motor frame and shaft	Monthly
	Bearings	Lubricate bearings	Semi-annually
		Check as per manufacturer's instructions	j
Soil Vapor Extraction Blowers Discharge Flow Meter FQIT-101	Instrument	Check if functioning properly	Monthly
Vapor-phase Granulated	Vessel	Inspect the insides of the vessel, the	Every carbon replacement
Activated Carbon	insides	lining, supports and screen	
Vessel VGAC-1	Lining Supports Screen		
Cleanout Ports # 1 through # 5	Caps and Seals	Inspect and replace if necessary	Quarterly
	Ports	Remove any condensate and clean	Quarterly
Pressure/Vacuum Switches PSL-101 and PSH-101	Low Vacuum Switch	Check if functioning properly	Monthly
	High Pressure Switch	Check if functioning properly	Monthly
High Temperature Switch	High	Check and verify calibration	Quarterly
TSH-101	Temperature Switch	,	
Valves	Valves	Check for leaks, inspect condition of handles	Monthly
		Inspect seals and seats	Annually
Piping	Piping and supports	Check piping for leaks, check condition of supports	Monthly
Soil Vapor Pressure Monitors	Caps and Seals	Inspect and replace if necessary	Semi-annually
Soil Vapor Extraction Wells	Caps and Seals	Inspect and replace if necessary	Semi-annually
Auto-Dialer	Interlock shutdowns	Check if functioning properly	Monthly